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ATP Series

ATP200/ ATP500/ ATP800

Security Firewalls

Firmware Version 4.32 Edition 2, 8/2018

Handbook

Default Login Details	
LAN Port IP Address	https://192.168.1.1
User Name	admin
Password	1234

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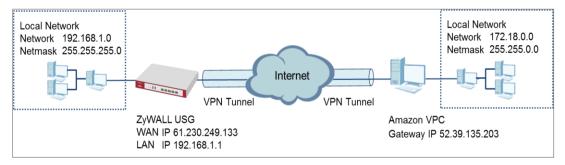
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Authentication Set Up the Wi-Fi Guest Account and Authentication Metho ZyWALL/USG Set Up the Active Directory Server Account on the ZyWALL Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG Test the Result What Could Go Wrong?	od on the 710 ./USG 711 712 713 715
Authentication Set Up the Wi-Fi Guest Account and Authentication Metho ZyWALL/USG Set Up the Active Directory Server Account on the ZyWALL Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG Test the Result	od on the 710 ./USG 711 712 713 715
Authentication Set Up the Wi-Fi Guest Account and Authentication Metho ZyWALL/USG Set Up the Active Directory Server Account on the ZyWALL Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG Test the Result What Could Go Wrong?	od on the 710 ./USG 711 712 713 715 716
Authentication Set Up the Wi-Fi Guest Account and Authentication Methol ZyWALL/USG Set Up the Active Directory Server Account on the ZyWALL Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG Test the Result What Could Go Wrong? How to Set Up IPv6 Interfaces for Pure IPv6 Routing	od on the 710 ./USG 711 712 713 715 716 717
Authentication Set Up the Wi-Fi Guest Account and Authentication Methol ZyWALL/USG Set Up the Active Directory Server Account on the ZyWALL Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG Test the Result What Could Go Wrong? How to Set Up IPv6 Interfaces for Pure IPv6 Routing Enable the IPv6 on the ZyWALL/USG	od on the 710 ./USG 711 712 713 715 716 717 718
Authentication Set Up the Wi-Fi Guest Account and Authentication Methol ZyWALL/USG Set Up the Active Directory Server Account on the ZyWALL Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG Test the Result What Could Go Wrong? How to Set Up IPv6 Interfaces for Pure IPv6 Routing. Enable the IPv6 on the ZyWALL/USG Set Up the WAN IPv6 Interface on the ZyWALL/USG	od on the 710 ./USG 711 712 713 715 716 717 718 718
 Authentication	od on the 710 ./USG 711 712 713 715 716 717 718 718 719 719 721
 Authentication Set Up the Wi-Fi Guest Account and Authentication Method ZyWALL/USG Set Up the Active Directory Server Account on the ZyWALL Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG Test the Result What Could Go Wrong? How to Set Up IPv6 Interfaces for Pure IPv6 Routing Enable the IPv6 on the ZyWALL/USG Set Up the WAN IPv6 Interface on the ZyWALL/USG Set Up the LAN IPv6 Interface on the ZyWALL/USG Test the Result 	od on the 710 ./USG 711 712 713 715 716 717 718 718 719 719 721
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How to Configure Site-to-site IPSec VPN with Amazon VPC

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN between a ZyWALL/USG and an Amazon VPC platform. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL/USG Site-to-site IPSec VPN with Amazon VPC

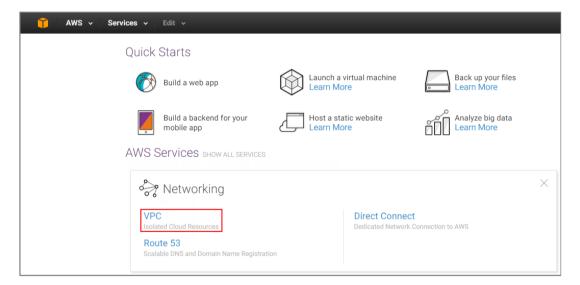
`∲ Note:

All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and Amazon VPC (June, 2016).

Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the Amazon VPC

1 Sign into the Amazon AWS Management Console. Go to Networking > VPC.

Amazon AWS Management Console > Networking > VPC



2 In the upper left-hand of the screen, click Start VPC Wizard.

Amazon VPC Management Console > Networking > VPC > Start VPC Wizard

🎁 AWS 🗸	Services 👻 Edit 👻
VPC Dashboard Filter by VPC:	Resources &
None	Start VPC Wizard Launch EC2 Instances
Virtual Private Cl	OUD Note: Your Instances will launch in the US West (Oregon) region.

3 Select a VPC Configuration, select VPC with a Private Subnet Only and Hardware VPN Access, and then click Select.

Select a VPC Configuration > VPC with a Private Subnet Only and Hardware VPN Access

🎁 AWS 🗸 Service	s v ⊨ Edit v	
Step 1: Select a VPC 0	Configuration	
VPC with a Single Public Subnet	Your instances run in a private, isolated section of the AWS cloud with a private subnet whose instances are not addressable from the Internet.	Amazon Virtual Private Cloud Subnet
VPC with Public and Private Subnets	You can connect this private subnet to your corporate data center via an IPsec Virtual Private Network (VPN) tunnel. Creates:	
VPC with Public and Private Subnets and Hardware VPN Access	A /16 network with a /24 subnet and provisions an IPsec VPN tunnel between your Amazon VPC and your corporate network. (VPN charges apply.)	
VPC with a Private Subnet Only and Hardware VPN Access	Select	
		Corporate Data Center

4 VPC with a Private Subnet Only and Hardware VPN, add your IP CIDR block and Private subnet. Click Next.



VPC with a Private Subnet Only and Hardware VPN

🧊 AWS 🗸 Services	s 🗸 Edit 🗸
Step 2: VPC with a Pri	vate Subnet Only and Hardware VPN Access
IP CIDR block:* VPC name:	172.18.0.0/16 (65531 IP addresses available)
Private subnet:*	172.18.0.0/24 (251 IP addresses available)
Availability Zone:*	No Preference V
Private subnet name:	Private subnet
	You can add more subnets after AWS creates the VPC.
Add endpoints for S3 to your subne	ts
Subnet:	None
Enable DNS hostnames:*	● Yes ◎ No
Hardware tenancy:*	Default •
	Cancel and Exit Back Next

5 Configure your VPN, add your ZyWALL/USG public IP address into Customer

Gateway IP. Name your Customer Gateway name and VPN Connection name. Click Create VPC at the bottom of the blade.

🎁 AWS 🗸 Services 🗸 Edit 🗸				
Step 3: Configure your VPN				
Specify the public IP Address of your VPN router (Customer Gate	way)			
Customer Gateway IP:*	61.230.249.133			
Customer Gateway name:	GW_to_ZyWALL/USG			
VPN Connection name:	CN_to_ZyWALL/USG			
	Note: VPN Connection rates apply.			
Specify the routing for the VPN Connection (Help me choose)				
Routing Type:*	Dynamic (requires BGP) •			
		Cancel and Exit	Back	Create VPC

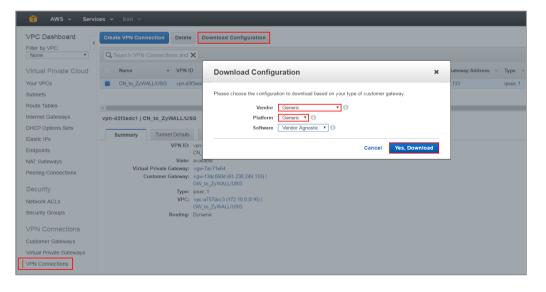
Configure your VPN



🎁 AWS 🗸 Services 🗸 Edit 🗸		
Step 3: Configure your VPN		
Specify the public IP Address of your VPN router (Customer Gate	way)	
Customer Gateway IP:*	61.230.249.133	
Customer Gateway name:	GW_to_ZyWALL/USG	
VPN Connection name:	CN_to_ZyWALL/USG	47%
	Note: VPN Connection rates apply.	Creating VPN (This may take a few minutes)
Specify the routing for the VPN Connection (Help me choose)		3 15
Routing Type:*	Dynamic (requires BGP) 🔻	
		Cancel and Exit Back Create VPC

6 In the VPC Dashboard, go to VPN Connections. Select Download Configuration from the upper bar. Select Vendor and Platform to be Generic. Click Yes, Download.

VPC Dashboard > VPN Connections



21/751



7 Open the downloaded configuration txt. file, it displays IKE SA, IPSec SA and Gateway IP address. Please make sure all the settings match your ZyWALL/USG's setting.

Configuration txt. File

IPSec Tunnel #1			
#1: Internet Key Exchange Configuration			
Configure the IKE SA as follo	ows:		
- Authentication Method	: Pre-Shared Key		
- Pre-Shared Key	: 2EHrEA5WT6QFMEBaaPZT1bBmnoUaCLhW		
- Authentication Algorithm	: shal		
- Encryption Algorithm	: aes-128-cbc		
- Lifetime	: 28800 seconds		
- Phase 1 Negotiation Mode	: main		
- Perfect Forward Secrecy	: Diffie-Hellman Group 2		
#2: IPSec Configuration			
Configure the IPSec SA as fol	llows:		
- Protocol	: esp		
- Authentication Algorithm	: hmac-shal-96		
- Encryption Algorithm	: aes-128-cbc		
- Lifetime	: 3600 seconds		
- Mode	: tunnel		
- Perfect Forward Secrecy	: Diffie-Hellman Group 2		
IPSec Dead Peer Detection (D)	PD) will be enabled on the AWS Endpoint. We		
recommend configuring DPD on	your endpoint as follows:		
- DPD Interval	: 10		
- DPD Retries	: 3		
#3: Tunnel Interface Configuration			
Outside IP Addresses:			
- Customer Gateway	: 61.230.249.133		
- Virtual Private Gateway	: 52.39.135.203		

Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the Amazon VPC. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

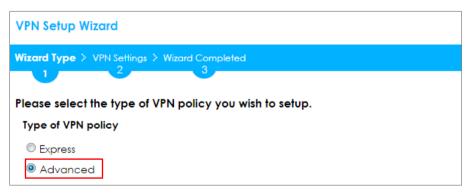


VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wiz	ard Completed	
Welcome		
VPN Settings		
- Wizard Type		
- VPN Settings		
- Wizard Completed		
© VPN Settings for Configure	ition Provisioning	
- Wizard Type		
- VPN Settings		
- Wizard Completed		
© VPN Settings for L2TP VPN	Settings	
- VPN Settings		
- General Settings		
- Wizard Completed		

Choose **Advanced** to create a VPN rule with the customize phase 1, phase 2

settings and authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Advanced Settings
IKE Version
© IKE√2
Scenario
Rule Name: VPN_to_VPC
Site-to-site
© Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer
Remote Access (Server Role)
Remote Access (Client Role)

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the peer Amazon VPC's Gateway IP address (in the example, 52.39.135.203); select **My Address** to be the interface connected to the Internet.

Set the Negotiation, Encryption, Authentication, Key Group and SA Life Time which Amazon VPC supports. Type a secure Pre-Shared Key.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Phase 1 Setting)

VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed			
2				
Advanced Settings				
Phase 1 Setting				
Secure Gateway:	52.39.135.203		(IP or FQDN)	
My Address (interface):	gel	*		
Negotiation Mode:	Main	•		
Encryption Algorithm:	AE\$128	•		
Authentication Algorithm:	SHA1	*		
Key Group:	DH2	•		
SA Life Time:	86400		(180 - 3000000 seconds)	
NAT Traversal				
Dead Peer Detection (D	Dead Peer Detection (DPD)			
Authentication Method				
Pre-Shared Key	Pre-Shared Key 12345678			
Certificate default 💌				

Continue to Phase 2 Settings to select the **Encapsulation**, **Encryption**,

Authentication, and SA Life Time settings which Amazon VPC supports. Set Local Policy to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and Remote Policy to be the IP address range of the network connected to the Amazon VPC. Click **OK**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings

(Phase 2 Setting)

VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
Advanced Settings				
Phase 2 Setting				
Active Protocol:	ESP			
Encapsulation:	Tunnel			
Encryption Algorithm:	AES128			
Authentication Algorithm:	SHA1			
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 seconds)		
Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS):	None			
Policy Setting				
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0		
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	172.18.0.0	/255.255.0.0		
Property				
🗷 Nailed-Up				



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings

(Summary)

Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed
2	3
Advanced Settings	
Summary	
Rule Name:	VPN_to_VPC
Secure Gateway:	52.39.135.203
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	172.18.0.0 / 255.255.255.0
Phase 1	
Negotiation Mode:	main
Encryption Algorithm:	aes128
Authentication Algorithm:	sha
Key Group:	DH2
Phase 2	
Active Protocol:	esp
Encapsulation:	tunnel
Encryption Algorithm:	aes128
Authentication Algorithm:	sha

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings >

Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard	
Waard Type > VPN Settings > 1	Wizard Completed
Advanced Settings	
Congratulations. The VPN Summary	Access wizard is completed
Rule Name:	VPN_to_VPC
Secure Gateway:	52.39.135.203
My Address (interface):	ge1
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, click

Connect on the upper bar. The Status connect icon is lit when the interface is

connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection



Go to ZyWALL/USG MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec and verify the tunnel Up

Time and the Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes) traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec



To test whether or not a tunnel is working, ping from a Local LAN to AWS VPC private

Subnet for verification. Ensure that both computers have Internet access.

Ping from Local LAN to AWS VPC private Subnet for verification:

```
C: Documents and Settings ZyXEL>ping 172.18.0.15

Pinging 172.18.0.15 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 172.18.0.15 : bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43

Reply from 172.18.0.15 : bytes=32 time=32ms TTL=43

Reply from 172.18.0.15 : bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43

Reply from 172.18.0.15 : bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43

Ping statistics for 172.18.0.15 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms
```

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Make sure your ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings are supported in the Amazon VPC IKE Phase 1 setup list.

MONITOR > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:INVALID_COOKIE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[ID][HASH][NOTIFY:INITIAL_CONTACT]	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. Make sure your ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings are supported in the Amazon VPC IKE Phase 2 setup list.

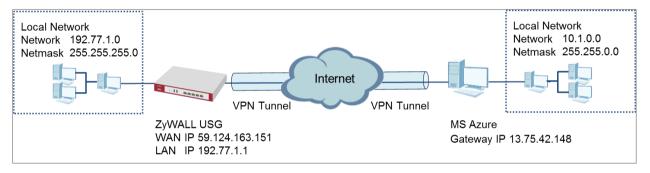
MONITOR > Log



123	2017-09-11 10:1	info	IKE	Recv:[HA\$H][\$A][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
127	2017-09-11 10:1	info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG

How to Configure Site-to-site IPSec VPN with Microsoft (MS) Azure

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN between a ZyWALL/USG and a Microsoft (MS) Azure platform. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL Site-to-site IPSec VPN with Microsoft (MS) Azure

`∲́Note:

1. All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG40 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and MS Azure (April, 2016).

Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

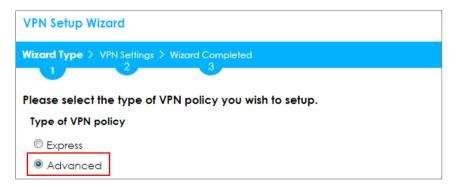
In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the MS Azure. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed		
Welcome		
 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 		
VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning		
- Wizard Type - VPN Settings - Wizard Completed		
VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings		
- VPN Settings - General Settings - Wizard Completed		

Choose **Advanced** to create a VPN rule with the customize phase 1, phase 2 settings and authentication method. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Setting	gs > Wizard Completed
Advanced Settings	
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Scenario	
Rule Name:	VPN_to_Azure
Site-to-site	
© Site-to-site with Dyr	namic Peer
Remote Access (Se	erver Role)
Remote Access (C	lient Role)

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the peer MS Azure's Gateway IP address (in the example, 13.75.42.148); select **My Address** to be the interface connected to the Internet.

Set the Negotiation, Encryption, Authentication, Key Group and SA Life Time which MS Azure supports. Please make sure you disable **Dead Peer Detection (DPD)** which is not supported in the MS Azure IKEv1 Policy-based. Type a secure **Pre-**Shared Key.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Phase 1 Setting)

1					
	VPN Setup Wizard				
	Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
	2	3			
	Advanced Settings				
	Phase 1 Setting				
	Secure Gateway:	13.75.42.148	(IP or FQDN)		
	My Address (interface):	gel 💌			
	Negotiation Mode:	Main 💌			
	Encryption Algorithm:	AES256			
	Authentication Algorithm:	SHA1			
	Key Group:	DH2 💌			
	SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 seconds)		
	NAT Traversal				
	Dead Peer Detection (DPD)				
	Authentication Method				
	Pre-Shared Key	12345678			
	© Certificate de	əfault 💌			

Vote: For more information about the IPsec Parameters supported in MS Azure, see the Microsoft Azure Documentation <u>About VPN devices</u> for Site-to-Site VPN Gateway connections.



Continue to Phase 2 Settings to select the Encapsulation, Encryption,

Authentication, and SA Life Time settings which MS Azure supports.

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the MS Azure. Click **OK**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Phase 2 Setting)

VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
Advanced Settings				
Phase 2 Setting				
Active Protocol:	ESP	~		
Encapsulation:	Tunnel	~		
Encryption Algorithm:	AES128	*		
Authentication Algorithm:	SHA1	*		
SA Life Time:	86400		(180 - 3000000 seconds)	
Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS):	None	*		
Policy Setting				
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.77.1.0		255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	10.1.0.0		255.255.0.0	
Property				
Nailed-Up				

Vote: For more information about the IPsec Parameters supported in MS Azure, see the Microsoft Azure Documentation <u>About VPN devices</u> for Site-to-Site VPN Gateway connections.

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

Wizord Type > VPN Settings >	Waard Completed
	3
Adverse ad Cattings	
Advanced Settings Summary	
Rule Name:	VPN to Azure
	13.75.42.148
Secure Gateway:	12345678
Pre-Shared Key:	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.77.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	10.1.0.0 / 255.255.0.0
Phase 1	
Negotiation Mode:	main
Encryption Algorithm:	aes128
Authentication Algorithm:	sha
Key Group:	DH2
Phase 2	
Active Protocol:	esp
Encapsulation:	tunnel
Encryption Algorithm:	aes128

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the **VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway** screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the **VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection** screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.



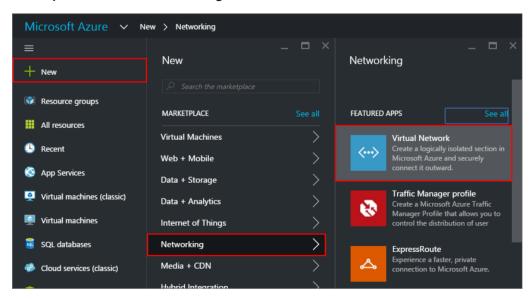


Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
Advanced Settings				
Congratulations. The VPN Access wizard is completed Summary				
Rule Name:	VPN_to_Azure			
Secure Gateway:	13.75.42.148			
My Address (interface):	ge1			
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678			

Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the MS Azure

Sign into the **Windows Azure Management Portal**. In the upper left-hand corner of the screen, click **+New > Networking > Virtual Network**.



Azure portal > New > Networking > Virtual Network



Near the bottom of the Virtual Network blade, from the Select a deployment model list, select Resource Manager, and then click Create.

Microsoft Azure 🗸 New	> Networking > Virtual Network
≡	* _ = ×
+ New	Virtual Network
Resource groups	
All resources	Create a logically isolated section in Microsoft Azure with this networking service. You can securely connect it to your on-premises datacenter or a single client machine using an IPsec connection.
🕓 Recent	Virtual Networks make it easy for you to take advantage of the scalable, on-demand infrastructure of Azure while providing connectivity to data and applications on-premises, including systems running
🔇 App Services	on Windows Server, mainframes, and UNIX.
🧕 Virtual machines (classic)	Use Virtual Network to: Extend your datacenter
Virtual machines	Build distributed applications Remotely debug your applications
📓 SQL databases	У f in 🌿 <mark>8 </mark>
Cloud services (classic)	PUBLISHER Microsoft
Security Center	
Ŷ Subscriptions	Select a deployment model 🛛 Resource Manager
Browse >	Create

New > Networking > Virtual Network > Select a deployment model

On the **Create virtual network** page, enter the **NAME** for the VPN network. For example, **VPN_Vnet_to_USG**. Add your **Address Space**, **Subnet name** and a single **Subnet address range**.

Click **Resource group** and either select an existing resource group, or create a new one by typing a name for your new resource group. For example, **RG_USG**.

LOCATION is directly related to the physical location (region) where the virtual machines (VMs) reside. The region associated with the virtual network cannot be changed after it has been created.



Then, click the **Create** button. After clicking Create, you will see a tile on your dashboard that will reflect the progress of your VNet. The tile will change as the VNet is being created.

Microsoft Azure 🗸 New	r > Networking > Virtual Network > Create virtual network
=	_ 🗆 ×
+ New	Create virtual network
Resource groups	
All resources	* Name
🕓 Recent	VPN_Vnet_to_USG
🔇 App Services	* Address space ❶ 10.1.0.0/16 ✓
🧕 Virtual machines (classic)	10.1.0.0 - 10.1.255.255 (65536 addresses) * Subnet name
Virtual machines	Azure_Local_Policy 🗸
SQL databases	* Subnet address range ❶ 10.1.0.0/24 ✓
Cloud services (classic)	10.1.0.0 - 10.1.0.255 (256 addresses) Subscription
Security Center	Free Trial 🗸
† Subscriptions	* Resource group + New
Browse >	New resource group name RG_USG
	Location East Asia
	✓ Pin to dashboard
	Create

New > Networking > Virtual Network > Create virtual network

In the portal, navigate to the virtual network to which you just created. On the blade for your virtual network, click the **Settings** icon at the top of the blade to expand the Setting blade to **Subnets > Add > Add Subnet**. Name your subnet



GatewaySubnet. You should not name it anything else, or the gateway will not work. Add the IP **Address range** for your gateway. Click **OK** at the bottom of the blade to create the subnet.

Microsoft Azure 🗸	VPN_Vnet_to_USG > Settings > S			× 🗘 🖉 😳 🕐
≡ + New	ngs et.to.USG	Subnets	_ =	I X _ D X Add subnet
Resource groups		+ Gateway subnet		
All resources	iter settings	○ Search subnets		* Name
🕒 Recent	DRT + TROUBLESHOOTING	NAME	ANGE ^ AVAILABLE ADDR ^ SECURITY GROUP ^	GatewaySubnet
🔕 App Services	Audit logs	> Azure_Local_Policy 10.1.0.0/24	251 -	* Address range (CIDR block) 10.1.1.0/24
Virtual machines (classic)	New support request	>		10.1.1.0 - 10.1.1.255 (256 addresses)
Virtual machines	RAL			Network security group
🐱 SQL databases	Properties	>		Route table
Cloud services (classic)	Address space	>		None
Security Center	Subnets	>		
📍 Subscriptions	DNS servers	>		
Browse >	JRCE MANAGEMENT			
	Users	>		
	Tags	>		
				ок

VPN Vnet_to_USG > Settings > Subnet > Add subnet

In the portal, go to **New**, then Networking. Select **Virtual network gateway** from the list. On the **Create virtual network gateway** blade **Name** field, name your gateway. Next, choose the **Virtual network** that you want to deploy this gateway to.

Click the arrow (>) to open the **Choose public IP address** blade. Then click **Create New** to open the **Create public IP address** blade. Input a **Name** for your public IP address. Note that this is not asking for an IP address. The IP address will be assigned dynamically. Rather, this is the name of the IP address object that the address will be assigned to. Click **OK** to save your changes.



For **Gateway type**, select **VPN**. For **VPN type**, select **Policy-based**. For **Resource Group**, the resource group is determined by the Virtual Network that you select. For **Location**, make sure it's showing the location that both your Resource Group and VNet exist in.

New > Networking > Create virtual network gateway > Choose public IP address > Create public IP address

Microsoft Azure 🗸 🗸	Choose public IP address > Create public IP address		× 🗘 🖉 😳 🕐
≡ + New	_ □ × Create virtual network gateway	Choose public IP address Opnamic public IP address shift are not in use won't have an IP address assigned to them.	_ □ × Create public IP address
Resource groups			
All resources	* Name VPN_GW_to_USG * Virtual network	Create new No results	* Name VPN_GW_to_USG_Public_IP
 App Services Virtual machines (classic) Virtual machines 	VIPULAI network VPN_Vnet_to_USG VPN_Vnet_to_USG Public IP address Choose a public IP address		
SQL databases	Gateway type 0 VPN ExpressRoute VPN type 0		
 Security Center Subscriptions 	Route-based Policy-based Subscription Free Trial		
Browse >	Resource group RG_USG Location East Asia		
	Pin to dashboard		
	Provisioning a virtual network gateway may take up to 45 minutes.		ОК

In the Azure Portal, navigate to **New > Networking > Local network gateway**. The local network gateway refers to your ZyWALL/USG public IP and local subnet settings.

On the **Create local network gateway** blade, specify a **Name** for your ZyWALL/USG gateway object.

Specify public IP address of your ZyWALL/USG. It cannot be behind NAT and has to be reachable by Azure. **Address space** refers to the address ranges on your ZyWALL/USG local network. For **Resource Group**, select the resource group that you created before. For **Location**, if you are creating a new local network gateway, you can use the same location as the virtual network gateway. But, this is not required. The local network gateway can be in a different location.

Click Create to create the local network gateway.

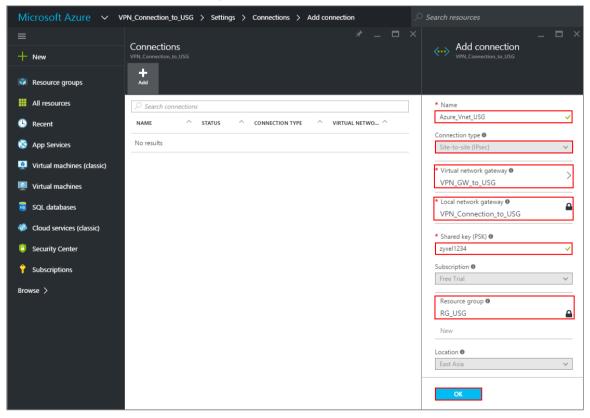
New > Networking	> Local network gateway

Microsoft Azure 🗸 Nev	v > Networking > Create local network gateway	
≡	_	
+ New	create local network gateway	
Resource groups		
All resources	* Name	
🕓 Recent	VPN_Connection_to_USG 🗸	
🔇 App Services	* IP address 59.124.163.151	
Virtual machines (classic)	Address space 🛛	
Virtual machines	192.77.1.0/24	
SQL databases	Add additional address range	
Cloud services (classic)	Subscription Free Trial	
Security Center	* Resource group 0	
💡 Subscriptions	RG_USG V	
Browse >	Location	
	East Asia 🗸	
	✓ Pin to dashboard	
	Create	

Locate your virtual network gateway (VPN_Connection_to_USG in this example) and click **Settings > Connection > Add connection**, **Name** your connection. For **Connection type**, select **Site-to-site (IPSec)**. For **Virtual network gateway**, the value is fixed because you are connecting from this gateway (VPN_GW_to_USG in this example).

For **Local network gateway**, select the local network gateway that you want to use (VPN_Connection_to_USG in this example).

For **Shared Key (PSK)**, the value here must match the value that you are using for your ZyWALL/USG device. For **Resource Group**, select the resource group that you **created before**. Click **OK** to create your connection.



VPN_Connection_to_USG > Settings > Connections > Add connection



When the connection is complete, you'll see it appear in the **Connections** blade for your Gateway.

Micr	osoft Azure	\sim	VPN_Conr	nectio	n_to_USG	>	Settings	>	Connections	
≡ +	Connections VPN_Connection_to_V								* _	×
	Add									
		ections	;							
в	NAME	^	STATUS	^	CONNECTI	ON T	YPE ^		VIRTUAL NETWO ^	
8	Azure_Vnet_USG	j	Unknown		Site-to-sit	te (IP	sec)		VPN_GW_to_USG	

VPN_Connection_to_USG > Settings > Connections

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection**, click **Connect** on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

🔂 A	.dd 🗹 Edit	💼 Remove 💡 Activate	Inactivate	🕀 Connect 🕀 Disconnect	Cobject References
#					
1	9 🚇	VPN_to_Azure	VPN_to_Azure	IP∨4	<pre>«VPN_to_Azure_LOCAL/«VPN_to_Azure_REMOTE</pre>
	Page 1	of 1 >> Show 50	✓ items		Displaying 1 - 1 of 1



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

R Disconnect 😫 Connection Check									
#									
1	WIZ_VPN_Azure	192.77.1.0/24<>10.1.0.0/16	59.124.163.151	P: 13.75.42.148:4500	14	86406	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)	
	Page 1 of	1 ▶ ▶ Show 50 ▾ items					Displo	aying 1 - 1 of 1	

Go to Azure_Vnet_USG > Settings to check the tunnel DATA IN and DATA OUT.

Microsoft Azure Vnet_USG > Settings \equiv Azure_Vnet_USG +ø ò Settings Delete CA 88 () Essentials ^ (L) Resource group Data in RG_USG 0 B Status Data out Connected 576 B Location Virtual network ٢ East Asia VPN_Vnet_to_USG Virtual network gateway Subscription name Free Trial VPN_GW_to_USG (13.75.42.148) Subscription ID Local network gateway SQL VPN_Connection_to_USG (59.124.163.151) 23a31ce5-c9fa-4da3-958b-8bb1b6fe8790 All settings -> ...

VPN > VPN Settings > Currently Active VPN Tunnels



To test whether or not a tunnel is working, ping from a computer at one site to a computer at the other. Ensure that both computers have Internet access.

PC behind ZyWALL/USG > Window 7 > cmd > ping 10.1.0.33

C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 10.1.0.33
Pinging 10.1.0.33 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 10.1.0.33: bytes=32 time=18ms TTL=54
Reply from 10.1.0.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54
Reply from 10.1.0.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54
Reply from 10.1.0.33: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54
Ping statistics for 10.1.0.33:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 16ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 17ms

PC behind MS Azure> Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.77.1.33

C: Documents and Settings ZyXEL>ping 192.77.1.33 Pinging 192.77.1.33 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 192.77.1.33 : bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43 Reply from 192.77.1.33 : bytes=32 time=32ms TTL=43 Reply from 192.77.1.33 : bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43 Reply from 192.77.1.33 : bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43 Ping statistics for 192.77.1.33 : Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms

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What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Make sure your ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings are supported in the MS Azure IKE Phase 1 setup list.

MONITOR > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:INVALID_COOKIE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[ID][HASH][NOTIFY:INITIAL_CONTACT]	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. Make sure your ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings are supported in the MS Azure IKE Phase 2 setup list.

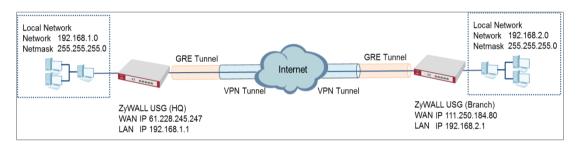
MONITOR > Log

19	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
20	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [Server] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG
31	2017-09-11	info	IKE	Send:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
32	2017-09-11	info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG

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How to Configure GRE over IPSec VPN Tunnel

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a GRE over IPSec VPN tunnel between ZyWALL/USG devices. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the GRE over IPSec VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL/USG GRE over IPSec VPN

∛Note:

All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and ZyWALL 310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



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Set Up the ZyWALL/USG GRE over IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network (HQ)

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard, use the VPN Settings

wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the FortiGate. Click Next.

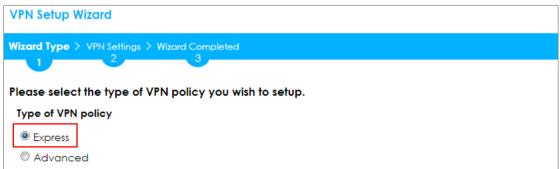
Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

_				
	VPN Setup Wizard Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed 1 2			
١				
	Welcome			
	 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 			
	 VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 			
	 VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings VPN Settings General Settings Wizard Completed 			

Choose Express to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2 settings

and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type





Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed			
Express Settings			
IKE Version			
IKE Version			
© IKE∨2			
Scenario			
Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_HQ			
Site-to-site			
© Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer			
© Remote Access (Server Role)			
© Remote Access (Client Role)			

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

Configure Secure Gateway IP as the Branch's WAN IP address (in the example,

111.250.184.80). Then, type a secure Pre-Shared Key (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG (HQ) and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG (Branch).

VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
Express Settings					
Configuration					
Secure Gateway:	111.250.184.80	(IP or FQDN)			
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678				
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0			
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.2.0	255.255.255.0			

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)



This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings

(Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
2				
Express Settings	Express Settings			
Summary				
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ			
Secure Gateway:	111.250.184.80			
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678			
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0			
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.2.0 / 255.255.255.0			

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear

in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

/PN Setup Wizard					
Vizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
Express Settings					
Summary	Congratulations. The VPN Access wizard is completed Summary				
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ				
Secure Gateway:	111.250.184.80				
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678				
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0				
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.2.0 / 255.255.255.0				



Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced

Settings. Configure **Authentication > Peer ID Type** as **Any** to let the ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
O User Based PSK	admin	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IPv4	*	
Content:	0.0.0		
Peer ID Type:	Any	~	
Content:			

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Show Advanced

Settings > Policy. Select Enable GRE over IPSec.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Show Advanced Settings > Policy

Policy				
Local policy: Remote policy:	WIZ_VPN_HQ_LOC V	SUBNET, 192.168.1.0/24 SUBNET, 192.168.2.0/24		
Advance Enable GRE over IPSec Policy Enforcement				

The GRE tunnel runs between the IPsec public interface on the HQ unit and the Branch unit. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Tunnel > Add**. Enter the **Interface Name** (The format is *tunnelx*, where x is 0 - 3.). Enter the **IP Address** and **Subnet Mask** for this interface. Specify **My Address** to be the interface or IP address to use as the source address for the packets this interface tunnels to the remote gateway. Enter **Remote Gateway Address** to be the IP address or domain name of the remote gateway to this tunnel traffic.



CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Tunnel > Add

General Settings		
🗷 Enable		
Interface Properties		
Interface Name:	tunnell	
Zone:	TUNNEL 💌	0
Tunnel Mode:	GRE 💌	
IP Address Assignment		
IP Address:	10.0.0.1	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Metric:	0 (0-15)	
Gateway Settings		
My Address		
Interface	gel 💌	Static 61.226.245.247/255.255.255.255
IP Address	0.0.0	
Remote Gateway Address:	111.250.184.80	



Set Up the ZyWALL/USG GRE over IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network (Branch)

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard, use the VPN Settings

wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the FortiGate. Click Next.

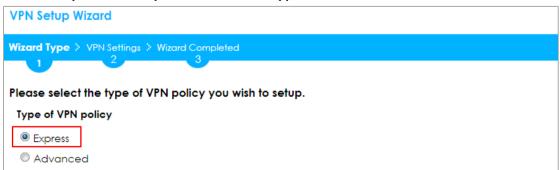
Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed			
Welcome			
 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 			
- Wizdid Completed			
VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning			
- Wizard Type			
- VPN Settings			
- Wizard Completed			
VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings			
- VPN Settings			
- General Settings			
- Wizard Completed			

Choose Express to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2 settings

and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type





Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
2 3				
Express Settings				
IKE Version				
IKEv1				
© IKE√2				
Scenario				
Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Branch				
Site-to-site				
© Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer				
Remote Access (Server Role)				
Remote Access (Client Role)				

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

Configure Secure Gateway IP as the HQ's WAN IP address (in the example,

61.228.245.247). Then, type a secure Pre-Shared Key (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG (Branch) and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG (HQ).

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
61.228.245.247	(IP or FQDN)				
12345678					
192.168.2.0	255.255.255.0				
192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0				
	3 61.228.245.247 12345678 192.168.2.0				

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This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed			
Express Settings Summary			
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch		
Secure Gateway:	61.228.245.247		
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678		
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.2.0 / 255.255.255.0		
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0		

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear

in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > V	Vizard Completed
Express Settings	
Congratulations. The VPN Summary	Access wizard is completed
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch
Secure Gateway:	61.228.245.247
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.2.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0



Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced

Settings. Configure **Authentication > Peer ID Type** as **Any** to let the ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See My Certificates)
O User Based PSK	admin	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IPv4	*	
Content:	0.0.00		
Peer ID Type:	Any	*	
Content:			

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Show Advanced

Settings > Policy. Select Enable GRE over IPSec.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Show Advanced Settings > Policy

Policy		
Local policy:	WIZ_VPN_Branch_L ~	SUBNET, 192.168.2.0/24
Remote policy:	WIZ_VPN_Branch_F ¥	SUBNET, 192.168.1.0/24
Advance		
Enable GRE over IPSec 0		
Policy Enforcement		

The GRE tunnel runs between the IPsec public interface on the Branch unit and the HQ unit. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Tunnel > Add**. Enter the **Interface Name** (The format is *tunnelx*, where x is 0 - 3.). Enter the **IP Address** and **Subnet Mask** for this interface. Specify **My Address** to be the interface or IP address to use as the source address for the packets this interface tunnels to the remote gateway. Enter **Remote Gateway Address** to be the IP address or domain name of the remote gateway to this tunnel traffic.



General Settings		
🗹 Enable		
Interface Properties		
Interface Name:	tunnel2	
Zone:	TUNNEL 💌	0
Tunnel Mode:	GRE 👻	
IP Address Assignment		
IP Address:	10.0.0.2	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Metric:	0 (0-1.5)	
Gateway Settings		
My Address		
Interface	gel 💌	Static 111.250.184.80/255.255.255.255
IP Address	0.0.0	
Remote Gateway Address:	61.228.245.247	

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Tunnel > Add

Test the GRE over IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, click

Connect on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

v4 Co	onfiguration				
🕂 Ac	dd 📝 Edit	📋 Remove 💡	Activate 💡 Inactivate 🍓 Connect	🐘 Disconnect 🛛 🔚 Object References	
#	Status	Name	VPN Gateway	Gateway IP Version	Policy
1	💡 🏨	WIZ_VPN_HG	Q WIZ_VPN_HQ	IPv4	«WIZ_VPN_HQ_LOCAL/«
	Page 1	of 1 ▶ ▶ S	ihow 50 🕶 items		Displaying 1 - 1 of 1



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up**

Time and Inbound (Bytes)/Outbound (Bytes) Traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

@)isconnect	nnection Check					
#							Outbound(B
1	WIZ_VPN_HQ	192.168.1.0/24<>192.168.2.0/24	61.225.245.247	P: 111.250.184.80	86360	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
	Page 1 of	1 ▶ ▶ Show 50 ▾ items				Dis	playing 1 - 1 of 1

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Make sure your ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings are supported in the Amazon VPC IKE Phase 1 setup list.

MONITOR > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:INVALID_COOKIE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[ID][HASH][NOTIFY:INITIAL_CONTACT]	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. Make sure your ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings are supported in the Amazon VPC IKE Phase 2 setup list.

MONITOR > Log

19	2017-09-11 info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
20	2017-09-11 info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [Server] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG
31	2017-09-11 info	IKE	Send:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG

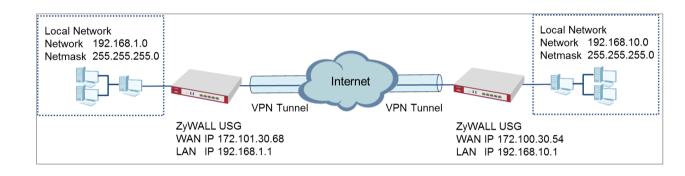


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How to Configure Site-to-site IPSec VPN Where the Peer has a Static IP Address

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN with the Peer has a Static IP Address. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL Site-to-site IPSec VPN with a Static IP Address Peer

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network (HQ)In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click **Next**.



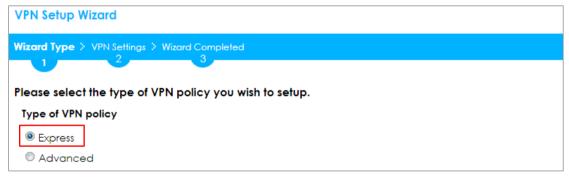
Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

PN Setup Wizard and Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
2	3			
/elcome				
 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 				
VPN Settings for Configur	ation Provisioning			
- Wizard Type - VPN Settings - Wizard Completed				
◎ VPN Settings for L2TP VPN	Settings			
- VPN Settings - General Settings - Wizard Completed				

Choose Express to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2

settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type





Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Express Settings
IKE Version
IKEv1
© IKE∨2
Scenario
Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_HQ
Site-to-site
© Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer
Remote Access (Server Role)
Remote Access (Client Role)



Configure **Secure Gateway** IP as the peer ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.100.30.54). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the peer ZyWALL/USG.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed	
Express Settings Configuration		
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.54	(IP or FQDN)
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0	/255.255.255.0

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed			
Express Settings Summary				
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ			
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.54			
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678			
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0			
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0			



Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard		
Waard Type > VPN Settings > V	1izard Completed	
Express Settings		
Congratulations. The VPN / Summary	Access wizard is completed	
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ	
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.54	
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0	

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway and click Show

Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Peer ID Type as Any to let the

ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
© User Based PSK	admin	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IPv4	~	
Content:	0.0.0		
Peer ID Type:	Any	~	
Content:			



Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network

(Branch)

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

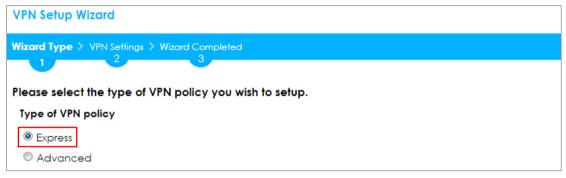
VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
Welcome					
 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 					
 VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 					
 VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings VPN Settings General Settings Wizard Completed 					



Choose Express to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2

settings and to use a pre-shared key. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Click

Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Express Settings
IKE Version
◎ IKEv1
◎ IKEv2
Scenario
Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Branch
Site-to-site
© Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer
Remote Access (Server Role)
Remote Access (Client Role)



Configure **Secure Gateway** IP as the peer ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.101.30.68). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the peer ZYWALL/USG.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed	
Express Settings Configuration		
Secure Gateway:	172.101.30.68	(IP or FQDN)
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	/ 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0	/255.255.255.0

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed
Express Settings Summary	
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch
Secure Gateway:	172.101.30.68
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0



Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard							
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed							
Express Settings							
Congratulations. The VPN A Summary	Access wizard is completed						
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch						
Secure Gateway:	172.101.30.68						
Pre-Shared Key:	Pre-Shared Key: 12345678						
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0						
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0						

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway and click Show

Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Peer ID Type as Any to let the

ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication				
Pre-Shared Key	•••••			
🗖 unmasked				
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)	
🔍 User Based PSK	admin	~	0	
Advance				
Local ID Type:	IP∨4	*		
Content:	0.0.0.0			
Peer ID Type:	Any	~		
Content:				



Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZYWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, click

Connect on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

0	Add 📝 Edit	📋 Remove 💡 Activate	🖗 Inactivate	🍓 Connect 🛛 🧠 Disconnec	t 🖷 Object References
1	💡 🏨	VPN_to_Azure	VPN_to_Azure	IPv4	«WIZ_VPN_HQ_LOCAL/«WIZ_VPN_HQ_REMOTE
	Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕨 Show 50	✓ items		Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** Traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

@ D	Disconnect 🤮 Connection	Check						
#								Outbou
1	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	192.168.1.0/24<>192.168.10.0/24	172.101.30.68	P: 172.100.30.54	101	86319	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
$\ \cdot \ _{1}$	Page 1 of 1 → →	Show 50 🕶 items					Displaying	g1-1 of 1

To test whether or not a tunnel is working, ping from a computer at one site to a computer at the other. Ensure that both computers have Internet access (via the IPSec devices).

PC at HQ Office > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.10.33

C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.10.33					
Pinging 192.168.10.33 with 32 bytes of data:					
Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=18ms TTL=54					
Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54					
Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54					
Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54					
Ping statistics for 192.168.10.33:					
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),					
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:					
Minimum = 16ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 17ms					

ZYXEL

PC at Branch Office > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.1.33

```
C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.1.33
Pinging 192.168.1.33 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.33:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms
```

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:INVALID_COOKIE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[ID][HASH][NOTIFY:INITIAL_CONTACT]	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.



MONITOR > Log

19	2017-09-11 inf	io IKE	[\$A] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
20	2017-09-11 inf	io IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [Server] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG
31	2017-09-11 inf	io IKE	Send:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
32	2017-09-11 inf	o IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG

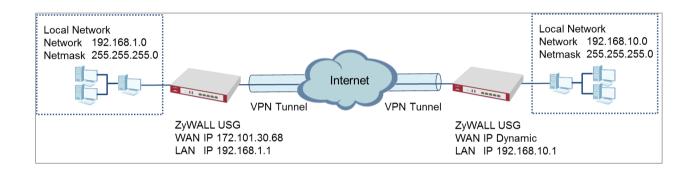
Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

Default NAT traversal is enable on ZyWALL/USG, please make sure the remote IPSec device must also have NAT traversal enabled.



How to Configure Site-to-site IPSec VPN Where the Peer has a Dynamic IP Address

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN with the Peer has a Dynamic IP Address. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL Site-to-site IPSec VPN with a Dynamic IP Address Peer

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network

(HQ)

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome



Choose **Express** to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2

settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type



VPN Setup Wizard	l			
Wizard Type > VPN		npleted		
	23			
Please select the t	ype of VPN policy	you wish to setup		
Type of VPN policy	,			
Express				
Advanced				

Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer**. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

VPN Setup Wizard	
1	ngs > Wizard Completed
2	
Express Settings	
IKE Version	
IKE∨1	
© IKE∨2	
Scenario	
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ
© Site-to-site	
Site-to-site with D	ynamic Peer
Remote Access (Server Role)
Remote Access (Client Role)

Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters). Then, set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the peer ZYWALL/USG.

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Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed		
Express Settings Configuration			
Secure Gateway:	Any		
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678		
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0	255.255.255.0	

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed
2	
Express Settings	
Summary	
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ
Secure Gateway:	Any
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the **VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway** screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the **VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection** screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard completed



VPN Setup Wizard	/PN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > W	Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
	3					
Express Settings						
Congratulations. The VPN A Summary	Access wizard is completed					
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ					
Secure Gateway:	Any					
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678					
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0					
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0					

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway and click Show

Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Peer ID Type as Any to let the

ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
O User Based PSK	admin	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IPv4	~	
Content:	0.0.00		
Peer ID Type:	Any	~	
Content:			

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network

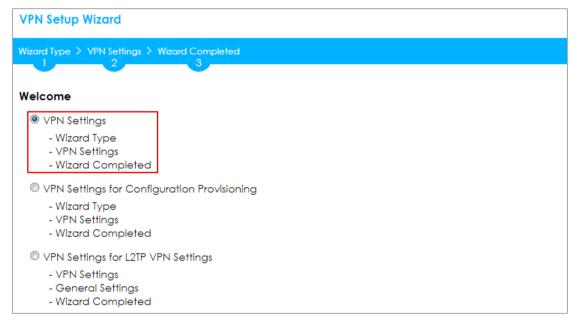




(Branch has a Dynamic IP Address)

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** to create a **Site-to-site VPN** Rule Name.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > WelcomeQuick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome



Choose Express to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2

settings and to use a pre-shared key. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type



VPN Setup Wiz	ard				
Wizard Type > \					
	2	3			
Please select th	e type of VP	N policy you wis	h to setup.		
Type of VPN po	licy				
Express					
Advanced					

Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Click **Next**.

-	• • • •	• •	-
VPN Setup Wizard			
	tlings > Wizard Completed		
2			
Express Settings			
IKE Version			
IKE∨1			
© IKE∨2			
Scenario			
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch_Dynamic		
Site-to-site			
Site-to-site with	Dynamic Peer		
Remote Acces	s (Server Role)		
Remote Acces	s (Client Role)		

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

Configure **Secure Gateway** IP as the peer ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.101.30.68). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the ZyWALL/USG local IP address that can use the VPN tunnel and set **Remote Policy** to the peer ZyWALL/USG local IP address that can use the VPN tunnel. Click **OK**.

Quick Setup >	VPN Setup	Wizard >	Wizard	Type >	VPN S	Settinas	(Config	uration)
Quick Sciup >	VI N SCIUP		WIZGIG	iype -		ennigs	(Coming	oranony

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed	
Express Settings		
Configuration		
Secure Gateway:	172.101.30.68	(IP or FQDN)
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0	255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	(255.255.255.0

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizord Completed	
2		
Express Settings		
Summary		
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch_Dynamic	
Secure Gateway:	172.101.30.68	
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0	

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the **VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway** screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the **VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection** screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed



VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
	3				
Express Settings					
Congratulations. The VPN J Summary	Access wizard is completed				
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch_Dynamic				
Secure Gateway:	172.101.30.68				
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678				
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	0.0.0.0 / 255.255.255.0				
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	Any				

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway and click Show Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Peer ID Type as Any to let the

ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
O User Based PSK	admin	*	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IPv4	*	
Content:	0.0.0		
Peer ID Type:	Any	~	
Content:			

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

The Site-to-site VPN with Dynamic Peer can only initiate the VPN tunnel from the peer has a dynamic IP Address. Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN**



Connection, click Connect on the upper bar. The Status connect icon is lit when

the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

🕂 Add 🛛 🗹 Edit	👕 Remove 💡 Activate	🖗 Inactivate 🍓 Conne	ct	Cobject References
# Status				
ı 💡 🍓	WIZ_VPN_Bra	WIZ_VPN_Branc IPv4		«WIZ_VPN_Branch_Dynamic_LOCAL/«WIZ_VPN_Branch_Dyna
I Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕨 Show 50	✓ items		Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

Go to MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec and verify the tunnel Up Time and

Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes) Traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec



To test whether or not a tunnel is working, ping from a computer at one site to a computer at the other. Ensure that both computers have Internet access (via the IPSec devices).

PC at HQ Office > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.10.33

C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.1.33
Pinging 192.168.1.33 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=32ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.33:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms

PC at Branch Office > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.1.33

C: Vocuments and Settings VyXEL>ping 192.168.10.33 Pinging 192.168.10.33 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=18ms TTL=54 Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54 Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54 Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54 Ping statistics for 192.168.10.33: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 16ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 17ms

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:INVALID_COOKIE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[ID][HASH][NOTIFY:INITIAL_CONTACT]	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

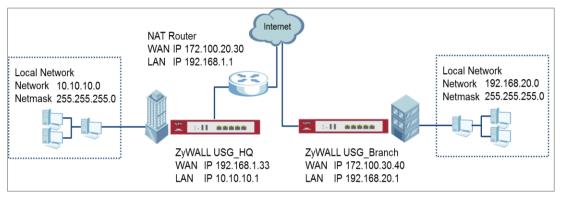
19	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
20	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [Server] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG
31	2017-09-11	info	IKE	Send:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
32	2017-09-11	info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG

Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

Default NAT traversal is enable on ZyWALL/USG, please make sure the remote IPSec device must also have NAT traversal enabled.

How to Configure IPSec Site to Site VPN while one Site is behind a NAT router

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a IPSec Site to Site VPN tunnel between ZyWALL/USG devices. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site while one Site is behind a NAT router. When the IPSec Site to Site VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL/USG Site to Site VPN while one Site is behind a NAT router

`∲́Note:

All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and ZyWALL 310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate

Network (HQ)

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard, use the VPN Settings

wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the FortiGate. Click Next.

VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Welcome
 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning Wizard Type VPN Settings
- Wizard Completed
© VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings
- VPN Settings
- General Settings - Wizard Completed

Choose Express to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2 settings

and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type

VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Please select the type of VPN policy you wish to setup.
Type of VPN policy
Express
O Advanced

Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

VPN Setup Wizard
Nizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Express Settings
IKE Version
© IKE∨2
Scenario
Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_HQ
Site-to-site
© Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer
Remote Access (Server Role)
Remote Access (Client Role)

Configure Secure Gateway IP as the Branch's WAN IP address (in the example,

172.100.30.40). Then, type a secure Pre-Shared Key (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG (HQ) and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG (Branch).

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed	
Express Settings Configuration		
Secure Gateway:	172.101.30.40	(IP or FQDN)
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	10.10.10.0	255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.20.0	255.255.255.0

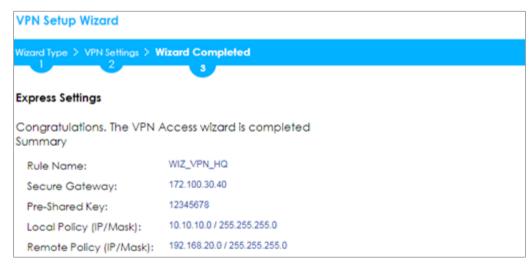
This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > V	/PN Setup Wizard >	Welcome > Wiz	ard Type > VPN	N Settings (Summary))
				86/75	51

VPN Setup Wizard		
Vizord Type > VPN Settings >		
2	3	
xpress Settings		
Summary		
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ	
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.40	
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	10.10.10.0 / 255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.20.0 / 255.255.255.0	

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed



Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced

Settings. Configure **Authentication > Peer ID Type** as **Any** to let the ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.



CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced

Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
🔍 User Based PSK	admin	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IPv4	*	
Content:	0.0.00		
Peer ID Type:	Any	~	
Content:			

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network (Branch)

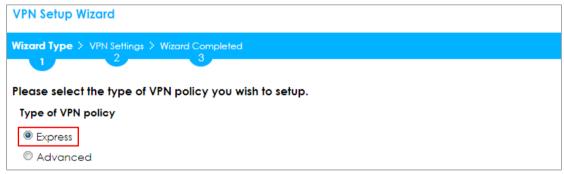
In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the FortiGate. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

VPN Setup Wizard	PN Setup Wizard							
Vizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed								
Welcome								
 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 								
VPN Settings for Config	uration Provisioning							
- Wizard Type - VPN Settings - Wizard Completed	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
OVPN Settings for L2TP VF	² N Settings							
- VPN Settings - General Settings - Wizard Completed								

Choose **Express** to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2 settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)



VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Express Settings
IKE Version
IKEv1
© IKE√2
Scenario
Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Branch
Site-to-site
© Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer
Remote Access (Server Role)
Remote Access (Client Role)

Configure Secure Gateway IP as the Branch's WAN IP address (in the example,

172.100.20.30). Then, type a secure Pre-Shared Key (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG (HQ) and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG (Branch).

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed	
Express Settings Configuration		
Secure Gateway:	172.100.20.30	(IP or FQDN)
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.20.0	/ 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	10.10.10.0	/ 255.255.255.0

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard								
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed								
Express Settings Summary								
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch							
Secure Gateway:	172.100.20.30							
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678							
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.20.0 / 255.255.255.0							
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	10.10.10.0 / 255.255.255.0							

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard	
the second second	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > W	
	3
Express Settings	
Congratulations. The VPN A Summary	Access wizard is completed
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch
Secure Gateway:	172.100.20.30
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.20.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	10.10.10.0 / 255.255.255.0

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced

Settings. Configure **Authentication > Peer ID Type** as **Any** to let the ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.



CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced

Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
© User Based PSK	admin	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IPv4	*	
Content:	0.0.00		
Peer ID Type:	Any	~	
Content:			

Set Up the NAT Router (Using ZyWALL USG device in this example)

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Network > NAT > Add**. Select the **Incoming Interface** on which packets for the NAT rule must be received. Specified the **User**-

Defined Original IP field and Type the translated destination IP address that this

NAT rule supports.

CONFIGURATION > Network > NAT > Add

General Settings	
🗹 Enable Rule	
Rule Name:	VPN_NAT
Port Mapping Type	
Classification:	© Virtual Server
Mapping Rule	
Incoming Interface:	gel 🗸
Original IP:	User Defined 💙
User-Defined Original IP:	172.100.20.30 (IP Address)
Mapped IP:	User Defined 👻
User-Defined Mapped IP:	192.168.1.33 (IP Address)
Port Mapping Type:	any

Go to CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control. IP forwarding must be

enabled at the firewall for the following IP protocols and UDP ports:

IP protocol = $50 \rightarrow$ Used by data path (ESP)

IP protocol = $51 \rightarrow$ Used by data path (AH)

UDP Port Number = 500 \rightarrow Used by IKE (IPSec control path)

UDP Port Number = 4500 \rightarrow Used by NAT-T (IPsec NAT traversal)



General	Settir	ngs								
🗹 Enat	ole Po	olicy Control								
v4 Cor	nfigur	ation								
Allov	w Asy	mmetrical Route								
🔂 Ad	ld 📝	Edit 🍵 Remove	💡 Activate	Inactiva	ite 🙀 Move	e 👔 Clone				
Pri	st	Name	From	То	IPv4 Sou	IPv4 Des	Service		User	Schedul
1	?	LAN_Outgoing	LAN	any (Exc	any	any	any		any	none
2	?	DMZ_to_WAN	■ DMZ	•WAN	any	any	any		any	none
3	。	IPSec_VPN_Ou	IPSec	any (Exc	any	any	any		any	none
4	。	SSL_VPN_Outg	SSL_VPN	any (Exc	any	any	any		any	none
5	。	TUNNEL_Outg	TUNNEL	any (Exc	any	any	any		any	none
6	?	LAN_to_Device	LAN	ZyWALL	any	any	any		any	none
7	?	DMZ_to_Device	n DMZ	ZyWALL	any	any	Default_Allow_	DMZ_To_ZyWALL	any	none
8	?	WAN_to_Device	WAN	ZyWALL	any	any	Default_Allow_	WAN_To_ZyWALL	any	none
9	?	IPSec_VPN_to	IPSec	ZyWALL	any	any	any	Default Allow WAN To	7vWA11	
10	?	SSL_VPN_to_D	SSL_VPN	ZyWALL	any	any	any			
11	-	TUNNEL_to_De	TUNNEL	ZyWALL	any	any	any	Description: System Default Allow Fr		
D			any	any	any	any	any	Members:	UIII WAR IO	LYTTALL
	Paç	ge 1 of 1 🕨 I	Show 50	✓ items				AH ESP IKE NATT GRE		
							Apply Res	VRRP		

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, click

Connect on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

0	Add 📝 Edit	👕 Remove 💡 Activate	🖗 Inactivate	🍓 Connect	Cobject References
#					
1	💡 🏨	WIZ_VPN_HQ	WIZ_VPN_HQ	IPv4	«WIZ_VPN_HQ_LOCAL/«WIZ_VPN_HQ_REMOTE
	Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕨 Show 50	✓ items		Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and **Inbound (Bytes)/Outbound (Bytes)** Traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec



R D	visconnect 🍳 C	onnection Check						
#								
1	WIZ_VPN_HQ	10.10.10.0/24<>192.168.20.0/24	192.168.1.33	P: 172.100.30.40:4500	14	86406	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
	Page 1 c	of 1 \rightarrow \rightarrow Show 50 \checkmark items					Displo	aying 1 - 1 of 1

To test whether or not a tunnel is working, ping from a computer at one site to a computer at the other. Ensure that both computers have Internet access (via the IPSec devices).

PC behind ZyWALL/USG (HQ) > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.20.33



PC behind ZyWALL/USG (Branch) > Window 7 > cmd > ping 10.10.10.33

C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 10.10.10.33 Pinging 10.10.10.33 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 10.10.10.33: bytes=32 time=18ms TTL=54 Reply from 10.10.10.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54 Reply from 10.10.10.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54 Reply from 10.10.10.33: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54 Ping statistics for 10.10.10.33: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli=seconds: Minimum = 16ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 17ms

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:INVALID_COOKIE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[ID][HASH][NOTIFY:INITIAL_CONTACT]	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

19	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
20	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [Server] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG
31	2017-09-11	info	IKE	Send:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
	2017-09-11		IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG

Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

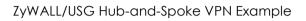
Default NAT traversal is enable on ZyWALL/USG, please make sure the remote IPSec device must also have NAT traversal enabled.

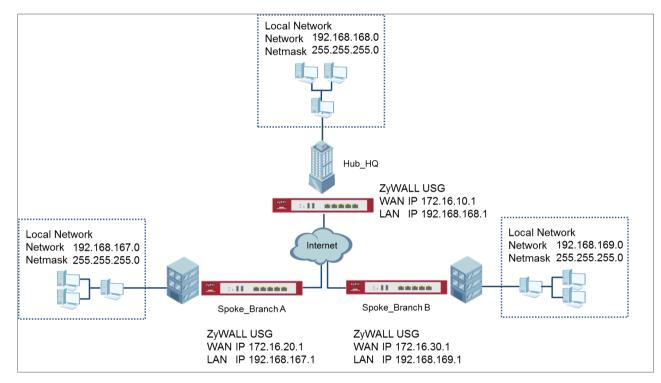
How to Configure Hub-and-Spoke IPSec VPN

This is an example of a hub-and-spoke VPN with the HQ ZyWALL/USG as the hub and spoke VPNs to Branches A and B. When the VPN tunnel is configured, traffic passes between branches via the hub (HQ). Traffic can also pass between spoke-and-spoke through the hub. Here are two methods to set up hub-andspoke VPN connections: 1. With VPN Concentrator 2. Without VPN Concentrator.



With just two branch offices, you could just manually set up VPN tunnels between HQ and the branches. With many branches it's best to use the VPN Concentrator to set up branch-HQ tunnels automatically.





Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG by Using VPN Concentrator Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click **Next**.

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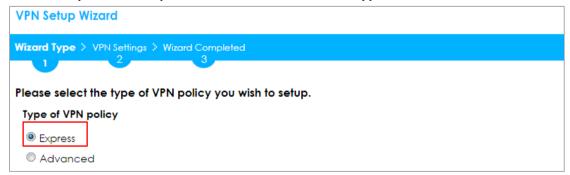
Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

PN Setup Wizard	ngs > Wizard Comp	leted		
/elcome				
VPN Settings - Wizard Type - VPN Settings - Wizard Completings	əted			
◎ VPN Settings for (Configuration Prov	risioning		
- Wizard Type - VPN Settings - Wizard Comple	-	-		
© VPN Settings for L	2TP VPN Settings			
- VPN Settings - General Setting - Wizard Comple	-			

Choose **Express** to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2

settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)



VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Setti	ngs > Wizard Completed
2	
Express Settings	
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Scenario	
Rule Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A
Site-to-site	
© Site-to-site with D	/namic Peer
© Remote Access (Server Role)
Remote Access (Client Role)

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the **Branch A**'s Gateway IP address (in the example, 172.16.20.1). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Branch A**'s Pre-Shared Key.

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the **Hub_HQ** and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the **Branch A**. Click **OK**.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

VPN Setup Wizard							
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed							
Express Settings Configuration							
Secure Gateway:	172.16.20.1	(IP or FQDN)					
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678						
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0	/ 255.255.255.0					
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.167.0	/ 255.255.255.0					

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard						
Wizord Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
2	3					
Express Settings	Express Settings					
Summary						
Rule Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A					
Secure Gateway:	172.16.20.1					
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678					
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0 / 255.255.255.0					
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.167.0 / 255.255.255.0					

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed



VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
	3				
Express Settings	Express Settings				
Congratulations. The VPN Access wizard is completed Summary					
Rule Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A				
Secure Gateway:	172.16.20.1				
Pre-Shared Key: 12345678					
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0 / 255.255.255.0				
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.167.0 / 255.255.255.0				

Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click **Next**.

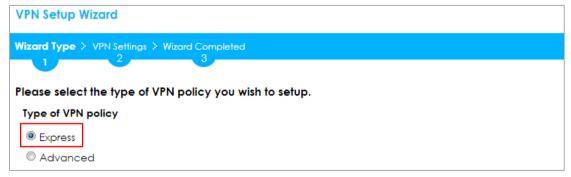
Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

PN Setup Wizard	Ward Constant	
izard Type > VPN Settings	Wizard Completed	
elcome	-	
VPN Settings		
- Wizard Type		
- VPN Settings		
- Wizard Completed	1	
◎ VPN Settings for Con	iguration Provisioning	
- Wizard Type		
- VPN Settings		
- Wizard Completed		
◎ VPN Settings for L2TP	VPN Settings	
- VPN Settings		
- General Settings		
- Wizard Completed		

Choose Express to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2

settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type



Type the Rule Name used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

VPN Setup Wizard		
1	ttings > Wizard Completed	
2		
Express Settings		
IKE Version		
IKEv1		
© IKE∨2		
Scenario		
Rule Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	
Site-to-site		
© Site-to-site with (Dynamic Peer	
Remote Access	(Server Role)	
Remote Access	(Client Role)	

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the **Branch B**'s Gateway IP address (in the example, 172.16.30.1). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Branch B**'s Pre-Shared Key.

Set Local Policy to be the IP address range of the network connected to the Hub_HQ and Remote Policy to be the IP address range of the network connected to the Branch B. Click OK.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

VPN Setup Wizard						
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed						
Express Settings	Express Settings					
Configuration						
Secure Gateway:	172.16.30.1	(IP or FQDN)				
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678					
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0	255.255.255.0				
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.169.0	255.255.255.0				

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
2	3				
Express Settings					
Summary					
Rule Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B				
Secure Gateway:	172.16.30.1				
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678				
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0 / 255.255.255.0				
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.169.0 / 255.255.255.0				

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed



VPN Setup Wizard						
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > V	Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
	3					
Express Settings						
Congratulations. The VPN Summary	Access wizard is completed					
Rule Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B					
Secure Gateway: 172.16.30.1						
Pre-Shared Key: 12345678						
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0 / 255.255.255.0					

Hub_HQ Concentrator

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > Concentrator**, add a VPN Concentrator rule. Select VPN tunnels to be in the same member group and click **Save**.



🗹 Edit VPN Concentrator Hub-and-Spoke				
Name: Hub-and-Spoke				
Available VPN_to_Azure Spoke_Branch_A Spoke_Branch_B WIZ_VPN_Branch Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A Hub_HQ_to_Branch_B Hub_HQ_to_Branch_B	Member			
	OK Cancel			

🗹 Edit VPN Concentrator Hub-and-Spoke	?×
Name: Hub-and-Spoke Available Member VPN_to_VPC * VPN_to_Azure * Spoke_Branch_A * Spoke_Branch_B * WIZ_VPN_Branch * Hub_HQ_to_Branch_A * Hub_HQ_to_Branch_B *	
OK Cana	cel

Spoke_Branch_A

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click **Next**.

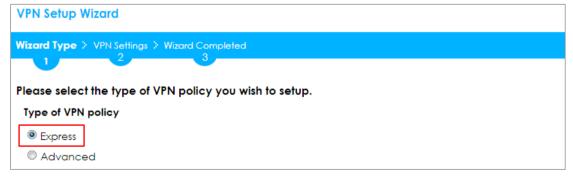
Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

PN Setup Wizard			
zard Type > VPN Settin	gs > Wizard Completed		
/elcome			
VPN Settings			
- Wizard Type			
- VPN Settings			
- Wizard Compl	ited		
VPN Settings for (onfiguration Provisioning		
- Wizard Type			
- VPN Settings			
- Wizard Compl	ted		
VPN Settings for L	2TP VPN Settings		
- VPN Settings			
- General Settin	js		
- Wizard Compl	ted		

Choose **Express** to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2

settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.





Type the Rule Name used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Se	ting: > Wizard Completed
Express Settings	
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKE√2	
Scenario	
Rule Name:	Spoke_Branch_A
Site-to-site	
Site-to-site with	Dynamic Peer
Remote Access	(Server Role)
Remote Access	(Client Role)

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the **Hub_HQ**'s Gateway IP address (in the example, 172.16.10.1). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Hub_HQ**'s Pre-Shared Key.

Set Local Policy to be the IP address range of the network connected to the Spoke_Branch_A and Remote Policy to be the IP address range of the network connected to the Hub_HQ. Click OK.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
Express Settings Configuration					
Secure Gateway:	172.16.10.1	(IP or FQDN)			
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678				
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.167.0	255.255.255.0			
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0	255.255.255.0			

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard				
Vizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
2	3			
Express Settings				
Summary				
Rule Name:	Spoke_Branch_A			
Secure Gateway:	172.16.10.1			
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678			
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.167.0 / 255.255.255.0			
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0 / 255.255.255.0			

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the **VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway** screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the **VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection** screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed



VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > V	/izard Completed	
	3	
Express Settings		
Congratulations. The VPN / Summary	Access wizard is completed	
Rule Name:	Spoke_Branch_A	
Secure Gateway:	172.16.10.1	
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678	
	192.168.167.0 / 255.255.255.0	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):		

Go to Network > Routing > Policy Route to add a Policy Route to allow traffic from Spoke_Branch_A to Spoke_Branch_B.

Click **Create new Object** and set **Address** to be the local network behind the **Spoke_Branch_B**. Select **Source Address** to be the local network behind the

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Spoke_Branch_A. Then, scroll down the **Destination Address** list to choose the newly created **Spoke_Branch_B_LOCAL** address. Click **OK**.

Network > Routing > Policy Route

🕂 Add Policy Route		
🔢 Show Advanced Settings	🛅 Create new Object 🔻	
Criteria		
User:	any 💌	
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV 💌	
Source Address:	Spock_Branch_A_L 💌	-
Destination Address:	Spock_Branch_B_L 💌	-
DSCP Code:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Service:	any 💌	
Next-Hop		
Туре:	VPN Tunnel 💌	-
VPN Tunnel:	Spoke_Branch_A 💌	-

Spoke_Branch_B

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click **Next**.

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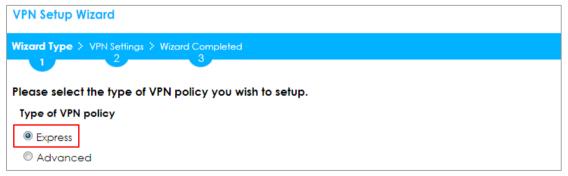
Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

zard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
lcome				
VPN Settings				
- Wizard Type				
- VPN Settings				
- Wizard Completed				
VPN Settings for Configur	ation Provisioning			
- Wizard Type	_			
- VPN Settings				
- Wizard Completed				
VPN Settings for L2TP VPN	Settings			
- VPN Settings				
- General Settings				
- Wizard Completed				

Choose **Express** to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2

settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Express Settings
IKE Version
IKEv1
© IKE√2
Scenario
Rule Name: Spoke_Branch_B
Site-to-site
© Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer
© Remote Access (Server Role)
© Remote Access (Client Role)

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the **Hub_HQ**'s Gateway IP address (in the example, 172.16.10.1). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Hub_HQ**'s Pre-Shared Key.

Set Local Policy to be the IP address range of the network connected to the Spoke_Branch_B and Remote Policy to be the IP address range of the network connected to the Hub_HQ. Click OK.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed						
172.168.10.1	(IP or FQDN)					
12345678						
192.168.169.0	255.255.255.0					
192.168.168.0	255.255.255.0					
	3 172.168.10.1 12345678 192.168.169.0					

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed	
Express Settings Summary		
Rule Name:	Spoke_Branch_B	
Secure Gateway:	172.16.10.1	
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.169.0 / 255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0 / 255.255.255.0	

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the **VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway** screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the **VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection** screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
Express Settings	3			
	Access wizard is completed			
Rule Name:	Spoke_Branch_B			
Secure Gateway:	172.16.10.1			
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678			
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.169.0 / 255.255.255.0			

Go to Network > Routing > Policy Route to add a Policy Route to allow traffic from Spoke_Branch_B to Spoke_Branch_A.

Click **Create new Object** and set **Address** to be the local network behind the **Spoke_Branch_A**. Select **Source Address** to be the local network behind the

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Spoke_Branch_B. Then, scroll down the **Destination Address** list to choose the newly created **Spoke_Branch_A_LOCAL** address. Click **OK**.

Network > Routing > Policy Route

🕂 Add Policy Route	
III Show Advanced Settings	🛅 Create new Object 🔻
Criteria	
User:	any 👻
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV 💙
Source Address:	Spock_Branch_B_L 💙
Destination Address:	Spock_Branch_A_L 💌
DSCP Code:	any 💌
Schedule:	none 💌
Service:	any 💌
Next-Hop	
Type:	VPN Tunnel 🗸
VPN Tunnel:	Spoke_Branch_B 💌

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel



Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection**, click

Connect on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

Hub_HQ > CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

🗗 Ad	d 🗹 Edit	🗋 Remove 💡 Activate	🖗 Inactivate 🔍 Connect	🌐 Disconnect 🛛 🛅 Object References
-		Name	VPN Gateway	Policy
1	? @	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	<pre>«Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A_LOCAL/«Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A_REMOTE</pre>
2	💡 🏨	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B_LOCAL/=Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B_REMOTE

Spoke_Branch_A > CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

v4 Co	/4 Configuration				
🔂 Ac	dd 📝 Edit	📋 Remove 💡 Activ	rate 💡 Inactivate 🍓 Connect	🕀 Disconnect 🛛 🛅 Object References	
#	Status	Name	VPN Gateway	Policy	
1	💡 🏨	Spoke-Branch_A	Spoke-Branch_A	<pre>spoke-Branch_A_LOCAL/spok</pre>	e-Branch_A_REMOTE
	Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕅 Show	50 💌 items		Displaying 1 - 1 of

Spoke_Branch_B > CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

IPv4 C	Pv4 Configuration							
🔂 A	dd 🗹 Edit	📋 Remove	💡 Activate	Inactivate	🍓 Connect	Disconnect	🕞 Object References	
#								
1	💡 🏨	Spoke-Branch	п_В	Spoke-Branc	:h_B	■Spoke-B	ranch_B_LOCAL/= Spoke-Branch_B_REMOTE	
	Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕨	Show 50	▼ items				Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic. Click **Connectivity Check** to verify the result of ICMP Connectivity.

Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A



- C	🖷 Disconnect 😫 Connection Check							
#								
1	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	192.168.168.0/24<>192.168.167.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.20.1	253	86167	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
2	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	192.168.168.0/24<>192.168.169.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.30.1	68	86352	1 (78 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
	Page I of 1	Show 50 🕶 items					Displayi	ng 1 - 2 of 2

Connec	ctivity Che	eck	?×
Conn	ectivity C	heck	
IP Ad	ddress:	192.168.167.1	
		ОК	Cancel
Result			X
(i)	ICMP Cor	nnectivity Check PASS on Hub_HC	ગ્ન-to-Branch_A
		OK	

Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B



@ [R Disconnect 🔮 Connection Check							
#								
1	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	192.168.168.0/24<>192.168.167.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.20.1	253	86167	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
2	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	192.168.168.0/24<>192.168.169.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.30.1	68	86352	1 (78 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
	✓ Page 1 of 1 →	Show 50 🗸 items					Displayi	ng 1 - 2 of 2

Connectivity Chec	k	?⊠
Connectivity Ch	eck	
IP Address:	192.168.169.1	
	ОК	Cancel

Result	[×
i	ICMP Connectivity Check PASS on Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	3
	ОК	

Spoke_Branch_A > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

@ C	R Disconnect 🤮 Connection Check							
#								
1	Spoke_Branch_A	192.168.167.0/24<>192.168.168.0/24	172.16.20.1	P: 172.16.10.1	66	86354	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
	Page 1 of 1	▶ ▶ Show 50 ▾ items					Displo	aying 1 - 1 of 1

Connectivity Che	ck	?×
Connectivity Ch	neck	
IP Address:	192.168.168.1]
	ОК	Cancel





Spoke_Branch_B > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

A	Ŗ Disconnect 🔮 Connection Check							
#								
1	Spoke_Branch_B	192.168.169.0/24<>192.168.168.0/24	172.16.30.1	P: 172.16.10.1	8	86412	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
	Page 1 of 1	I ▶ ▶ Show 50 ▾ items					Displa	ying 1 - 1 of 1

Connectivity Check	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	?×
Connectivity Chee	ck	
IP Address:	192.168.168.1	
	ОК	Cancel

Result	×
()	ICMP Connectivity Check PASS on Spoke-Branch_B
	ОК

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. All ZyWALL/USG units must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.



Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:INVALID_COOKIE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[ID][HASH][NOTIFY:INITIAL_CONTACT]	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG and SonicWALL Phase 2 Settings. All ZyWALL/USG units must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

19	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
20	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [Server] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG
31	2017-09-11	info	IKE	Send:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
22	2017-09-11	info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE LOG

Make sure the all ZyWALL/USG units' security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

By default, NAT traversal is enabled on ZyWALL/USG, so please make sure the remote IPSec device also has NAT traversal enabled.





Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel of ZyWALL/USG without Using VPN Concentrator Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway** and select **Enable**. Type the **VPN Gateway Name** used to identify this VPN gateway.

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the **Branch A**'s Gateway IP address (in the example, 172.16.20.1). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Branch A**'s Pre-Shared Key and click **OK**.

General Settings						
🗷 Enable						
VPN Gateway Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A					
IKE Version						
IKEv1						
© IKE∨2						
Gateway Settings						
My Address						
Interface	ge2					
🔍 Domain Name / IPv4						
Peer Gateway Address						
🖲 Static 👔	Primary 172.16.20.1					
Address	Secondary 0.0.0.0					
Eall back to Primary Peer Gateway when possible						
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)					
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🜖						

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See My Certificates)
O User Based PSK	admin	~	0
Advance			
Phase 1 Settings			
SA Life Time:	86400		(180 - 3000000 Seconds
Negotiation Mode:	Main	~	
Advance			

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection and select Enable.

Type the **Connection Name** used to identify this VPN connection. Select scenario as **Site-to-site** and VPN Gateway which is configured in Step 1.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > General Settings and VPN Gateway

General Settings	
🗹 Enable	
Connection Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A
Advance	
VPN Gateway	
Application Scenario	
Site-to-site	
Site-to-site with Dynam	c Peer
🔍 Remote Access (Serve	Role)
Remote Access (Client)	Role)
🔍 Vpn Tunnel Interface	
VPN Gateway:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch y ge2 172.16.20.1, 0.0.0.0



Click **Create new Object** on the upper bar to add the address range of the local network behind **Hub_HQ** to **Branch_B** and an address of local network behind **Branch A**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Create new Object

Local Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule			?×
Name:	HQ-to-Branch_B		- 1
Address Type:	RANGE	~	
Starting IP Address:	192.168.168.0		
End IP Address:	192.168.169.0		
		ок	Cancel

Remote Policy

🔂 Add Address Rule			?×
Name:	Branch_A		^
Address Type:	SUBNET	*	
Network:	192.168.167.0		
Netmask:	255.255.255.0		
	_		
		OK	Cancel

Set Local Policy to be HQ-to-Branch_B and Remote Policy to Branch_A which are

newly created. Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Policy

Policy		
Local policy:	HQ-to-Branch_B ▼	RANGE, 192.168.168.0-192.168.169.0
Remote policy:	Branch_A	SUBNET, 192.168.167.0/24
Advance		
Phase 2 Setting		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)
Advance		
Related Settings		
Zone:	IPSec_VPN 💌	0
 Advance Phase 2 Setting SA Life Time: Advance Related Settings 	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)

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Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway**, select **Enable**. Type the **VPN Gateway Name** used to identify this VPN gateway.

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the **Branch B**'s Gateway IP address (in the example, 172.16.30.1). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Branch B**'s Pre-Shared Key and click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway

General Settings	
	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B
VPN Gateway Name:	
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface	ge2 DHCP client 172.16.10.1/255.255.255.
🔍 Domain Name / IPv4	
Peer Gateway Address	
Static Address	Primary 172.16.30.1
Address	Secondary 0.0.0.0
Fall back to Primary Peer	Gateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🔒	
Authentication	
Pre-Shared Key	•••••
🗖 unmasked	
© Certificate	default 💙 (See <u>My Certificates</u>)
User Based PSK	admin 🕥 🚹
Advance	



Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection and select Enable.

Type the **Connection Name** used to identify this VPN connection. Select scenario as **Site-to-site** and VPN Gateway which is configured in Step 1.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > General Settings and VPN Gateway

General Settings	
🗷 Enable	
Connection Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B
Advance	
VPN Gateway	
Application Scenario	
Site-to-site	
Site-to-site with Dynami	c Peer
© Remote Access (Server	Role)
© Remote Access (Client	Role)
🔍 Vpn Tunnel Interface	
VPN Gateway:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch y ge2 172.16.30.1, 0.0.0.0



Click **Create new Object** on the upper bar to add the address range of the local network behind **Hub_HQ** to **Branch_A** and an address of local network behind **Branch B**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Create new Object

Local Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule			?×
Name:	HQ-to-Branch A		1
Address Type:	RANGE	~	
Starting IP Address:	192.168.167.0		
End IP Address:	192.168.168.0		
		ок	Cancel

Remote Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule		?×
Name:	Branch_B	
Address Type:	SUBNET 💌	
Network:	192.168.169.0	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
	OK	Cancel

Set Local Policy to be HQ-to-Branch_B and Remote Policy to Branch_B which are

newly created. Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Policy

Policy			
Local policy:	HQ-to-Branch_A 💌	RANGE, 192.168.167.0-192.168.168.0	
Remote policy:	Hub HQ-to-Branch 💌	SUBNET, 192.168.169.0/24	
Advance			
Phase 2 Setting			
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)	
Advance			
Related Settings			
Zone:	IPSec_VPN 💌	0	

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Spoke_Branch_A

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway**, select **Enable**. Type the **VPN Gateway Name** used to identify this VPN gateway.

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the **Hub_HQ**'s Gateway IP address (in the example, 172.16.10.1). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Hub_HQ**'s Pre-Shared Key and click **OK**.

General Settings	
VPN Gateway Name:	Spoke_Branch_A
IKE Version IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface	ge2
🔍 Domain Name / IPv4	
Peer Gateway Address	
🖲 Static	Primary 172.16.10.1
Address	Secondary 0.0.0.0
🔲 Fall back to Primary Peer	Gateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🜖	

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••	•••••	
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default 💌	(See My Certificates)	
🔍 User Based PSK	Remote_Client 💌	0	
Advance			
Phase 1 Settings			
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Second	
Negotiation Mode:	Main 👻		
Advance			

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection and select Enable.

Type the **Connection Name** used to identify this VPN connection. Select scenario

as Site-to-site and VPN Gateway which is configured in Step 1.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > General Settings and VPN Gateway

General Settings	
🗷 Enable	
Connection Name:	Spoke_Branch_A
Advance	
VPN Gateway	
Application Scenario	
Site-to-site	
© Site-to-site with Dynam	lic Peer
© Remote Access (Serve	r Role)
Remote Access (Client)	t Role)
O Vpn Tunnel Interface	
VPN Gateway:	Spoke_Branch_A y ge2 172.16.10.1, 0.0.0.0



Click **Create new Object** on the upper bar to add the address of the local network behind **Branch A** and **the** address range of the local network behind **Hub_HQ** to **Branch_B**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Create new Object

Local Policy

Add Address Rule			?×
Name:	Branch_A		^
Address Type:	SUBNET	~	
Network:	192.168.167.0		
Netmask:	255.255.255.0		
		OK	Cancel

Remote Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule			?×
Name:	HQ-to-Branch_B		A
Address Type:	RANGE	~	
Starting IP Address:	192.168.168.0		
End IP Address:	192.168.169.0		
		ок	Cancel

Set Local Policy to be Branch_A and Remote Policy to HQ-to-Branch_B which are newly created. Click OK.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Policy

Policy		
Local policy:	Branch_A 💌	SUBNET, 192.168.167.0/24
Remote policy:	HQ-to-Branch_B 💌	RANGE, 192.168.168.0-192.168.169.0
Advance		
Phase 2 Setting		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)
Advance		
Related Settings		
Zone:	IPSec_VPN 💌	0



Spoke_Branch_B

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway**, select **Enable**. Type the **VPN Gateway Name** used to identify this VPN gateway.

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the **Hub_HQ**'s Gateway IP address (in the example, 172.16.10.1). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Hub_HQ**'s Pre-Shared Key and click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway

General Settings		
🗷 Enable		
VPN Gateway Name:	Spoke_Branch_B	
IKE Version		
IKEv1		
© IKEv2		
Gateway Settings		
My Address		
Interface	ge2	 DHCP client 172.16.30.1/255.255.255.
🔍 Domain Name / IPv4		
Peer Gateway Address		
🖲 Static 👔	Primary 172.16.10.1	
Address	Secondary 0.0.0.0	
Fall back to Primary Peer	Gateway when possible	
Fall Back Check Interval:	300	(60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🚺		



Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••	•••••	
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See My Certificates)
O User Based PSK	Remote_Client	~	0
Advance			
Phase 1 Settings			
SA Life Time:	86400		(180 - 3000000 Second
Negotiation Mode:	Main	•	
Advance			

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection and select Enable.

Type the Connection Name used to identify this VPN connection. Select scenario

as Site-to-site and VPN Gateway which is configured in Step 1.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > General Settings and VPN Gateway

General Settings	
Enable Connection Name: Advance	Spoke_Branch_B
VPN Gateway	
Application Scenario	
Site-to-site	
Site-to-site with Dyna	amic Peer
© Remote Access (Ser	ver Role)
Remote Access (Client Client Access)	ent Role)
O Vpn Tunnel Interface	9
VPN Gateway:	Spoke_Branch_B y ge2 172.16.10.1, 0.0.0.0



Click **Create new Object** on the upper bar to add the address of local network behind **Branch B** and address range of local network behind **Hub_HQ** to **Branch_A**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Create new Object

Local Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule		?×
Name:	Branch_B	A
Address Type:	SUBNET 👻	
Network:	192.168.169.0	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
	ОК	Cancel

Remote Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule			?×
Name:	HQ-to-Branch_A		^
Address Type:	RANGE	~	
Starting IP Address:	192.168.167.0		
End IP Address:	192.168.168.0		
		ОК	Cancel

Set Local Policy to be Branch_B and Remote Policy to HQ-to-Branch_A which are

newly created. Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Policy

Branch_B 👻	SUBNET, 192.168.169.0/24
HQ-to-Branch_A 💌	RANGE, 192.168.167.0-192.168.168.0
86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)
IPSec_VPN	0
	HQ-to-Branch_A

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection**, click **Connect** on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

Hub_HQ > CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

C A	dd 🛛 🗹 Edit	👕 Remove 🛛 💡 Activate	💡 Inactivate 🍓 Connect	🕀 Disconnect 🛛 📴 Object References	
1	9 🥷	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	HQ-to-Branch_B/=Branch_A	
2	9 🍓	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	HQ-to-Branch_A/=Branch_B	

Spoke_Branch_A > CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

v4 Co	onfiguration					
🕂 Ac	dd 🗹 Edit	👕 Remove 💡 Activa	te 🛛 Inactivate	🍓 Connect 🛛 🥘 Disconne	ect 🔚 Object References	
#	Status	Nam		VPN Gateway	Policy	
1	💡 🏨	Spol	e_Branch_A	Spoke_Branch_A	Branch_A/=HQ-to-Branch_B	
	Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕅 Show 🗄	50 💌 items			Displaying 1 - 1 of

Spoke_Branch_B > CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

👕 Remove 🎈 Activate Name	Inactivate				
Name		VPNL	0.1		
Spoke_	Branch_B	Spok	e_Branch_B	Branch_B/AHQ-to-Branch	h_A
		Spoke_Branch_B			



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic. Click **Connectivity Check** to verify the result of ICMP Connectivity.

Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A

🕀 Disconnect 🛛 🤮 Connectior	n Check						
# Name •	Policy	My Address	Secure Gat	Up Time	Timeout	Inbou	Outb
1 Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	192.168.168.0-192.168.169.0<>192.168.167.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.20.1	584	85836	0(0 by	0(0 by
2 Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	192.168.167.0-192.168.168.0<>192.168.169.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.30.1	23	86397	0(0 by	0(0 by
	Show 50 🗸 items					Displaying	1 - 2 of 2
Connectivity Check	? 🗙						
Connectivity Check							
IP Address: 192.168	3.167.1						
	OK Cancel						
		1					
Result		\times					
	ectivity Check PASS on Hub_HQ-to-Bro	unch A					
	clivity check 1 A55 off hob_hobic						
-							
	ОК						

Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B

(,)	Disconnect 🤮 Connection	Check						
#								Outb
1	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	192.168.168.0-192.168.169.0<>192.168.167.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.20.1	584	85836	0(0 by	0(0 by
2	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	192.168.167.0-192.168.168.0<>192.168.169.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.30.1	23	86397	0(0 by	0(0 by
	Page 1 of 1 → →	Show 50 🕶 items					Displaying	1 - 2 of 2

Connectivity Che	ck	?×
Connectivity Cl	neck	
IP Address:	192.168.169.1	
	ОК	Cancel



Result		×
()	ICMP Connectivity Check PASS on Hub_HQ-to-Branch_E	в
	ОК	

Spoke_Branch_A > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

🕀 Disconnect Q Conne	ction Check						
# Name	Policy	My Address	Secure Gateway	Up Time	Timeout	Inbou	Outb
1 Spoke_Branch_A	192.168.167.0/24<>192.168.168.0-192.168.169.0	172.16.20.1	P: 172.16.10.1	30	73410	0(0 by	0(0 by
∢ ∢ Page 1 of 1	Show 50 🗸 items					Displaying	1 - 1 of 1
Connectivity Check	?×						
Connectivity Check							
IP Address: 192	.168.168.1						
	OK Cancel						
Result			दा				
			2				
	onnectivity Check PASS on Spoke-	Branch_A					
\sim							
	OK						

Spoke_Branch_B > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

🕀 Disconnect Q Connect	ion Check						
# Name							
1 Spoke_Branch_B	192.168.169.0/24<>192.168.167.0-192.168.168.0	172.16.30.1	P: 172.16.10.1	115	86305	0(0 b	0(0 b
∢ ∢ Page 1 of 1 →	Show 50 🗸 items				0	Displaying	1 - 1 of 1
Connectivity Check	?)×						
Connectivity Check							
IP Address: 192.1	68.168.1						
	OK Cancel						



Result		×
í	ICMP Connectivity Check PASS on Spoke-Branch_	В
	ОК	

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. All ZyWALL/USG units must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:INVALID_COOKIE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[ID][HASH][NOTIFY:INITIAL_CONTACT]	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG



If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG and SonicWALL Phase 2 Settings. All ZyWALL/USG units must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

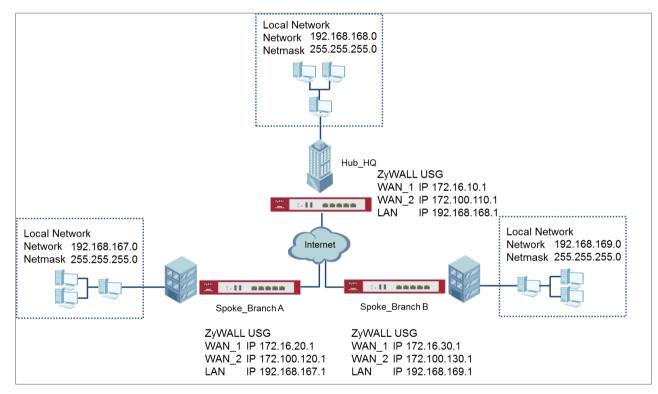
19	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
20	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [Server] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG
31	2017-09-11	info	IKE	Send:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG

Make sure the all ZyWALL/USG units' security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

By default, NAT traversal is enabled on ZyWALL/USG, so please make sure the remote IPSec device also has NAT traversal enabled.

How to Use Dual-WAN to Perform Fail-Over on VPN Using the VPN Concentrator

This is an example of using Dual-WAN to perform fail-over on a hub-and-spoke VPN with the HQ ZyWALL/USG as the hub and spoke VPNs to Branches A and B. When the VPN tunnel is configured, traffic passes between branches via the hub (HQ). Traffic can also pass between spoke-and-spoke through the hub. If the primary WAN interface is unavailable, the backup WAN interface will be used. When the primary WAN interface is available again, traffic will use that interface again.



Hub & Spoken VPN Using the VPN Concentrator with Backup

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway**, select **Enable**. Type the **VPN Gateway Name** used to identify this VPN gateway.

Then, configure the **Primary** Gateway IP as the **Branch A**'s **wan1** IP address (in the example, 172.16.20.1) and **Secondary** Gateway IP as the **Branch A**'s **wan2** IP address (in the example, 172.100.120.1). Select **Fall back to Primary Peer Gateway when possible** and set desired **Fall Back Check Interval** time.

Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Branch A**'s Pre-Shared Key and click **OK**.

General Settings	
VPN Gateway Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface	ge2
🔘 Domain Name / IPv4	
Peer Gateway Address	
🖲 Static 🔒	Primary 172.16.20.1
Address	Secondary 172.100.120.1
Fall back to Primary Pee	er Gateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🕕	

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway



Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••	•••••	
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See My Certificates)
© User Based PSK	admin	~	0
Advance			
Phase 1 Settings			
SA Life Time:	86400		(180 - 3000000 Second
Negotiation Mode:	Main	~	
Advance			

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection and select Enable.

Type the Connection Name used to identify this VPN connection. Select scenario

as Site-to-site and VPN Gateway which is configured in Step 1.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > General Settings and VPN Gateway

General Settings	
 ✓ Enable Connection Name: ▼ Advance 	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A
VPN Gateway	
Application Scenario	
Site-to-site	
© Site-to-site with Dynan	nic Peer
© Remote Access (Serve	ar Role)
Remote Access (Clien	it Role)
O Vpn Tunnel Interface	
VPN Gateway:	Hub_HQ-to-Branct ge2 172.16.20.1, 172.100.120.1





Click **Create new Object** to add the address of local network behind **Hub_HQ** and an address of local network behind **Branch A**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Create new Object

Local Policy

		?)
Hub_HQ		i i
SUBNET	~	
192.168.168.0		
255.255.255.0		
	OK	Cancel
	SUBNET 192.168.168.0	SUBNET ¥ 192.168.168.0

Remote Policy

G Add Address Rule		2X
Name:	Spoke_Branch_A_LO	1
Address Type:	SUBNET 💌	
Network:	192.168.167.0	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
	ОК	Cancel

Set Local Policy to be Hub_HQ and Remote Policy to Branch_A which are newly

created. Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Policy

Policy		
Local policy:	Hub_HQ ¥	SUBNET, 192.168.168.0/24
Remote policy:	Spock_Branch_A_L ▼	SUBNET, 192.168.167.0/24
Advance		
Phase 2 Setting		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)
Advance		
Related Settings		
Zone:	IPSec_VPN 💌	0



Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway**, select **Enable**. Type the **VPN Gateway Name** used to identify this VPN gateway.

Then, configure the **Primary** Gateway IP as the **Branch B**'s **wan1** IP address (in the example, 172.16.30.1) and **Secondary** Gateway IP as the **Branch B**'s **wan2** IP address (in the example, 172.100.130.1). Select **Fall back to Primary Peer Gateway when possible** and set desired **Fall Back Check Interval** time.

Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Branch A**'s Pre-Shared Key and click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway

General Settings	
Tenable	
VPN Gateway Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKEv2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
 Interface 	ge2 DHCP dient 172.16.10.1/255.255.255.
Domain Name / IPv4	
Peer Gateway Address	
🖲 Static 🔒	Primary 172.16.30.1
Address	Secondary 172.100.130.1
🗷 Fall back to Primary Peer G	ateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See My Certificates)
© User Based PSK	admin	~	0
 Advance 			
Phase 1 Settings			
SA Life Time:	86400		(180 - 3000000 Second
Negotiation Mode:	Main	~	
Advance			

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection** to enable VPN

Connection. Select scenario as Site-to-site and VPN Gateway which is configured

in Step 1.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > General Settings and VPN Gateway

General Settings	
🗷 Enable	
Connection Name:	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B
Advance	
VPN Gateway	
Application Scenario	
Site-to-site	
© Site-to-site with Dynami	c Peer
Remote Access (Server	Role)
Remote Access (Client)	Role)
O Vpn Tunnel Interface	
VPN Gateway:	Hub_HQ-to-Branct 💙 ge2 172.16.30.1, 172.100.130.1



Click **Create new Object** to add an address of local network behind **Hub_HQ** and an address of local network behind **Branch B**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Create new Object

Local Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule			?×
Name:	Hub_HQ		
Address Type:	SUBNET	*	
Network:	192.168.168.0		
Netmask:	255.255.255.0		
	_		
		OK	Cancel

Remote Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule		?×
Name:	Spoke_Branch_B_LO(A
Address Type:	SUBNET V	
Network:	192.168.169.0	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
	ОК	Cancel

Set Local Policy to be Hub_HQ and Remote Policy to Branch_B which are newly created. Click OK.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Policy

Hub_HQ 🗸	SUBNET, 192.168.168.0/24
Spock Branch B L 💌	SUBNET, 192.168.169.0/24
86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)
IPSec_VPN	0
	Spock Branch B L



Hub_HQ Concentrator

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > Concentrator**, add a VPN Concentrator rule. Select VPN tunnels to the same member group and click **Save**.

🔂 Add VPN Con	centrator		
Name:	Hub-and-Spoke		
Available VPN_to_VPC VPN_to_Azur WIZ_VPN_HG WIZ_VPN_Bro Hub_HQ_to_ Hub_HQ_to_	e 2 Inch Branch_A	Me ↑ ↓	mber
🕂 Add VPN Co	oncentrator		
Name:	Hub-and-Spoke		
Available			Member
VPN_to_VP VPN_to_Az Hub_HQ_to WIZ_VPN_B Spoke_Bran Spoke_Bran Hub_HQ_to	ure o_Branch_B ranch nch_A	 	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B

Spoke_Branch_A

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway**, select **Enable**. Type the **VPN Gateway Name** used to identify this VPN gateway.

Then, configure the **Primary** Gateway IP as the **Hub_HQ**'s **wan1** IP address (in the example, 172.16.10.1) and **Secondary** Gateway IP as the **Hub_HQ**'s **wan2** IP address (in the example, 172.100.110.1). Select **Fall back to Primary Peer Gateway when possible** and set desired **Fall Back Check Interval** time.

Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Hub_HQ**'s Pre-Shared Key and click **OK**.

General Settings	
Tenable	
VPN Gateway Name:	Spoke_Branch_A
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface	ge2 DHCP client 172.16.20.1/255.255.255.
🔘 Domain Name / IPv4	
Peer Gateway Address	
Static	Primary 172.16.10.1
Address	Secondary 172.100.110.1
Fall back to Primary Peer G	Gateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🜖	

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	*	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
O User Based PSK	Remote_Client	~	0
Advance			
Phase 1 Settings			
SA Life Time:	86400		(180 - 3000000 Seconds
Negotiation Mode:	Main	•	
Advance			

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection and select Enable.

Type the Connection Name used to identify this VPN connection. Select scenario

as Site-to-site and VPN Gateway which is configured in Step 1.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > General Settings and VPN Gateway

General Settings	
🗷 Enable	
Connection Name:	Spoke_Branch_A
Advance	
VPN Gateway	
Application Scenario	
Site-to-site	
© Site-to-site with Dync	amic Peer
Remote Access (Ser	ver Role)
Remote Access (Clie	ant Role)
O Vpn Tunnel Interface	3
VPN Gateway:	Spoke_Branch_A 🛩 ge2 172.16.10.1, 172.100.110.1



Click **Create new Object** to add the address of local network behind **Branch A** and an address of local network behind **Hub_HQ**

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Create new Object Local Policy

🔂 Add Address Rule		$? \times$
Name:	Spoke_Branch_A_LO	
Address Type:	SUBNET 👻	
Network:	192.168.167.0	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
		•
	ОК	Cancel

Remote Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule		?×
Name:	Hub HQ	1
Address Type:	SUBNET	
Network:	192.168.168.0	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
	ОК	Cancel

Set Local Policy to be Spoke_Branch_A_LOCAL and Remote Policy to Hub_HQ

which are newly created. Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Policy

Policy		
Local policy:	Spoke_Branch_A_L 🕶	SUBNET, 192.168.167.0/24
Remote policy:	Hub_HQ 🗸	SUBNET, 192.168.168.0/24
Advance		
Phase 2 Setting		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)
Advance		
Related Settings		
Zone:	IPSec_VPN 💌	0

Go to Network > Routing > Policy Route to add a Policy Route to allow traffic from Spoke_Branch_A to Spoke_Branch_B.

Click **Create new Object** and set the address to be the local network behind the **Spoke_Branch_B**. Select **Source Address** to be the local network behind the **Spoke_Branch_A**. Then, scroll down the **Destination Address** list to choose the newly created **Spoke_Branch_B_LOCAL** address. Click **OK**.

Criteria		
User:	any	*
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV	*
Source Address:	Spoke_Branch_A_L	-
Destination Address:	Spoke_Branch_B_L \	7
DSCP Code:	any	*
Schedule:	none	•
Service:	any	•
Next-Hop		
Туре:	VPN Tunnel	~
VPN Tunnel:	Spoke_Branch_A	~

Network > Routing > Policy Route

Spoke_Branch_B

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway**, select **Enable**. Type the **VPN Gateway Name** used to identify this VPN gateway.

Then, configure the **Primary** Gateway IP as the **Hub_HQ**'s **wan1** IP address (in the example, 172.16.10.1) and **Secondary** Gateway IP as the **Hub_HQ**'s **wan2** IP 150/751



address (in the example, 172.100.110.1). Select Fall back to Primary Peer Gateway when possible and set desired Fall Back Check Interval time.

Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your **Hub_HQ**'s Pre-Shared Key and click **OK**.

General Settings	
🗷 Enable	
VPN Gateway Name:	Spoke_Branch_B
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKEv2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface	ge2 DHCP client 172.16.30.1/255.255.255.
🔍 Domain Name / IPv4	
Peer Gateway Address	
🖲 Static 🔒	Primary 172.16.10.1
Address	Secondary 172.100.110.1
Fall back to Primary Peer	r Gateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🚺	
Authentication	
Pre-Shared Key	•••••
🗖 unmasked	
© Certificate	default 🗸 (See <u>My Certificates</u>)
🔍 User Based PSK	Remote_Client 🗸 🚺
💌 Advance	
Dhave 1 Cellings	
Phase 1 Settings	
SA Life Time:	86400 (180 - 3000000 Seconds)
Negotiation Mode:	Main 💌
Advance	

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway



Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection and select Enable.

Type the **Connection Name** used to identify this VPN connection. Select scenario as **Site-to-site** and VPN Gateway which is configured in Step 1.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > General Settings and VPN Gateway

General Settings	
🗷 Enable	
Connection Name:	Spoke_Branch_B
Advance	
VPN Gateway	
Application Scenario	
Site-to-site	
© Site-to-site with Dynami	c Peer
Remote Access (Server	Role)
© Remote Access (Client	Role)
O Vpn Tunnel Interface	
VPN Gateway:	Spoke_Branch_B y ge2 172.16.10.1, 172.100.110.1

Click **Create new Object** to add the address of local network behind **Branch B** and an address of local network behind **Hub_HQ**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Create new Object Local Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule		?×
Name:	Spoke Branch B LO(^
Address Type:	SUBNET	
Network:	192.168.169.0	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
	ОК	Cancel

Remote Policy

🕂 Add Address Rule		?×
Name:	Hub HQ	^
Name:		
Address Type:	SUBNET	r
Network:	192.168.168.0	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
		*
	ОК	Cancel





Set Local Policy to be Spoke_Branch_B_LOCAL and Remote Policy to Hub_HQ

which are newly created. Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Policy

Policy		
Local policy:	Spoke_Branch_B_L 💌	SUBNET, 192.168.169.0/24
Remote policy:	Hub_HQ 💌	SUBNET, 192.168.168.0/24
Advance		
Phase 2 Setting		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)
Advance		
Related Settings		
Zone:	IPSec_VPN 💌	0

Go to Network > Routing > Policy Route to add a Policy Route to allow traffic from Spoke_Branch_B to Spoke_Branch_A.

Click **Create new Object** and set the address to be the local network behind the **Spoke_Branch_A**. Select **Source Address** to be the local network behind the **Spoke_Branch_B**. Then, scroll down the **Destination Address** list to choose the newly created **Spoke_Branch_A_LOCAL** address. Click **OK**.

Network > Routing > Policy Route

Criteria	
User:	any 💌
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV 💌
Source Address:	Spoke_Branch_B_L 💌
Destination Address:	Spoke_Branch_A_L 💌
DSCP Code:	any 💌
Schedule:	none 💌
Service:	any 💌
Next-Hop	
Пехітор	
Туре:	VPN Tunnel 💌
VPN Tunnel:	Spoke_Branch_B 💌



Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection**, click

Connect on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

Hub_HQ > CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

₿ /	Add 🛛 🗹 Edit	🍵 Remove 🛛 💡 Activate	💡 Inactivate 🍓 Connect	🍓 Disconnect 🛛 🛅 Object References	
1	9 🏨	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	Hub_HQ/aSpoke_Branch_A_LOCAL	
2	💡 🏨	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	<pre>«Hub_HQ/«Spoke_Branch_B_LOCAL</pre>	
14	Page 1	of 1 >> Show 50	✓ items		Displaying 1 - 2 of

Spoke_Branch_A > CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

v4 Co	onfiguration				
🔂 A	dd 🗹 Edit	📋 Remove 💡 Activo	ite 💡 Inactivate 🍓 Connec	t 🍓 Disconnect 📴 Object References	
	Status		VPN Gateway	Policy	
1	💡 🏨	Spoke-Branch_A	Spoke-Branch_A	<pre>spoke-Branch_A_LOCAL/=Hub_HQ</pre>	
	Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕅 Show	50 💌 items		Displaying 1 - 1 o

Spoke_Branch_B > CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

🖯 Add	🗹 Edit	🃋 Remove 💡 Activate	💡 Inactivate 🍓 Connec	ct 🕀 Disconnect 📴 Object References	
1 💡		Spoke-Branch_B	Spoke-Branch_B	Spoke-Branch_B_LOCAL/= Hub_HQ	



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic. Click **Connectivity Check** to verify the result of ICMP Connectivity.

Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A

🦣 Disconnect 🔒 Connec	tion Check						
# Name	Policy	My Addr	4 Secure Gatew	Up Time	Timeout	Inbound(Outboun
1 Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	192.168.168.0/24<>192.168.167.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.20.1	690	85730	1 (46 bytes)	1 (60 bytes)
2 Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	192.168.168.0/24<>192.168.169.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.30.1	505	85915	1 (78 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
	Show 50 🕶 items					Display	ving 1 - 2 of 2
Connectivity Check	?≍						
Connectivity Check							
IP Address: 192.	168.167.1						
IP Address: 192.	168.167.1						
IP Address: 192.	168.167.1						
IP Address: 192.	168.167.1 OK Cancel						
IP Address: 192.							
IP Address: 192. Result			\boxtimes				
			X				
Result		ub_HQ-to-					
Result	OK Cancel	ub_HQ-to-					
Result	OK Cancel	ub_HQ-to-					
Result	OK Cancel	ub_HQ-to-					

Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B

R D	Visconnect Q. Connecti	on Check						
1	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_A	192.168.168.0/24<>192.168.167.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.20.1	690	85730	1 (46 bytes)	1 (60 bytes)
2	Hub_HQ-to-Branch_B	192.168.168.0/24<>192.168.169.0/24	172.16.10.1	P: 172.16.30.1	505	85915	1 (78 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
	♦ Page 1 of 1 →	Show 50 🗸 items					Display	ing 1 - 2 of 2

Connectivity Che	ck	?X
Connectivity Cl	neck	
IP Address:	192.168.169.1	
	ОК	Cancel

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Result		X
í	ICMP Connectivity Check PASS on Hub_HQ-to-Branch_	B
	ОК	

Spoke_Branch_A > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

Result	×
i	ICMP Connectivity Check PASS on Spoke-Branch_A
	ОК

Spoke_Branch_B > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

æ	n Disconnect 🎕 Connection Check							
	1 Spoke_Branch_B	192.168.169.0/24<>192.168.168.0/24	172.16.30.1	P: 172.16.10.1	4	73436	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
	Page 1 of	Show 50 🗸 items					Displ	aying 1 - 1 of 1

Connectivity	Check ?X	
Connectivi IP Address		
	OK Cancel	
Result		\times
i	ICMP Connectivity Check F	ASS on Spoke-Branch_B
	ОК	

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. All ZyWALL/USG units must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:INVALID_COOKIE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[ID][HASH][NOTIFY:INITIAL_CONTACT]	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found, Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. All ZyWALL/USG units must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

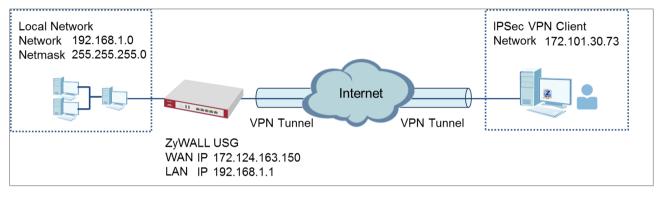
19	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
20	2017-09-11	info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [Server] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG
31	2017-09-11	info	IKE	Send:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
32	2017-09-11		IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG

Make sure the all ZyWALL/USG units' security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

By default, NAT traversal is enabled on ZyWALL/USG, so please make sure the remote IPSec device also has NAT traversal enabled.

How to Configure IPSec VPN with ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN between a ZyWALL/USG and a ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and ZyWALL IPSec VPN

ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client with VPN Tunnel Connected

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Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel

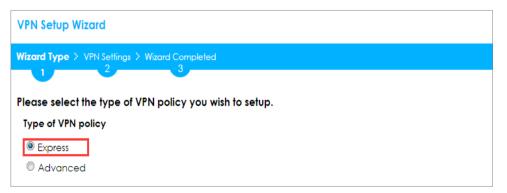
In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed			
Welcome			
© VPN Settings - Wizard Type			
- VPN Settings - Wizard Completed			
 VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 			
 VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings VPN Settings General Settings Wizard Completed 			

Choose **Express** to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2 settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type





Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings-1

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Setting	> Wizard Completed
2	
Express Settings	
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Scenario	
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING
Application Scenario:	Remote Access (Server Role)

Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters). Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG.

VPN Setup Wizard							
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed							
Express Settings Configuration	Express Settings						
Secure Gateway:	Any						
Pre-Shared Key:	zyx12345						
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.33	/255.255.255.0					
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	Any						

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings-2

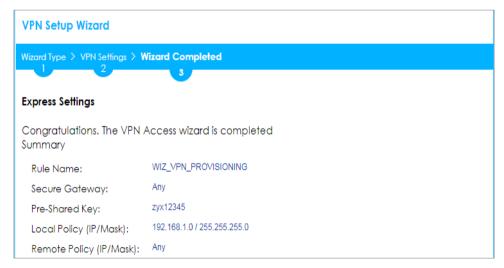
This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup	Wizard > Welcome >	Wizard Type >	VPN Settings-3

VPN Setup Wizard						
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed						
Express Settings Summary						
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING					
Secure Gateway:	Any					
Pre-Shared Key:	zyx12345					
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0					
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	Any					

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed



Go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > Add A User** and create a user account for the ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client user.

CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > Add A User

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User Name :	Remote_Client	
User Type:	user 💌	
Password:	•••••	
Retype:	•••••	
Description:	Local User	
Authentication Timeout ettings	Use Default Settings	O Use Manual Settings
Lease Time:	1440	minutes
Reauthentication Time:	1440	minutes

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > Configuration Provisioning. In the General Settings section, select the Enable Configuration Provisioning. Then, go to the Configuration section and click Add to bind a configured VPN Connection to Allowed User. Click Activate and Apply to save the configuration.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > Configuration Provisioning

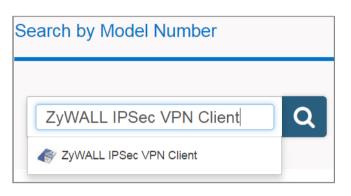
General Settings						
Enable Configuration Provision	Configuration Provisioning					
Authentication						
Client Authentication Method:	default 💌					
Configuration						
🔂 Add 🧭 Edit 🍵 Remove	🖗 Activate 🖗 Inactivate	Move Nove				
# Status Priority 🔺	Туре					
1 💡 1	4in4	WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING	Remote_Client			
◀ ◀ Page 1 of 1 ▶ ▶	Show 50 🕶 items			Displaying 1 - 1 of 1		
		Apply Reset				

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Set Up the ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client

Download **ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client** software from ZyXEL Download Library:

http://www.zyxel.com/support/download landing.shtml



Open ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client, select **CONFIGURATION > Get from Server**.

ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client							
Configuration Tools ?							
Save		Ctrl+S					
Import							
Export							
Get fro	m Server						
Move t	o USB Drive	e					
Wizard							
Quit							

CONFIGURATION > Get from Server

Enter the WAN IP address or URL for the ZyWALL/USG in the **Gateway Address**. If you changed the default HTTPS **Port** on the ZyWALL/USG, and then enter the new one here. Enter the **Login** user name and **Password** exactly as configured on the ZyWALL or external authentication server. Click **Next**, you will see it's processing VPN configuration from the server.

163/751



CONFIGURATION > Get from Server > Step 1: Authentication

😰 VPN Configuration Server Wiza	ard					
Step 1: Authentication What are the parameters of the VPN Server Connection?						
You are going to download your VPN Configuration from the VPN Configuration Server. Enter below the authentication information required for the connection to the server.						
Gateway Address:	172.124.163.150 Port: 443					
Authentication:	Login + Password -					
Login:	Remote_Client					
Password:	•••••					
	Next > Cancel					

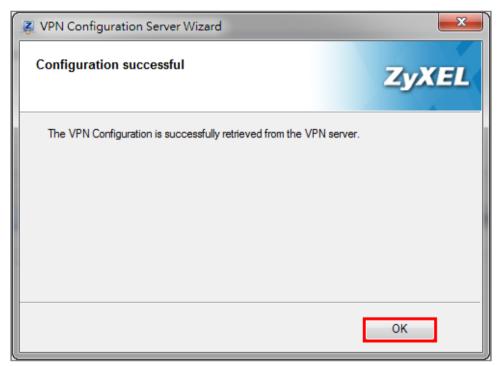
CONFIGURATION > Get from Server > Step 2: Processing

VPN Configuration Server Wizard	×
Step 2: Processing Requesting the VPN Configuration.	ZyXEL
Downloading the VPN Configuration from the server:	
 Init Ok. Init cnx server (172.124.163.150) Ok. Send https request Receive Config. from Server Write Config. file Apply Config. file 	
< Previous	Cancel



Then, you will see the **Configuration successful** page, click **OK** to exit the wizard.

CONFIGURATION > Get from Server > Configuration successful





Go to VPN Configuration > IKEv1, right click the WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING and select Open tunnel. You will see the Tunnel opened on the bottom right of the screen.

VPN Configuration			
0 WIZ_VPN	Open tunnel	Ctrl+O	
	Export		
	Сору	Ctrl+C	
	Rename	F2	
	Delete	Del	
VPN Configuration	OVISIONING	VPN_PROV	d.

VPN CONFIGURATION > IKE V1 > WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING > Open tunnel

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, the

Status connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

🕂 Add 🛛 🗹 Ed	lit 🍵 Remove 💡 Activate	💡 Inactivate 🍓 Conne	ect 🏽 🕀 Disconnect 🛛 🛅 Object Refe	ences	
# Status Name					
1 🥊 🖷	WIZ_VPN_PROVI	sioning wiz	_VPN_PROVISIONING	WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING_	



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** Traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

()		conne	ect 🧃	Connection Check							
#											
1	1	N/A	N/A	WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING	192.168.1.0/24<>172.101.30.73	172.101.30.150	D: 172.101.30.73	6	86414	21(1854 bytes)	0(0 bytes)

To test whether or not a tunnel is working, ping from a computer at one site to a computer at the other. Ensure that both computers have Internet access (via the IPSec devices).

```
PC with ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client installed > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.1.33
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.1.33

Pinging 192.168.1.33 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=32ms TTL=43

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.33:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms
```

PC behind ZyWALL/USG > Window 7 > cmd > ping 172.101.30.73

```
C: \Documents and Settings \ZyXEL>ping 172.101.30.73
Pinging 172.101.30.73 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 172.101.30.73: bytes=32 time=18ms TTL=54
Reply from 172.101.30.73: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54
Reply from 172.101.30.73: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54
Reply from 172.101.30.73: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54
Ping statistics for 172.101.30.73:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 16ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 17ms
```

What Can Go Wrong?

If you see [info] log message such as below, please make sure both ZyWALL/USG and ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client use the same **Pre-Shared Key** to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

Priority		Message •	
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:INVALID_PAYLOAD_TYPE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Invalid payload type in encrypted payload chain, possibly because of different pre-shared keys	IKE_LOG

If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. ZyWALL/USG and ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client must use the same Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type/Content to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING] Phase 1 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get [alert] or [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. ZyWALL/USG and ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client must use the same Active Protocol, Encapsulation, Proposal, PFS and set correct Local Policy to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING] Phase 2 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[\$A] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE LOG

If you see [alert] log message as below, please make sure you create a user account for the ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client user on ZyWALL/USG or the external authentication server. Or please check your password matches the settings in the user account.

MONITOR > Log



 Priority
 Cate...
 Message
 Note

 alert
 User
 Failed login attempt to Device from http://https (incorrect password or inexistent username)
 Account: Remote_Client

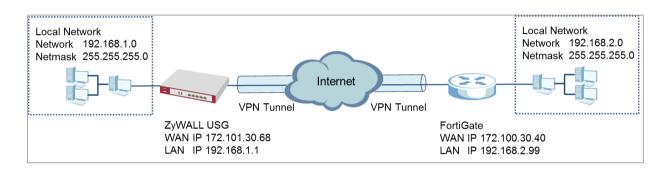
Make sure the service HTTPS Port on IPSec VPN Client application is available.

Make sure the To-ZyWALL security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic to the ZyWALL/USG. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

The ZyWALL/USG supports UDP port 500 and UDP port 4500 for NAT traversal. If you enable this, make sure the To-ZyWALL security policies allow UDP port 4500 too.

How to Configure Site-to-site IPSec VPN with FortiGate

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN between a ZYWALL/USG and a FortiGate router. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL Site-to-site IPSec VPN with FortiGate Connected

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and FortiGate 100D (Firmware Version:



Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the FortiGate. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

PN Setup Wizard	
izard Type > VPN Settings > V	
	3
elcome	
VPN Settings	
- Wizard Type	
- VPN Settings	
- Wizard Completed	
◎ VPN Settings for Configu	uration Provisioning
- Wizard Type	
- VPN Settings	
- Wizard Completed	
© VPN Settings for L2TP VP	'N Settings
- VPN Settings	-
- General Settings	
- Wizard Completed	

Choose Express to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2

settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type

VPN Setup Wizar	d
	Settings > Wizard Completed
	2 3
Please select the	type of VPN policy you wish to setup.
Type of VPN polic	у
Express	
C Advanced	

Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed 2 3 Express Settings IKE Version IKEv1 IKEv2 Scenario Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Fortigate Site-to-site Site-to-site Remote Access (Server Role) Remote Access (Client Role)	VPN Setup Wizard		
Express Settings IKE Version IKEv1 IKEv2 Scenario Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Fortigate Site-to-site Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role)			
IKE Version IKEv1 IKEv2 Scenario Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Fortigate Site-to-site Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role)			
 IKEv1 IKEv2 Scenario Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Fortigate Site-to-site Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role) 			
 IKEv2 Scenario Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Fortigate Site-to-site Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role) 			
Scenario Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Fortigate Image: Site-to-site Imag			
Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Fortigate Image: Site-to-site Image: Site-to-site Image: Site-to-site Image: Site-to-site <th>© IKEv2</th> <th></th> <th></th>	© IKEv2		
 Site-to-site Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role) 	Scenario		
 Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role) 	Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Fortigate	
© Remote Access (Server Role)	Site-to-site		
	Site-to-site with	Dynamic Peer	
Remote Access (Client Role)	Remote Acces	(Server Role)	
	Remote Acces	(Client Role)	

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

Configure **Secure Gateway** IP as the FortiGate's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.100.30.40). Then, type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the FortiGate.

VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed		
Express Settings			
Configuration			
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.40	(IP or FQDN)	
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123		
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	/255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.2.0	/255.255.255.0	

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)



This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed	
Express Settings Summary		
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Fortigate	
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.40	
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.2.0 / 255.255.255.0	

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed



Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway and click Show

Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Peer ID Type as Any to let the

ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
🔍 User Based PSK	Remote_Client	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IPv4	~	
Content:	0.0.00		
Peer ID Type:	Any	~	
Content:	172.100.30.40		

Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the FortiGate

In the FortiGate VPN > IPsec > Wizard > Custom VPN Tunnel (No Template), use the VPN Setup to create a Site-to-site VPN rule Name.

VPN > IPsec > Wizard > Custom	vPN Tunnel (No Template)
-------------------------------	--------------------------

Name Template	WIZ_VPN_ZyWALL	
🔠 Dialup - FortiC	lient (Windows, Mac OS, Android)	
🔠 Site to Site - F	ortiGate	
Dialup - iOS (N	ative)	
🛱 Dialup - Androi	id (Native L2TP/IPsec)	
🐻 Dialup - Cisco	Firewall	
🐻 Site to Site - C	isco	
Custom VPN Te	unnel (No Template)	



Type the **Name** used to identify this VPN connection, configure **Remote Gateway** IP as the peer ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address. Select the **Interface** which is connected to the Internet.

Name	WIZ_VPN_ZyWALL
Comments	Comments
Network	
IP Version	IPv4 IPv6
Remote Gateway	Static IP Address
IP Address	172.101.30.68 Static IP Address Dialup User Dynamic DNS
Interface	wan1 v
Mode Config	dmz ha1 ha2
NAT Traversal	V lan wan1
Keepalive Frequency	10 wan2
Dead Peer Detection	

Go to Authentication section, enter Pre-shared Key and choose negotiation Mode the same as the peer ZyWALL/USG's.

VPN > IPsec >	Wizard > Custom	VPN Tunnel (No	Template) >	Authentication
---------------	-----------------	----------------	-------------	----------------

Authentication	
Method	Pre-shared Key 🔻
Pre-shared Key	ZyXEL123 🕼 Show Key
IKE	
Version	1 0 2
Mode	Aggressive Main (ID protection)



Configure Phase 1 Proposal and Diffie-Hellman Group as the peer ZyWALL/USG Advanced Settings' **Phase 1 Settings > Proposal** and **Key Group**.

Phase 1 Pro	posal	Add
Encryption	DES 🔻	Authentication MD5 🔻 i Remove
Encryption	AES256 V	DES 3DES tion SHA256 V MD5 SHA1
Encryption	3DES 🔻	AES128 tion SHA256 V SHA256
Encryption	AES128 •	AES192 AES256 tion SHA1 V T SHA512
Encryption	AES256 V	Authentication SHA1 🔹 💼 Remove
Encryption	3DES 🔻	Authentication SHA1 🔻 🗃 Remove
Diffie-Hellman	Group	21 20 19 18 17 16
		🔲 15 📄 14 🔲 5 📄 2 📝 1
Key Lifetime (seconds)	86400
Local ID		

VPN > IPsec > Wizard > Custom VPN Tunnel (No Template) > Phase 1 Proposal

Go to Phase 2 Selectors > Advanced and configure Phase 2 Proposal as the peer ZyWALL/USG Advanced Settings' Phase 2 Settings > Proposal.

Set **Local Address** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the FortiGate and **Remote Address** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG.

Make sure you uncheck **Enable Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS)** if this function is disabled in the peer ZyWALL/USG.

VPN > IPsec > Wizard > Custom VPN Tunnel (No Template) > Phase 2 Selectors

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Name		Local Addres	-	Remote Address	
WIZ_VPN_ZyV	VALL 192	2.168.2.0/255.25	5.255.0	192.168.1.0/255.255.25	5.0
					1
Edit Phase 2					
Name		WIZ_VPN_ZyW	ALL		
Comments		Comments			
Local Address		Subnet	• 192.168	3.2.0/255.255.255.	
Remote Addres	s	Subnet	• 192.168	3.1.0/255.255.255.(
Advanced					
Phase 2 Propo	sal			Add	
Encryption	DES 🔻	Authentication	SHA1 V	TRANSPORT	
Encryption	AES256 V	NULL tion	SHA1 V	MD5	
Encryption	3DES 🔻	3DES AES128 tion	SHA1 🔻	SHA1 SHA384	
Encryption	AES128 V	AES192 AES256 tion	SHA256 🔻	SHA512	
Encryption	AES256 V	Authentication	SHA256 🔻	Transfer Temperature Temperatu	
Encryption	3DES 🔻	Authentication	SHA256 V	magnetic Remove	
	Detection 📝				



This screen provides a summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **OK** to exit the configuration page.

Name	WIZ_VPN_ZyWALL
Comments	Comments
Network	
IP Version	
Remote Gateway	Static IP Address
IP Address	172.101.30.68
Interface	wan1 🔻
Mode Config	
NAT Traversal	V
Keepalive Frequence	cy 10 💌
Dead Peer Detection	
	:hod : Pre-shared Key (Your_Pre-Shared_Key) ode : Main (ID protection)
Phase 1 Proposal	🖉 Edit
Algorithms : DES-M 3DES-SHA1	ID5 AES256-SHA256, 3DES-SHA256, AES128-SHA1, AES256-SHA1,
Diffie-Hellman Gro	up 1
XAUTH	🖊 Edit
Type : Disabled	
Type : Disabled Phase 2 Selectors	

VPN > IPsec > Wizard > Custom VPN Tunnel (No Template)

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection**, click **Connect** on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec



Go to FortiGate VPN > Monitor > IPsec Monitor and check the tunnel Status is up and Incoming Data/Outgoing Data traffic.

VPN > Monitor > IPsec Monitor

▼Name	🝸 Туре	V Remote Gateway	▼ Status	🝸 Incoming Data	🔻 Outgoing Data
WIZ_VPN_ZyWALL	Static IP or Dynamic DNS	172.101.30.68	O Up	8.09 KB	13.78 KB

To test whether or not a tunnel is working, ping from a computer at one site to a computer at the other. Ensure that both computers have Internet access (via the IPSec devices).

PC behind ZyWALL/USG > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.2.33

C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.2.33
Pinging 192.168.2.33 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.2.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.2.33: bytes=32 time=32ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.2.33: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.2.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Ping statistics for 192.168.2.33:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms

PC behind FortiGate> Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.1.33

C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.1.33						
Pinging 192.168.1.33 with 32 bytes of data:						
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43						
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=32ms TTL=43						
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43						
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43						
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.33:						
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),						
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:						
Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms						

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG and FortiGate must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

Priority			
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [WIZ_VPN_FortiGate] Phase 1 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	The cookie pair is : 0x70fb3b31ed922dc4 / 0x07f7812272f2e1a2 [count=3]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv IKE sa: SA([0] protocol = IKE (1), AES CBC key len = 192, HMAC-SHA256 PRF, HMAC-SHA256-1	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, 180/751



please check ZyWALL/USG and FortiGate Phase 2 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG and FortiGate must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

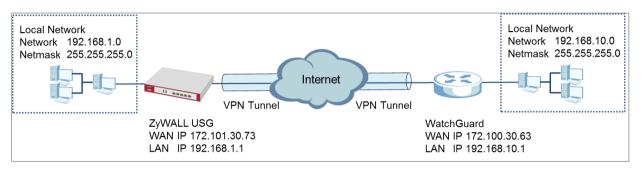
info	IKE	[\$A] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [WIZ_VPN_FortiGate] Phase 2 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG

Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG and FortiGate security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

Default NAT traversal is enable on ZyWALL/USG, please make sure the remote IPSec device must also have NAT traversal enabled.

How to Configure Site-to-site IPSec VPN with WatchGuard

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN between a ZYWALL/USG and a WatchGuard router. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL Site-to-site IPSec VPN with WatchGuard Connected

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and WatchGuard XTM 515 (Firmware Version: 11.10.4).



Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the WatchGuard. Click **Next**.

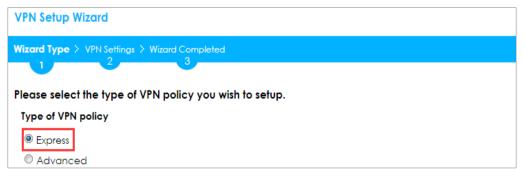
Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

/PN Setup Wizard					
Vizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
Velcome					
 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning 					
- Wizard Type - VPN Settings - Wizard Completed					
◎ VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings					
- VPN Settings - General Settings - Wizard Completed					

Choose Express to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2

settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Wizord Type > VPN Settings > Wizord Completed 1 2 Express Settings IKE Version IKEv1 IKEv2 Scenario Rule Name: VPN_to_WatchGuard Image: VPN_to_W	VPN Setup Wizard
Express Settings IKE Version IKEv1 IKEv2 Scenario Rule Name: VPN_to_WatchGuard Site-to-site Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role)	
IKE Version IKE V1 IKEv2 Scenario Rule Name: VPN_to_WatchGuard Site-to-site Site-to-site Remote Access (Server Role)	
 IKEv2 Scenario Rule Name: VPN_to_WatchGuard Site-to-site Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role) 	
Scenario Rule Name: VPN_to_WatchGuard Image: Site-to-site Imag	IKEv1
Rule Name: VPN_to_WatchGuard Image: Site-to-site Image: Site-to-site Image: Site-to-site Image: Site-to-site <th></th>	
 Site-to-site Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role) 	Scenario
 Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role) 	Rule Name: VPN_to_WatchGuard
Remote Access (Server Role)	Site-to-site
	Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer
Remote Access (Client Role)	Remote Access (Server Role)
	Remote Access (Client Role)

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

Configure **Secure Gateway** IP as the WatchGuard's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.100.30.63). Then, type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the WatchGuard. Click **OK**.

Quick Setup > VPN	Setup Wizard >	Wizard Type > \	VPN Settings (0	Configuration)
-------------------	----------------	-----------------	-----------------	----------------

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizord Type > VPN Settings > 1 2	Wizard Completed	
Express Settings Configuration		
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.63	(IP or FQDN)
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0	255.255.255.0



This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed
Express Settings Summary	
Rule Name:	VPN_to_WatchGuard
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.63
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizord Type > VPN Settings > W	
	3
Express Settings	
Congratulations. The VPN A Summary	Access wizard is completed
Rule Name:	VPN_to_WatchGuard
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.63
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard completed

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway, click Show Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Local ID Type as IPv4 and set the Content as



your ZyWALL/USG's **WAN IP Address** (in the example, 172.101.30.73). Then, configure **Authentication > Remote ID Type** as **IPv4** and set the **Content** as your WatchGuard's **External IP Address** (in the example, 172.100.30.63). Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
© User Based PSK	Remote_Client	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IP∨4	~	
Content:	172.101.30.73		
Peer ID Type:	IPv4	~	
Content:	172.100.30.63		

Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the WatchGuard

Go to **Dashboard > Network Interfaces** to check your **External IP Address** (the Internet-facing interface) and **Trusted IP Address** (the Local IP address).

•	Network Interfaces					
	Link Status	Alias	IPv4 Address	Gateway		
0	Up	External	172.100.30.63/24	172.100.30.1		
0	Up	Trusted	192.168.10.1/24	0.0.0.0		
•	Down	Optional-1	0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0		
•	Down	Optional-2	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0		
•	Down	Optional-3	0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0		
•	Down	Optional-4	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0		
•	Down	Optional-5	0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0		
Zoo	m 🔍			Configure		



In the WatchGuard VPN > Branch Office VPN > Gateway > General Settings create a Site-to-site VPN Gateway Name and set a secure Pre-Shared Key.

eneral Settings	Phase 1 Settings			
Credential Method				
 Use Pre-Shared 	Key *******			
🔵 Use IPSec Firebo	× Certificate			
Use IPSec Firebo		ificate Name	Algorithm	
0		ificate Name	Algorithm	
0		ificate Name	Algorithm	
0		ificate Name	Algorithm	

VPN > Branch Office VPN > Gateway > General Settings > Credential Method

To add a Gateway Endpoint, click Add.

VPN > Branch Office VPN > Gateway > General Settings > Gateway Endpoints

Local Type	Local ID	Local Interfac▲	Remote IP	Remote Type	Remote ID	Add
						Edit
						Remove

The new Gateway Endpoint dialog box appears. Configure your Local Gateway identity as WatchGuard's External IP Address (in the example, 172.100.30.63) and Remote Gateway identity as your ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP Address (in the example, 172.101.30.73). Click OK.

VPN > Branch Office VPN > Gateway > General Settings > Gateway Endpoints

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Gateway Endpoint Settings	×
A tunnel needs authentication on each side of the tunnel. Provide the configuration details for the gateway endpoints below.	
Local Gateway	
Specify the gateway ID for tunnel authentication.	
• By IP Address 172.100.30.63	
🔘 By Domain Name	
O By User ID on Domain	
By ×500 Name	
External Interface External V	
Remote Gateway	
Specify the remote gateway IP address for a tunnel.	
• Static IP Address 172.101.30.73	
O Dynamic IP Addresss	
Specify the gateway ID for tunnel authentication.	
 By IP Address 172.101.30.73 	
🔘 By Domain Name	(E)
By User ID on Domain	0
O By x500 Name	
Attempt to resolve domain	
OK Cancel)
	_



Then, go to VPN > Branch Office VPN > Gateway > Phase 1 Settings to select negotiation Mode the same as your ZyWALL/USG's Phase 1 Settings. Make sure you enable both NAT Traversa and Dead Peer Detection options if both options are enabled in the ZyWALL/USG.

ateway	
Gateway Name VPN_to_ZyWALL	Help (
General Settings Phase 1 Settings	
Mode Main 🗸	
✓ NAT Traversa	
Keep-alive Interva 20 Seconds	
IKE Keep-alive	
Message Interv: 30 Seconds	
Max failure: 5	
Dead Peer Detection (RFC370	
Traffic idle timeou 20 Seconds	
Max retrie: 5	

VPN > Branch Office VPN >	Gateway > Phase	1 Settings
---------------------------	-----------------	------------

Use **Transform Settings** to create the same security settings as in the ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 settings. Click **OK** and **Save** to exit the **Transform Settings** page.

VPN > Branch Office VPN > Gateway > Phase 1 Settings > Transform Settings

Transform Settings	Seconds	×	Add
Authentication	MD5 v DES v		Edit Remove
SA Life	24 • hour •		Up
Key Group	Diffie-Hellman Group 1 🔻		 Down



Then, go to VPN > Branch Office VPN > Tunnel to add a Tunnel Route Settings. In the Local IP section, set the Network IP to be the IP address range of the network connected to the WatchGuard. In the Remote IP section, set the Network IP to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG. Click OK.

nnel Route Set	tings	×
Addresses	NAT	
Local IP		
Choose Ty	/pe: Network IP 🔻	
Network	IP: 192.168.10.0 / 24	
Remote IP		
Choose Ty	/pe: Network IP 🔻	
Network	IP: 192.168.1.0 / 24	
Direction (bi-directional 🔻	
📃 Enable b	roadcast routing over the tunnel	
	OK Cancel	ו

VPN > Branch Office VPN > Tunnel > Address



Go to VPN > Branch Office VPN > Tunnel > Phase 2 Settings to create a Tunnel Name. Then, select the Gateway. Make sure you enable Perfect Forward Secrecy and select Diffie-Hellman Group 2. Then, scroll down Phase 2 Proposals and add the encryption types to match your ZyWALL/USG's VPN Connection > Phase 2 Settings. Click Save.

unnel	
Tunnel Name VPN_to_ZyWALL Gateway VPN to ZyWALL ▼	Help
Addresses Phase 2 Settings	Multicast Settings
Perfect Forward Secrecy	
✓ Enable Perfect Forward Secr	ecy Diffie-Hellman Group 2
IPSec Proposals	
-	
Phase 2 Proposals	Remove
	Up
	Down
ESP-3DES-MD5	Add
ESP-AES-SHA1	
ESP-AES-MD5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ESP-3DES-SHA1	Save Cancel
ESP-DES-SHA1	

VPN > Branch Office VPN > Tunnel > Phase 2 Settings



Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, click

Connect on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

1	Disconnect	Connection Che	eck							
#				Policy	My Address					
1	N/A	N/A	VPN_to_WatchGuard	192.168.1.0/24	172.101.30.73	P: 172.100.30.63	97	76223	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
$\ \cdot \ \cdot \ $	< Page 1	of 1 🗼 🕅 Sh	iow 50 👻 items						Displ	aying 1 - 1 of 1

Go to WatchGuard System Status > VPN Statistics > Branch Office VPN and check the tunnel Status is up and Bytes In (Incoming Data) and Bytes Out (Outgoing Data).

System Status > VPN Statistics > Branch Office

VPN Statistics 5 120 Refresh Interval (30s):						Pause			
Branch Office VPN Copy									
Name		Local	Remote	Gateway	Packets In	Bytes In	Packets Out	Bytes Out	Rekeys
VPN_to_Z	yWALL	192.168.10.0/24	192.168.1.0/24	172.100.30.63 - 172.101.30.73	265	15900	384	23635	0

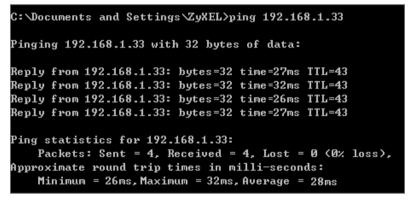
To test whether or not a tunnel is working, ping from a computer at one site to a computer at the other. Ensure that both computers have Internet access (via the IPSec devices).

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PC behind ZyWALL/USG > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.10.33

```
C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.10.33
Pinging 192.168.10.33 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=18ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54
Ping statistics for 192.168.10.33:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 <0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 16ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 17ms</pre>
```





What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG and WatchGuard must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

Priority	 Category 	Message	Source	Destination	Note
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.63:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[\$A] : No proposal chosen	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.63:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[\$A] : Tunnel [VPN_to_WatchGuard] Phase 1 proposal mismatch	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.63:500	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message,



please check ZyWALL/USG and WatchGuard Phase 2 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG and WatchGuard must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

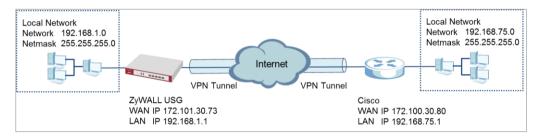
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.63:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [VPN_to_WatchGuard] Phase 2 proposal mismatch	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.63:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HA\$H][\$A][NONCE][ID][ID]	172.100.30.63:500	172.101.30.73:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.63:500	IKE_LOG

Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG and WatchGuard security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

Default NAT traversal is enable on ZyWALL/USG, please make sure the remote IPSec device must also have NAT traversal enabled.

How to Configure Site-to-site IPSec VPN with Cisco

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN between a ZYWALL/USG and a Cisco router. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL Site-to-site IPSec VPN with Cisco Connected

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and ISA500 (Firmware Version: 1.0.3).



Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the Cisco. Click **Next**.

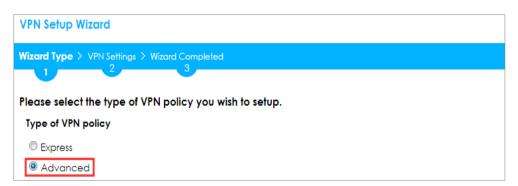
Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

/PN Setup Wizard	
/izard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed
Velcome	
VPN Settings	
- Wizard Type	
- VPN Settings	
- Wizard Completed	
O VPN Settings for Config	guration Provisioning
- Wizard Type	
- VPN Settings	
- Wizard Completed	
© VPN Settings for L2TP V	PN Settings
- VPN Settings	
- General Settings	
- Wizard Completed	

Choose **Advanced** to create a VPN rule with the customize phase 1, phase 2

settings and authentication method. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Se	tlings > Wizard Completed	
Advanced Settings		
IKE Version		
IKEv1		
© IKEv2		
Scenario		
Rule Name:	VPN_to_Cisco	
Site-to-site		
© Site-to-site with	Dynamic Peer	
Remote Acces	s (Server Role)	
Remote Acces	s (Client Role)	

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the Cisco's Gateway IP address (in the example, 172.100.30.80); select **My Address** to be the interface connected to the Internet.

Set the desired **Negotiation**, **Encryption**, **Authentication**, **Key Group** and **SA Life Time** settings. Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your Cisco **Pre-Shared Key**. Click **OK**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Phase 1 Setting)



VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >		
2	3	
Advanced Settings		
Phase 1 Setting		
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.80	(IP or FQDN)
My Address (interface):	gel 💌	
Negotiation Mode:	Main 👻	
Encryption Algorithm:	DES	
Authentication Algorithm:	MD5 🗸	
Key Group:	DH2 ¥	
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 seconds)
🛛 NAT Traversal		
Dead Peer Detection (D)	PD)	
Authentication Method		
Pre-Shared Key	/XEL123	
© Certificate d	efault 💌	

Continue to Phase 2 Settings to select the desired Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication, and Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) settings.

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the Cisco. Click **OK**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Phase 2 Setting)

VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > W	lizard Completed		
2			
Advanced Settings			
Phase 2 Setting			
Active Protocol:	ESP 💌		
Encapsulation:	Tunnel 💌		
Encryption Algorithm:	3DES 💌		
Authentication Algorithm:	MD5 👻		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 seconds)	
Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS):	DH2 💙		
Policy Setting			
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.75.0	/ 255.255.255.0	
Property			
🗷 Nailed-Up			

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

/PN Setup Wizard		
/izard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed	
2		
dvanced Settings Summary		
Rule Name:	VPN_to_Cisco	
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.80	
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.75.0 / 255.255.255.0	
Phase 1		
Negotiation Mode:	main	
Encryption Algorithm:	des	
Authentication Algorithm:	md5	
Key Group:	DH2	
Phase 2		
Active Protocol:	esp	
Encapsulation:	tunnel	
Encryption Algorithm:	3des	
Authentication Algorithm:	md5	



Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > W	
	3
Advanced Settings	
Congratulations. The VPN A Summary	Access wizard is completed
Rule Name:	VPN_to_Clsco
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.80
My Address (interface):	ge1
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123
Phase 1	
Negotiation Mode:	main
Encryption Algorithm:	des
Authentication Algorithm:	md5
Key Group:	DH2
SA Life Time:	86400
NAT Traversal:	true
Dead Peer Detection (DPD):	true
Phase 2	
Active Protocol:	esp
Encapsulation:	tunnel
Encryption Algorithm:	3des
Authentication Algorithm:	md5
SA Life Time:	86400
Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS):	DH2
Policy	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.75.0 / 255.255.255.0
Nailed-Up:	true

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway and click Show Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Peer ID Type as Any to let the

ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
🔍 User Based PSK	Remote_Client	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IPv4	*	
Content:	0.0.00		
Peer ID Type:	Any	~	
Content:			

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the Cisco

To create an Address Object Name of your peer ZyWALL/USG Local IP address, go to Networking > Address Management > Address Objects and click Add Address. Select Network as the Type. Configure IP Address and Netmask to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG. Click OK.

Networking > Address Management > Address Objects



Address Object	ts			
음 Add Address	🗙 Delete			
D ID	Name			
1	DEFAUL YCP_POOL	Address Object - Ad	Jd/Edit	Help
2	DEFAULT_IP	* Name:	ZyWALL	
3	DEFAULT_NETWOR	Type:	Network 💌	
4	EZVPN_aaa	* IP Address:	192.168.1.0	
5	GUEST_DHCP_POOL		Enter "0" in the IP address segment for a IP addresses.	a range of
6	GUEST_IP		For example, 192.168.1.0 indicates a rai 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.255.	nge from
		× Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
			ок	Cancel

Go to VPN > Site-to-site > IKE Policies, click Add to create a new IKE Policy Name. Then, select Encryption, Hash, Pre-shared Key and D-H Group to match your ZyWALL/USG's VPN Gateway > Phase 1 Settings. Set Lifetime to 24 hours and click OK then click Save to exit the IKE Policies page.

IKE Policies	-
Add Delete	IKE Policy - Add/Edit Help Name: Z/WALL Encryption: ESP_DES * Hash: O SHA1 O MD5 Authentication: Pre-shared Key P-H Group: Group 2 (1024bits) * Lifetime: 24 Hour Min OK Cancel
4	

VPN > Site-to-site > IKE Policies



Go to VPN > Site-to-site > Transform Sets, click Add to create a new Transform Set name. Then, select Integrity and Encryption to match your ZyWALL/USG's VPN Connection > Phase 2 Settings. Click OK and click Save to exit the Transform Sets page.

Transform Sets
Transform Sets
+Add X Delete
Name Integrity DefaultTrans SP_SH
* Name: ZyWALL
ESP Integrity: ESP_MD5_HMAC ESP_SHA1_HMAC Encryption: ESP_3DES Cancel
Save Cancel

VPN > Site-to-site > Transform Sets

Go to VPN > Site-to-site > IPsec Policies and click Add. The new IPsec Policies dialog box appears. Go to Basic Settings, create IPsec policy Description name and click On the IPsec Policy Enable option.

Select Static IP as the Remote Type. Set Remote Address to be your ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP Address (in the example, 172.101.30.73). Enter the same Pre-Shared Key as you created in ZyWALL/USG. Then, set WAN Interface to the Internet-facing interface (found under Status > WAN Interface).

Select Local network to be the IP address range of the network connected to the Cisco (found under Status > LAN Interface) and Remote network to be the IP

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address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG (Address Object created in Step 1)

IPsec Policies - Add/Edit		Help
Basic Settings Advance	d Settings VPN Failover	
* Description:	VPN_to_ZYWALL	
* IPsec Policy Enable:	● On 〇 Off	
* Remote Type:	Static IP 💌	
Remote Address:	172.101.30.73	
* Authentication Method:	Pre-Shared Key	
*	Key: ZyWALL123	
	O Certificate	
	Local Certificate: default 💌	
	Remote Certificate: default	
WAN Interface:	WAN1	
* Local network:	DEFAULT_NETWORK	
* Remote network:	ZyWALL 💌	
	OK C	ancel

VPN > Site-to-site > IPsec Policies > Basic Settings

Then, go to **Advanced Settings** enable **PFS** and **DPD** if you enable both options in the ZyWALL/USG. Set **IKE Policy** to be the **IKE Policy** created in Step 2 (found under **IKE Policy Link**); set **Transform** to be the **Transform Set** created in Step 3 (found under **Transform Link**) and **SA-Lifetime** to be **24** hours.

Click OK. The connection active dialog box appears. Click Activate Connection.

VPN > Site-to-site > IPsec Policies > Advanced Settings

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IPsec Policies - Add/Edit Help	р
Basic Settings Advanced Settings VPN Failover	
PFS Enable: On O Off	
DPD Enable: On Off	
Delay Time: 10 (Range: 10-300 s)	
Detection Timeout: 30 (Range: 30-1800 s)	
DPD Action: Restart 💌	
Apply NAT Policies: On On Off	
Translates Local Network: Select an address object 💌	
Translates Remote Network: Select an address object 💌	
IKE Policy: ZyWALL VINK	
Transform: ZyWALL Transform Link	
SA-Lifetime: 24 Hour 0 Min 0 Sec (Range: 3 minutes to 24 hours)	
Cancel]

	vant to make this connec ngs are saved?	tion active when
	Activate Connection	Do Not Activate



Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, click

Connect on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

2v4 Configuration			
🔂 Add 🛛 🛃 Edit 🍵 Rei	move 🌻 Activate 👰 Inactivate 🏨	Connect 🕘 Disconnect 🔚 Object References	
# Status ▲	Name	VPN Gateway	Policy
1 💡 🍓	VPN_to_Cisco	VPN_to_Cisco	VPN_to_Cisco_LOCAL/#VPN_to_Cisco_REMOTE
∉ ∢ Page 1 of 1	▶ ▶ Show 50 💌 items		Displaying 1 - 1 of

Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

@ Di	isconnect 🤮 Co	nnection Check								
#	Serial Number	System Name	Name 🔺	Policy	My Address	Secure Gate	Up Time	Timeout	Inbound(Bytes)	Outbound(Byt
1	N/A	N/A	VPN_to_Cisco	192.168.1.0/24<>192.168.2.0/24	172.101.30.73	P: 172.100.30.80	53	79147	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
]	Page 1 of	1	50 💌 items						C	Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

Go to Cisco VPN > VPN Status > IPsec VPN Status > Active Sessions and check the tunnel Status is up.

VPN > VPN Status > IPsec VPN Status > Active Sessions

Active Sessions Statistics Teleworker VPN Client							
Active Sessions							
🔌 Disconnect							
Name	Status	VPN Type	WAN Interface	Remote Gateway	Local Network	Remote Network	Connect
VPN_to_ZyWALL	Up	Site to Site	WAN1	172.101.30.73	192.168.75.0/24	192.168.1.0/24	2

Go to Cisco VPN > VPN Status > IPsec VPN Status > Statics and check the Tx

Packets (Transmit data) and Rx Packets (Receive data).

VPN > VPN Status > IPsec VPN Status > Statistics



Active Sessions Statistics Teleworker VPN Client							
IPsec VPN Statistic							
Name	VPN Type	WAN Interface	Remote Gateway	Tx Bytes	Rx Bytes	Tx Packets	Rx Packets
VPN_to_ZyWALL	Site to Site	WAN1	172.101.30.73	60665	45180	758	753

To test whether a tunnel is working, ping from a computer at one site to a computer at the other. Ensure that both computers have Internet access (via the IPSec devices).

```
PC behind ZyWALL/USG > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.75.33
```

C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.75.33
Pinging 192.168.75.33 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.75.33: bytes=32 time=18ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.168.75.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.168.75.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.168.75.33: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54
Ping statistics for 192.168.75.33:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 16ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 17ms

PC behind Cisco> Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.1.33

```
C: \Documents and Settings \ZyXEL>ping 192.168.1.33

Pinging 192.168.1.33 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=32ms TTL=43

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.33:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms
```

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What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG and Cisco must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.80:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.80:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [VPN_to_Cisco] Phase 1 proposal mismatch	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.80:500	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG and Cisco Phase 2 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG and Cisco must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

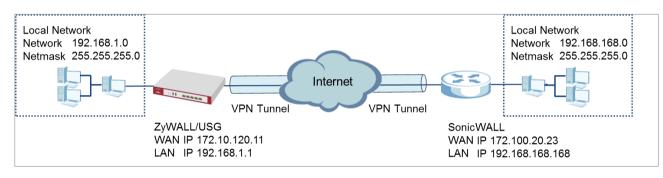
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.80:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.80:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [VPN_to_Cisco] Phase 2 proposal mismatch	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.80:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	172.100.30.80:500	172.101.30.73:500	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	172.101.30.73:500	172.100.30.80:500	IKE_LOG

Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG and Cisco security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

Default NAT traversal is enable on ZyWALL/USG, please make sure the remote IPSec device must also have NAT traversal enabled.

How to Configure Site-to-site IPSec VPN with a SonicWALL router

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN between a ZYWALL/USG and a SonicWALL router. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL/USG Site-to-site IPSec VPN with SonicWALL

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and NSA240 (Firmware Version: SonicOS Enhanced 5.8.0.1-310)



Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

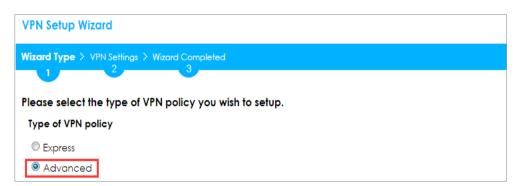
In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the SonicWALL. Click **Next**.

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard (Completed 3	
Welcome		
 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 		
 VPN Settings for Configuration Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 	Provisioning	
 VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings VPN Settings General Settings Wizard Completed 	ings	

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

Choose **Advanced** to create a VPN rule with the customize phase 1, phase 2 settings and authentication method. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

PN Setup Wizard
ard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
press Settings
KE Version
■ IKEv1
DI IKEv2
cenario
Rule Name: VPN_to_SonicWALL
Site-to-site
Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer
Remote Access (Server Role)
Remote Access (Client Role)

Then, configure the **Secure Gateway** IP as the SonicWALL's Gateway IP address (in the example, 172.100.20.23); select **My Address** to be the interface connected to the Internet.

Set the desired **Negotiation**, **Encryption**, **Authentication**, **Key Group** and **SA Life Time** settings. Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters) which must match your SonicWALL **Shared Secret**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Phase 1 Setting)



VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed	
2	3	
Advanced Settings		
Phase 1 Setting		
Secure Gateway:	172.100.20.23	(IP or FQDN)
My Address (interface):	gel 💌	
Negotiation Mode:	Main 💌	
Encryption Algorithm:	AES256 💌	
Authentication Algorithm:	SHA1 🗸	
Key Group:	DH2 💌	
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 seconds)
🛛 NAT Traversal		
Dead Peer Detection (E)	PD)	
Authentication Method		
Pre-Shared Key	<4u;4e.40fm06xk718	
© Certificate d	efault 💌	

Continue to Phase 2 Settings to select the desired Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication, and SA Life Time settings.

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the SonicWALL. Click **OK**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Phase 2 Setting)

VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > W			
2	3		
Advanced Settings			
Phase 2 Setting			
Active Protocol:	ESP 💌		
Encapsulation:	Tunnel 💌		
Encryption Algorithm:	AES128		
Authentication Algorithm:	SHA1 💌		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 seconds)	
Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS):	None 💌		
Policy Setting			
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0	255.255.255.0	
Property			
🗹 Nailed-Up			

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	
2	3
Advanced Settings	
Summary	
Rule Name:	VPN_to_SonicWall
Secure Gateway:	172.100.20.23
Pre-Shared Key:	5k4u;4e.40fm06xk7187!
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0 / 255.255.255.0
Phase 1	
Negotiation Mode:	main
Encryption Algorithm:	aes256
Authentication Algorithm:	sha
Key Group:	DH2
Phase 2	
Active Protocol:	esp
Encapsulation:	tunnel
Encryption Algorithm:	aes128
Authentication Algorithm:	sha

Vote: The Phase 1 and Phase 2 settings established here must match the Phase 1 and Phase 2 settings configured later in the SonicWALL.



Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed	
	3
Advanced Settings	
Congratulations. The VPN Access wizard is completed Summary	
Rule Name:	VPN_to_SonicWall
Secure Gateway:	172.100.20.23
My Address (interface):	ge1
Pre-Shared Key:	5k4u;4e.40fm08xk7187!
Phase 1	
Negotiation Mode:	main
Encryption Algorithm:	aes258
Authentication Algorithm:	sha
Key Group:	DH2
SA Life Time:	86400
NAT Traversal:	true
Dead Peer Detection (DPD):	true
Phase 2	
Active Protocol:	esp
Encapsulation:	tunnel
Encryption Algorithm:	aes128
Authentication Algorithm:	sha
SA Life Time:	88400
Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS):	None
Policy	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.168.0 / 255.255.255.0
Nailed-Up:	true

Go to VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication to configure your Local ID Type and Peer ID Type to match your SonicWALL's VPN > Settings > VPN Policies > General > IKE Authentication > Local IKE ID and Peer IKE ID.

VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication

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Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	5k4u;4e.40fm06xk7187!		
🗹 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
🔍 User Based PSK	Remote_Client	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IP∨4	•	
Content:	192.168.1.0		
Peer ID Type:	IP∨4	•	
Content:	192.168.168.0		

Set Up the IPSec VPN Tunnel on the SonicWALL

In the SonicWALL VPN > Settings > VPN Policies, click Add to create a new VPN policy. Select Policy Type to be the Site to Site, select Authentication Method to

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be the **IKE using Preshared Secret**. Type the ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP Address to be the **IPsec Primary Gateway Name or Address** (in the example, 172.10.120.11).

In the IKE Authentication section, set the Shared Secret to be the same as your ZyWALL/USG's Pre-Shared Key. Then, set the Local IKE ID and the Peer IKE ID to match your ZyWALL/USG's VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Local ID Type and Peer ID Type.

Network S	ecurity Appliance			
General Ne	twork Proposals	Advanced		
Security Policy				
Policy Type:		Site to S	ite	•
Authentication Method:		IKE usin	g Preshared Secret	•
Name:		VPN_to_	ZyWALL	
IPsec Primary Gateway Na	me or Address:	172.10.12	20.11	
IPsec Secondary Gateway	Name or Address:	0.0.0.0		
IKE Authentication				
Shared Secret:	5k4u;4e.40fm06xk7187!			
Confirm Shared Secret:	5k4u;4e.40fm06xk7187!		Mask Shared Secret	
Local IKE ID:	IP Address	۲	192.168.168.0	
Peer IKE ID:	IP Address	۲	192.168.1.0	

In the SonicWALL VPN > Settings > VPN Policies > Network, choose Local Network to be the IP address range of the network connected to the SonicWALL (found under SonicWALL > Network > Interfaces > LAN).

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Go to **Remote Network** and create a new address IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG. Then, scroll down the list to choose the newly created **Address Object** to be the **Remote Network**.

NICWALL Ne	twork Security	Appliance	
General	Network	Proposals	Advanced
Local Network	5		
	network from list k obtains IP addre	esses using DHCP	Select Local Network
Remote Netwo	orks		X1 IP ==== Address Objects ====
	Tunnel as default etwork obtains IP		DHCP through this VPN Tunnel
Choose destination	nation network fro	om list	Select Remote Network Select Remote Network
SONICWALL Net Name: Zone Assignment: Type: Network: Netmask:	work Security App ZyWALL LAN Network 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0	liance	Create new address object Create new address group ==== Address Groups ==== allIP relayagent ==== Address Objects ====
Remote Netv	/orks		
Destination	N Tunnel as defa network obtains tination network	IP addresses usi	Internet traffic ng DHCP through this VPN Tunnel ZyWALL Select Remote Network
			Create new address object Create new address group ==== Address Groups ==== allIP relayagent ==== Address Objects ====

ZyWALL

VPN > Settings > VPN Policies > Network

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In the SonicWALL VPN > Settings > VPN Policies > Proposals > IKE (Phase 1) Proposal and set Exchange, DH Group, Encryption and Authentication to match your ZyWALL/USG's VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Phase 1 Settings.

Go to IKE (Phase 2) Proposal and set the Protocol, Encryption and Authentication to match your ZyWALL/USG's VPN Connection > Show Advanced Settings > Phase 2 Settings.

Nicwall Network Sect	irity Appliance		
General Netwo	k Proposals	Advanced	
IKE (Phase 1) Proposal			
Exchange:		Main Mode	•
DH Group:		Group 2	•
Encryption:		AES-256	•
Authentication:		SHA1	•
Life Time (seconds):		28800	
Ipsec (Phase 2) Propos	al		
Protocol:		ESP	•
Encryption:		AES-128	۲
Authentication:		SHA1	•
Enable Perfect Forward S	ecrecy		
Life Time (seconds):		28800	

VPN > Settings > VPN Policies > Proposals

Select Enable VPN and click Refresh Active.

VPN > Settings > VPN Global Settings

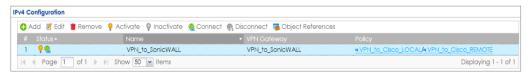


💌 Er	able V	I l Settings PN all Identifier:					
VPN	Polici	es			Refresh Interva	al (secs) 10 Items per page 50	Items 3 to 3
	#	Name	Gateway	Destinations R	efresh Active	Crypto Suite	Enable
	3	VPN_to_ZyWALL	172.10.120.11	192.168.1.0 - 192	2.168.1.255	ESP: DES/HMAC SHA1 (IKE)	

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection**, click **Connect** on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

@ , [Disconnect	🙆 Connec	tion Check							
1	N/A	N/A	VPN_to_SonicWALL	192.168.1.0/24<>192.168.2.0/24	172.101.30.73	P: 172.100	104	86316	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)
	🔹 Page 🛽	of 1 🗼) Show 50 🗸 ite	ms					Disple	aying 1 - 1 of 1



Go to SonicWALL VPN > VPN Settings > VPN Policies, the status green light is on.

VPN > VPN Settings > VPN Policies

¥PN Policies		Refresh Interval (secs) 10 Iten	ns per page 50 Items 1	to 3 (of 3)
🔲 # Name	Gateway	Destinations	Crypto Suite	Enable
1 VPN_to_ZyWALL	172.10.120.11	92.168.1.0 - 192.168.1.25	55 ESP: AES-128/HMAC SHA1 (IKE)	

Go to SonicWALL VPN > VPN Settings > Currently Active VPN Tunnels > VPN Tunnel Statics to check Tunnel valid time, Bytes In (Incoming Data) and Bytes Out (Outgoing Data).

VPN > VPN Settings > Currently Active VPN Tunnels

urrent	ly Active ¥PN Tunn	els 🔳 🕟	Refresh Interval (secs)		Packets In Packets Out Bytes In Bytes Out	CS 10/04/2015 15:07:06 10/04/2015 23:07:06 378 370 20080 16640 0 to 1 (of 1)	Delete A
#	Created 👻	Name	Local	Remote	Fragments Out	0	
1	10/04/2015 15:07:06	VPN_to_ZyWALL	192.168.168.0 - 192.168.168.255	192.168.1.0 - 192.168.1.25	172.10.1	120.11 Renegotiate)

To test whether a tunnel is working, ping from a computer at one site to a computer at the other. Ensure that both computers have Internet access (via the IPSec devices).

PC behind ZyWALL/USG > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.168.33

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```
C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.168.33
Pinging 192.168.168.33 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.168.33: bytes=32 time=18ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.168.168.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.168.168.33: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54
Reply from 192.168.168.33: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54
Ping statistics for 192.168.168.33:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 16ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 17ms
```

PC behind SonicWALL> Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.1.33

```
C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.1.33
Pinging 192.168.1.33 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.33:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms
```

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG and SonicWALL must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log



Priority -					
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	172.101.30.73:	172.100.30.80:	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	172.101.30.73:	172.100.30.80:	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [VPN_to_SonicWALL] Phase 1 proposal mismatch	172.101.30.73:	172.100.30.80:	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG and SonicWALL Phase 2 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG and SonicWALL must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

Priority		Message			
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	172.101.30.73:	172.100.30.80:	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	172.101.30.73:	172.100.30.80:	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [VPN_to_SonicWALL] Phase 2 proposal mismatch	172.101.30.73:	172.100.30.80:	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HA\$H][\$A][NONCE][ID][ID]	172.100.30.80:	172.101.30.73:	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	172.101.30.73:	172.100.30.80:	IKE_LOG

Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG and SonicWALL security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

Default NAT traversal is enable on ZyWALL/USG, please make sure the remote IPSec device must also have NAT traversal enabled.

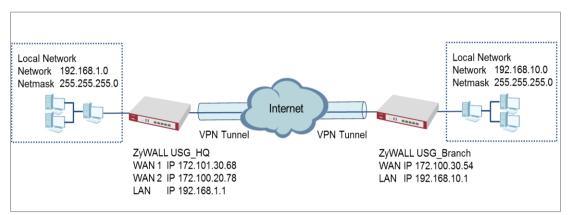


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How to Configure IPSec VPN Failover

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN with failover. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site if one site has multi-WAN. When the multi-WAN VPN failover is configured, IPSec VPN tunnels automatically fail over to a backup WAN interface if the primary WAN interface becomes unavailable.



ZyWALL Site-to-site IPSec VPN with multiple WAN failover

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network (HQ)

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

PN Setup Wizard		
zard Type > VPN Settings > W		
2	3	
elcome		
VPN Settings		
- Wizard Type		
- VPN Settings		
- Wizard Completed		
VPN Settings for Configu	ation Provisionina	
- Wizard Type	anon no no na g	
- VPN Settings		
- Wizard Completed		
VPN Settings for L2TP VPI	Settings	
0	ochings	
- VPN Settings - General Settings		

Choose **Express** to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2 settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type





Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

/PN Setup Wizard
Vizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
xpress Settings
IKE Version
IKEv1
◎ IKEv2
Scenario
Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_HQ
Site-to-site
© Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer
Remote Access (Server Role)
Remote Access (Client Role)

Configure **Secure Gateway** IP as the peer ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.100.30.54). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the peer ZyWALL/USG.

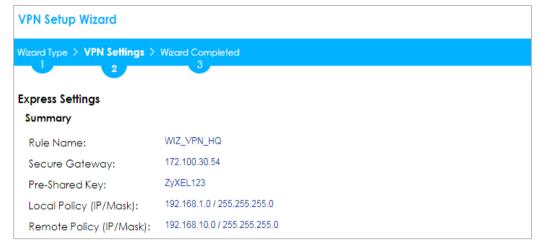
Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

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VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
2	3			
Express Settings				
Configuration				
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.54	(IP or FQDN)		
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123			
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	/255.255.255.0		
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0	/255.255.255.0		

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)



Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed



VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed		
Express Settings	3	
Congratulations. The VPN / Summary	Access wizard is completed	
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ	
Secure Gateway:	172.100.30.54	
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0	
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0	

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway and click Show Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Peer ID Type as Any to let the ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🔲 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	~	(See My Certificates)
O User Based PSK	Remote_Client	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IPv4	*	
Content:	0.0.0.0		
Peer ID Type:	Any	*	
Content:	172.100.30.54		

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network (Branch)



In the ZyWALL/USG, go to Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard, use the VPN Settings

wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click

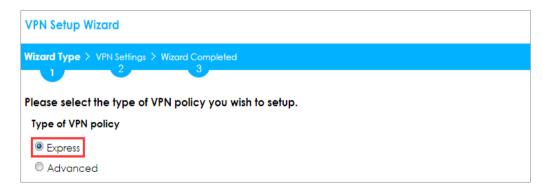
Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

VPN Set	up Wizard
Wizard Typ	e > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Welcom	e
VPN	Settings
- Vf	izard Type PN Settings izard Completed
O VPN	Settings for Configuration Provisioning
	lizard Type
- VI	PN Settings
- W	izard Completed
O VPN	Settings for L2TP VPN Settings
- VI	PN Settings
- G	eneral Settings
- W	izard Completed

Choose **Express** to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2 settings and to use a pre-shared key. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Click **Next**.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

VPN Setup Wizard			
1	tings > Wizard Completed		
Express Settings			
IKE Version			
IKE∨1			
© IKE∨2			
Scenario			
Rule Name:	WIZ_ <u>VPN_</u> Branch]	
Site-to-site		-	
© Site-to-site with I	Dynamic Peer		
Remote Access	(Server Role)		
Remote Access	(Client Role)		

Configure **Secure Gateway** IP as the peer ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.101.30.68). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the peer ZYWALL/USG.

VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
Express Settings					
Configuration Secure Gateway:	172.101.30.68	(IP or FQDN)			
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123				
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0	/255.255.255.0			
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	/ 255.255.255.0			

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)



This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed			
2	3		
Express Settings			
Summary			
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch		
Secure Gateway:	172.101.30.68		
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123		
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0		
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0		

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN

> IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN >

IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > V	Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed		
	3		
Express Settings			
Congratulations. The VPN Summary	Access wizard is completed		
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch		
Secure Gateway:	172.101.30.68		
Pre-Shared Key:	ZyXEL123		
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0		
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0		

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway and click Show Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Peer ID Type as Any to let the ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

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CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced

Settings >	Authentication	>	Peer	ID	Туре
------------	----------------	---	------	----	------

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	•••••		
🗖 unmasked			
© Certificate	default	*	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
🔍 User Based PSK	Remote_Client	~	0
Advance			
Local ID Type:	IP∨4	*	
Content:	0.0.0.0		
Peer ID Type:	Any	~	
Content:	172.101.30.68		

Go to Configuration > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Gateway Settings. Set My Address to be Domain Name/IP "0.0.0.0" (ZyWALL/USG will dial-up with the active WAN interface first). Set Peer Gateway Address > Static Address > Primary to be ZyWALL/USG_HQ WAN1 IP address and Secondary to be ZyWALL/USG_HQ WAN2 IP address.

General Settings	
Enable	
VPN Gateway Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface	gel 💙 Static 0.0.0.0/0.0.0
Oomain Name / IPv4	0.0.0
Peer Gateway Address	
🖲 Static 🔒	Primary 172.101.30.68
Address	Secondary 172.100.20.78
Fall back to Primary Peer	Gateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🛈	

Configuration > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Gateway Settings

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Set up the WAN Trunk (ZyWALL/USG_HQ)

Go to CONFIGURATION > Interface > Trunk > User Configuration > Add. Select

wan1 and wan2 into the trunk **Member** and set wan2 **Mode** to be **Passive**.

🕂 Add	Trunk				$? \times$
	d Balancin	ng Algorithm: ng Index(es):	Multi_WAN_Failover Least Load First Outbound		
•	Add 🗹 E	dit 🍵 Remove	e 🏓 Move		
#	Membe		Mode	Egress Bandwidth	
1	wan1		Active	1048576 kbps	
2	wan2		Passive	1048576 kbps	
14	🔹 Page	0 of 0 🕨	▶ Show 50 ▼ items	s No data to display	
				OK Ca	ncel

Go to CONFIGURATION > Interface > Trunk > Configuration. Select Disconnect Connection before Falling Back. In the Default WAN Trunk, select User Configured Trunk to be the customized WAN trunk added in the previous step (Multi_WAN_Failover in this example).

CONFIGURATION > Interface > Trunk > User Configuration > Add

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Configuration	
Disconnect Connections Before Falling Back 0	
Default WAN Trunk	
Advance	
Default Trunk Selection	
© SYSTEM_DEFAULT_WAN_TRUNK	
User Configured Trunk Multi_WAN_Failove	
User Configuration	
🔁 Add 🛛 🖉 Edit 🍵 Remove 🔚 Object References	
# Name	Algorithm
1 Multi_WAN_Failover	llf
◀ ◀ Page 1 of 1 ▶ ▶ Show 50 ▼ items	Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

Set up the Failover Command Line (ZyWALL/USG HQ)

Go to CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control and add a To ZyWALL

rule to allow **SSH** service.

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Add corresponding

Add corresponding					?≍
🛅 Create new Object 🔻					
Enable					
Name:	Any_to_ZyWall_SSH				
Description:			(Optional)		
From:	any	~			
To:	ZyWALL	*			
Source:	any	~			
Destination:	any	~			
Service:	SSH	~			
User:	any	~			
Schedule:	none	~			
Action:	allow	~			
Log matched traffic:	no	~			
				OK	Cancel



If the **Security Policy** is created but still cannot access to ZyWALL, please go to **CONFIGURAITON > System > SSH** to check do you **Enable** the **General Settings** and make sure the **Service Port** is correct and the same in your terminal program. Then, check the **Service Control Action** should be **Accept**.

CONFIGURAITON > System > SSH

General Settings			
🗹 Enable			
Version 1			
Server Port:	22		
Server Certificate:	default 💌		
Service Control			
🔂 Add 🛛 Edit 🍵 Re	emove 📣 Move		
# 🔺 Zone	Address	Action	
- ALL	ALL	Accept	
∢ ∢ Page 1 of	1 🕨 🕅 Show 50 💌 items		Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

Enter the command line in terminal mode (Using Tera Term in this example).

Tera Term command

Welcome to USG110
Username: admin
Password:
Router> configure terminal
Router(config)# client-side-vpn-failover-fallback activate

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

8 Go to ZYWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, click

Connect on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

Pv4 C	onfiguratio	n			
🕂 A	dd 🗹 Edi	it 🃋 Remove 💡	Activate 💡 Inactivate	🍓 Connect 🛛 🧠 Disconnect 🛛 🔄 Object References	
#	Status	Name	VPN Gateway	Policy	
1	9 🏨	WIZ_VPN_HQ	WIZ_VPN_HQ	<pre>«VPN_to_Cisco_LOCAL/«VPN_to_Cisco_REMOTE</pre>	
$\ \ = \ $	Page	1 of 1 🕨 🕅 S	Show 50 🕶 items		Displaying 1 - 1 of 1



9 Go to ZyWALL/USG MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec and verify the tunnel Up Time and Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes) Traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

Bisconnect 🤬 Connection Check									
	¥	Name 🔺	Policy	My Address	Secure Gateway	Up Time	Timeout	Inbound(Bytes)	Outbound(Bytes)
	L	test	192.168.10.0/24<>192.168	172.100.30.54	P: 172.101.30.68	10	79190	0(0 bytes)	0(0 bytes)

10 Go to ZyWALL/USG_Branch **MONITOR > Log**. Try to disconnect WAN1 interface

(172.1.1.30.68) and you will see the VPN tunnel failover to WAN2 interface (172.100.20.78).

MONITOR > Log

*-	Time	Priority Ca	L. Message	Source	Destination	Note
1	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info Di	E Tunnel [WIZ_VPN_Branch/WIZ_VPN_Branch/0x3e0d59d7] built successfully	172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68:500	DELOG
2	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info Di	E [ESP das-cbc hmac.sha1-96][SPI 0x934db8c0 0x3e0d59cf][Lifetime 86420]	172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68:500	IKE_LOG
3	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info IX	E [Policy: jps4(192.168.10.0-192.168.10.255)-jps4(192.168.1.0-192.168.1.255)]	172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68:500	DKE_LOG
4	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info IX	E [Responder:172.100.30.54][Initiator:172.101.30.68]	172.100.30.54(500	172.101.30.68:500	IKE_LOG
5	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info Di	E Recv.(HASH)	172.101.30.68/500	172.100.30.54.500	IXE_LOG
6	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info Di	E Send:[HASH][SA[]NONCE[][D][ID]	172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68:500	DRE_LOG
7	2017-07-28 16(33)40	info 34	E Recv T5ir (pv4(192.168.1.0-192.168.1.255), T5ir (pv4(192.168.10.0-192.168.10.255).	172.101.30.68/500	172.100.30.54:500	IXE_LOG
8	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info Di	E Recv IPSec sa: SA([0] protocol = ESP (3), spi_len = 4, spi = 0x00000000, DES, HMAC-SHA1-96, N	172.101.30.68:500	172.100.30.54:500	DKE_LOG
9	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info Di	E Recv[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	172.101.30.68:500	172.100.30.54:500	IKE_LOG
10	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info Di	E Phase 1 IXE SA process done	172.100.30.54(500	172.101.30.68.500	DKE_LOG
11	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info Di	E Send:[ID][HASH]	172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68:500	IXE_LOG
12	2017-07-28 16:33:40	info 34	E Recv[ID][HASH][NOTIFY:INITIAL_CONTACT]	172.101.30.68:500	172.100.30.54:500	DOE_LOG
13	2017-07-28 16:33:39	info Di	E Sand [KE][NONCE][PRV][PRV]	172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68:500	DKE_LOG
14	2017-07-28 16:33:39	info Di	E Recv[KE]NONCE[PRV][PRV]	172.101.30.68:500	172.100.30.54:500	DOL_LOG
15	2017-07-28 16:33:39	info 34	E Send [SA][VID][VID][VID][VID][VID][VID][VID][VID	172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68:500	INE_LOG
16	2017-07-28 16:33:39	info Di	E The cookie pair is : 0xd2addd756b30d4da / 0xb52d33b57f2a346a [count=9]	172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68:500	DOE_LOG
17	2017-07-28 16:33:39	info IX	E Recv IKE sa: SA[[0] protocol = IKE (1). DES. HMAC-MDS PRF. HMAC-MDS-96. 768 bit MODP;).	172.101.30.68:500	172.100.30.54:500	IXE_LOG
18	2017-07-28 16:33:39	info Di	E Recv[SA][VtD][VtD][VtD][VtD][VtD][VtD][VtD][VtD	172.101.30.68/500	172.100.30.54.500	DKE LOG
19	2017-07-28 16:33:39	info Di	E The cookie pair is : 0xb52d33b57f2a346a / 0xd2addd756b30d4da [count=5]	172.101.30.68:500	172.100.30.54-500	IKE LOG
20	2017-07-28 16:33:39	info 34	E Recv Main Mode request from [172.101.30.48]	172.101.30.68:500	172.100.30.54:500	DKE_LOG
21	2017-07-28 16:33:39	info Di	E The cookie pair is : 0xd2addd756b30d4da / 0x0000000000000000	172.101.30.68:500	172.100.30.54:500	DKE_LOG
22	2017-07-28 16:33:38	info IX	E [COOK3E] Invalid cookie, no sa found [count=2]	172.100.30.54:500	172.100.20.78:500	IXE LOG
23	2017-07-28 16:33:38	info 34	E ISAXMP SA [WIZ_VPN_Branch] is disconnected	172.100.30.54:500	172.100.20.78/500	IXE_LOG
24	2017-07-28 16:33:38	info 🛛	E Received delete notification	172.100.20.78:500	172.100.30.54.500	IKE LOG
25	2017-07-28 16:33:38	info IX	E Recv[HASH][DEL]	172.100.20.78:500	172.100.30.54.500	IKE LOG
26	2017-07-28 16(33)32	info (X	E Send (HASH) (NOTIFINE U. THERE ACK)	172.100.30.54(500	172.109.20.78/500	IKE LOG
27	2017-07-28 16:33:32	info Di	E Retri(HASH)(NOTIFY:R_U_THERE)	172.100.20.78:500	172.100.30.54.500	IXE LOG
28	2017-07-28 16:33:29	info (K		172.100.20.78:500	172.109.30.54/500	IXE.LOG
29	2017-07-28 16:33:29	info Di	E The cookie pair is : 0xo4118/9322378e9c / 0x8/da0840858e0481 [count=4]	172.100.20.78:500	172.100.30.54.500	DKE LOG
30	2017-07-28 16:33:29	info IX		172.100.30.54:500	172.100.20.78-500	DKE LOG
31	2017-07-28 16:33:29	info at		172.100.30.54:500	172.100.20.78:500	DKE LOG
32	2017-07-28 16:33:01	info IX	E Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:R_U_THERE_ACK]	172.100.30.54:500	172.100.20.78-500	IKE LOG
33	2017-07-28 16:33:01	info (X		172.100.20.78:500	172.100.30.54:500	DKE LOG
34	2017-07-28 16:32:59	info Di		172.100.20.78:500	172.100.30.54.500	DKE_LOG
35	2017-07-28 16:32:59	info Di		172.100.20.78:500	172.100.30.54:500	IXE LOG
36	2017-07-28 16:32:59	info 34		172.100.30.54(500	172.100.20.78/500	IXE LOG
37	2017-07-28 16:32:59	info Di		172.100.30.54(500	172.100.20.78/500	DKE LOG
38	2017-07-28 16:32:31	info IX		172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68-500	IXE LOG
29	2017-07-28 16:32:29	info pr		172.100.30.54(500	172.100.20.78:500	DKE_LOG
40	2017-07-28 16:32:29	info Di		172.100.30.54:500	172.100.20.78:500	DKE LOG
41	2017-07-28 16:32:29	info IX		172.100.30.54:500	172.100.20.78-500	DOE LOG
42	2017-07-28 16:32:29	info 24		172.100.30.54:500	172.100.20.78:500	DKE_LOG
41	2017-07-28 16:32:29	info IX		172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68-500	IKE LOG
44	2017-07-28 16:32:29	info Bi		172.100.30.54/500	172.101.30.68.500	DKE_LOG
45	2017-07-28 16:32:29	info IX		172.100.30.54:500	172.101.30.68:500	DKE_LOG



What Could Go Wrong?

11 If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

Priority			Note
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [WIZ_VPN_HQ] Phase 1 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG

12 If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message,

please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and

Branch sites must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption,

Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

Priority			Note
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [WIZ_VPN_HQ] Phase 2 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HA\$H][\$A][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG

- 13 Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.
- 14 Default NAT traversal is enable on ZyWALL/USG, please make sure the remote IPSec device must also have NAT traversal enabled.

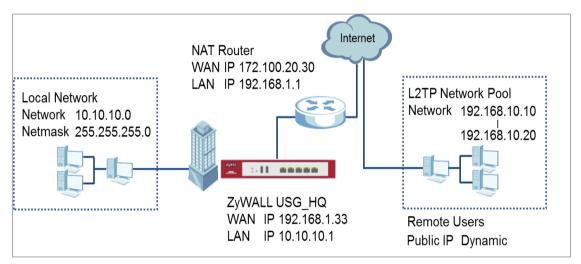


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How to Configure L2TP over IPSec VPN while the ZyWALL/USG is behind a NAT router

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a L2TP over IPSec VPN tunnel between ZyWALL/USG devices. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site while the ZyWALL/USG is behind a NAT router. When the L2TP over IPSec VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL/USG L2TP over IPSec VPN while the ZyWALL/USG is behind a NAT router

`∲́Note:

All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



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Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG_HQ

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** for L2TP VPN Settings wizard to create a L2TP VPN rule that can be used with the remote Android Mobile Devices. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Welcome
 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed
 VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings VPN Settings General Settings Wizard Completed

Then, configure the Rule Name and set My Address to be the wan1 interface

which is connected to the Internet. Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32

characters).

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings



VPN Setup Wizard			
VPN Settings > General Settin	VPN Settings > General Settings > Wizard Completed		
L2TP VPN Settings			
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN		
Phase 1 Setting			
My Address (interface):	wan1 💌		
Authentication Method			
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345		

Assign the remote users IP addresses range from 192.168.10.10 to 192.168.10.20 for use in the L2TP VPN tunnel and check **Allow L2TP traffic Through WAN** to allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup	> VPN Setup Wizard	> Welcome >	• VPN Settings (L2TP	VPN Settings)
-------------	--------------------	-------------	----------------------	----------------------

VPN Setup Wizard					
VPN Settings > General Setti	VPN Settings > General Settings > Wizard Completed				
	3				
L2TP VPN Settings					
IP Address Pool:	RANGE 💌	0			
Starting IP Address:	192.168.10.10				
End IP Address:	192.168.10.20				
First DNS Server (Optiona	ıl):				
Second DNS Server (Optional):					
Allow L2TP traffic Throu	ugh WAN				

15 This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (Summary)



VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings	> Wizard Completed
Express Settings Summary	
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN
Secure Gateway:	Any
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345
My Address (interface):	wan1
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.10.10 - 192.168.10.20

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The rule settings appear in the **VPN** > **L2TP VPN** screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed 1 2 3				
L2TP VPN Settings	L2TP VPN Settings			
Congratulations. The VPN Access wizard is completed Summary				
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN			
My Address (interface):	wan1			
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345			
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.10.10 - 192.168.10.20			

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN Connection > Create new Object > Create Address**, create an address object as the NAT router's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.100.20.30).

CONFIGURATION > VPN Connection > Create new Object > Create Address

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🕂 Add Address Rule	?×
Name: Address Type: IP Address:	NAT_WAN_IP HOST 🗸
	OK Cancel

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN Connection > Policy > Local Policy**, select it be to the NAT router's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.100.20.30).

CONFIGURATION > VPN Connection > Policy > Local Policy

General Settings		
🗷 Enable		
Connection Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	
Advance		
VPN Gateway		
Application Scenario		
© Site-to-site		
🔍 Site-to-site with Dynan	nic Peer	
Remote Access (Serve	er Role)	
Remote Access (Clier	it Role)	
O Vpn Tunnel Interface		
VPN Gateway:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN ¥	ge1 0.0.0.0, 0.0.0.0
Policy		
Local policy:	NAT_WAN_IP	HOST, 172.100.20.30

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User to add User Name and Password (4-24 characters). Then, set Allowed User to the newly created object (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).

CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User

L2TP VPN		
III Show Advanced S	ettings 🔠 Create	e new Object 🔻
General Settings	User Config Walkth Addres	ss eshooting
🗷 Enable L2TP Ove	er IPSec	
VPN Connection:		WIZ_L2TP_VPN
IP Address Pool:		WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_/ V RANGE, 192.168.10.10-192.168.10.20 ()
Authentication Me Advance	thod:	default 🗸 local
Allowed User:		any 💌
Keep Alive Timer:		60 (1-180 seconds)
First DNS Server (Op	otional):	Custom Defined 💌
Second DNS Serve	r (Optional):	Custom Defined 💌
First WINS Server (C	ptional):	
Second WINS Serve	er (Optional):	
🕂 Add A User		
User Configuration		
User Name :	L2TP_Remote_Users	
User Type:	user 👻	
Password:		
Retype:	Local User	
Description: Authentication Timeout Settings	 Use Default Settings 	
© Use Manual Settings	 ose perdon semings 	
Lease Time:	1440 mi	inutes
Reauthentication Time:	1440 mi	inutes
		OK Cancel

Set Up the NAT Router (Using ZyWALL USG device in this example)

Go to CONFIGURATION > Network > NAT > Add. Select the Incoming Interface

on which packets for the NAT rule must be received. Specified the User-

Defined Original IP field and Type the translated destination IP address that this NAT rule supports.



CONFIGURATION > Network > NAT > Add

General Settings	
Enable Rule	
Rule Name:	VPN_NAT
Port Mapping Type	
Classification:	© Virtual Server 🖲 1:1 NAT 💿 Many 1:1 NAT
Mapping Rule	
Incoming Interface:	wan1 💌
Original IP:	User Defined 💌
User-Defined Original IP:	172.100.20.30 (IP Address)
Mapped IP:	User Defined 💌
User-Defined Mapped IP:	192.168.1.33 (IP Address)
Port Mapping Type:	any

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > Address > Add**, create an address object as the ZyWALL/USU_HQ's WAN IP address (in the example, 192.168.1.33).

CONFIGURATION > Object > Address

🔂 Add Address Rule		?×
Name: Address Type: IP Address:	L2TP_WAN_IP HOST	
	ОК	Cancel

Go to CONFIGURATION > Object > Service > Service Group, create a service

group for the following UDP ports:

UDP Port Number = $1701 \rightarrow$ Used by L2TP

UDP Port Number = $500 \rightarrow$ Used by IKE

UDP Port Number = $4500 \rightarrow$ Used by NAT-T



CONFIGURATION > Service > Service Group

Add Service Group R	ule		?×
Configuration			
Name: Description:	L2TP_Allow		
Configuration			
Available		Member	
=== Object ==		=== Object ===	
AH		NATT	
AIM		IKE L2TP-UDP	
Any_TCP			
Any_UDP			
BGP			
BONJOUR	-		
	•		
		ОК	Cancel

Go to CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control, add corresponding

rule to allow L2TP services.

🕂 Add corresponding			
🛅 Create new Object 🔻			
Enable			
Name:	L2TP_Allow		
Description:			(Optional)
From:	any	•	
To:	any (Excluding ZyV	•	
Source:	any	•	
Destination:	L2TP_WAN_IP	•	
Service:	L2TP_Allow	•	
User:	L2TP_Remote_User	*	
Schedule:	none	*	
Action:	allow	*	
Log matched traffic:	no	*	

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control



Test the L2TP over IPSec VPN Tunnel

Use a smartphone or a PC to establish a L2TP VPN connection to the ZyWALL/USG. Configure the NAT's public IP address as the L2TP server address on the client. In this example using iOS device to test the result:

To configure L2TP VPN in an iOS 8.4 device, go to **Menu > Settings > VPN > Add VPN Configuration** and configure as follows.

Description is for you to identify the VPN configuration.

Set Server to the ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (172.100.20.30 in this example).

Enter **Account** and **Password** which the same as **Allowed User** created in ZyWALL/USG (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).

Set **Secret** to the **Pre-Shared Key** of the IPSec VPN gateway the ZyWALL/USG uses for L2TP VPN over IPSec (xyz12345 in this example).

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〈 VPN	ZyXEL_L2TP	
Туре		L2TP
Descriptio	n ZyXEL_L2TP	
Server	172.100.20.30	
Account	L2TP_Remote_Users	
RSA Secu	rID	\bigcirc
Password	•••••	
Secret	•••••	
Send All Traffic		

After you create a VPN configuration, slide the button right to the on position to initiate L2TP VPN session.

Settings VPN		Settings VPN	
VPN CONFIGURATIONS		VPN CONFIGURATIONS	
Not connected			
ZyXEL_L2TP Custom	í	ZyXEL_L2TP	i

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection**, click **Connect** on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection



Pv4 Config	guration			
🕂 Add	🗹 Edit	📋 Remove 💡 Activate	💡 Inactivate @Connect @Disconnect 🖷 Object Referen	nces
1 🢡	•	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_LOCAL/

Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec** and verify the **Current L2TP Session**.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec > L2TP_Remote_Users

Current LZTP Session				
				# 🔺
1	L2TP_Remote_Users	Android	192.168.10.10	10.214.30.69
	Page 1 of 1 🕨 🕅 Sh	ow 50 👻 items		Displaying 1 - 1 of

Go to iOS mobile device **Menu > Settings > VPN > ZyXEL_L2TP** and verify the

Assigned IP Address and Connect Time.



Menu > Settings > VPN > ZyXEL_L2TP

< VPN	ZyXEL_L2T	P
Туре		L2TP
Server		172.100.20.30
Assigned	P Address	192.168.10.10
Connect T	ïme	0:06
Descriptio	n ZyXEL_L2TP	
Server	172.100.20.30	
Account	L2TP_Remote_U	sers
RSA SecurID		
Password	•••••	
Secret	•••••	
Send All Traffic		

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [alert] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG L2TP **Allowed User** or **User/Group Settings**. iOS Mobile users must use the same Username and Password as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the L2TP VPN.







If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. iOS Mobile users must use the same **Secret** as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the IKE SA.

Priority •	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:INVALID_PAYLOAD_TYPE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Invalid payload type in encrypted payload chain, possibly because of different pre-shared keys	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process has completed but still get [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. ZyWALL/USG unit must set correct **Local Policy** to establish the IKE SA.

Priority		Message	Note
info	IKE	ISAKMP SA [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] is disconnected	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Received delete notification	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][DEL]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[HA\$H][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[\$A] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG

Ensure that the L2TP Address Pool does not conflict with any existing LAN1, LAN2, DMZ, or WLAN zones, even if they are not in use.

If you cannot access devices in the local network, verify that the devices in the local network set the USG's IP as their default gateway to utilize the L2TP tunnel.

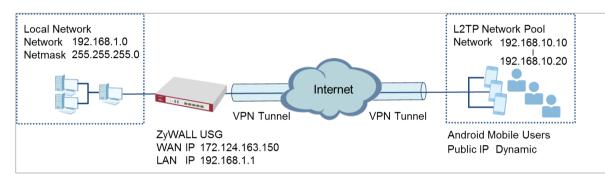
Make sure the ZyWALL/USG units' security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

Verify that the **Zone** is set correctly in the **Zone** object. This should be set to IPSec_VPN Zone so that security policies are applied properly.



How to Configure L2TP VPN with Android 5.0 Mobile Devices

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a L2TP VPN between a ZyWALL/USG and an Android 5.0 Mobile Device. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely and allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet.



ZyWALL/USG L2TP VPN with Android Mobile Devices Example

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: 4.25) and Android version (Firmware Version: 5.0)



Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** for L2TP VPN Settings wizard to create a L2TP VPN rule that can be used with the remote Android Mobile Devices. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

VPN Setup Wizard Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
Welcome				
◎ VPN Settings				
- Wizard Type				
- VPN Settings				
- Wizard Completed				
VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning				
- Wizard Type				
- VPN Settings				
- Wizard Completed				
VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings				
- VPN Settings				
- General Settings				
- Wizard Completed				

Then, configure the **Rule Name** and set **My Address** to be the **wan1** interface which is connected to the Internet. Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings

VPN Setup Wizard					
VPN Settings > General Settings > Wizard Completed					
L2TP VPN Settings					
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN				
Phase 1 Setting					
My Address (interface):	wan1 Y				
Authentication Method					
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345				

Assign the remote users IP addresses range from 192.168.10.10 to 192.168.10.20 for use in the L2TP VPN tunnel and check **Allow L2TP traffic Through WAN** to allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (L2TP VPN Settings)

VPN Setup Wizard						
VPN Settings > General Setting	VPN Settings > General Settings > Wizard Completed					
	•					
L2TP VPN Settings						
IP Address Pool:	RANGE 🗸	0				
Starting IP Address:	192.168.10.10					
End IP Address:	192.168.10.20					
First DNS Server (Optional):						
Second DNS Server (Optional):						
Allow L2TP traffic Throug	h WAN					

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
2				
Express Settings Summary				
Sommary				
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN			
Secure Gateway:	Any			
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345			
My Address (interface):	wan1			
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.10.10 - 192.168.10.20			

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The rule settings appear in the **VPN > L2TP VPN** screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
	3				
L2TP VPN Settings					
Congratulations. The VPN Access wizard is completed Summary					
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN				
My Address (interface):	wan1				
Pre-Shared Key: xyz12345					
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.10.10 - 192.168.10.20				

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User to add User Name and Password (4-24 characters). Then, set Allowed User to the newly created object (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).



CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User

L2TP VPN				
🎟 Show Advanced Settings 🛅 Create r		🔚 Create r	new Object 🔻	
		User		
General Setting	gs = Config Walkth	Address	; eshooting	
🗷 Enable L2T	P Over IPSec			
VPN Connect	tion:		WIZ_L2TP_VPN ¥	
IP Address Po	ol:		WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_/ RANGE, 192.168.100.10-192.168.100.20	
Authenticatio	on Method:		default 💌 local	
Advance				
Allowed User:			any 💌	
Keep Alive Tir	ner:		60 (1-180 seconds)	
First DNS Server (Optional):			Custom Defined 💌	
Second DNS Server (Optional):		nal):	Custom Defined 💌	
First WINS Server (Optional):		: [
Second WINS Server (Optional):		nal):		

lser Name :	L2TP_Remote_Users		
lser Type:	user 💌		
'assword:	•••••		
etype:	•••••		
Description:	Local User		
Authentication Timeout Settings	Use Default Settings		Use Manual Settings
Lease Time:	1440	minutes	
Reauthentication Time:	1440	minutes	

If some of the traffic from the L2TP clients need to go to the Internet, create a policy route to send traffic from the L2TP tunnels out through a WAN trunk. Set **Incoming** to **Tunnel** and select your L2TP VPN connection. Set the **Source Address** to be the L2TP address pool. Set the **Next-Hop Type** to **Trunk** and select the appropriate WAN trunk.



🗹 Edit Policy Route		?×
🖩 Show Advanced Settings 🛅 Create	new Object▼	
Configuration		·
🗷 Enable		
Description:	L2TP_VPN_to_Internet	(Optional)
Criteria		
User:	L2TP_Remote_User 💌	
Incoming:	Tunnel 💌	
Please select one member:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	
Source Address:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_/	
Destination Address:	any 💌	
DSCP Code:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Service:	any 💌	
Next-Hop		
Type:	Trunk 💌	
Trunk:	SYSTEM_DEFAULT_V	
		OK Cancel

CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Policy Route

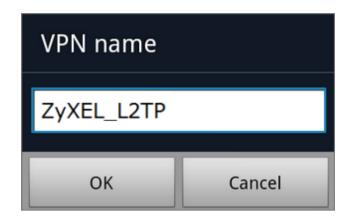
Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the Android Device

To configure L2TP VPN on an Android device, go to **Menu > Settings > Wireless & Networks > VPN settings > Add VPN > Add L2TP/IPSec PSK VPN** and configure as follows.

VPN name is for the user to identify the VPN configuration.

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Set VPN server to the ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address.

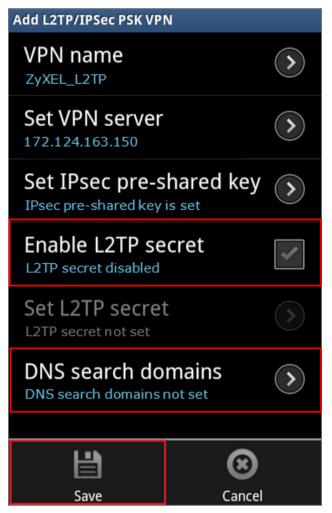
Set VPN server				
172.124.163.150				
OK Cancel				

Set **IPSec pre-shared key** to the pre-shared key of the IPSec VPN gateway the ZyWALL/USG uses for L2TP VPN over IPSec (zyx12345 in this example).

Set IPsec pre-shared key				
•••••				
OK Cancel				

Leave Enable L2TP secret disabled as default and turn on DNS search domains if

you need to use the internal DNS servers once your connection is made, enter the DNS server address here. Click **Save**.



Click the VPN rule **ZyXEL_L2TP** to begin the VPN connection.



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When dialing the L2TP VPN, the user will have to enter Username/Password. They are the same as **Allowed User** created in ZyWALL/USG (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).

Connect to ZyXEL_L2TP		
Username L2T	P_Remote_Users	
Password:	••••	
Remember username		
Connect	Cancel	

Test the L2TP over IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, the

Status connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

Pv4 Conf	iguration			
🕂 Add	🖌 📝 Edit	📋 Remove 💡 Activate	🖗 Inactivate eaconnect 🖷 Object Reference	95
# S				
1	? 🏨	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	«WIZ_L2TP_VPN_LOCAL/



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic. Click **Connectivity Check** to verify the result of ICMP Connectivity.

IPSec	Connectivity Check	2×			
Current IPSec Security Associations	Connectivity Check	_			
Name:	IP Address: 192.168.100.10				
Search	ОК	Cancel			
# Se Syste Name▲ Policy	My Address	Secure Gateway	Up Time	Inbound(Bytes)	Outbound(Bytes)
1 N/A N/A WIZ_L2TP_VPN 172.124.16	63.150<>172.124.163.254 172.124.163.150	D: 172.124.163.254	957	229(23498 bytes)	44(2202 bytes)
Page 1 of 1 >> Show 50 r ite	ims				Displaying 1 - 1 of
Result		\times			
() ICMP Connectivity	Check PASS on WIZ_L2TF	P_VPN			
	ОК				

Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > WIZ_L2TP_VPN

Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec** and verify the **Current L2TP Session**.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec > L2TP_Remote_Users

C	Current L2TP Session				
	👧 Disconnect	🛞 Refresh			
	# 🔺				
	1	L2TP_Remote_Users	Android	192.168.10.10	172.124.163.254



Go to Android mobile device **Menu > Settings > Wireless & Networks > VPN** and verify the connection status.

Menu > Settings > Wireless & Networks > VPN



What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [alert] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG L2TP Allowed User or User/Group Settings. Android Mobile users must use the same Username and Password as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the L2TP VPN.



If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Android Mobile users must use the same **Secret** as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the IKE SA.

	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:INVALID_PAYLOAD_TYPE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Invalid payload type in encrypted payload chain, possibly because of different pre-shared keys	IKE_LOG



If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process has completed but still get [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. ZyWALL/USG unit must set correct **Local Policy** to establish the IKE SA.

Priority	Category	▼ Message	Note
info	IKE	ISAKMP SA [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] is disconnected	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Received delete notification	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][DEL]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG

Ensure that the L2TP Address Pool does not conflict with any existing LAN1, LAN2, DMZ, or WLAN zones, even if they are not in use.

If you cannot access devices in the local network, verify that the devices in the local network set the USG's IP as their default gateway to utilize the L2TP tunnel.

Make sure the ZyWALL/USG units' security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

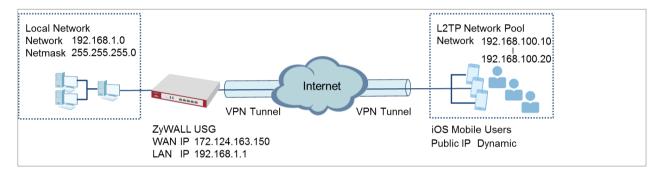
Verify that the **Zone** is set correctly in the **Zone** object. This should be set to IPSec_VPN Zone so that security policies are applied properly.



How to Configure L2TP VPN with iOS 8.4 Mobile Devices

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a L2TP VPN between a ZyWALL/USG and an iOS 8.4 Mobile Device. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site. When the VPN tunnel is configured, each site can be accessed securely and allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet.

ZyWALL/USG L2TP VPN with iOS Mobile Devices Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: 4.25) and iOS (Firmware Version: 8.4).

Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** for L2TP VPN Settings wizard to create a L2TP VPN rule that can be used with the remote iOS Mobile Devices. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome



Velcome	
◎ VPN Settings	
- Wizard Type	
- VPN Settings	
- Wizard Completed	
© VPN Settings for Configuration Provisi	ioning
- Wizard Type	
- VPN Settings	
- Wizard Completed	
VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings	1
- VPN Settings - General Settings	
- General settinas	

Then, configure the **Rule Name** and set **My Address** to be the **wan1** interface which is connected to the Internet. Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings

VPN Setup Wizard	/PN Setup Wizard		
VPN Settings > General Setting	VPN Settings > General Settings > Wizard Completed		
L2TP VPN Settings			
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN		
Phase 1 Setting			
My Address (interface):	wan1 💌		
Authentication Method			
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345		

Assign the remote users IP addresses range from 192.168.100.10 to 192.168.100.20 for use in the L2TP VPN tunnel and check **Allow L2TP traffic Through WAN** to allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet. Click **Next**.





Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (L2TP VPN Settings)

VPN Setup Wizard					
	VPN Settings > General Settings > Wizard Completed				
	3				
L2TP VPN Settings					
IP Address Pool:	RANGE 🔻	0			
Starting IP Address:	192.168.100.10				
End IP Address:	192.168.100.20				
First DNS Server (Optional)	:				
Second DNS Server (Optional):					
Allow L2TP traffic Throug	gh WAN				

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard		
	Vizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed	
2	3	
Express Settings		
Summary		
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	
Secure Gateway:	Any	
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345	
My Address (interface):	wan1	
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.10.10 - 192.168.10.20	

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The rule settings appear in the

VPN > L2TP VPN screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings > Summary > Wizard Completed

ZYXEL

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed		
L2TP VPN Settings		
Congratulations. The VPN Summary	Access wizard is completed	
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	
My Address (interface):	wan1	
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345	
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.100.10 - 192.168.100.20	

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User to add User

Name and Password (4-24 characters). Then, set Allowed User to the newly created object (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).



CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User

new Object V
eshooting
WIZ_L2TP_VPN
WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_/ RANGE, 192.168.100.10-192.168.100.20 ()
default 💌 local
any 👻
60 (1-180 seconds)
Custom Defined 💌
Custom Defined 💌

lser Name :	L2TP_Remote_Users			
lser Type:	user 💌			
assword:	•••••			
etype:	•••••			
Description:	Local User			
uthentication Timeout Settings	Use Default Settings		Use Manual Settings	
Lease Time:	1440	minutes		
Reauthentication Time:	1440	minutes		

If some of the traffic from the L2TP clients need to go to the Internet, create a policy route to send traffic from the L2TP tunnels out through a WAN trunk. Set **Incoming** to **Tunnel** and select your L2TP VPN connection. Set the **Source Address** to be the L2TP address pool. Set the **Next-Hop Type** to **Trunk** and select the appropriate WAN trunk.



🗹 Edit Policy Route		?×
💷 Show Advanced Settings 膧 Create	e new Object▼	
Configuration		^
🗷 Enable		
Description:	L2TP_VPN_to_Internet (Optional)	- 1
Criteria		
User:	L2TP_Remote_User. 💌	
Incoming:	Tunnel 💌	
Please select one member:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	
Source Address:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_/	
Destination Address:	any 💌	
DSCP Code:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Service:	any 💌	
Next-Hop		
Type:	Trunk 💌	
Trunk:	SYSTEM_DEFAULT_V	•
	OK	Cancel

CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Policy Route

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Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the iOS Device

To configure L2TP VPN in an iOS 8.4 device, go to **Menu > Settings > VPN > Add VPN Configuration** and configure as follows.

Description is for you to identify the VPN configuration.

Set Server to the ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (172.124.163.150 in this example).

Enter **Account** and **Password** which the same as **Allowed User** created in ZyWALL/USG (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).

Set **Secret** to the **Pre-Shared Key** of the IPSec VPN gateway the ZyWALL/USG uses for L2TP VPN over IPSec (zyx12345 in this example).

< VPN	ZyXEL_L2TP	
Туре		L2TP
Descriptior	n ZyXEL_L2TP	
Server	172.124.163.150	
Account	L2TP_Remote_Users	
RSA Secur	ID	\bigcirc
Password	•••••	
Secret	•••••	
Send All Tr	affic	



After you create a VPN configuration, slide the button right to the on position to initiate L2TP VPN session.

Settings VPN		Settings VPN	
VPN CONFIGURATIONS		VPN CONFIGURATIONS	
Not Connected	\bigcirc	Connected	
✓ ZyXEL_L2TP Custom	i	✓ ZyXEL_L2TP Custom	i

Test the L2TP over IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection**, the **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic. Click **Connectivity Check** to verify the result of ICMP Connectivity.



Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > WIZ_L2TP_VPN

IPSec	Connectivity Check		?×				
Current IPSec Security Associations Name: Policy:	Connectivity Chec IP Address:	k 192.168.100.10					
Bisconnect Gonnection Check		0	K Cancel				
# S S Name★ Policy		My Address	Secure Gate				Outbound(B
1 N/A N/A WIZ_L2TP_VPN 10.214	.30.64<>10.214.30.69	10.214.30.64	D: 10.214.30.69	56	3564	201 (33810 byt	23(1363 bytes)
) 👻 items					Disp	olaying 1 - 1 of 1

Result	×
í	ICMP Connectivity Check PASS on WIZ_L2TP_VPN
	ОК

Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec** and verify the **Current L2TP Session**.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec > L2TP_Remote_Users

Current L	Current L2TP Session				
@ Disc	Isconnect 🛞 Refresh				
# 🔺	# User Name Hostname Assigned IP Public IP				
1	L2TP_Remote_Users	iPhone	192.168.100.10	10.214.30.69	



Go to iOS mobile device **Menu > Settings > VPN > ZyXEL_L2TP** and verify the

Assigned IP Address and Connect Time.

Menu >	Settings >	VPN >	ZvXEL	L2TP
Meno /	Sennigs >	VIIN /		_6411

< VPN	ZyXEL_L2T	P
Туре		L2TP
Server		172.124.163.150
Assigned I	P Address	192.168.100.10
Connect Ti	me	0:06
Description	n ZyXEL_L2TP	
Server	172.124.163.150	
Account	L2TP_Remote_Us	sers
RSA Secur	1D	\bigcirc
Password	•••••	
Secret	•••••	
Send All Tr	affic	



What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [alert] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG L2TP Allowed User or User/Group Settings. iOS Mobile users must use the same Username and Password as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the L2TP VPN.

 Priority
 Category
 Message
 Note

 alert
 L2TP Over IPSec
 User L2TP_Remote_Users has been denied from L2TP service.(Incorrect Username or Password)
 L2TP_LOG

If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. iOS Mobile users must use the same **Secret** as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the IKE SA.

Priority 🔻		Message	Note
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:INVALID_PAYLOAD_TYPE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Invalid payload type in encrypted payload chain, possibly because of different pre-shared keys	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process has completed but still get [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. ZyWALL/USG unit must set correct **Local Policy** to establish the IKE SA.

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	ISAKMP SA [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] is disconnected	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Received delete notification	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][DEL]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG

Ensure that the L2TP Address Pool does not conflict with any existing LAN1, LAN2, DMZ, or WLAN zones, even if they are not in use.

If you cannot access devices in the local network, verify that the devices in the local network set the USG's IP as their default gateway to utilize the L2TP tunnel.



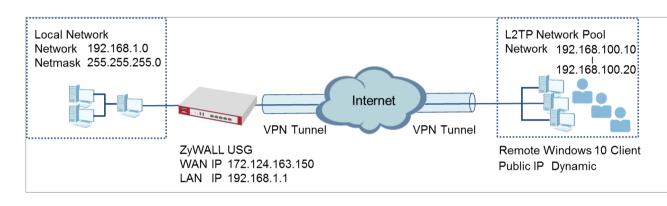
Make sure the ZyWALL/USG units' security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

Verify that the **Zone** is set correctly in the **Zone** object. This should be set to IPSec_VPN Zone so that security policies are applied properly.

How to Import ZyWALL/USG Certificate for L2TP over IPsec in Windows 10

This is an example of using the L2TP VPN and VPN client software included in Windows 10 operating systems. When the VPN tunnel is configured, users can securely access the network behind the ZyWALL/USG and allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet from a Windows 10 computer.

ZyWALL/USG L2TP VPN with Remote Windows 10 Client Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: 4.25) and Windows 10 Pro (Version: 10.0.10240)

Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard, use the VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings wizard to create a L2TP VPN rule that can be used with the Window 10 clients. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome



Then, configure the **Rule Name** and set **My Address** to be the **wan1** interface which is connected to the Internet. Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings

VPN Setup Wizard	
VPN Settings > General Setti	ngs 〉 Wizard Completed
L2TP VPN Settings	
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN
Phase 1 Setting	
My Address (interface):	wan1 💌
Authentication Method	
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345

Assign the L2TP users' IP address range from 192.168.100.10 to 192.168.100.20 for use in the L2TP VPN tunnel and select **Allow L2TP traffic Through WAN** to allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet. Click **OK**.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (L2TP VPN Settings)

VPN Setup Wizard					
VPN Settings > General Settings > Wizard Completed					
	3				
L2TP VPN Settings					
IP Address Pool:	RANGE 👻	0			
Starting IP Address:	192.168.100.10				
End IP Address:	192.168.100.20				
First DNS Server (Optional)):				
Second DNS Server (Optional):					
Allow L2TP traffic Throug	gh WAN				

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
2				
Express Settings				
Summary				
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN			
Secure Gateway:	Any			
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345			
My Address (interface):	wan1			
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.10.10 - 192.168.10.20			



Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The rule settings appear in the **VPN > L2TP VPN** screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

2	Wizard Completed 3
xpress Settings Summary	
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN
Secure Gateway:	Any
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345
	wan1
My Address (interface):	

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > VPN Gateway > WIZ_L2TP_VPN**, change

Authentication method to be Certificate and select the certificate which ZyWALL/USG

uses to identify itself to the Window 10 computer.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > VPN Gateway > WIZ_L2TP_VPN > Authentication > Certificate

Authentication			
🔍 Pre-Shared Key			
🔲 unmasked			
Oertificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
O User Based PSK	admin	×	0

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User to add User Name and Password (4-24 characters). Then, set Allowed User to the newly created object (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).



L2TP VPN	
💷 Show Advanced Settings 🛅 Create	new Object 🔻
General Settings	eshooting
🗷 Enable L2TP Over IPSec	
VPN Connection:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN
IP Address Pool:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_/ RANGE, 192.168.100.10-192.168.100.20
Authentication Method:	default 💌 local
Advance	
Allowed User:	any 💌
Keep Alive Timer:	60 (1-180 seconds)
First DNS Server (Optional):	Custom Defined 💌
Second DNS Server (Optional):	Custom Defined 💌
First WINS Server (Optional):	
Second WINS Server (Optional):	

CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User

L2TP_Remote_Users			
user 💌			
•••••			
•••••			
Local User			
Use Default Settings		Use Manual Settings	
1440	minutes		
1440	minutes		
	user Local User Use Default Settings 1440	User Local User © Use Default Settings 1440 minutes	user Local User © Use Default Settings 1440 minutes

If some of the traffic from the L2TP clients need to go to the Internet, create a policy route to send traffic from the L2TP tunnels out through a WAN trunk. Set **Incoming** to **Tunnel** and select your L2TP VPN connection. Set the **Source Address** to be the L2TP address pool. Set the **Next-Hop Type** to **Trunk** and select the appropriate WAN trunk.



🗹 Edit Policy Route		?×
🏢 Show Advanced Settings 🛅 Create r	new Object▼	
Configuration		^
🗹 Enable		
Description:	L2TP_VPN_to_Internet	(Optional)
Criteria		
User:	L2TP_Remote_User 💌	
Incoming:	Tunnel 💌	
Please select one member:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	
Source Address:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_/	
Destination Address:	any 💌	
DSCP Code:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Service:	any 💌	
Next-Hop		
Type:	Trunk 💌	
Trunk:	SYSTEM_DEFAULT_V V	.
		OK Cancel

CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Policy Route

Export a Certificate from ZyWALL/USG and Import it to Windows 10 Operating System

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate**, select the certificate (**default** in this example) and click **Edit**.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default

My Certificates Setting						
0/	Add 📝 Edit	📋 Remove 📲	Object References			
#	Name 🔺	Туре	Subject		Valid From	Valid To
1	default	SELF	CN=vpn50_B8ECA31E2398	CN=vpn50_B8ECA31E2398	2017-01-07 10:19:45 GMT	2027-01-05 10:19:45 GMT



Export default certificate from ZyWALL/USG with Private Key (zyx123 in this

example)

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit > Export Certificate with Private Key

BEGIN X509 CERTIFICATE- MIIDRzCCAi+aAwIBAaIJAP5	 qPO+bqnesMA0GCSqGSlb3DQEBCwUAMB0xGzAZBqNV	A	
	zFFMjM5ODAeFw0xNzAxMDcxMDE5NDVaFw0yNzAxMDU	•	
Export Certificate Only			
assword:	Export Certificate with Private Key		
assword;			

Save **default** certificate as ***.p12** file to Windows 10 computer.



In Windows 10 Operating System, go to **Start Menu > Search Box**. Type **mmc** and press **Enter**.

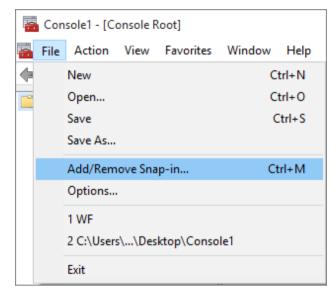
Start Menu > Search Box > mmc

	Best match
ŵ	Run command
ŝ	Web
0	My stuff 🔎 Web
	mmc

In the mmc console window, click File > Add/Remove Snap-in...



File > Add/Remove Snap-in...



In the Available snap-ins, select Certificates click Add. Then, click Finished.

Press **OK** to close the Snap-ins window.

Available snap-ins:				Selected snap-ins:
Snap-in	Vendor	^		Console Root
ActiveX Control	Microsoft Cor			Certificates - Local Computer
Authorization Manager	Microsoft Cor			
🗊 Certificates	Microsoft Cor			
Component Services	Microsoft Cor			
E Computer Managem	Microsoft Cor			
📇 Device Manager	Microsoft Cor		Add >	
🖃 Disk Management	Microsoft and		Add >	
🛃 Event Viewer	Microsoft Cor			
Eolder	Microsoft Cor			
🗐 Group Policy Object	Microsoft Cor			
lP Security Monitor	Microsoft Cor			
👵 IP Security Policy M	Microsoft Cor			
Link to Web Address	Microsoft Cor	¥		

Available snap-ins > Certificates > Add



In the mmc console window, go to Certificates (Local Computer) > Trusted Root Certification Authorities, right click Certificate > All Tasks > Import...

🚟 File Action View	v Favorites	Window	Help		
🗢 🄿 🖄 📆 📋	0 🗟 👔				
Console Root Certificates - Loo Personal Trusted Root	Certification		ore Cybe	nal CA Root erTrust Root	lssued AddT Baltin Certu
> 📫 Enterp	All Tas <u>k</u> s		>	<u>I</u> mport	
 > ☐ Interm > ☐ Active > ☐ Truster > ☐ Untrus New Taskpad 			> 97 Microsoft C d ID Root CA Root CA		Copy DigiC DigiC
> 🚆 Third- > 🚆 Truster > 🚆 Client	Re <u>f</u> resh	view	ssurance EV Ro rtification Auth rtification Auth		DigiC Entru Entru
> Smart	Export <u>L</u> ist <u>H</u> elp			ification Author ication Authority	Entru ePKI f

Click Next.

Welcome to the Certificate Im	port Wizard
This wizard helps you copy certificates, certifica lists from your disk to a certificate store.	ate trust lists, and certificate revocation
A certificate, which is issued by a certification a and contains information used to protect data o connections. A certificate store is the system a	or to establish secure network
Store Location	
🔵 Current User	
Local Machine	
To continue, click Next.	
	Next Cancel



Click Browse..., and locate the .p12 file you downloaded earlier. Then, click Next.

Specify the file you want to import.			
File name:			
C:\Users\ZyXEL\Desktop\default.p12		Browse	
Note: More than one certificate can be stored in a single f Personal Information Exchange- PKCS #12 (.PFX,.P12)		llowing formats:	
Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard-PKCS #7 Ce	rtificates (.P	7B)	
Microsoft Serialized Certificate Store (.SST)			
		Next	ance

Type zyx123 in the Password field and click Next.

Т	To maintain security, the private key was protected with a password.				
т	ype the password for the private key.				
P	assword:				
	zyx123				
	✓ Display Password				
I	mport options:				
	Enable strong private key protection. You will be prompted every time the private key is used by an application if you enable this option.				
	Mark this key as exportable. This will allow you to back up or transport your keys at a later time.				
	☑ Include all extended properties.				
	Next Canc				



Select Place all certificates in the following store and then click Browse and find Trusted Root Certification Authorities. Click Next, then click Finish.

Certificate Store				
Certificate stores are system areas where certificates are kept.				
Windows can automatically select a the certificate.	a certificate store, or you can specify a location for			
O Automatically select the certi	tificate store based on the type of certificate			
Place all certificates in the for	ollowing store			
Certificate store:				
Trusted Root Certification	Authorities Browse			
Trusted Root Certification	Authorities Browse Next Cance			

Note: Each ZyWALL/USG device has its own self-signed certificate by factory default. When you reset to default configuration file, the original self-signed certificate is erased, and a new self-signed certificate will be created when the ZyWALL/USG boots the next time.

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Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the Windows 10

To configure L2TP VPN in Windows 10 operating system, go to **Start > Settings > Network & Internet > VPN > Add a VPN Connection** and configure as follows.

VPN Provider set to Windows (built-in).

Configure **Connection name** for you to identify the VPN configuration.

Set **Server** name or address to be the ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (172.124.163.150 in this example).

Select VPN type to Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol with IPsec (L2TP/IPsec).

Enter **User name** and **Password** which the same as **Allowed User** created in ZyWALL/USG (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).

Windows (built-in)	\sim	
Windows (built in)	/		
Connection name			
ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN			
Server name or add	ress		
172.124.163.150			
VPN type			
Layer 2 Tunneling	Protocol with IPs	ec (L2TP/I 🗸	
Type of sign-in info			
User name and pa	assword	\sim	
User name (optiona	l)		
L2TP_Remote_Use	ers		
Password (optional)			
•••••			

Go to Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network Connections and right click Properties. Continue to Security > Advanced settings and select Use Certificate for authentication.

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😰 Network Connections							
← → · ↑ 👰 ›	Control Panel > Network and Internet >						
Organize 🔻 Start th	is connection Rename this connection						
ZyXEL_L2TP_VP Disconnected	N						
WAN Mini	Connect / Disconnect Status						
	Set as Default Connection						
	Create Copy						
	Create Shortcut						
•	Delete						
🔷	Rename						
•	Properties						

ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN Properties X
General Options Security Networking Sharing
Type of VPN:
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol with IPsec (L2TP/IPsec) $\qquad \qquad \lor$
Advanced settings
Optional encryption (connect even if no encryption) $\qquad \qquad \lor$
Authentication
O Use Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
\sim
Properties
Allow these protocols
Unencrypted password (PAP)
Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)
Microsoft CHAP Version 2 (MS-CHAP v2)
Automatically use my Windows logon name and password (and domain, if any)
OK Cancel



Advanced Properties	×
L2TP	
 Use greshared key for authentication Key: Use certificate for authentication Verify the Name and Usage attributes of the server's certificate 	
OK Cance	9

Go to Network & Internet Settings window, click Connect.

← Settings	- 0	×
K NETWORK & INTERNET	Find a setting	9
Wi-Fi	VPN	í
Airplane mode	+ Add a VPN connection	
Data usage		- 1
VPN	ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN	
Dial-up	Connect Advanced options Remove	ų



Test the L2TP over IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, the

Status connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic. Click **Connectivity Check** to verify the result of ICMP Connectivity.

IPSec	Connectivity Check	c	?⊠				
Current IPSec Security Associations Name: Policy:	Connectivity Chec IP Address:	192.168.100.10	0K Cancel				
Isconnect Connection Check # S Name + Policy 1 N/A N/A WIZ_L2TP_VPN 10.21- I Page 1 of 1 Image: Show 5		My Address	Secure Gate D: 10.214.30.69	Up Time 56	Timeout 3564	Inbound(Bytes) 201 (33810 byt Dis	
Result		op WI7 12					
	OK	on wiz_tz	IF_VFIN				

Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > WIZ_L2TP_VPN

Go to ZyWALL/USG MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec and verify the

Current L2TP Session.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec > L2TP_Remote_Users



Refresh					
# 🔺	User Name	Hostname	Assigned IP	Public IP	
1	L2TP_Remote_Users	ellen-PC	192.168.100.10	10.214.30.69	

Go to Window 10 operating system **Start > Settings > Network & Internet > VPN** and show **Connected** status.

Menu > Settings > VPN > ZyXEL_L2TP

← Settings		-		×
NETWORK &	INTERNET Find a setting			ρ
Wi-Fi	VPN			
Airplane mode	Add a VPN connection	+ Add a VPN connection		
Data usage				
VPN	ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN Connected			



What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [alert] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG L2TP Allowed User or User/Group Settings. Windows 10 users must use the same Username and Password as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the L2TP VPN.

 # * Priority
 Category
 Message
 Note

 13
 alert
 L2TP Over IPSec
 User L2TP_Remote_Users has been denied from L2TP service. (Incorrect Username or Password)
 L2TP_LOG

If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Windows 10 operating system users must use the same Pre-Shared Key as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the IKE SA.

# •				Note
2	info	IKE	ISAKMP SA [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] is disconnected	IKE_LOG
3	info	IKE	The cookie pair is : 0xd103273f03f379a0 / 0x05efd54196dc6cd6	IKE_LOG
10	info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:INVALID_PAYLOAD_TYPE]	IKE_LOG
-11	info	IKE	Invalid payload type in encrypted payload chain, possibly because of different pre-shared keys	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process has completed but still get [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. ZyWALL/USG unit must set correct **Local Policy** to establish the IKE SA.

Priority			Note
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG

Ensure that the L2TP Address Pool does not conflict with any existing LAN1, LAN2, DMZ, or WLAN zones, even if they are not in use.

If you cannot access devices in the local network, verify that the devices in the local network set the USG's IP as their default gateway to utilize the L2TP tunnel.

Make sure the ZyWALL/USG units' security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

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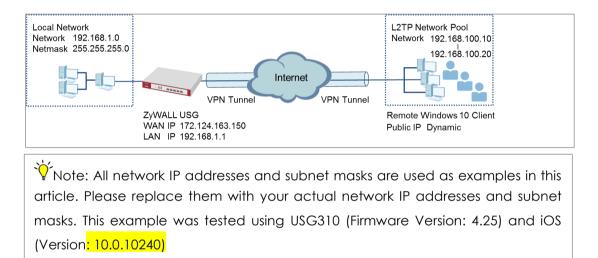
Verify that the Zone is set correctly in the VPN Connection rule. This should be set to IPSec_VPN Zone so that security policies are applied properly.



How to Import ZyWALL/USG Certificate for L2TP over IPsec in IOS mobile phone

This is an example of using the L2TP VPN and VPN client software included in Android mobile phone operating systems. When the VPN tunnel is configured, users can securely access the network behind the ZyWALL/USG and allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet from an iOS mobile phone.

ZyWALL/USG L2TP VPN with Remote iOS Mobile Phone Client Example



Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard, use the VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings wizard to create a L2TP VPN rule that can be used with the iOS mobile phone clients. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

* VPN Setup Wize	ard	×
	VPN Setup Wizard	«
	Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed	
	Welcome	
	 VPN Settings Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 	
	 VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning Wizard Type VPN Settings Wizard Completed 	
	 VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings VPN Settings General Settings Wizard Completed 	
	Upon completion of the Wizard Setup i. VPN Tunnel and VPN Gateway are automatically configured/generated ii. Policy Route is automatically configured/generated	

Then, configure the **Rule Name** and set **My Address** to be the **wan1** interface which is connected to the Internet. Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Quick Setup >	VPN Setup	Wizard >	Welcome >	VPN Settinas
doion octop	111100100			••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

VPN Setup Wizard	
VPN Settings > General Settin	gs > Wizard Completed
L2TP VPN Settings	
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN
Phase 1 Setting	
My Address (interface):	wan1 💌
Authentication Method	
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345

Assign the L2TP users' IP address range from 192.168.100.10 to 192.168.100.20 for use in the L2TP VPN tunnel and select **Allow L2TP traffic Through WAN** to allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet. Click **OK**.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (L2TP VPN Settings)

VPN Setup Wizard				
VPN Settings > General Settin	gs 〉 Wizard Completed 3			
L2TP VPN Settings				
IP Address Pool:	RANGE 🗸	0		
Starting IP Address:	192.168.100.10			
End IP Address:	192.168.100.20			
First DNS Server (Optional)	:			
Second DNS Server (Optional):				
Allow L2TP traffic Throug	gh WAN			

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings	Wizard Completed
2	
Express Settings	
Summary	
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN
Secure Gateway:	Any
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345
My Address (interface):	wan1
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.10.10 - 192.168.10.20

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The rule settings appear in the **VPN** > **L2TP VPN** screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed



VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
Express Settings Summary				
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN			
Secure Gateway:	Any			
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345			
My Address (interface):	wan1			
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.10.10 - 192.168.10.20			

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > VPN Gateway > WIZ_L2TP_VPN**, change **Authentication** method to be **Certificate** and select the certificate which ZyWALL/USG uses to identify itself to the Android mobile phone.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > VPN Gateway > WIZ_L2TP_VPN > Authentication > Certificate

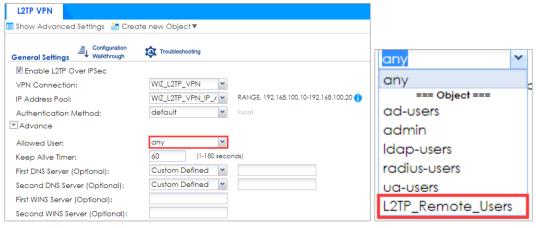
Authentication			
© Pre-Shared Key			
unmasked			
Oertificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)
🔍 User Based PSK	admin	~	0

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User to add User Name

and **Password** (4-24 characters). Then, set **Allowed User** to the newly created object (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).

CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User

L2TP VPN	
💷 Show Advanced Settings 🔠 Cre	ate new Object 🔻
General Settings	er eshooting
Enable L2TP Over IPSec	
VPN Connection:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN
IP Address Pool:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_/ RANGE, 192.168.100.10-192.168.100.20 ()
Authentication Method:	default V local
Advance	
Allowed User:	any 💌
Keep Alive Timer:	60 (1-180 seconds)
First DNS Server (Optional):	Custom Defined
Second DNS Server (Optional):	Custom Defined
First WINS Server (Optional):	
Second WINS Server (Optional):	
C Add A User	۲X ا
User Name : L2TP_Remote_Us User Type: user Password: Retype: Local User Authentication Timeout Settings Lease Time: 1440 Reauthentication Time: 1440	
	OK Cancel





Export a Certificate from ZyWALL/USG and Import it to iOS Mobile Phone

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate, select the certificate

(default in this example) and click Edit.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default

My C	My Certificates Setting						
C	Add 🗹 Edit	📋 Remove	The Object References				
#							
1	default	SELF	CN=vpn50_B8ECA31E2398	CN=vpn50_B8ECA31E2398	2017-01-07 10:19:45 GMT	2027-01-05 10:19:45 GMT	
14	< Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕨	Show 50 💌 items			Displaying 1 - 1 of 1	

Export default certificate from ZyWALL/USG with Private Key (zyx123 in this example)

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit > Export Certificate with Private

Key

Certificate in PEM (Base-64) Encoded Format			
BEGIN X509 CERTIFICATE MIIDRzCCAi+gAwlBAgIJAP5qPO+bgnesMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAMB0xGzAZBgNV BAMMEnZwbjUwX0I4RUNBMzFFMjM50DAeFw0xNzAxMDcxMDE5NDVaFw0yNzAxMDU x Export Certificate Only Password: •••••• Export Certificate with Private Key	•		
			-
	C	Ж	Cancel

Save **default** certificate as ***.p12** file to Android mobile phone computer.



Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the iOS Mobile Device

- To configure L2TP VPN in iOS operating system, go to Start > Settings > Network & Internet > VPN > Add a VPN Connection and configure as follows.
- 2 VPN Provider set to Windows (built-in).
- **3** Configure **Connection name** for you to identify the VPN configuration.

- 4 Set Server name or address to be the ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (172.124.163.150 in this example).
- 5 Select VPN type to Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol with IPsec (L2TP/IPsec).
- **6** Enter **User name** and **Password** which the same as **Allowed User** created in ZyWALL/USG (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).

Windows (built-ir	1)		
Windows (built in	.,		
Connection name			
ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN			
Server name or add	dress		
172.124.163.150			
VPN type			
Layer 2 Tunneling	g Protocol with	IPsec (L2TP/	$I \sim$
Type of sign-in info	0		
User name and p	assword		\sim
User name (option			
L2TP_Remote_Us	ers		
Password (optional	n		
	, 		

7 Go to Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network Connections and right click Properties. Continue to Security > Advanced settings and select Use Certificate for authentication.

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Network Connect	tions
< -> · • •	> Control Panel > Network and Internet >
Organize 👻 St	art this connection Rename this connection
ZyXEL_L2T Disconnec	ted
🥑 WAN Mini	Connect / Disconnect
	Status
	Set as Default Connection
	Create Copy
	Create Shortcut
	👽 Delete
	💎 Rename
	Properties

ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN Properties X
General Options Security Networking Sharing
Type of VPN:
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol with IPsec (L2TP/IPsec) $\qquad \qquad \lor$
Advanced settings
Optional encryption (connect even if no encryption) $\qquad \qquad \lor$
Authentication
O Use Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
\sim
Properties
Allow these protocols
Unencrypted password (PAP)
Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)
Microsoft CHAP Version 2 (MS-CHAP v2)
Automatically use my Windows logon name and password (and domain, if any)
OK Cancel

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Advanced Properties	×
L2TP	
 Use greshared key for authentication Key: Use certificate for authentication Verify the Name and Usage attributes of the server's certificate 	
OK Cance	:

8 Go to Network & Internet Settings window, click Connect.

← Settings	- □ >	×
K NETWORK & INTERNET	Find a setting	>
Wi-Fi	VPN	~
Airplane mode	+ Add a VPN connection	
Data usage		1
VPN	ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN	
Dial-up	Connect Advanced options Remove	

Test the L2TP over IPSec VPN Tunnel

1. Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, the Status

connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

Pv4 Cor	nfiguration					
🔂 Ad	ld 🗹 Edit	📋 Remove 💡 Activate	💡 Inactivate 🍓 Con	iect 🕀 Disconnect	🖷 Object References	
#						
1	?.	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	W	Z_L2TP_VPN		NIZ_L2TP_VPN_LOCAL/
	Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕨 Show 50	✓ items			Displaying 1 - 1 of



2. Go to ZyWALL/USG MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec and verify the tunnel Up Time and the Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes) traffic. Click Connectivity Check to verify the result of ICMP Connectivity.

Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > WIZ_L2TP_VPN

IPSec	Connectivity Check	28
Current IPSec Security Associations Name: Policy:	Connectivity Check IP Address: 192.168.10 arch	00.10
● Disconnect ● Connection Check # Serial Num System Na Name + Policy 1 N/A N/A WIZ_L2TP 10.214.3 I A Page 1 of 1 >> Show 50 <> items	My Address Secure C 0.64<> 10.214.30.64 D: 10.214	
Result	X	
ICMP Connectivity Check P	ASS on WIZ_L2TP_VPN	
ОК		

 Go to ZyWALL/USG MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec and verify the Current L2TP Session.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec > L2TP_Remote_Users

Current L	L2TP Session			
🕀 Disc	connect 🔇 Refresh			
# 🔺	User Name	 Hostname 		
1	L2TP_Remote_Users	ellen-PC	192.168.100.10	10.214.30.69

4. Go to iOS operating system Start > Settings > Network & Internet > VPN and show

Connected status.

~ Settings \times — NETWORK & INTERNET Find a setting Q Wi-Fi VPN Airplane mode Add a VPN connection +Data usage ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN యం VPN Connected 306/751

Menu > Settings > VPN > ZyXEL_L2TP



What Could Go Wrong?

 If you see [alert] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG L2TP Allowed User or User/Group Settings. iOS users must use the same Username and Password as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the L2TP VPN.

# 🔺		Priority		Message	
1	2	info	IKE	ISAKMP SA [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] is disconnected	IKE_LOG
2	2	info	IKE	Send:[HASH][DEL] [count=6]	IKE_LOG
3	2	info	IKE	Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN:WIZ_L2TP_VPN:0xa8aad2b4] is disconnected	IKE_LOG
4	2	alert	L2TP Over IPSec	User L2TP_Remote_Users has been denied from L2TP service.(Incorrect Username or Password)	L2TP_LOG

2. If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. iOS users must use the same Pre-Shared Key as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the IKE SA.

Priority	Category	 Message 	Note
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:INVALID_PAYLOAD_TYPE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Invalid payload type in encrypted payload chain, possibly because of different pre-shared keys	IKE_LOG

 If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process has completed but still get [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. ZyWALL/USG unit must set correct Local Policy to establish the IKE SA.

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	ISAKMP SA [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] is disconnected	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Received delete notification	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][DEL]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG

- Ensure that the L2TP Address Pool does not conflict with any existing LAN1, LAN2, DMZ, or WLAN zones, even if they are not in use.
- 5. If you cannot access devices in the local network, verify that the devices in the local network set the USG's IP as their default gateway to utilize the L2TP tunnel.

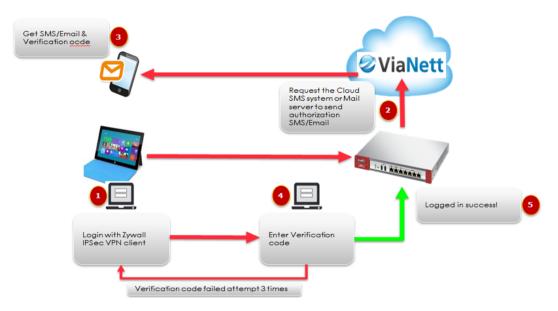
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- Make sure the ZyWALL/USG units' security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.
- 7. Verify that the Zone is set correctly in the VPN Connection rule. This should be set to IPSec_VPN Zone so that security policies are applied properly.

How to Configure 2 factor for VPN connection?

This example shows how to use two-factor authentication to have double-layer security to access a secured network behind the Zyxel Device via a VPN tunnel between a ZyWALL/USG and a ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client. The first layer is the VPN client user name / password and the second layer is an authorized SMS (via mobile phone number) or email address.



Walkthrough

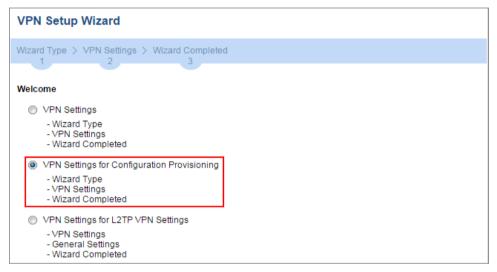
- 1. Set up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel on USG
- 2. Set up the ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client on windows client.
- 3. Set up notification for email and SMS message sending.
- 4. Enable 2 factor authentications for VPN service.



Set up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION >Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome



Choose **Express** to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2 settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type



Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway).

You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings-1

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settin	gs > Wizard Completed	
Express Settings Scenario		
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING]
Application Scenario:	Remote Access (Server Role)	

Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters). Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG.

VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Setting	S > Wizard Completed				
Express Settings					
Configuration					
Secure Gateway:	Any				
Pre-Shared Key:	zyx12345				
Local Policy (IP/Mask)	192.168.1.33	1	255.255.255.0		
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	Any				

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings-2

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings-3

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings	> Wizard Completed
Express Settings Summary	
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING
Secure Gateway:	Any
Pre-Shared Key:	zyx12345
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	Any

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed
Express Settings	3
Congratulations. The VPN Acce Summary	ss wizard is completed
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING
Secure Gateway:	Any
Pre-Shared Key:	zyx12345
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	Any

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN connection. Enable Mode

config for IPSec VPN client connection, create address object

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Name:	VPN_subnet		
ddress Type:	RANGE	~	
tarting IP Address:	192.168.99.10		
ind IP Address:	192.168.99.100		

Select the address object for mode config VPN IP address Pool.

Edit VPN Connection WIZ_VPN_PROVIS	SIONING		? ×
Hide Advanced Settings	w Object 🗸		
📝 Enable Mode Config			*
IP Address Pool:	VPN_subnet	RANGE, 192.168.99.10-192.168.99.100	
First DNS Server (Optional):			
Second DNS Server (Optional):			=
First WINS Server (Optional):			
Second WINS Server (Optional):			
Phase 2 Setting			
			Ψ
			OK Cancel

Go to CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > Add A User and create a user

account for the ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client user. Type one or more valid email addresses and valid mobile telephone number for this user so that messages can be sent to this user for 2 factor authentication.



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Add A User			? 🗙
User Configuration			
User Name :	Remote_Client		
User Type:	user 🗸		
Password:	•••••		
Retype:	•••••		
Description:	Local User		
Email:	cooldia.chen@zyxel.com.t		
Mobile Number:	921315123		
Authentication Timeout Settings	Output Settings		Use Manual Settings
Lease Time:	1440	minutes	
Reauthentication Time:	1440	minutes	
			OK Cancel

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > Gateway**, enable X-Auth for VPN client authentication.

X-Auth		
Enable Extended Authentication		
Server Mode		
AAA Method:	default	~
Allowed User:	any	~
Client Mode		
User Name :		
Password:		
Retype to Confirm:		

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > Configuration Provisioning. In the General Settings section, select the Enable Configuration Provisioning. Then, go to



the Configuration section and click Add to bind a configured VPN Connection to

Allowed User. Click Activate and Apply to save the configuration.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > Configuration Provisioning

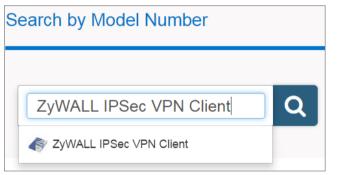
Enable Configu	ration Provisioning]			
uthentication					
Client Authenticati	on Method:	default	~		
ofiguration					
	Pamova	Activate 0 Inactiv	ata Jali Mova		
	Remove (Activate @ Inactiv	ate Move	Allowed User	
🗿 Add 📃 Edi				Allowed User Remote_Client	

Apply	Reset

Set up the ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client

Download **ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client** software from ZyXEL Download Library:

http://www.zyxel.com/support/download landing.shtml



Open ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client, select **CONFIGURATION > Get from Server**.

CONFIGURATION > Get from Server

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ZyWALL IPSec VPN Client				
Configuration	n Tools	?		
Save		Ctrl+S		
Import				
Export				
Get from	Server			
Move to	USB Drive	•		
Wizard	Wizard			
Quit				

Enter the WAN IP address or URL for the ZyWALL/USG in the **Gateway Address**. If you changed the default HTTPS **Port** on the ZyWALL/USG, and then enter the new one here. Enter the **Login** user name and **Password** exactly as configured on the ZyWALL or external authentication server. Click **Next**, you will see it's processing VPN configuration from the server.

CONFIGURATION > Get from Server > Step 1: Authentication



❤ VPN Configuration Server Wiz	ard			
Step 1: Authentication What are the parameters of the VPN Server Connection?				
	PN Configuration from the VPN Configuration Server. Imation required for the connection to the server.			
Gateway Address:	10.214.30.60 Port: 443			
Authentication:	Login + Password 👻			
Login:	Remote_Client			
Password:	•••••			
	Next > Cancel			

CONFIGURATION > Get from Server > Step 2: Processing

YPN Configuration Server Wizard	x
Step 2: Processing Requesting the VPN Configuration.	िरु
Init Ok. Init Ck. Init Ck.	
< <u>P</u> revious	Cancel



Then, you will see the **Configuration successful** page, click **OK** to exit the wizard.

CONFIGURATION > Get from Server > Configuration successful

🗸 VPN Configuration Server Wizard	×
Configuration successful	ZyXEL
The VPN Configuration is successfully retrieved from the VPN server.	
	ОК

VPN CONFIGURATION > IKE V1 > WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING > Advanced, type Login

account and password for authentication.

	WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING: Authentication
VPN Configuration	Authentication Advanced Certificate
IXE V1 IVE V1 Parameters WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING IXE V2	Advanced features Image: Config Gateway Image: Aggressive Mode NAT-T Automatic
	X-Auth
	X-Auth Popup Login Remote_Client
	Hybrid Mode Password
	Local and Remote ID Type of ID: Value for the ID: Local ID Remote ID

Set up notification for 2 factor authentication

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > System > Notification > Mail Server

- 1. Type the name or IP address of the SMTP server.
- 2. Enter the service port for SMTP.
- 3. Type the e-mail address from which the outgoing e-mail is delivered.
- 4. Select this check box if it is necessary to provide a user name and password to the SMTP server.
- 5. Click "Apply" button to save your changes to the Zyxel Device.

Mail Server SMS			
General Settings			
Mail Server:	smtp.pchome.com.tw	(Outgoing SMTP Server Name or IP Address)	
Mail Subject:	Append system name	Append date time	
Mail Server Port:	25	TLS Security STARTTLS Authenticate Server	
Mail From:	cooldia@pchome.com.tw	(Email Address)	
SMTP Authentication			
User Name :	cooldia		
Password:	•••••		
Retype to Confirm:	•••••		
Schedule			
Time For Sending Report:	0 (hours) 0	(minutes)	

Go to 2nd tab **CONFIGURATION > System > Notification > SMS**, in this scenario, we will use email and SMS for 2 factor authentication.

- 1. Select the check box "Enable SMS" to turn on the SMS service.
- 2. Enter the default country code for the mobile phone number to which you want to send SMS messages.
- 3. Enter the user name and password for your ViaNett account.
- 4. Click "Apply" button to save your changes to the Zyxel Device.

lail Server	SMS					
eneral Settin	gs					
✓ Enable SN Default o	-	ode for phone nu	mber:	886	(1-4) digit	
urchase SMS	Voucher	from Zyxel reselle	r			
If you want to	o activate	e SMS credits, ple	ase go to <u>zyxel.vic</u>	anett.com.		
iaNett Config	uration					
User Name:				pd000245		
Password:				•••••		
Retype to Co	onfirm:			•••••		

Set up authentication for 2 factor VPN connection

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Object > Auth.Method > Two-factor Authentication.

- 1. Select the check box "Enable" to enable 2 factor authentications.
- 2. Enter the maximum time (in minutes) that the user must click or tap the authorization link in the SMS or email in order to get authorization for the VPN connection.
- 3. Select which kinds of VPN tunnels require Two-Factor Authentication. in this scenario, we enable 2 factor authentication on IPSec VPN Access
- 4. This list displays the names of the users and user groups that can be selected for two-factor authentication.
- Use this section to configure how to send an SMS or email for authorization.
 We select both methods in this scenario.
- 6. Configure the link that the user will receive in the SMS or email. The user must be able to access the link.
- 7. You can either create a default message in the text box or upload a message file (Use Multilingual file) from your computer.
- 8. Click "Apply" button to save your changes to the Zyxel Device.

General Settings	
Valid Time:	3 (1-15 minutes)
Two-factor Authentication for Se	
Iwo-ractor Authentication for se	rvices:
SSL VPN Access 📝 IP	Sec VPN Access
User/Group	
Selectable User/Group Objects	Selected User/Group Objects
=== Object === admin Idap-users radius-users ad-users test	any
Delivery Settings	
Deliver Authorize Link Method:	SMS 🕼 Email
Authorize Link URL Address	https 🗸 User-Defined 🗸 10.214.30.60 (Domain Name or IP Address) 👔
Message:	O Use Default Message
	<user>. You have initiated a VPN connection to a secured network behind the <host>. Please click or tap the following link within <time> minutes to get authorization for the VPN connection. <url></url></time></host></user>
	Apply Reset

Test the Result

Go to VPN Configuration > IKEv1, right click the WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING and

select Open tunnel. You will see the Tunnel opened on ZyWALL IPSec VPN client

YZyWALL IPSec VPN Client	and the local diversity of the local diversit	
<u>C</u> onfiguration <u>T</u> ools <u>?</u>		
ZYXEL		VPN CLIENT
	WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING: IPsec	
VPN Configuration	IPsec Advanced Automation Remote Sharing	IPV4 IPV6
🚊 - 🗁 IKE V1		
IKE V1 Parameters	Alternate servers	
WIZ_VPN_PROVISIONING	DNS Suffix	
<u>F</u> IKE V2		
	Alternate servers Type IP Address	
	i Add DNS	
	Add WINS	
	Miscellaneous	
	Traffic verification after tunnel opened	
	IPV4 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	
	IPV6	
	Check interval 0	
 VPN Client ready 		

The VPN tunnel is created from the ZyWALL IPSec VPN client to the ZyWALL/USG, but we are still unable to access Intranet behind the ZyWALL/USG. The ZyWALL/USG send authorized link via phone number or email address in order to authenticate this user's 320/751

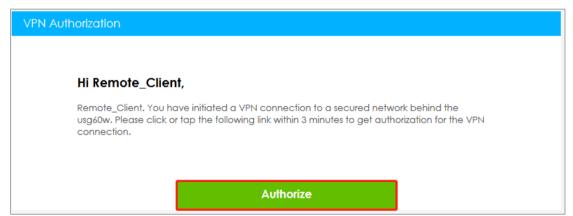


use of the VPN tunnel (factor 2). If user does not click the link, then the Zyxel Device terminates the VPN connection. The client should access the authorization link sent via SMS or email by the Cloud SMS system within a specified deadline (Valid Time). If the authorization is correct and received on time, then the client can have VPN access to the secured network. If the authorization deadline has expired, then the client will have to run the VPN client again. If authorization credentials are incorrect or if the SMS/email was not received, then the client must check with the network administrator.

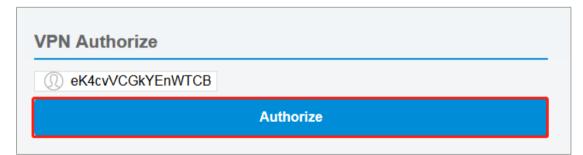
The following is authorized example by email and SMS

Authorized by email link

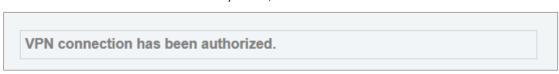
1. Received authorization mail with authorize link.



2. Click the "Authorize" to authorization.



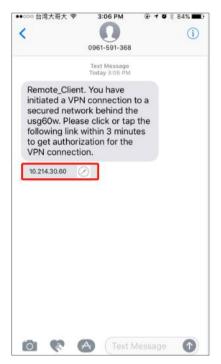
3. After we see "VPN connection has been authorized", we can access the secured network behind the ZyWALL/USG.



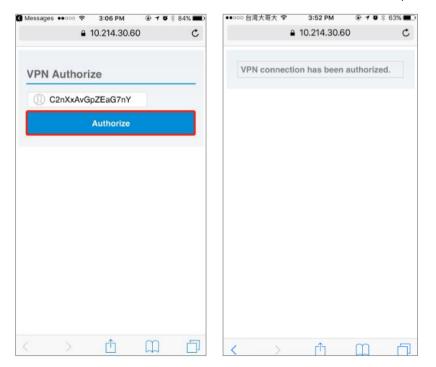


Authorized by SMS

1. Received authorization SMS with authorize link.



2. Click the SMS link to authorized, after we see "VPN connection has been authorized", we can access the secured network behind the ZyWALL/USG.





What could went wrong

If you see below log message "Mail server authentication failed.", please check

"CONFIGURATION > System > Notification > SMTP Server", Make sure your password is correct for mail authentication

MONITOR > Log

# *	•	Time	Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
1		2018-07-27	error	System	Mail server authentication failed.			
2		2018-07-27	info	Authenticat	send E-mail to user: Remote_Client, email:coo************.t			two-factor

If you see below log message "Cannot resolve mail server address

smtp.pchome.com.t" please check "CONFIGURATION > System > Notification > SMTP
Server", Make sure your service IP/hostname is correct for mail authentication.

MONITOR > Log

# 🔺	Time	Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
1	2018-07-27	error	System	Cannot resolve mail server address smtp.pchome.com.t.			
2	2018-07-27	info	Authenticat	send E-mail to user: Remote_Client, email:coo************.t			two-factor

If you are unable to received SMS for authorization, please check "CONFIGURATION > System > Notification > SMS", confirm the country code is correct for SMS message

CONFIGURATION > System > Notification > SMS

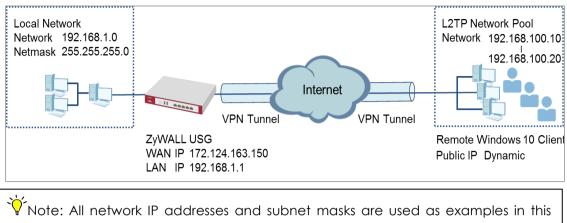
General Settings	
Enable SMS Default country code for phone number:	886 (1-4) digit
Purchase SMS Voucher from Zyxel reseller	

How to Import ZyWALL/USG Certificate for L2TP over IPsec in Android mobile phone

This is an example of using the L2TP VPN and VPN client software included in Android mobile phone operating systems. When the VPN tunnel is configured, users can securely access the network behind the ZyWALL/USG and allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet from an Android mobile phone.

ZyWALL/USG L2TP VPN with Remote Android Mobile Phone Client Example



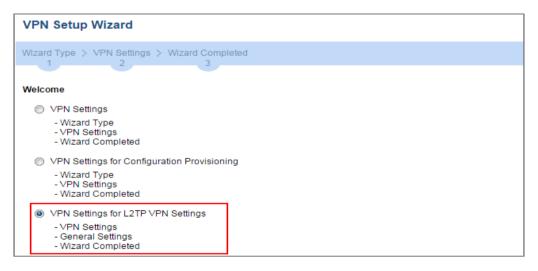


Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: 4.25) and Android (Version: 10.0.10240)

Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard, use the VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings wizard to create a L2TP VPN rule that can be used with the Android mobile phone clients. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome



Then, configure the **Rule Name** and set **My Address** to be the **wan1** interface which is connected to the Internet. Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings

VPN Setup Wizard			
VPN Settings > General Set 1 2	ttings > Wizard Completed		
L2TP VPN Settings			
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN		
Phase 1 Setting			
My Address (interface):	wan1		
Authentication Method			
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345		

Assign the L2TP users' IP address range from 192.168.100.10 to 192.168.100.20 for use in the L2TP VPN tunnel and select **Allow L2TP traffic Through WAN** to allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet. Click **OK**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (L2TP VPN Settings)

VPN Setup Wizard					
VPN Settings > General Sett	VPN Settings > General Settings > Wizard Completed 1 2 3				
L2TP VPN Settings					
IP Address Pool:	RANGE	~	1		
Starting IP Address:	192.168.100.10				
End IP Address:	192.168.100.20				
First DNS Server (Optional):					
Second DNS Server (Optional):					
Allow L2TP traffic Through	WAN				

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click Save.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings (Summary)



VPN Setup Wizard	VPN Setup Wizard			
Wizard Type > VPN Settin	gs > Wizard Completed			
Advanced Settings Summary				
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN			
Secure Gateway:	Any			
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345			
My Address (interface):	wan1			
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.100.10 - 192.168.100.20			

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The rule settings appear in the **VPN** > **L2TP VPN** screen. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings	> Wizard Completed
L2TP VPN Settings	
Congratulations. The VPN Acce Summary	ess wizard is completed
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN
My Address (interface):	wan1
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.100.10 - 192.168.100.20

Go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > VPN Gateway > WIZ_L2TP_VPN**, change **Authentication** method to be **Certificate** and select the certificate which ZyWALL/USG uses to identify itself to the Android mobile phone.



CONFIGURATION > VPN > VPN Gateway > WIZ_L2TP_VPN > Authentication >

Certificate

Authentication			
Pre-Shared Key	******		
unmasked			
Oertificate	default	~	(See My Certificates)
User Based PSK	L2TP_Remote_Users	~	1
-			_

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User to add User Name and Password (4-24 characters). Then, set Allowed User to the newly created object (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).

	O Add A User	
	User Configuration	•
	User Name :	L2TP_Remote_Users
	User Type:	user 💌
	Password:	
	Retype:	
	Description:	Local User 🗸
		OK Cancel
L2TP VPN		
🏢 Show Advanced Settings 🔚 Create new Obj	ect•	
General Settings User Address		
Enable L2TP Over IPSec		
VPN Connection:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN ¥	
IP Address Pool:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_ADDRESS	RANGE, 192.168.100.10-192.168.100.20
Authentication Method:	default 💌	local
Allowed User:	any 👻	
Keep Alive Timer:	60 (1-180 seconds)	

CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User

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L2TP VPN	
🏢 Show Advanced Settings 🛅 Create new	Object.
General Settings	
Enable L2TP Over IPSec	
VPN Connection:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN
IP Address Pool:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_ADDRESS. V I RANGE, 192.168.100.10-192.168.100.2
Authentication Method:	default 🗸 local
Allowed User:	any 👻 🔝
Keep Alive Timer:	60 (1-180 seconds) any
	=== Object === admin
	ldap-users
	radius-users
	ad-users
	L2TP_Remote_Users

Export a Certificate from ZyWALL/USG and Import it to Android Mobile Phone

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate, select the certificate

(default in this example) and click Edit.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default

My Certificates Setting						
💿 Add 🖉 Edit 🍵 Remove 📷 Object Reference						
#	Name	Туре	Subject	Issuer	Valid From	Valid To
1	default	SELF	CN=usg110_107BEFD11B50	CN=usg110_107BEFD11B50	2014-02-19 11:29:28 GMT	2024-02-17 11:29:28 GMT

Export default certificate from ZyWALL/USG with Private Key (zyx123 in this example)



CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit > Export Certificate with

Private Key

Z Edit My Certificates Remove De Object Reference	? 🗙
Certificate in PEM (Base-64) Encoded Format	^
BEGIN X509 CERTIFICATE MIIDADCCAeigAwIBAgIEUwSVmDANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADAeMRwwGgYDVQQDDBN1 c2cxMTBfMTA3QkVGRDExQjUwMB4XDTE0MDIxOTExMjkyOFoXDTI0MDIxNzExMjky OFowHjEcMBoGA1UEAwwTdXNnMTEwXzEwN0JFRkQxMUI1MDCCASIwDQYJKoZIhvcN	Â •
Export Certificate Only Password: •••••• Export Certificate with Private Key	
▲	• •
ОК	Cancel

Save **default** certificate as *.p12 file to Android mobile phone computer.



Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the Android Mobile Device

- To configure L2TP VPN in Android, go to Start > Settings > Network & Internet > VPN > Add a VPN Connection and configure as follows.
- 2 VPN Provider set to Windows (built-in).
- **3** Configure **Connection name** for you to identify the VPN configuration.
- 4 Set Server name or address to be the ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (172.124.163.150 in this example).



- 5 Select VPN type to Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol with IPsec (L2TP/IPsec).
- 6 Enter User name and Password which the same as Allowed User created in ZyWALL/USG (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).

	Add a VPN connection
	VPN provider
	Windows (built-in) \checkmark
ľ	Connection name
	ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN
1	Server name or address
	172.124.163.150
	VPN type
	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol with IPsec (L2TP/I $ \smallsetminus$
	Type of sign-in info
	User name and password \sim
	User name (optional)
	L2TP_Remote_Users
	Password (optional)
	•••••
	🗸 Remember my sign-in info

Go to Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network Connections and right click Properties. Continue to Security > Advanced settings and select Use Certificate for authentication.

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Network Connection	15
$\leftarrow \rightarrow \cdot \uparrow \blacksquare$	Control Panel Network and Internet
Organize 🔻 Start	this connection Rename this connection
ZyXEL_L2TP_V Disconnected WAN Mini	
WAN WIN	Connect / Disconnect
	Status
	Set as Default Connection
	Create Copy
	Create Shortcut
	👂 Delete
	👂 Rename
	Properties

ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN Properties X
General Options Security Networking Sharing
Type of VPN:
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol with IPsec (L2TP/IPsec) $\qquad \qquad \lor$
Advanced settings
Optional encryption (connect even if no encryption) $\qquad \qquad \lor$
Authentication O Use Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
~
Properties
Allow these protocols
Unencrypted password (PAP)
Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)
Microsoft CHAP Version 2 (MS-CHAP v2)
Automatically use my Windows logon name and password (and domain, if any)
OK Cancel

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Advanced Properties	×
L2TP	
 Use greshared key for authentication Key: Use certificate for authentication Verify the Name and Usage attributes of the server's certificate 	
OK Cancel	I

Go to Network & Internet Settings window, click Connect.

← Settings	- 0	×
S NETWORK & INTERNET	Find a setting	٩
Wi-Fi	VPN	
Airplane mode	+ Add a VPN connection	- 1
Data usage		
VPN	ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN	
Dial-up	Connect Advanced options Remove	

Test the L2TP over IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection**, the **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

v4 Config	guration			
💿 Add 📝 Edit 🍟 Remove 💡 Activate 🕼 Inactivate 🍓 Connect 🍓 Disconnect 📭 Object Reference				
#	Status 👻	Name	VPN Gateway	Policy
1	@	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_LOCAL/



Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic. Click **Connectivity Check** to verify the result of ICMP Connectivity.

Hub_HQ > MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > WIZ_L2TP_VPN

🚱 Disco	onnect 🕵 Connectivity Ch	Connectivity Ch Connectivity IP Addre	Check	CK Cancel			
#	Name 🔺	Policy	My Address	Secure Gateway	Up Time	Inbound(Bytes)	Outbound(Bytes)
1	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	172.124.163.150<>36.226.103.25	172.124.163.150	D: 36.226.103.25:4500	27	140(36750 bytes)	22(1402 bytes)
	Result X ICMP Connectivity Check PASS on WIZ_L2TP_VPN OK						

Go to ZyWALL/USG MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec and verify the Current

L2TP Session.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec > L2TP_Remote_Users

Curren	Current L2TP Session			
(e), C	Disconnect ಿ Refresh			
#	User Name	Hostname	Assigned IP	Public IP
1	L2TP_Remote_Users	Windows_10	192.168.100.10	36.226.103.25

Go to Android Start > Settings > Network & Internet > VPN and show Connected status.

Menu > Settings > VPN > ZyXEL_L2TP

← Settings		_	×
K NETWORK & INTERNET	Find a setting		 Q
Wi-Fi	VPN		Í
Airplane mode	Add a VPN connection		
Data usage			
VPN	ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN Connected		



What Could Go Wrong?

7 If you see [alert] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG L2TP Allowed User or User/Group Settings. Android users must use the same Username and Password as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the L2TP VPN.

 Priority
 Category
 Message
 Note

 alert
 L2TP Over IPSec
 User L2TP_Remote_Users has been denied from L2TP service.(Incorrect Username or Password)
 L2TP_LOG

8 If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Android users must use the same Pre-Shared Key as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the IKE SA.

Priority	Category	Message	Note
error	IPSec	SPI: 0x0 (0) SEQ: 0x0 (0) No rule found. Dropping TCP packet	IPSec
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:INVALID_PAYLOAD_TYPE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Invalid payload type in encrypted payload chain, possibly because of different pre-shared keys	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] Phase 1 Remote ID mismatch	IKE_LOG

9 If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process has completed but still get [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. ZyWALL/USG unit must set correct Local Policy to establish the IKE SA.

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] Phase 2 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG

10 Ensure that the L2TP Address Pool does not conflict with any existing LAN1, LAN2, DMZ, or WLAN zones, even if they are not in use.

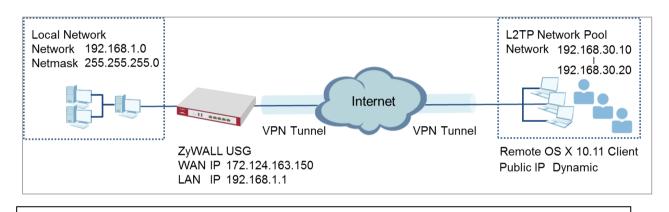


- 11 If you cannot access devices in the local network, verify that the devices in the local network set the USG's IP as their default gateway to utilize the L2TP tunnel.
- 12 Make sure the ZyWALL/USG units' security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.
- **13** Verify that the Zone is set correctly in the VPN Connection rule. This should be set to IPSec_VPN Zone so that security policies are applied properly.

How to Configure the L2TP VPN with Apple MAC OS X 10.11 Operating System

This is an example of using the L2TP VPN and VPN client software included in Apple MAC OS X 10.11 El Capitan operating systems. When the VPN tunnel is configured, users can securely access the network behind the ZyWALL/USG and allow traffic from L2TP clients to go to the Internet from an Apple computer.

ZyWALL/USG L2TP VPN with Apple MAC OS X 10.11 El Capitan



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and Apple MAC (Version: OS X10.11 El Capitan).

Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard, use the VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings wizard to create a L2TP VPN rule that can be used with the MAC OS X clients. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Comple	ted
Welcome	
◎ VPN Settings	
- Wizard Type - VPN Settings - Wizard Completed	
VPN Settings for Configuration Provis	lioning
- Wizard Type - VPN Settings - Wizard Completed	
 VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings VPN Settings General Settings Wizard Completed 	

Then, configure the **Rule Name** and set **My Address** to be the **wan1** interface which is connected to the Internet. Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings

VPN Setup Wizard	VPN Setup Wizard		
VPN Settings > General Setting	VPN Settings > General Settings > Wizard Completed		
L2TP VPN Settings			
Rule Name:	WIZ L2TP_VPN		
Phase 1 Setting			
My Address (interface):	gel 💌		
Authentication Method			
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345		

Configure the L2TP users' IP address range from 192.168.30.10 to 192.168.30.20 for use in the L2TP VPN tunnel and check **Allow L2TP traffic Through WAN**. Click **OK**.

VPN Setup Wizard			
VPN Settings > General Set	ings > Wizard Completed	4	
L2TP VPN Settings			
IP Address Pool:	RANGE	✓ ⁽¹⁾	
Starting IP Address:	192.168.30.10		
End IP Address:	192.168.30.20		
First DNS Server (Option	al):		
Second DNS Server (Optional):			
Allow L2TP traffic Thro	ugh WAN		

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings

Continue to the next page to review your **Summary** and click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings > Summary

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	
2	3
Express Settings	
Summary	
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN:
Secure Gateway:	Any
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345
My Address (interface):	ge1
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.30.10 - 192.168.30.20

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > VPN Settings > Summary > Wizard Completed



VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
L2TP VPN Settings				
Congratulations. The VPN Summary	Access wizard is completed			
Rule Name:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN2			
My Address (interface):	ge1			
Pre-Shared Key:	xyz12345			
IP Address Pool:	RANGE, 192.168.30.10 - 192.168.30.20			

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User to add User

Name and Password (4-24 characters). Then, set Allowed User to the newly

created object (L2TP_Remote_Users/zyx168 in this example).

CONFIGURATION > VPN > L2TP VPN > Create new Object > User

L2TP VPN		
III Show Advanced Settings	🗄 Create new Object 🔻	
	User	
General Settings	Address eshooting	
Enable L2TP Over IPSec		
VPN Connection:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	
IP Address Pool:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_/ V RANGE, 192	2.168.30.10-192.168.30.20 🔒
Authentication Method:	default 💌 local	
Advance		
Allowed User:	any	
Keep Alive Timer:	60 (1-180 seconds)	
🔂 Add A User		?≍
User Configuration		
User Name :	L2TP_Remote_Users	
User Type:	user 💌	
Password:	•••••	
Retype:	•••••	
Description:	Local User	
Authentication Timeout Settings	Use Default Settings O Use Manual Se Settings O Use Manual Se Settings O Use Manual Se Settings O Use Manual Se Settings O Use Manual Se Settings O Use Manual Se Settings O Use Manual Se Settings O Use Manual Se Settings O Use Manual Se Settings Settings O Use Manual Se Settings Settings O Use Manual Se Settings Setting Setting	ttings
Lease Time:	1440 minutes	
Reauthentication Time:	1440 minutes	
		OK Cancel

ZYXEL

L2TP VPN	
🎟 Show Advanced Settings 🛅 Crea	ate new Object▼
General Settings	Troubleshooting
🗹 Enable L2TP Over IPSec	
VPN Connection:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN V
IP Address Pool:	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_IP_/ RANGE, 192.168.30.10-192.168.30.20 ()
Authentication Method:	default 💌 local
Advance	
Allowed User:	any v Executive_1
Keep Alive Timer:	60 (1-180 seconds) Executive_2
	Executive_3
	ad-users admin
	Idap-users
	radius-users
	L2TP_Remote_Users
	=== Group ===
	Executive

Set Up the L2TP VPN Tunnel on the Apple MAC OS X 10.11 El Capitan Operating System

To configure L2TP VPN in OS X 10.11 operation system, go to System Preferences...

> Network, click the "+" button at the bottom left of the connections to add a new connection and configure as follows.

Set the Interface to be VPN, select VPN Type to be L2TP over IPSec. Configure Service Name for you to identify the VPN configuration. Click Create.

Select the interface	and enter a name for the new service.
Interface:	VPN ᅌ
VPN Type:	L2TP over IPSec ᅌ
Service Name:	ZyXEL_L2TP_VPN
	Cancel Create

Configure Server Address to be the ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address

(172.124.163.150 in this example). Enter **Account Name** which should be the same as **Allowed User** created in ZyWALL/USG (L2TP_Remote_Users in this example). Then, click **Authentication Settings...**.

Configuration:	Default
Server Address:	172.124.163.150
Account Name:	L2TP_Remote_Users
	Authentication Settings
	Connect

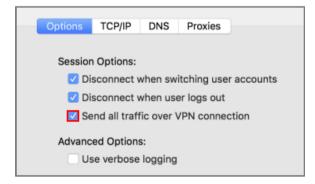
In the **User Authentication** section, enter **Password** which should be the same as **Allowed User** created in ZyWALL/USG (zyx123 in this example).

In the **Machine Authentication** section, enter **Shared Secret** to be the pre-shared key of the IPSec VPN gateway the ZyWALL/USG uses for L2TP VPN over IPSec (zyx12345 in this example). Click **OK**.

Password:	•••••
RSA Securi	
Certificate	Select
Kerberos	
CryptoCard	
Machine Authenti	
	Select
Certificate	Select

Go back to **Configuration** and click **Advanced**.... Select **Send all traffic over VPN connection** to allow the L2TP/IPSec VPN traffic between ZyWALL/USG and MAC OS X system.

Configuration:	Default 🗘
Server Address:	172.124.163.150
Account Name:	L2TP_Remote_Users
	Authentication Settings
	Connect
Show VPN status in	n menu bar Advanced





Go back to **Configuration** and click **Connect**.

Configuration:	Default	0
Server Address:	172.124.163.150	
Account Name:	L2TP_Remote_Users	
	Authentication Settings	
	Connect	

Test the L2TP over IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, the

Status connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

v4 C	onfiguration			
G /	Add 🗹 Edit	👕 Remove 🎈 Activate 🖗 Inactiva	ate 🍓 Connect 🍓 Disconnect ा Object Refe	erences
#				
1	💡 🖷	VPN_to_VPC	VPN_to_VPC	VPN_to_VPC_LOCAL/=VPN_to_V
2	,	VPN_to_Azure	VPN_to_Azure	<pre>«VPN_to_Azure_LOCAL/«VPN_to_</pre>
3	,	Hub_HQ_to_Branch_A	Hub_HQ_to_Branch_A	VPN_to_VPC_LOCAL/spoke_Brok
4	,	Hub_HQ_to_Branch_B	Hub_HQ_to_Branch_B	Hub_HQ/a Spoke_Branch_B_LOC
5	,	Spoke_Branch_A	Spoke_Branch_A	<pre>spoke_Branch_A_LOCAL/aHub_</pre>
6	, P	Spoke_Branch_B	Spoke_Branch_B	<pre>spoke_Branch_B_LOCAL/aHub_H</pre>
7	💡 🕀	WIZ_VPN_Branch	WIZ_VPN_Branch	<pre>«WIZ_VPN_Branch_LOCAL/«WIZ_V</pre>
8	9 🏨	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	WIZ_L2TP_VPN	WIZ_L2TP_VPN_LOCAL/

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec** and verify the tunnel **Up Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic. Click **Connectivity Check** to verify the result of ICMP Connectivity.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec > WIZ_L2TP_VPN



				Connectiv	rity Check		?X			
					tivity Check	20.10				
				IP Add	ress: 172.100	5.30.10				
						OK	Cancel			
- D	isconnect 🤮	Connection Cl	neck							
#										Outbound
1	N/A	N/A	WIZ_L2TP	10.214.30.87<>	10.214.30.87	D: 10.214	260	3360	1512(7081	785(96722

Result	×
į	ICMP Connectivity Check PASS on WIZ_L2TP_VPN
	ОК

功能有問題無法截圖, connectivity check fail

Go to ZyWALL/USG MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec and verify the Current L2TP Session.

Current L2TP Session						
6	Disconnect <i>ಿ</i> Refresh					
#	User Name	Hostname	Assigned IP	Public IP		
1	L2TP_Remote_Users	Apple MAC OS X	192.168.30.10	36.226.103.25		

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > L2TP over IPSec > L2TP_Remote_Users

Apple_MAC_OS_X

Go to MAC OS X System Preferences... > Network and show Connected status,

Connect Time and assigned IP Address.

System Preferences... > Network

L	ocation: Automatic		0	
Wi-Fi Connected	Connect Time:	Connected 0:00:02 192.168.30.10	Sent: Received:	800000000
	Configuration:	Default		٥
	Server Address:	172.124.163.1	50	
	Account Name:	L2TP_Remote_L	Jsers	
		Authenticatio	n Settings	
		Disconnect		

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [alert] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG L2TP Allowed User or User/Group Settings. Apple MAC OS X El Capitan operating system users must use the same Username and Password as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the L2TP VPN.

 # Time
 Priority
 Category
 Message
 Note

 6
 2017-06...
 alert
 L2TP Over IPS...
 User L2TP_Remote_Users has been denied from L2TP service.(Incorrect Username or Password)
 L2TP_LOG

If you see [info] or [error] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Apple MAC OS X El Capitan operating system users must use the same **Pre-Shared Key** as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the IKE SA.

Priority			
info	IKE	Send:[NOTIFY:INVALID_PAYLOAD_TYPE]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Invalid payload type in encrypted payload chain, possibly because of different pre-shared keys	IKE_LOG
Detection	0-1	Maxana	Note
Priority	Category	Message	
info	Category IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG

347/751



If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process has completed but still get [info] log message as below, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. ZyWALL/USG unit must set correct **Local Policy** to establish the IKE SA.

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[ID] : Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] Phase 2 Local policy mismatch	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HA\$H][\$A][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [WIZ_L2TP_VPN] Phase 2 proposal mismatch	IKE LOG
	ii xe	tori i former [miz_zzn _ mig made z proposarmismateri	
info	IKE	Recv:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG

Ensure that the L2TP Address Pool does not conflict with any existing LAN1, LAN2, DMZ, or WLAN zones, even if they are not in use.

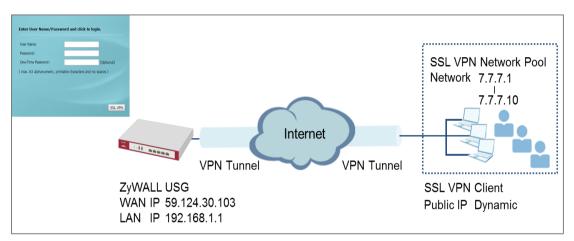
If you cannot access devices in the local network, verify that the devices in the local network set the USG's IP as their default gateway to utilize the L2TP tunnel.

Make sure the ZyWALL/USG units' security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

Verify that the Zone is set correctly in the Zone object. This should be set to IPSec_VPN Zone so that security policies are applied properly.

How to configure if I want user can only see SSL VPN Login button in web portal login page

This example shows how to strict portal access for SSL VPN clients. The example instructs how to allow end users to only see the SSL VPN Login button in the web portal login screen and the administrator can only manage the device from LAN.



ZyWALL/USG only see SSL VPN Login button in web portal login page

℃ Vote:

All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG60 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the DNS Service

In this scenario, you need to have a DNS host to fulfill the requirement. In this example, go to https://www.noip.com/ to register an account and create a DNS host. The following mapping IP address is the public IP of the ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address.

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG SSL VPN Setting

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Global Setting

> SSL VPN Login Domain Name and type in the DNS domain name.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Global Setting > SSL VPN Login Domain Name

Global Settings					
Network Extension Local IP:	192.168.200.1				
SSL VPN Login Domain Name					
SSL VPN Login Domain Name 1	zyxeltestssl.ddns.net	(Optional)			
SSL VPN Login Domain Name 2	(Optional)				
Message					
Login Message:	Welcome to SSL VPN				
Logout Message:	Goodbye to SSL VPN				

Use SSL VPN, you need to allow users to access the HTTPS service. Go

to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**. Make sure the security policy allows **HTTPS** traffic from the **WAN** interface to the **ZyWALL** (the example shows the default settings).

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control

eneral Se													
🗹 Enable	Polic	y Control											
v4 Config	guratio	on											
Allow /	Asymn	netrical Route											
🕂 Add	🗹 Eo	dit 🍵 Remove	💡 Activate	♥ Inactivate	e 科 Move	🖹 Clone							
Pri St	N	lame	From	То	IPv4 Sour	IPv4 Des	Service	User	Schedule	A	Log	UTM Profile	
1 🤤	L	AN1_Outgoing	LAN1	any (Exc	any	any	any	any	none	all	no		
2 💡	L	AN2_Outgoing	■LAN2	any (Exc	any	any	any	any	none	all	no		
з 🂡	C	MZ_to_WAN	= DMZ	■WAN	any	any	any	any	none	all	no		
4 💡) IF	Sec_VPN_Ou	IPSec	any (Exc	any	any	any	any	none	all	no		
5 💡	S	SL_VPN_Outg	SSL_VPN	any (Exc	any	any	any	any	none	all	no		
6 🤤	Т	UNNEL_Outgo		any (Exc	any	any	any	any	none	all	no		
7 🤤	L	AN1_to_Device	LAN1	ZyWALL	any	any	any	Default_Allow_	WAN TO 7VWA		no		
8 🤤	L	AN2_to_Device	LAN2	ZyWALL	any	any	any	Description:			no		
9 💡		MZ_to_Device	<u>= DMZ</u>	ZyWALL	any	any		System Default Al	low From WAN To	ZyWALL	no		
10 💡	v	VAN_to_Device	• WAN	ZyWALL	any	any	•Default	Members: AH			no		
11 💡) IF	Sec_VPN_to	<pre>IPSec</pre>	ZyWALL	any	any	any	ESP HTTPS			no		
•• •) ^	· · · · · · · ·						IKE					
						Apply	Reset	NATT GRE					

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG System Setting

Go to CONFIGURATION > System > WWW > Admin Service Control > Add Admin

ACL Rule 1. Set the address access action as Deny for ALL address in WAN.

CONFIGURATION > System > WWW > Admin Service Control > Add Admin ACL Rule 1

🕂 [HTTPS] Add Admin ACL Rule1					
🛅 Create new Objec	.† ▼				
Address Object: Zone: Action:	ALL WAN Deny	× ×			
Action:	Deny	ок	Cana		

HTTPS						
Enable						
Server Port:	443					
🗆 Authenticate Client Certificate	See <u>Trusted CAs</u>)					
Server Certificate:	default 👻					
Redirect HTTP to HTTPS						
Admin Service Control						
🔂 Add 🗹 Edit 🍵 Remove 📣 N	love					
#▲ Zone	Address	Action				
1 «WAN	ALL	deny				
- ALL	ALL	accept				
	ow 50 🗸 items		Displaying 1 - 2 of 2			

Test the SSL VPN

Type in the URL (https://sslvpnzyxeltest.ddns.net) and you will only see the SSL VPN Login button in the web portal screen.

Type in the URL (https://sslvpnzyxeltest.ddns.net)

$\epsilon \rightarrow c$	A Not secure bttps://220.137.85.169	☆	:
	ZYXEL		
	VPN300		
	Enter User Name/Password and click to login.		
	8		
	Login denied		
	Login SSL VPN		
	 Note: 1. Turn on Javascript and Cookie setting in your web browser. 2. Turn off Popup Window Blocking in your web browser. 3. Turn on Java Runtime Environment (JRE) in your web browser. 4. Allow Gears if you are using Google Chrome. 		

Login to the device via the WAN interface with the administrator's user name and password. The screen will show **Login denied**.



Login to the device via the WAN interface

← '	→ C	A Not secure https://220.137.85.169	☆	:
		ZYXEL		
		VPN300		
		Enter User Name/Password and click to login.		
		8		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		Login denied		
		Login SSL VPN		
		 Note: 1. Turn on Javascript and Cookie setting in your web browser. 2. Turn off Popup Window Blocking in your web browser. 3. Turn on Java Runtime Environment (JRE) in your web browser. 4. Allow Gears if you are using Google Chrome. 		

Login to the device via the LAN interface with the administrator's user name and password. The management portal will be displayed.



Login to the device via the LAN interface

← → C 💽 https://192.168.	1.1	<u>ನ</u>
	VPN300 Enter User Name/Password and click to login. admin admin Login SSL VPN	
	 Note: 1. Turn on Javascript and Cookie setting in your web browser. 2. Turn off Popup Window Blocking in your web browser. 3. Turn on Java Runtime Environment (JRE) in your web browser. 4. Allow Gears if you are using Google Chrome. 	

← → C	🗜 🔀 🗤 🕼 ://192.168.1.1/ext-js	/index.html	\$
ZYX	XEL VPN300	🕒 Logout 😰 H	elp 🕕 About 🚓 Site Map 🕞 Object Reference 💼 CLI
	General VPN		÷
(@)			O
/	CPU Usage		10 / 100 / 1000
See 1	Memory Usage 21 %		P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7 P8
25	Flash Usage	Device Information	
	USB Storage Usage 0/0 MB	System Name VPN300	Boot Status OK
	Active Sessions 61/2000000	Serial Number S172L15290016 MAC Address Range	Firmware Version <u>V4.30(ABFC.0)b1s1/2017-06-0921:43:11</u> Firmware Upgrade License
	DHCP Table 2 Host(s)	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0B ~ B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:12 System Uptime 02:57:33	Not Licensed Current Date/Time 2017-07-07 / 06:23:43 UTC+00:00
	Device HA 000 Switch Counter	Tx/RxStatics	Port Selection: P1



Go to **MONITOR > Log**. You can see that the admin login has been denied

access from the WAN interface but it is allowed from the LAN interface.

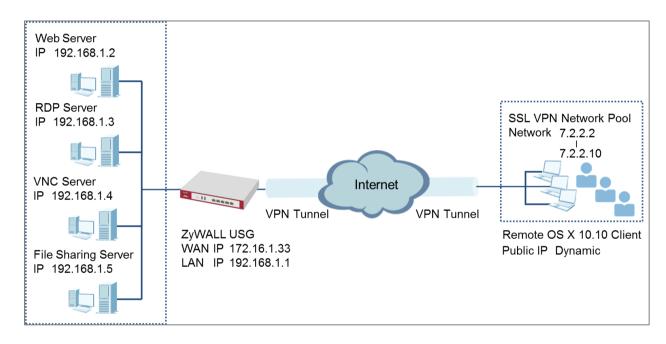
MONITOR > Log

Logs					
Categon	/:	User			
🖂 Emai	l Log N	w 🛛 🛞 Refresh 🛛 🛷 Clear Log			
Priority					
notice	User	Administrator admin(MAC=00:16:36:2B:B4:2F) from http:/https has logged out Device	192.168.1.34	192.168.1.1	Account: admin
notice	User	Administrator admin(MAC=00:16:36:28:84:2F) from http:/https has logged in Device	192.168.1.34	192.168.1.1	Account: admin
notice	User	User admin has been denied access from HTTPS	10.214.30.55:5	10.214.30.90:443	Account: admin

How to Deploy SSL VPN with Apple Mac OS X 10.10 Operating System

This is an example of using the ZyWALL/USG SSL VPN client software in Apple MAC OS X 10.10 Yosemite operating systems for secure connections to the network behind the ZyWALL/USG. When the VPN tunnel is configured, users can securely access the network from a Mac OS X 10.11 Yosemite computer.

ZyWALL/USG SSL VPN with Apple MAC OS X 10.10 Yosemite



Note: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and Apple MAC (Version: OS X10.10 Yosemite).



Set Up the SSL VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege** to add an **Access Policy**. Configure a **Name** for you to identify the SSL VPN configuration.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege > Access Policy > Configuration

Configuration		
🗹 Enable Policy		
Name:	SSL_VPN_1	
Zone:	SSL_VPN	✓ 0
Description:	New Create	(Optional)

Go to **Create new Object > User** to add **User Name** (SSL_VPN_1_Users in this example) and **Password** (4-24 characters, zyx168 in this example), click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege > Access Policy > Create new Object > User

• • • • •			
G Add Access Policy	_		
Create new Object			
User			
Application			
Address /			
Name:	SSL_VPN_1		
Zone:	SSL_VPN	× ()	
Description:	New Create	(Optional)	
🕂 Add A User			? ×
-			
User Configuration	on		
User Name :		SSL_VPN_1_Users	
Lines Turney		user 💌	
User Type:		User V	
Password:		•••••	
Retype:		•••••	
Description:		Local User	-
			OK Cancel
			OK Cancel



Go to Create new Object > Application to add servers you allow SSL_VPN_1_Users to access, click OK.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege > Access Policy > Create new Object > Application

🕂 Add SSL Application	?	X	🕂 Add SSL Application		?>
🛅 Create new Object'	•		III Show Advanced Settin	ngs 🛅 Create new Object 🔻	
Object		Î	Object		í
Туре:	Web Application		Type:	Web Application	
Web Application			Web Application		
Server Type: Name: URL: Entry Point:	Web Server Internal_Server http://192.168.1.2 (Optional)	L	Server Type: Name: Server Address(es):	RDP × RDP	(IP or FQDN)
Web Page Encryp	tion	-			OK Cancel
• Add SSL Application	7	?×	Add SSL Application Show Advanced Set	ttings	?[
Object Type:	File Sharing		Object Type:	Web Application	
File Sharing Name: Shared Path:	File_Share		Web Application Server Type: Name: Server Address(es):	VNC × VNC User Defined ×	(IP or FQDN)
	OK Co	incel			OK Cancel

Go to Create new Object > Address to add the IP address pool for

SSL_VPN_1_Users.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege > Access Policy > Create new Object > Address

🗹 Edit Access Policy	/		
🛅 Create new Obje	ect	Add Address Rule	?×
User Application Address Vame: Zone:	SSL_VPN_1 SSL_VPN M	Name: SSL_VPN_POOL Address Type: RANGE Starting IP Address: 7.2.2.2 End IP Address: 7.2.2.10	▲
Description:	New Create (Optional)	ОК	Cancel

Then, move the just created address object to **Selected User/Group Objects**.

Similarly, in **SSL Application List (Optional)** move the servers you want available to

SSL users to Selected Appellation Objects.



CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege > Access Policy >

User/Group & SSL Application

User/Group	
Selectable User/Group Objects	Selected User/Group Objects
billing-users	
ua-users	
trial-users	←
L2TP_Remote_Users	
SSL_VPN_1_Users 👻	
SSL Application List (Optional)	
Selectable Application Objects	Selected Application Objects
Internal_Server	
RDP	
VNC	←
File_Share	

Scroll down to **Network Extension (Optional)** to select **Enable Network Extension** to allow SSL VPN users to access the resources behind the ZyWALL/USG local network.

Select network(s) name in the **Selectable Address Objects** list and click the right arrow button to add to the **Selected Address Objects** list. You can select more than one network.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege > Access Policy > Network Extension (Optional)



Network Extension (Optional)					
🗹 Enable Network Exter	nsion (Full Tunnel Ma	ode)			
🔲 Force all client traffic	to enter SSL VPN tu	nnel 🕕			
🔲 NetBIOS broadcast o	ver SSL VPN Tunnel				
Assign IP Pool:	SSL_VPN_POOL	▼			
DNS Server 1:	none	~			
DNS Server 2:	none	~			
WINS Server 1:	none	×			
WINS Server 2:	none	~			
Network List					
Selectable Address Object	s	Selected Address Objects			
DMZ_SUBNET	<u> </u>				
IP6to4-Relay					
LAN2_SUBNET					
RFC1918_1	•				

Set Up the SSL VPN Tunnel on the Apple MAC OS X 10.10

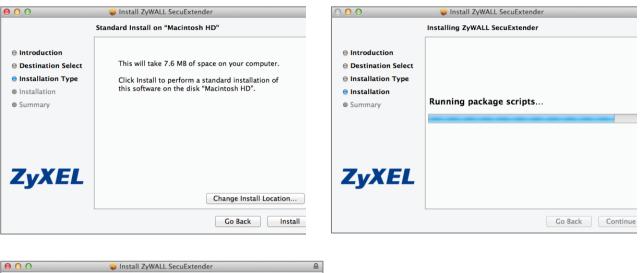
Operating System

Download SSL VPN Client software: **ZyWALL SecuExtender** for MAC from the ZyXEL

Global Website and double-click on the downloaded file to install it.

0 0	📚 Install ZyWALL SecuExtender	00	🥪 Install ZyWALL SecuExtender
	Welcome to the ZyWALL SecuExtender Installer		Select a Destination
Introduction		Introduction	Select the disk where you want to install the ZyWALL SecuExtender software.
Destination Select	You will be guided through the steps necessary to install this software.	Destination Select	
Installation Type	install this software.	Installation Type	
Installation		Installation	
Summary		Summary	Macintosh HD 481.33 GB available 499.25 GB total
			Installing this software requires 7.6 MB of space.
ZyXEL		ZyXEL	You have chosen to install this software on the disk "Macintosh HD".
	Go Back Continue		Go Back Contin

www.zyxel.com





Go to **ZyWALL SecuExtender > Preferences**, click the "+" button at the bottom left to add a new SSL VPN connection.

ZYXEL



Configure the **Connection Name** for you to identify the SSL VPN configuration. Then, set the **Remote Server Address** to be the WAN IP of ZyWALL/USG (172.16.1.33 in this example). Click **Save**.



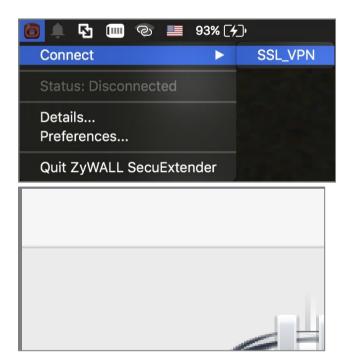


Here are two methods to initiate SSL VPN connections:

From ZyWALL SecuExtender From a Web Browser

From ZyWALL SecuExtender

Go to **ZyWALL SecuExtender > Connect > SSL_VPN**, to display the username and password dialog box. Set **Username** and **Password** to be the same as your ZyWALL/USG SSL VPN **Selected User/Group** name and password (SSL_VPN_1_Users/zyx168 in this example).



From a Web Browser

Type ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP into the browser, to display the login screen. Enter User Name and Password to be the same as your ZyWALL/USG SSL VPN Selected User/Group name and password (SSL_VPN_1_Users/zyx168 in this example). Click SSL VPN.

••• • •	172.16.1.33	00+
	ZYXEL VPN100 Enter User Name/Password and click to login.	
	3 <u>33L</u> VPN_1_Utern	
	Login SSL VPN Note I. Turn (int Torsson that and Cacoble setting in your web torsware. 2. Turn and Popula Window Exacting in your web torsware 3. Jun on Taxes Functions Printement (2015) in your web torsware 4. Allow Careful in your area using Georgia Chorene.	

Test the SSL VPN Tunnel

Go to ZyWALL/USG **MONITOR > VPN Monitor > SSL** and verify the tunnel **Login Address**, **Connected Time** and the **Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes)** traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > SSL > SSL_VPN_1_Users

Currer	t SSL VPN Connection					
@ , C	Disconnect 😯 Refresh					
#						
1	SSL_VPN_1_Users	Network-Extension	10.214.30.104	00:01:39	9390	503

Go to ZyWALL SecuExtender > Details and check Traffic Graph, Network Traffic Statics and Log Details.



ZyWALL SecuExtender > Details > Traffic Graph

● ○ ○	Details	
172.16.1.3	}	•
Status:		Connected
Onnected Time:		1 minute, 28 seconds
😄 Client IP:		7.2.2.2
😑 Server IP:		172.16.1.33
DNS:		N/A
WINS:		N/A
Route/s:		192.168.1.0/24
A	↑↓	
1 КВ О КВ		
In: 84 B/s	Out: 84 B/s	

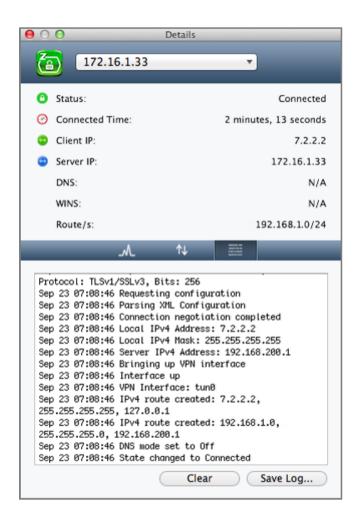
ZyWALL SecuExtender > Details > Network Traffic Statics

ZYXEL

$\Theta \cap \Theta$	Details
172.16.1.33	•
Status:	Connected
Onnected Time:	1 minute, 34 seconds
Client IP:	7.2.2.2
Server IP:	172.16.1.33
DNS:	N/A
WINS:	N/A
Route/s:	192.168.1.0/24
м	↑↓
Network 1	Traffic Statistics
TCP/UDP In: 4.76 KB	TUN/TAP In: 4.76 KB
TCP/UDP Out: 4.76 KB	TUN/TAP Out: 4.76 KB

ZyWALL SecuExtender > Details > Log Details

ZYXEL



What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [notice] or [alert] log message such as below, please check

ZyWALL/USG SSL **Selected User/Group Objects** settings. MAC OS X 10.10 Yosemite users must use the same **Username** and **Password** as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the SSL VPN tunnel.

Priority	Category	Message	Note
notice	SSL VPN	Failed login attempt to SSLVPN from http/https (incorrect password or inexistent username)	Account: SSL_VPN_1
alert	User	Failed login attempt to Device from http/https (incorrect password or inexistent username)	Account: SSL_VPN_1



If you uploaded a logo to show in the SSL VPN user screens but it does not display properly, check that the logo graphic is in GIF, JPG, or PNG format. The graphic should use a resolution of 103 x 29 pixels to avoid distortion when displayed. The ZyWALL/USG automatically resizes a graphic of a different resolution to 103 x 29 pixels. The file size must be 100 kilobytes or less. Transparent background is recommended.

If users can log into the SSL VPN but cannot see some of the resource links check the SSL application object's configuration.

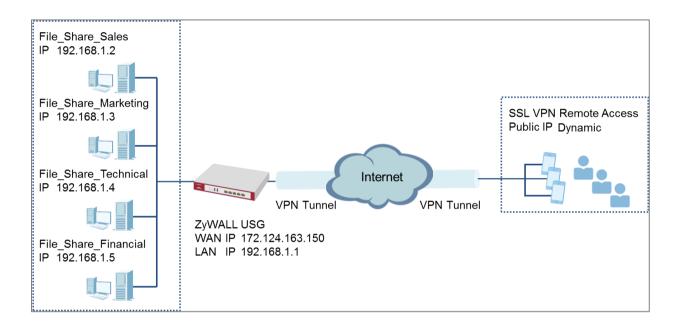
If the ZyWALL/USG redirects the user to the user aware screen, check whether the user account is included in an SSL VPN access policy or not.

Changing the HTTP/HTTPS configuration disconnects SSL VPN network extension sessions. Users need to re-connect if this happens.

How To Configure SSL VPN for Remote Access Mobile Devices

This is an example of using the ZyWALL/USG SSL VPN for remote access mobile devices to securely connect to the File Sharing Server behind the ZyWALL/USG.

ZyWALL/USG SSL VPN for Secure External Access to Network Resources



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG1900 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



Set Up the SSL VPN Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege** to add an **Access Policy**. Configure a **Name** for you to identify the SSL VPN configuration.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege > Access Policy > Configuration

Configuration		
Enable Policy		
Name:	SSL_VPN_1	
Zone:	SSL_VPN 💌	0
Description:	New Create	(Optional)

Go to **Create new Object > User** to add **User Name** (SSL_VPN_1_Users in this example) and **Password** (4-24 characters, zyx168 in this example), click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege > Access Policy > Create new Object > User



🕂 Add Access Policy			
🔠 Create new Object	•		
User			
Application			
Address /			
Name:	SSL_VPN_1		
Zone:	SSL_VPN	× 1	
Description:	New Create	(Optional)	
User Configuration			
User Name :	SSL_VPN	1_1_Users	
User Type:	user	~	
Password:	•••••		
Retype:	•••••		
Description:	Local Us	ser ,	-
		OK Cancel	

Go to Create new Object > Application to add servers that you will allow

SSL_VPN_1_Users to access. Click **OK**.



CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege > Access Policy > Create

Add SSL Application		?≍	Add SSL Application		?×
🛅 Create new Object	•		🛅 Create new Object 🔻		
Object			Object		
Туре:	File Sharing 💌		Туре:	File Sharing 💌	
File Sharing			File Sharing		
Name:	File_Share_Sales		Name:	File_Share_Marketing	
Shared Path:	\\192.168.1.2\\$ales		Shared Path:	\\192.168.1.3\Marketing	
		OK Cancel			OK Cancel
Add SSL Application		?×	Add SSL Application		? ×
🛅 Create new Object 🔻	7		🛅 Create new Object 🔻		
Object		^	Object		
Туре:	File Sharing 💌		Type:	File Sharing 💌	
File Sharing			File Sharing		
Name:	File_Share_Technical		Name:	File_Share_Financial	
Shared Path:	\\192.168.1.4\Technical		Shared Path:	\\192.168.1.5\Financial	

new Object > Application

Then, move the just created address object to Selected User/Group Objects.

Similarly, in SSL Application List (Optional) move the servers you want available to

SSL users to Selected Application Objects.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > SSL VPN > Access Privilege > Access Policy >

User/Group & SSL Application

🕂 Add SSL Applicatio	on	?×	Add SSL Application	?×
🛅 Create new Objec	ct▼		🛅 Create new Object 🔻	7
Object			Object	
Type:	File Sharing		Туре:	File Sharing
File Sharing			File Sharing	
Name:	File_Share_Sales		Name:	File_Share_Marketing
Shared Path:	\\192.168.1.2\\$ales		Shared Path:	\\192.168.1.3\Marketing
		OK Cancel		OK Cancel
🕂 Add SSL Applicatio	n	?×	+ Add SSL Application	?×
🛅 Create new Objec	st▼		🛅 Create new Object 🖲	•
Object		A	Object	
Туре:	File Sharing 👻		Type:	File Sharing
File Sharing			File Sharing	
Name:	File_Share_Technical		Name:	File_Share_Financial
Shared Path:	\\192.168.1.4\Technical		Shared Path:	\\192.168.1.5\Financial
		OK Cancel		OK Cancel

Test the SSL VPN Tunnel

Type the ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP into the browser, then the login screen appears. Enter **User Name** and **Password** to be the same as your ZyWALL/USG **SSL VPN Selected User/Group** name and password (SSL_VPN_1_Users/zyx168 in this example). Click **SSL VPN**.

	•	172.124.163	.150	Ç
	ZyXEL USG1900		and click to login. SSL_VPN_1_Users	
		Password: One-Time Password: (max. 63 alphanumeric, printabl	(Optional) e characters and no spaces)	
<	>	Û		

The File Sharing server appears.



Click the File Sharing folder you want to access, enter User Name/ Password of your File Sharing server and click Login.

File Sharing
Enter User Name/Password and click to login.
User Name: Financial_Admin
Password:
(max. 31 alphanumeric, printable characters and no spaces)
Login Cancel

Now you can securely access the files.

	€ 172.124.163	.150 C
ZyXEL	Application File Sharing	e SSL VPK 1. Users i Locout (* Add to Favorite (* Help English
	File Share Tipe-File Name New Folder Tenne Type-File Name State State Shareholders Cash_Flow_Statement State Balance_Sheet Income_Statement Size destop.pl Type Trive	
	i 4 Page [] of 1 ≥ > Show (60 w literes	

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [notice] or [alert] log message such as below, please check ZyWALL/USG SSL **Selected User/Group Objects** settings. Windows 10 users must use the same **Username** and **Password** as configured in ZyWALL/USG to establish the SSL VPN tunnel.

Priority			
notice	SSL VPN	Failed login attempt to SSLVPN from http:/https (incorrect password or inexistent username)	Account: SSL_VPN_1
alert	User	Failed login attempt to Device from http/https (incorrect password or inexistent username)	Account: SSL_VPN_1

If you uploaded a logo to show in the SSL VPN user screens but it does not display properly, check that the logo graphic is in GIF, JPG, or PNG format. The graphic should use a resolution of 103 x 29 pixels to avoid distortion when displayed. The ZyWALL/USG automatically resizes a graphic of a different resolution to 103 x 29 pixels. The file size must be 100 kilobytes or less. Transparent background is recommended.

If users can log into the SSL VPN but cannot see some of the resource links check the SSL application object's configuration.

If the ZyWALL/USG redirects the user to the user aware screen, check whether the user account is included in an SSL VPN access policy or not.

Changing the HTTP/HTTPS configuration disconnects SSL VPN network extension sessions. Users need to re-connect if this happens.

How to Configure an SSL VPN Tunnel (with SecuExtender version 4.0.0.1) on the Windows 10 Operating System

Set up the SSL VPN Tunnel with Windows 10

Please download SecuExtender version 4.0.0.1 from the download library of ZyXEL's official website.

ZYWALL IPSec VPN Client	Software	ZyWALLIPSecVPNClient37204.611 3	Windows 7 3 2bit/Windo ws 7 64bit/ Windows 8 32bit/Wind ows 8 64bit/ Windows 10 32bit/Wind ows 10 64bit	0	May 24, 2017	88	88
SecuExtender	Software	SecuExtender_MacOSX11.5	Mac 10X/ M AC 10.8/ MA C 10.9/ MAC 10.10	•	Mar 15, 2017	BB	88
SecuExtender	Software	SecuExtender_Windows4.0.2.0	Windows X P/ Windows 7 32bit/ Win dows 7 64bi t/ Windows 8 32bit/ Win dows 8 64bi t/ Windows 10 32bit/ Wi ndows 10 64 bit	0	Jan 18, 2017	66	88

Before you start installing the SecuExtender, it is required to install the "Visual C++ 2015 Redistributable" package first. Click **Next**, select **I agree to the license terms and conditions**, and click **Install** to complete the Visual C++ 2015 Redistributable installation. After that, the setup wizard appears. Please note that the users need to reboot their systems after the SecuExtender installation is completed.

ZYXEL

 CyWALL SecuExtender Setup
 X

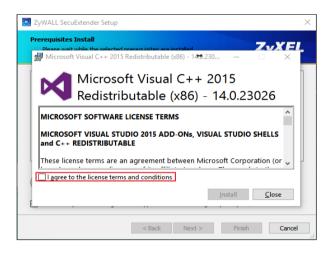
 Prerequisites
 These programs are needed for the application to run. Click on the check box
 CyXEL

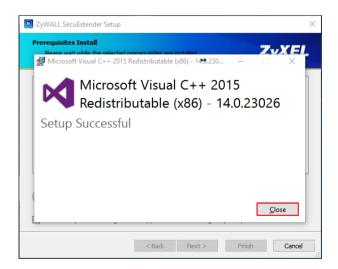
 Name
 Version
 Action

 Visual C ++ 2015 Redistributable x86
 Required: any. Found: nothing.
 Install

 Download Folder:
 C: Users ladmin Downloads SecuExtender SecuExtender Win
 Browse...

 Press the Next button to install the prerequisites.
 Kext >
 Finish
 Cancel



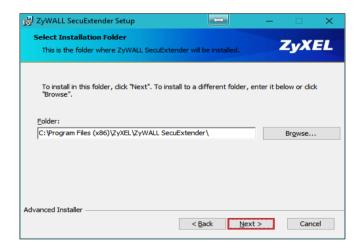


377/751

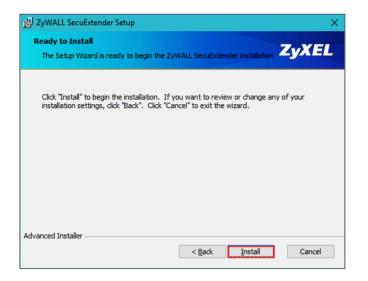
www.zyxel.com



😸 ZyWALL SecuExtender Setup	×
Configure Shortcuts Create application shortcuts	ZyXEL
Create shortcuts for ZyWALL SecuExtender in the following locations:	
Desktop	
Start Menu Programs folder	
Advanced Installer	····
< <u>B</u> ack <u>Next</u> >	Cancel



www.zyxel.com





😼 Install	er Information		\times
i	changes made to ZyW	system for the configuration ALL SecuExtender to take effect. ow or "No" if you plan to manually	
	<u>Y</u> es	No	

379/751



Double-click the shortcut icon on your desktop. It is the same as the SSL VPN standalone software on MAC OS X. Enter the server's IP or domain name, user name, and password to connect to the server. The example below shows that the client IP is 7.7.7.1 and you can also check the traffic statistic in the Status screen.

SecuExtender	SecuExtender
ZyXEL Login Status About	ZyXEL Login Status About
10.251.30.61 SSL_user1 ••••• Remember username	● Status Connected Time: 17 s Status: Connected Client IP: 7.7.7.1 Server IP: 10.251.30.61 DNS: 192.168.200.1 WINS: n/a Route/s: 192.168.203.0/24
Disconnect Connect	• Network Traffic Statistics
	Transmitter 14.11 K Bytes 176 Pkts Received 15.76 K Bytes 47 Pkts

You can verify the connection status from the computer's taskbar icon.



🧧 🛐 🗊 📜 🕩 When connected, the icon is blue.

🧿 🔁 🗊 🔁 🕩 When disconnected, the icon is red.

You can also use the USG monitor screen to check the login list of the users.

urre	nt User List					
&	Force Logout					
#	User ID	Reauth/Lease Time	Туре	IP Address	MAC	User Info
1	SSL user1	23:59:17/23:59:47	SSLVPN	10.251.30.56/7.7.7.1	3C:97:0E:30:0E:B8	user(SSL user1)

What Can Go Wrong?

1 If you see a [notice] or [alert] log message such as shown below, please check the ZyWALL/USG SSL's Selected User/Group Objects settings. Windows 10 users must use the same Username and Password as configured in the ZyWALL/USG to establish the SSL VPN tunnel.

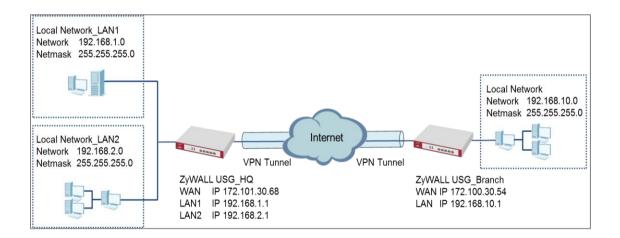


Priority	Category	Message	Note
notice	SSL VPN	Failed login attempt to SSLVPN from http/https (incorrect password or inexistent username)	Account: SSL_VPN_1_Users
alert	User	Failed login attempt to Device from http/https (incorrect password or inexistent username)	Account SSL_VPN_1_Users

- 2 If you have uploaded a logo to show on the SSL VPN user screens but it does not display properly, check if the logo graphic is in GIF, JPG, or PNG format. The graphic should use a resolution of 103 x 29 pixels to avoid distortion when displayed. The ZyWALL/USG automatically resizes a graphic of a different resolution to 103 x 29 pixels. The file size must be 100 kilobytes or less. Transparent background is recommended.
- 3 If users can log into the SSL VPN but cannot see some of the resource links, check the SSL application object's configurations.
- 4 If the ZyWALL/USG redirects the user to the user aware screen, check whether the user account is included in an SSL VPN access policy or not.
- 5 If you have changed the HTTP/HTTPS configuration, the SSL VPN network extension sessions will be disconnected. The sessions need to be reconnected if this happens.

How to redirect multiple LAN interface traffic to the VPN tunnel

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN with multiple LAN access to the VPN tunnel. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site and redirect multiple LAN interface traffic to the VPN tunnel. When the VPN tunnel is configured, multiple LAN subnets can be accessed securely.



ZyWALL Site-to-site IPSec VPN with multiple LAN access

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network (HQ)

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click **Next**.

VPN Setup Wizard Welcome VPN Settings - Wizard Type - VPN Settings - Wizard Completed VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning - Wizard Type - VPN Settings - Wizard Completed VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings - VPN Settings - General Settings - Wizard Completed Upon completion of the Wizard Setup i. VPN Tunnel and VPN Gateway are automatically configured/generated ii. Policy Route is automatically configured/generated

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

Choose **Express** to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2 settings and use a pre-shared key to be the authentication method. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type



/PN Setup		
Vizard Type	PN Settings > Wizard Completed	
	2 3	
	e type of VPN policy you wish to return	
	e type of VPN policy you wish to setup.	
lease sele Type of VP		

Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Select the rule to be **Site-to-site**. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)

VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Express Settings IKE Version
IKEv1
© IKE∨2
Scenario
Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_HQ
Site-to-site
© Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer
© Remote Access (Server Role)
Remote Access (Client Role)

Configure **Secure Gateway** IP as the peer ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.100.30.54). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the peer ZyWALL/USG.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed
2 Express Settings Configuration	
Secure Gateway:	10.214.30.77 (IP or FQDN)
Pre-Shared Key:	zyxel123
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 255.255.255.0

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed
2	
Express Settings	
Summary	
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ
Secure Gateway:	10.214.30.77
Pre-Shared Key:	zyxel123
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard	
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > W	Vizard Completed
2	3
Express Settings	
Congratulations. The VPN /	Access wizard is completed
Summary	
Summary Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_HQ
Summary Rule Name: Secure Gateway:	WIZ_VPN_HQ 10.214.30.77
Rule Name:	
Rule Name: Secure Gateway:	10.214.30.77

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway and click Show Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Peer ID Type as Any to let the ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication				
Pre-Shared Key	••••			
🗖 unmasked				
© Certificate	default	~	(See <u>My Certificates</u>)	
O User Based PSK	admin	~	0	
Advance				
Local ID Type:	IP∨4	*		
Content:	0.0.0			
Peer ID Type:	Any	~		
Content:	10.214.30.77			

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG IPSec VPN Tunnel of Corporate Network (Branch)

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard**, use the **VPN Settings** wizard to create a VPN rule that can be used with the remote ZyWALL/USG. Click **Next**.



Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome

VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Welcome
VPN Settings
- Wizard Type
- VPN Settings
- Wizard Completed
VPN Settings for Configuration Provisioning
- Wizard Type
- VPN Settings
- Wizard Completed
VPN Settings for L2TP VPN Settings
- VPN Settings
- General Settings
- Wizard Completed
Upon completion of the Wizard Setup
i. VPN Tunnel and VPN Gateway are automatically configured/generated
ii. Policy Route is automatically configured/generated

Choose Express to create a VPN rule with the default phase 1 and phase 2 settings

and to use a pre-shared key. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type

VPN Setup Wizard
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed
Please select the type of VPN policy you wish to setup.
Type of VPN policy
Express
O Advanced

Type the **Rule Name** used to identify this VPN connection (and VPN gateway). You

may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters. This value is case-sensitive. Click Next.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Scenario)



VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed				
Express Settings IKE Version				
© IKEv2 Scenario				
Rule Name: WIZ_VPN_Branch Site-to-site Site-to-site with Dynamic Peer Remote Access (Server Role) Remote Access (Client Role)				

Configure **Secure Gateway** IP as the peer ZyWALL/USG's WAN IP address (in the example, 172.101.30.68). Type a secure **Pre-Shared Key** (8-32 characters).

Set **Local Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the ZyWALL/USG and **Remote Policy** to be the IP address range of the network connected to the peer ZYWALL/USG.

VPN Setup Wizard		
Wizard Type > VPN Settings >	Wizard Completed	
2		
Express Settings		
Configuration		
Secure Gateway:	10.214.30.106	(IP or FQDN)
Pre-Shared Key:	zyxel123	
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0	255.255.255.0
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Configuration)

This screen provides a read-only summary of the VPN tunnel. Click **Save**.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings (Summary)

VPN Setup Wizard					
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
2					
Express Settings					
Summary					
Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch				
Secure Gateway:	10.214.30.106				
Pre-Shared Key:	zyxel123				
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0				
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0				

Now the rule is configured on the ZyWALL/USG. The Phase 1 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway screen and the Phase 2 rule settings appear in the VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection screen. Click Close to exit the wizard.

Quick Setup > VPN Setup Wizard > Welcome > Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed

VPN Setup Wizard	VPN Setup Wizard				
Wizard Type > VPN Settings > Wizard Completed					
Express Settings Congratulations. The VPN Access wizard is completed					
Summary Rule Name:	WIZ_VPN_Branch				
Secure Gateway:	10.214.30.106				
Pre-Shared Key: zyxel123					
Local Policy (IP/Mask):	Local Policy (IP/Mask): 192.168.10.0 / 255.255.255.0				
Remote Policy (IP/Mask):	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0				

Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway and click Show Advanced Settings. Configure Authentication > Peer ID Type as Any to let the ZyWALL/USG does not require to check the identity content of the remote IPSec router.



CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Show Advanced Settings > Authentication > Peer ID Type

Authentication				
Pre-Shared Key	••••			
🗖 unmasked				
© Certificate	default	~	(See My Certificates)	
O User Based PSK	admin	~	0	
Advance				
Local ID Type:	IP∨4	~		
Content:	0.0.0			
Peer ID Type:	Any	~		
Content:	10.214.30.77			

Set up the Policy Route (ZyWALL/USG_HQ)

Go to ZyWALL/USG_HQ **CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Add**. Set **Source Address** to be the subnet (192.168.2.0/24 in this example) allows joining the VPN tunnel. Set **Destination Address** to be the remote LAN subnet (192.168.10.0/24 in this example).



CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Add

🕂 Add Policy Route		?×
III Show Advanced Settings	🛅 Create new Object 🔻	
Configuration		^
Enable		
Description:	(C	Optional)
Criteria		
User:	any 💌	
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV 💌	
Source Address:	LAN2_SUBNET	
Destination Address:	WIZ_VPN_HQ_REM	
DSCP Code:	any 👻	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Service:	any 👻	
Next-Hop		
Type:	VPN Tunnel 💌	
VPN Tunnel:	WIZ_VPN_HQ 💌	•
		OK Cancel

Set up the Policy Route (ZyWALL/USG_Branch)

Go to ZyWALL/USG_Branch **CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Add**, create **Address** to be the remote LAN subnet (192.168.2.0/24 in this example) allows joining the VPN tunnel.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Address > Add

🕂 Add Address Rule		?×
Name:	HQ_LAN2_Subnet	A
Address Type:	SUBNET 🗸	
Network:	192.168.2.0	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
	ОК	Cancel

Go to ZyWALL/USG_Branch **CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Add**. Set **Source Address** to be the local subnet (192.168.10.0/24 in this example). Set **Destination Address** to be the remote LAN subnet (192.168.2.0/24 in this example) allows joining the VPN tunnel.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Add

🕂 Add Policy Route		?×
🏢 Show Advanced Settings 🛅 Create	new Object 🔻	
		<u>^</u>
Configuration		
Enable		
Description:		(Optional)
Criteria		
User:	any 💌	
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV 💌	
Source Address:	LAN1_SUBNET 💌	
Destination Address:	HQ_LAN2_Subnet 💌	
DSCP Code:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Service:	any 💌	
Next-Hop		
Туре:	VPN Tunnel 💌	
VPN Tunnel:	WIZ_VPN_Branch 💙	
		OK Cancel



Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

Go to ZYWALL/USG CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection, click

Connect on the upper bar. The **Status** connect icon is lit when the interface is connected.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection

IPv4 Confi	guration							
🔂 Add	🗹 Edit	📋 Remove	💡 Activate	Inactivate	🝓 Connect	Disconnect	🖷 Object References	
# St								
1 💡 🍓 WIZ_VPN_HQ		WIZ_VF	°N_HQ		«WIZ_VPN_HQ_LOCAL/«WIZ_VPN			

Go to ZyWALL/USG MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec and verify the tunnel Up Time

and Inbound(Bytes)/Outbound(Bytes) Traffic.

MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec

	net 😫 Connection Check											
#										Outbound		
1	\$162L44290	VPN100	WIZ_VPN	192.168.1.0/24<	10.214.30	P: 10.214.3	1260	72180	31(1674 b	31(1860 b		

To test whether or not a tunnel is working, ping from a computer at one site to a computer at the other. Ensure that both computers have Internet access (via the IPSec devices).

PC at HQ Office > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.10.33

```
C: Documents and Settings ZyXEL>ping 192.168.10.33

Pinging 192.168.10.33 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=18ms TTL=54

Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54

Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=54

Reply from 192.168.10.33: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=54

Ping statistics for 192.168.10.33:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 16ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 17ms
```

PC at Branch Office > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.1.33

```
C: Vocuments and Settings VyXEL>ping 192.168.1.33

Pinging 192.168.1.33 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=32ms TTL=43

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43

Reply from 192.168.1.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.33:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms
```

PC at Branch Office > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.2.33

```
C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL>ping 192.168.2.33
Pinging 192.168.2.33 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.2.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.2.33: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.2.33: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=43
Reply from 192.168.2.33: bytes=32 time=32ms TTL=43
Ping statistics for 192.168.2.33:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 32ms, Average = 28ms
```

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log



Priority	Category	Message	
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [HQ1] Phase 1 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG

If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

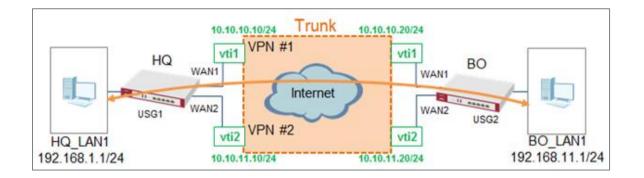
Priority	Cate	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HA\$H][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [BO1] Phase 2 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HA\$H][\$A][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG

Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.

Default NAT traversal is enable on ZyWALL/USG, please make sure the remote IPSec device must also have NAT traversal enabled.

How to Create VTI and Configure VPN Failover with VTI

This example illustrates how to create a VTI object and configure a policy route with the VTI. Furthermore, it applies the VTI to the WAN trunk to achieve VPN load balancing.



VPN Load Balance with VTI

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

VTI Deployment Flow

- 1 Configure the VPN gateways.
- 2 Configure a VPN tunnel for each VPN gateway with the application

scenario VPN Tunnel Interface.

- **3** Create a VTI for each VPN tunnel.
- 4 Create a trunk with the VTIs.
- **5** Configure a policy route.
- 6 Connect the VPN tunnels.



Set Up the ZyWALL/USG VTI of Corporate Network (HQ)

1 In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN

Gateway > Add to create the VPN gateway HQ1 with wan1.

CONFIGURATION >	VPN >	IPSec `	VPN >	VPN	Gateway	>	Add
------------------------	-------	---------	-------	-----	---------	---	-----

General Settings	
🗹 Enable	
VPN Gateway Name:	HQ1
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface	wan1 DHCP client 10.214.30.106/255.255.2!
🔍 Domain Name / IPv4	
Peer Gateway Address	
Static	Primary 10.214.30.77
Address	Secondary 0.0.0.0
E Fall back to Primary Peer (Gateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🜖	
Authentication	
Pre-Shared Key	



In the same screen, create the VPN gateway **HQ2** with **wan2**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Add

General Settings	
🗹 Enable	
VPN Gateway Name:	HQ2
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface	wan2 DHCP client 10.214.30.107/255.255.25
🔘 Domain Name / IPv4	
Peer Gateway Address	
🖲 Static 🔒	Primary 10.214.30.84
Address	Secondary 0.0.0.0
Fall back to Primary Peer	Gateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🚺	
Authentication	
Pre-Shared Key	•••••

3 Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Add and configure a VPN tunnel for the VPN gateway HQ1. Select VPN Tunnel Interface as the application scenario.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Add

General Settings		
🗹 Enable		
Connection Name:	HQ1	
Advance		
VPN Gateway		
Application Scenario		
© Site-to-site		
🔍 Site-to-site with Dynami	c Peer	
© Remote Access (Server	Role)	
© Remote Access (Client	Role)	
Vpn Tunnel Interface		
VPN Gateway:	HQ1	wan1 10.214.30.77, 0.0.0.0
Phase 2 Setting		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)

4

In the same screen, create a VPN tunnel for the VPN gateway HQ2.

Select **VPN tunnel Interface** as the application scenario.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Add

General Settings		
🗹 Enable		
Connection Name:	HQ2	
Advance		
VPN Gateway		
Application Scenario		
© Site-to-site		
© Site-to-site with Dynami	c Peer	
© Remote Access (Server	Role)	
© Remote Access (Client	Role)	
Vpn Tunnel Interface		
VPN Gateway:	HQ2 💌	wan2 10.214.30.84, 0.0.0.0
Phase 2 Setting		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)

5 Go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI > Add to create a VTI

for the VPN tunnel **HQ1**. Enable the connectivity check. Enter the IP address of **vti1**, which is configured on **USG2**.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI > Add

General Settings		
🗹 Enable		
Interface Properties		
Interface Name:	vtil	
Zone:	IPSec_VPN 💌	0
vpn-rule:	HQ1 💌	0
IP Address Assignment		
IP Address:	10.10.10.10	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Metric:	0	(0-15)

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI > vti1 > Connectivity Check

Connectivity Check		
Enable Connectivity Check		
Check Method:	icm; 🗙	
Check Period:	30	(5-600 seconds)
Check Timeout:	5	(1-10 seconds)
Check Fail Tolerance:	5	(1-10)
Check this address:	10.10.10.	20

6

In the same screen, create a VTI for the VPN tunnel **HQ2**.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI > Add

General Settings		
🗹 Enable		
Interface Properties		
Interface Name:	vti2	
Zone:	IPSec_VPN	* ()
vpn-rule:	HQ2	× 🕕
IP Address Assignment		
IP Address:	10.10.11.10	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Metric:	0	(0-15)



CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI > vti2 > Connectivity Check

Connectivity Check	
Enable Connectivity Check	
Check Method:	icmr 💌
Check Period:	30 (5-600 seconds)
Check Timeout:	5 (1-10 seconds)
Check Fail Tolerance:	5 (1-10)
Check this address:	10.10.11.20

7 Go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Trunk > User

Configuration > Add to create a new trunk. Add vti1 and vti2 to the new trunk.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Trunk > User Configuration > Add

Name	e:	HQ_vti_trunk	
Load	Balancing Algorithm:	Least Load First	*
Load	Balancing Index(es):	Outbound	*
C A	dd 🧧 Edit 🍵 Remov	a Maya	
#		Mode	Egress Bandwidth
#			Egress Bandwidth 1048576 kbps
	Member	Mode	<u> </u>

8

Go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Policy Route > Add to

configure a policy route.

Source Address: LAN1_SUBNET (192.168.1.0/24)

Destination Address: BO_subnet (192.168.11.0/24)

Next-Hop: HQ_vti_trunk

SNAT: none

CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Policy Route > Add

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Configuration		
☑ Enable		
Description:		(Optional)
Criteria		
User:	any 💌	
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV 💌	
Source Address:	LAN1_SUBNET	
Destination Address:	BO_subnet 💌	
DSCP Code:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Service:	any 👻	
Next-Hop		
Type:	Trunk 💌	
Trunk:	HQ_vti_trunk 💌	
DSCP Marking		
DSCP Marking:	preserve 💌	
Address Translation		
Source Network Address Translation:	none 💌	

9 Connect the VPN tunnels when the VTIs are ready. Go to

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection to connect the VPN tunnels.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Connect

VPN Conne	tion	/PN Gateway	Con	centrator	Configuration Provisioning		
Jobal Setting	Configuration Walkthrough	🔯 Troubles	shooting	Download VPN Client			
		dynamic IPSec	rules				
Incare "Dee	A Common and the	tting in IPv4 hec	nder 🔒				
ingnore Dor	i rragmeni se						
lignore Dor	i rragmeni se	ning in i vanec					
v4 Configurat							
Pv4 Configurat	on			vate 🍓 Conn	nect 📵 Disconnect 🖷 Object Reference	5	
Pv4 Configurat	on dit 🃋 Remove				nect 🖷 Disconnect 🌾 Object Reference N Gateway	s Policy	
Pv4 Configurat	on dit 🎁 Remove N	e 🂡 Activate			'N Gateway		
Pv4 Configurat	on dit 🎁 Remove N H	e 💡 Activate ame		VP	N Gateway २१	Policy	_

10 Go to **CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI**. You will see that the status of the VTI is up when the corresponding VPN tunnel is established.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI



Port R	Role	Ethernet	PPP	Cellular	Tunnel	VLAN	Bridge	VTI	Trunk	
Configu	uration									
🕂 Ac	dd 🗹 E	dit 🍵 Remov	ve 🂡 Ac	tivate 🖗 Inac	ctivate 🛛 📴 O	bject Refere	ences			
#										
1	💡 🏨	∨ti1		10.10	0.10.10/24				HQ1	
2	💡 🏨	vti2		10.10	0.11.10/24				HQ2	
	(Page	1 of 1 >	I Sho	w 50 💌 iten	ns					Displaying 1 - 2 of 2

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG VTI of Corporate Network (Branch)

1 In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN

Gateway > Add to create the VPN gateway BO1 with wan1.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Add

General Settings	
Enable	
VPN Gateway Name:	BO1
IKE Version	
IKEv1	
© IKEv2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface	wan1 THCP client 10.214.30.77/255.255.255
Domain Name / IPv4	
Peer Gateway Address	
Static	Primary 10.214.30.106
Address	Secondary 0.0.0.0
Fall back to Primary Peer	Gateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🚺	
Authentication	
Pre-Shared Key	•••••

2 In the same screen, create the VPN gateway **BO2** with **wan2**.

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Gateway > Add

General Settings	
Enable	
VPN Gateway Name:	BO2
IKE Version IKEv1	
© IKE∨2	
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface	wan2 DHCP client 10.214.30.84/255.255.255
Domain Name / IPv4	
Peer Gateway Address	
🖲 Static 🔒	Primary 10.214.30.107
Address	Secondary 0.0.0.0
Fall back to Primary Peer	Gateway when possible
Fall Back Check Interval:	300 (60-86400 seconds)
🔍 Dynamic Address 🛛 🚺	
Authentication	
Pre-Shared Key	•••••

3 Go to CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Add and

configure a VPN tunnel for the VPN gateway **BO1**. Select **VPN Tunnel Interface** as the application scenario.

General Settings		
🗹 Enable		
Connection Name:	BO1	
Advance		
VPN Gateway		
Application Scenario		
© Site-to-site		
Site-to-site with Dynamic	Peer	
Remote Access (Server R	(ole)	
Remote Access (Client R	ole)	
Vpn Tunnel Interface		
VPN Gateway:	BO1 💌	wan1 10.214.30.106, 0.0.0.0
Phase 2 Setting		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Add



4

5

In the same screen, create a VPN tunnel for the VPN gateway **BO2**.

Select VPN tunnel Interface as the application scenario.

General Settings		
🗹 Enable		
Connection Name:	BO2	
Advance		
VPN Gateway		
Application Scenario		
© Site-to-site		
Site-to-site with Dynam	ic Peer	
Remote Access (Serve	r Role)	
Remote Access (Clien	t Role)	
Vpn Tunnel Interface		
VPN Gateway:	BO2	✓ wan2 10.214.30.107, 0.0.0.0
Phase 2 Setting		
SA Life Time:	86400	(180 - 3000000 Seconds)

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Add

for the VPN tunnel **BO1**. Be aware that the IP address of this VTI must be in the same subnet as **vti1** on **USG1**.

Go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI > Add to create a VTI

In this example, the IP address and subnet mask of **vti1** on **USG1** is **10.10.10.10** and **255.255.255.0** respectively. The IP address of **vti1** on **USG2** must be in the subnet of **10.10.10.0/24**. Enable the connectivity check. Enter the IP address of **vti1**, which is configured on **USG1**.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI > Add

General Settings		
🗹 Enable		
Interface Properties		
Interface Name:	vtil]
Zone:	IPSec_VPN	0
vpn-rule:	BO1 ¥	0
IP Address Assignment		
IP Address:	10.10.10.20]
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0]
Metric:	0	(0-15)

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI > vti1 > Connectivity Check

Connectivity Check		
Enable Connectivity Check		
Check Method:	icmŗ 🕶	
Check Period:	30	(5-600 seconds)
Check Timeout:	5	(1-10 seconds)
Check Fail Tolerance:	5	(1-10)
Check this address:	10.10.10	10

6 In the same screen, create a VTI for the VPN tunnel **BO2**. Be aware that the IP address of this VTI must be in the same subnet as **vti2** on **USG1**. In this example, the IP address and subnet mask of **vti2** on **USG1** is **10.10.11.10** and **255.255.255.0** respectively. The IP address of **vti2** on **USG2** must be in the subnet of **10.10.11.0/24**. Enable the connectivity check. Enter the IP address of **vti2**, which is configured on **USG1**.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI > Add

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General Settings		
🗹 Enable		
Interface Properties		
Interface Name:	vti2	
Zone:	IPSec_VPN	0
vpn-rule:	BO2 💌	0
IP Address Assignment		
IP Address:	10.10.11.20	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Metric:	0	(0-15)

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI > vti1 > Connectivity Check

Connectivity Check		
🗹 Enable Connectivity Check		
Check Method:	icmŗ 👻	
Check Period:	30	(5-600 seconds)
Check Timeout:	5	(1-10 seconds)
Check Fail Tolerance:	5	(1-10)
Check this address:	10.10.11.	10

7 Go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Trunk > User

Configuration > Add to create a new trunk. Add vti1 and vti2 to the new trunk.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Trunk > User Configuration > Add

		BO_vti_trunk	
Load	Balancing Algorith	hm: Leasi Load F	irsi +
Load	Balancing Index(e	es): Outbound	*
	add 📝 Edit 🍵 Re	emove 📲 Move	
-	Add 🗹 Edit 🍵 Re	-	Faron Randwidth
-	Add 🗹 Edit 🍵 Re Member	emove 🙌 Move Mode	Egress Bandwidth
#	Member	-	Egress Bandwidth 1048576 kbps
-	Member vti1 vti2	Mode	

Go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Policy Route > Add to

configure a policy route.

Source Address: LAN1_SUBNET (192.168.11.0/24)

Destination Address: HQ_subnet (192.168.1.0/24)

Next-Hop: BO_vti_trunk

SNAT: none

8

Configuration		
✓ Enable		
Description:		(Optional)
Criteria		
User:	any 💌	
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV 💌	
Source Address:	LAN1_SUBNET 💌	
Destination Address:	HQ_subnet 💌	
DSCP Code:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Service:	any 💌	
Next-Hop		
Туре:	Trunk 💌	
Trunk:	BO_vti_trunk 💌	
DSCP Marking		
DSCP Marking:	preserve 💌	
Address Translation		
Source Network Address Translation:	none 💌	

CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Policy Route > Add

9

Connect the VPN tunnels when the VTIs are ready. Go to

CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection to connect the VPN tunnels.



CONFIGURATION > VPN > IPSec VPN > VPN Connection > Connect

Configuration		
☑ Enable		
Description:		(Optional)
Criteria		
User:	any 💌	
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV 💌	
Source Address:	LAN1_SUBNET	
Destination Address:	HQ_subnet 💌	
DSCP Code:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Service:	any 💌	
Next-Hop		
Туре:	Trunk 💌	
Trunk:	BO_vti_trunk 💌	
DSCP Marking		
DSCP Marking:	preserve 💌	
Address Translation		
Source Network Address Translation:	none 💌	

10 Go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI. You will see that the

status of the VTI is up when the corresponding VPN tunnel is established.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VTI

Port Role	Ethernet	PPP	Cellular	Tunnel	VLAN	Bridge	VTI	Trunk	
nfiguratio	n								
🕂 Add 🛛	🖞 Edit 🏾 🃋 Remo	ve 💡 Act	ivate 💡 Ina	ctivate 🛛 📴 C	bject Refere	ences			
1 🂡 🍕	vti1		10.1	0.10.20/24				BO1	
2 💡 🥊	vti2		10.1	0.11.20/24				BO2	
	ge 1 of 1		v 50 💌 iter						

Test the IPSec VPN Tunnel

1 To test whether or not a tunnel is working, ping from a PC in LAN1 of USG1 to a PC in LAN1 of USG2 and vice versa.

PC of USG1 (192.168.1.34) > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.11.33

C:\Users>ping 192.168.11.33 -t						
Ping 192.168.11.33 (使用_32_位元組的資料)	>:					
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms						
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms	TTL=124					
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms	TTL=125					
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms						
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms						
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms	TTL=124					
回覆首 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms	TTL=125					
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms	TTL=124					

PC of USG2 (192.168.11.33) > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.1.34

C:\Users>ping 192.168.1.34 -t
Ping 192.168.1.34 (使用 32 位元組的資料):
回覆自 192.168.1.34: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=124
回覆自 192.168.1.34: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=125
回覆首 192.168.1.34: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=124
回覆自 192.168.1.34: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=125
回覆自 192.168.1.34: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=124
回覆自 192.168.1.34: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=125
回覆自 192.168.1.34: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=124
回覆自 192.168.1.34: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=125

2 To test whether or not VPN failover is working, unplug wan1 of USG1. Then

ping from a PC in LAN1 of USG1 to a PC in LAN1 of USG2 and vice versa.

Check the VPN status of the USG1 in the MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec screen.

A	🖏 Disconnect 🤮 Connection Check									
#										Outboun
1	\$162L44290	VPN100	HQ2	0.0.0.0/1<>0.0	10.214.30.107	P: 10.214.30.84	562	72878	205(11070	285(17100

PC of USG1 (192.168.1.34) > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.11.33

C:\Users>ping 192.168.11.33 -t							
Ping 192.168.11.33 <使用 32 位元組的資料>:							
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=125							
回覆首 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=124							
回覆首 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=125							
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=124							
回覆首 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=125							
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=124							
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=125							
回覆自 192.168.11.33: 位元組=32 時間=1ms TTL=124							



Check the VPN status of the USG2 in the MONITOR > VPN Monitor > IPSec screen.

n Disconnect 🔮 Connection Check										
1	\$162L44290	VPN100	HQ2	0.0.0/1<>0.0	10.214.30.107	P: 10.214.30.84	562	72878	205(11070	285(17100

C:∖Users>ping 192.168.	1.34 -t	
回覆自 192.168.1.34:	2元組=32「時間	当=1ms TTL=124
回覆自 192.168.1.34:	2元組=32 時間	当=1ms TTL=125
回覆自 192.168.1.34:	2元組=32 時間	当=1ms TTL=124
回覆自 192.168.1.34:	2元組=32 時間	当=1ms TTL=125
回覆自 192.168.1.34:	2元組=32 時間	当=1ms TTL=124
回覆自 192.168.1.34:	2元組=32 時間	当=1ms TTL=124
回覆自 192.168.1.34: 作	Z元組=32 時間	曽=1ms TTL=124
回覆自 192.168.1.34: 作	Z元組=32 時間	皆=1ms TTL=125

PC of USG2 (192.168.11.33) > Window 7 > cmd > ping 192.168.1.34

What Can Go Wrong?

1 If you see below [info] or [error] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 1 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Pre-Shared Key, Encryption, Authentication method, DH key group and ID Type to establish the IKE SA.

MONITOR > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	[COOKIE] Invalid cookie, no sa found	IKE_LOG
Priority	Category	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [HQ1] Phase 1 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG

2 If you see that Phase 1 IKE SA process done but still get below [info] log message, please check ZyWALL/USG Phase 2 Settings. Both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites must use the same Protocol, Encapsulation, Encryption, Authentication method and PFS to establish the IKE SA.

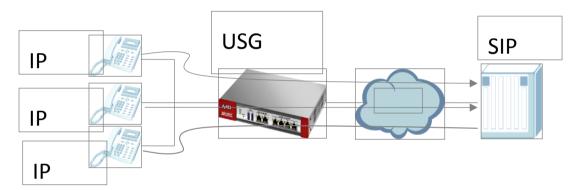
MONITOR > Log

Priority	Cate	Message	Note
info	IKE	Recv:[HA\$H][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][SA][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Send:[HASH][NOTIFY:NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : No proposal chosen	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	[SA] : Tunnel [BO1] Phase 2 proposal mismatch	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Recv:[HA\$H][\$A][NONCE][ID][ID]	IKE_LOG
info	IKE	Phase 1 IKE SA process done	IKE_LOG

- 3 Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites security policies allow IPSec VPN traffic. IKE uses UDP port 500, AH uses IP protocol 51, and ESP uses IP protocol 50.
- 4 Default NAT traversal is enable on ZyWALL/USG, please make sure the remote IPSec device must also have NAT traversal enabled.
- 5 Make sure the both ZyWALL/USG at the HQ and Branch sites use static IP address because VPN Tunnel Interface does not support dynamic peer.
- 6 Make sure policy routes are configured to control traffic between the subnet of HQ and Branch through VTI.
- 7 Make sure that the IP address of VTI at the Branch must be in the same subnet as vti1 on HQ. For example, the IP address and subnet mask of vti1 on HQ is 10.10.10.10 and 255.255.255.0 respectively. The IP address of vti1 on the Branch must be in the subnet of 10.10.10.0/24; the IP address and subnet mask of vti2 on HQ is 10.10.11.10 and 255.255.255.0 respectively. The IP address of respectively. The IP address of vti2 on HQ is 10.10.11.10 and 255.255.255.0

How to configure the USG when using a Cloud Based SIP system

This example shows how to configure USG when there is a Cloud Based SIP system. The IP phones are more and more popular nowadays. USG supports the scenario as IP phones located in LAN and connect to internet to register the SIP server.



SIP Phone connects to SIP server via USG.

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG210 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the SIP ALG

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Network > ALG**, and check "**Enable SIP ALG**". Also, check the "**Enable SIP Transformations**" if the SIP content which is needed to be transform. Then click "**Apply**".

CONFIGURATION > Network > ALG

ALG								
SIP Settings								
🗹 Enable SIP ALG								
Enable SIP Transformations								
🗷 Enable Configure SIP Inactivity Tim	ieout							
SIP Media Inactivity Timeout :		120	(seconds)					
SIP Signaling Inactivity Timeout :		1800	(seconds)					
🗷 Restrict Peer to Peer Signaling Conne	ction							
🗷 Restrict Peer to Peer Media Connect	ion 🕕							
SIP Signaling Port :								
🕂 Add 🛛 Edit 🍵 Remove								
# Port▲								
1 5060								

Direct-media and Direct-signalling are activated after ZLD 4.25. We can use the CLI to show the status. When the two options are yes, it will change the original sip alg behavior.

direct-siginalling will expect incoming calls from register only.

direct-media will expect media streams between signalling endpoints only.

Test result

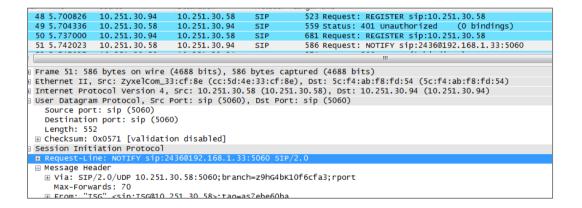
Connect SIP phone to the USG, and check the register status. Register successfully.

SIP Accounts							
#	Dis	play Name	Registration Server	Status	Registration		
1		2436	10.214.30.86	registered	Enable		
Check the SIP register status on PBX.							
# 🔺 Time	Priority	Category	Message				

# 🔺	Time	Priority	Category	Message
2	2017-07-07 04:20:	notice	PBX SIP	Extension '2436' registered successfully at 10.214.30.90:5061 with expire time 3276.
3	2017-07-07 04:20:	notice	PBX SIP	Extension 2436 registered successfully with expire time 3276

What could go wrong?

SIP phone does not support transform itself, but the "SIP Transformations" does not be checked.



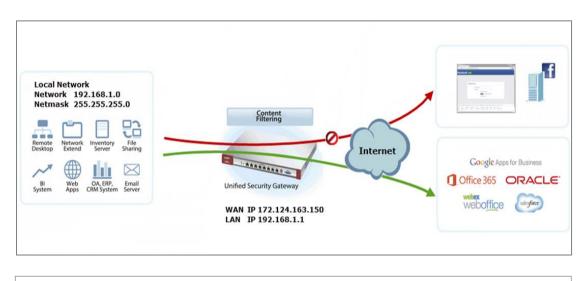
SIP phone will contact with outside as not direct-signalling and direct media, but the default setting on USG is on

How to block HTTPS websites by Domain Filter without applying SSL Inspection

The Content Filter with HTTPs Domain Filter allows you to block HTTPs websites by category service without SSL-Inspection. The filtering feature is based on more than 50 Managed Categories built in ZyWALL/USG such as pornography, gambling, hacking, etc.

When user makes HTTPS request, the information contains a Server Name Indication 414/751

(SNI) extension fields in server FQDN. Using the SNI to query category from Commtouch engine, then take action when it matches the block category in Content Filter profile.



ZyWALL/USG Domain Filter Example

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: 4.25)

Set Up the Content Filter on the ZyWALL/USG

Go to CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile > General Settings. Select Enable HTTPS Domain Filter for HTTPS traffic.

General Settings	Configuration Walkthrough	Troubleshooting Troubleshooting
Enable Conter Service	nt Filter Report	Report Server 🕕
🗹 Enable HTTPS 🛛	Domain Filter for H	HTTPS traffic 🛛 🟮
Drop connecti version	ion when HTTPS co	connection with SSL V3 or previous
Content Filter Ca Timeout:	tegory Service	10 (1~60 Seconds)

Go to CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile Management > Add Filter



Profile > Test Web Site Category. Type URL to test the category and click Test Against Content Filter Category Server.

Test Web Site Cate	ngory
URL to test:	https://www.faceboc
	Test Against Content Filter Category Server
If you think the	category is incorrect, click this link to submit a request to review it.

You will see the category recorded in the external content filter server's database for both HTTP and HTTPS Domain you specified.

Message 🛛 🖂
Content Filter Category: Social Networking HTTPS Domain Filter Category: Social Networking
ОК

Go to CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile Management > Add Filter File > Custom Service. Configure a Name for you to identify the Content Filter Profile and select Enable Content Filter Category Service. Select Block to prevent users from accessing web pages that match the managed categories that you select below. Select Log to record attempts to access web pages that match the unsafe categories that you select below.

General Settings						
License Status:	Licensed					
License Type:	Standard					
Name:	Social_Net_B	lock				
Description:		(Optional)				
Enable SafeSearch Enable Content Filter Category Service Log all web pages						
Action for Unsafe	Web Pages:	Block 💌	Log			
Action for Manag	jed Web Pages:	Block 💌	☑ Log			
Action for Unrate	Action for Unrated Web Pages: Warn 👻 🔲 Log					
Action When Cat Unavailable:	egory Server Is	Warn 💌	Log			

Scroll down to the **Managed Categories** section, select categories in this section to control access to specific types of Internet content. You must have the Content Filtering license to filter these categories.

Managed Categories	Managed Categories						
🗖 Advertisements & Pop-Ups	🗏 Alcohol/Tobacco	Arts					
🗖 Business	Transportation	Chat					
🗏 Forums & Newsgroups	Computers & Technology	Criminal Activity					
Dating & Personals	Download Sites	Education					
🔲 Entertainment	E Finance	Gambling					
🗖 Games	Government	🔲 Hate & Intolerance					
🗏 Health & Medicine	🔲 Illegal Drugs	🔲 Job Search					
🗏 Streaming Media & Downloads	News	🔲 Non-profits & NGOs					
🔲 Nudity	Personal Sites	Politics					
Pornography/Sexually Explicit	🔲 Real Estate	Religion					
🔲 Restaurants & Dining	Search Engines/Portals	Shopping					
🗹 Social Networking	🔲 Sports	Translators					
Travel	Violence	Weapons					
🔲 Web-based Email	🔲 General	Leisure & Recreation					
Cults	Fashion & Beauty	Greeting Cards					
🗖 Hacking	🔲 Illegal Software	🔲 Image Sharing					
Information Security	Instant Messaging	Peer to Peer					
Private IP Addresses	🔲 School Cheating	Sex Education					
Tasteless	Child Abuse Images						

Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. Scroll down to **UTM Profile**, select **Content Filter** and select a profile from the list box (Social_Net_Block in this example).

🗹 Enable		
Name:	Social_Network_Polic	
Description:		(Optional)
From:	LAN1 👻	
To:	WAN 👻	
Source:	any 👻	
Destination:	any 👻	
Service:	any 👻	
User:	any 👻	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Action:	allow 👻	
Log matched traffic:	no 💌	
UTM Profile		
Content Filter:	Social_Net_Block 💌	Log: by profile 💌
SSL Inspection:	none 💌	Log: by profile 💌

Set Up the System Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

Go to CONFIGURATION > System > WWW > Show Advanced Settings > Other, click Enable Content Filter HTTPS Domain Filter Block/Warn Page.

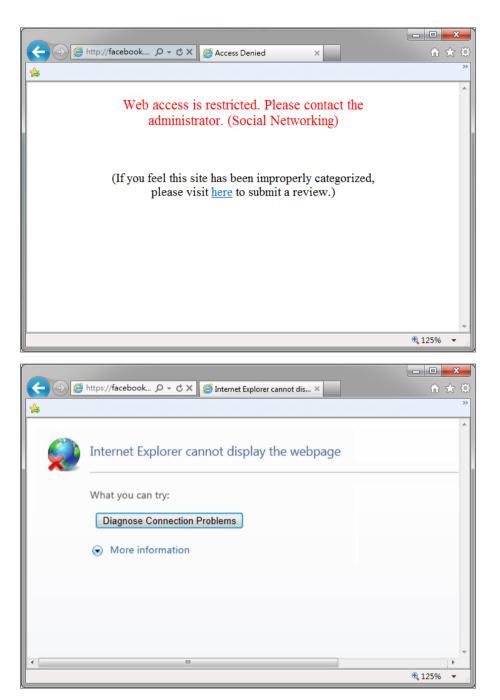
Other			
Enable Content Filter HTTPS	Domain Filter Block/Warn Page		
Block/Warn Page Port:	54088		
		Apply Reset	

Test the Result

Type http://<u>www.facebook.com</u>/ or https://<u>www.facebook.com</u>/ into the browser, the error message occurs.

www.zyxel.com





Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [alert] log message such as below. HTTP traffic log matches (Content Filter) and HTTPS traffic log matches (HTTPS Domain Filter) in message field.



www.zyxel.com

Monitor > Log

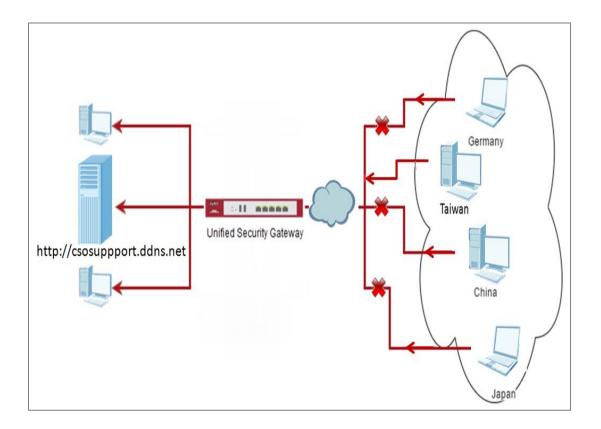
# 🔺	Time	Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
1	2016-03-17 02:22:39	notice	Security Policy Control	Match default rule, DROP [count=2]	10.251.31.91:17500	255.255.255.255:17500	ACCESS BLOCK
2	2016-03-17 02:33:09	alert	Blocked web sites	facebook.com : Social Networking, Rule_id=1 (Content Filter)	192.168.1.33:18424	66.220.158.68:80	WEB BLOCK
3	2016-03-17 02:22:35	alert	Blocked web sites	www.facebook.com : Social Networking, Rule_id=1 (HTTPS Domain Filter)	192.168.1.33:51728	31.13.79.220:443	WEB BLOCK

How to Configure Content Filter 2.0 with Geo IP Blocking

The Content Filter 2.0 - Geo IP blocking offers identify the country based on IP address, it allows you to block the client accessing to certain country based on organizational policy.

When user makes HTTP or HTTPS request, ZyWALL/USG query IP address from MaxMind database, then take action when it matches the block country in Content Filter profile. If you have a local web site and your primary market is local people, then there is no need to let any other countries index or waste bandwidth on your server.

Also this feature offer an easy and effective way to prevent bogus, bots, brute force hacks, vulnerability scanners, and web crawlers from other countries.





Set Up the Address Objet with Geo IP on the ZyWALL/USG

Go to CONFIGURATION > Object > Address/Geo IP > Address > Add Address Rule.

🕜 Edit Address Rule Taiwan				
Name:	Taiwan			
Address Type:	GEOGRAPHY	~		
Country:	Taiwan	~		
	0	12	Cancel	
	0	N.	Cancel	

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > Address/Geo IP > Address**, you can see the customized GEOGRAPHY address.

Addres	s Address Group Geo IP		
IPv4 A	ddress Configuration		
() A	dd 📝 Edit 🍵 Remove ा 📴 Object Referer	ices	
#	Name	Туре	IPv4 Address 🔻
1	wan2	INTERFACE IP	wan2-10.251.30.90
2	LAN2_SUBNET	INTERFACE SUBNET	lan2-192.168.2.0/24
3	LAN1_SUBNET	INTERFACE SUBNET	lan1-192.168.1.0/24
4	DMZ_SUBNET	INTERFACE SUBNET	dmz-192.168.3.0/24
5	Taiwan	GEOGRAPHY	Taiwan-All
6	IP6to4-Relay	HOST	192.88.99.1
7	l2tp_pool	RANGE	192.168.10.10-192.168.10.20
8	RFC1918_3	SUBNET	192.168.0.0/16
9	RFC1918 2	SUBNET	172.16.0.0/12

Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG



Go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. Set Geo IP traffic from WAN to LAN allow source from local country (geo_allow_policy in this example).

		?
geo_allow_policy		
	(Optional)	
WAN	~	
LAN1	~	
Taiwan	~	
any	*	
any	*	
any	*	
none	~	
allow	~	
log	~	
	WAN LAN1 Taiwan any any any none allow	(Optional)

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. Set traffic from WAN to LAN deny (geo_block_policy in this example).

0	Add corresponding				? ×
8	Create new Object -				
	✓ Enable Name: Description:	geo_block_policy		(Optional)	
	From:	WAN	~	1	
L	To:	LAN1	*]	
-	Source:	any	~	-	
	Destination:	any	~		
	Service:	any	~		
	User:	any	~		
	Schedule:	none	~	_	
	Action:	deny	~	1	
	Log denied traffic:	no	~	-	

Test the Result



Type <u>http://csosuppport.ddns.net/</u> into the browser, and the http can be reached.

~	\rightarrow C 🗋 csosupport.ddn	s.net						
fold	folder							
1								
	0 folders, 1 files - Total: 114.97 MB							
	Filename	Filesize	Filetime	Hits				
	USG1100_4.10(AAPK.0)C0.zip	114.97 MB	2016/3/16 上午 11:54:12	0				

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [notice] log message such as below. Traffic matches Geo IP policy will be blocked and shows in message field.

E Sh	Show Filter								
5 011									
Log	5								
Cat	egor	y:		All Logs	~				
	Em	nail Log Now 🍣	Refresh	💞 Clear Log					
#	ŧ	Time	Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note	
	1	2016-08-04 1	notice	Security Polic	priority:1, from WAN to LAN1, TCP, service others, DNAT Packet, ACC	114.34.247.205:641	192.168.1.34:80	ACCESS FOR	
	2	2016-08-04 1	notice	Security Polic	priority:1, from priority:1, from WAN to LAN1, TCP, service others, DNAT	Packet ACCEPT 05:641	192.168.1.34:80	ACCESS FOR	
	3	2016-08-04 1	notice	Security Polic	priority:1, from WAN to LAN1, TCP, service others, DNAT Packet, ACC		192.168.1.34:80	ACCESS FOR	
	4	2016-08-04 1	notice	Security Polic	priority:1, from WAN to LAN1, TCP, service others, DNAT Packet, ACC	114.34.247.205:641	192.168.1.34:80	ACCESS FOR	

What Could Go Wrong?

1. The Security Policy configured wrong. The traffic cannot access the LAN server.

#	Time	Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
5	2016-08-19 1	alert	Security Polic	Match default rule, DNAT Packet, DROP [count=3]	114.34.247.205:	192.168.1.34:80	ACCESS BLOCK
6	2016-08-19 1	alert	Security Polic	Match default rule, DNAT Packet, DROP [count=3]	114.34.247.205:	192.168.1.34:80	ACCESS BLOCK
Dago 1	of 1	Show 50	* itome				Displaying 1 2 of 2

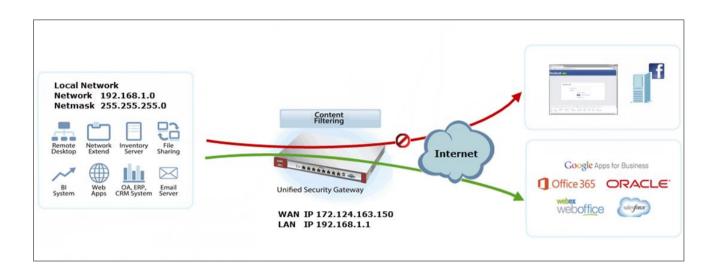
2. The Content-Filter service ix expired. Since Geo-IP server is bind with Content-Filter license, there must be available date for Content-Filter service.

How to Configure Content Filter 2.0 with HTTPs Domain Filter

Application Scenario

The Content Filter with HTTPs Domain Filter allows you to block HTTPs websites by category service without SSL-Inspection. The filtering feature is based on 64 categories built in ZyWALL/USG such as pornography, gambling, hacking, etc.

When user makes HTTPS request, the information contains a Server Name Indication (SNI) extension fields in server FQDN. Using the SNI to query category from local cache then cloud database, then take action when it matches the block category in Content Filter profile.



Set Up the Content Filter on the ZyWALL/USG

Go to CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile > General Settings. Select Enable HTTPS Domain Filter for HTTPS traffic.

General Settings	Troubleshooting Troubleshooting
Enable Content Filter Report Service	Report Server 🕕
🗹 Enable HTTPS Domain Filter for H	ATTPS traffic 0
Drop connection when HTTPS c version	connection with SSL V3 or previous
Content Filter Category Service Timeout:	10 (1~60 Seconds)

Go to CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile Management > Add Filter Profile > Test Web Site Category. Type URL to test the category and click Test Against Content Filter Category Server.

Test Web Site Category	
URL to test:	https://facebook.cor
	Test Against Content Filter Category Server
<u>If you think the catego</u>	ory is incorrect, click this link to submit a request to review it.

You will see the category recorded in the external content filter server's database for both HTTP and HTTPS Domain you specified.

Message 🛛
Content Filter Category: Social Networking HTTPS Domain Filter Category: Social Networking
ОК

Go to CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile Management > Add Filter File > Custom Service. Configure a Name for you to identify the Content Filter Profile and select Enable Content Filter Category Service. Select Block to prevent users from accessing web pages that match the managed categories that you select below. Select Log to record attempts to access web pages that match the unsafe categories that you select below.

General Settings				
License Status:	Licensed			
License Type:	Standard			
Name:	Social_Net_B	llock		
Description:		(Optionc	xi)	
Enable SafeSearch				
Enable Content Filte	er Category Ser	vice		
🔲 Log all web page	es			
Action for Unsafe W	/eb Pages:	Block 💌	Log	
Action for Manage	d Web Pages:	Block 💌	Log	
Action for Unrated	Web Pages:	Warn 👻	Log	
Action When Categ Unavailable:	gory Server Is	Warn 💌	Log	

Scroll down to the **Managed Categories** section, select categories in this section to control access to specific types of Internet content. You must have the Content Filtering license to filter these categories.

Category Service Custom Se	rvice	
Advertisements & Pop-Ups	🔲 Alcohol/Tobacco	Arts
🔲 Business	Transportation	Chat
🔲 Forums & Newsgroups	Computers & Technology	Criminal Activity
Dating & Personals	Download Sites	Education
🔲 Entertainment	🗖 Finance	Gambling
Games	Government	Hate & Intolerance
🔲 Health & Medicine	🔲 Illegal Drugs	🔲 Job Search
🔲 Streaming Media & Downloads	News	Non-profits & NGOs
🗖 Nudity	Personal Sites	Politics
Pornography/Sexually Explicit	🔲 Real Estate	🔲 Religion
🔲 Restaurants & Dining	Search Engines/Portals	Shopping
Social Networking	Sports	Translators
Travel	Violence	Weapons 🗌
🔲 Web-based Email	General	Leisure & Recreation
Cults	Fashion & Beauty	Greeting Cards
Hacking	🔲 Illegal Software	🔲 Image Sharing
Information Security	Instant Messaging	Peer to Peer

Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. Scroll down to **UTM Profile**, select **Content Filter** and select a profile from the list box (Social_Net_Block in this example).

🛅 Create new Object 🔻					
🗹 Enable					
Name:	Social_Net_Policy				
Description:			(Optional)		
From:	LAN2	~			
To:	WAN	~			
Source:	any	*			
Destination:	any	~			
Service:	any	*			
User:	any	~			
Schedule:	none	*			
Action:	allow	*			
Log matched traffic:	no	~			
UTM Profile					
Content Filter:	Social_Net_Block	•	Log: by profile		

Set Up the System Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

Go to CONFIGURATION > System > WWW > Show Advanced Settings > Other, click Enable Content Filter HTTPS Domain Filter Block/Warn Page.

Other	
Enable Content Filter HTTPS Do	omain Filter Block/Warn Page
Block/Warn Page Port:	54088
	Apply Reset

Test the Result

Type http://<u>www.facebook.com</u>/ or https://<u>www.facebook.com</u>/ into the browser, the error message occurs.



Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [alert] log message such as below. HTTP traffic log matches (Content Filter) and HTTPS traffic log matches (HTTPS Domain Filter) in message field.

Monitor > Log

#	Time	Pri					Note
28	20	alert	Blocked w	facebook.com : Social Networking, Rule_id=1, SSI=N (HTTPS Domain	192.168.2.3	1 31	WEB BLOCK
29	20	alert	Blocked w	$facebook.com: Social Networking, Rule_id=1, SSI=N (HTTPS Domain$	192.168.2.3	□ 31	WEB BLOCK
30	20	alert	Blocked w	facebook.com : Social Networking, Rule_id=1, SSI=N (HTTPS Domain	192.168.2.3	□ 31	WEB BLOCK

What Could Wrong?

1. "Enable HTTPS Domain Filter for HTTPS traffic" is not checked.

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ZYXEL

Profile	Trusted Web Sites Forbidden Web Sites				
General Set	tings = Configuration Valkthrough Troubleshooting Content Filter				
Enable Service	Content Filter Report Report Server (1)				
🔲 Enable	HTTPS Domain Filter for HTTPS traffic 🛛 🕕				
Drop connection when HTTPS connection with SSL V3 or previous version					
Content Fi Timeout:	Iter Category Service 10 (1~60 Seconds)				

HTTPs traffic will pass.

https://www.facebook.com	
f 搜尋人、地點和事物	Q

How to block the client accessing to certain country using Geo IP and Content Filter

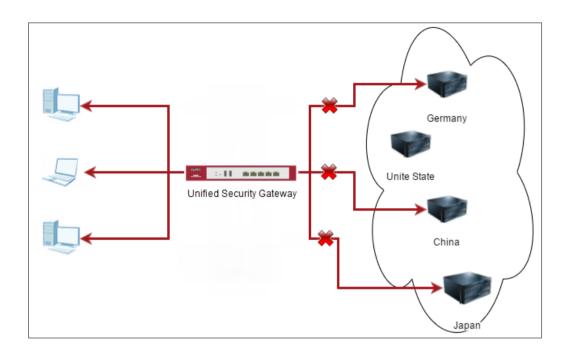
The Content Filter with Geo IP offers identify the country based on IP address, it allows you to block the client accessing to certain country based on organizational policy.

When user makes HTTP or HTTPS request, ZyWALL/USG query IP address from MaxMind database, then take action when it matches the block country in Content Filter profile.

ZyWALL/USG Geo IP Example

www.zyxel.com

ZYXEL



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: 4.25)

Check Geo IP License Status on the ZyWALL/USG

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration > Service**, the **Geo IP Service** should be **Licensed** to configure this feature.



#	Service	Status	Service Type	Expiration	Count	Action	
1	Content Filter 2.0	Licensed	Standard	2018-7-6	N/A	<u>Renew</u>	
2	SSL VPN Service	Licensed	Standard		60	<u>Buy</u>	
3	Managed AP Service	Default	Standard		4	<u>Buy</u>	
4	Zymesh Service	Not Licens			N/A		
5	Concurrent Device Upgr	Default	Standard		200	<u>Buy</u>	
6	Device HA Pro	Not Licens			N/A	<u>Buy</u>	
7	Firmware Upgrade Service	Not Licens			N/A		
8	SecuReporter	Not Licens			N/A	<u>Buy</u>	-

Set Up the Address Objet with Geo IP on the ZyWALL/USG

Go to CONFIGURATION > Object > Address/Geo IP > Address > Add Address Rule.

🔁 Add Address Rule		?×
Name: Address Type:	geol GEOGRAPHY	
Country:	China 🗸	
		_
	OK Ca	ncel

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > Address/Geo IP > Address**, you can see the customized GEOGRAPHY address.

G A	dd 📝 Edit 🍵 Remove	🕞 Object Reference	es	
#	Name 🔺	Туре	IPv4 Address	
1	DMZ_SUBNET	INTERFACE SUBNET	ge6-192.168.3.0/24	0
2	IP6to4-Relay	HOST	192.88.99.1	0
3	LAN_SUBNET_GE4	INTERFACE SUBNET	ge4-192.168.1.0/24	0
4	LAN_SUBNET_GE5	INTERFACE SUBNET	ge5-192.168.2.0/24	0
5	RFC1918_1	SUBNET	10.0.0/8	1
6	RFC1918_2	SUBNET	172.16.0.0/12	1
7	RFC1918_3	SUBNET	192.168.0.0/16	1
8	Taiwan	GEOGRAPHY	Taiwan-All	1
9	geol	GEOGRAPHY	China-All	0
10	geo2	GEOGRAPHY	Germany-All	0

Go to CONFIGURATION > Object > Address/Geo IP > Address Group> Add Address Group Rule, add all customized GEOGRAPHY address into the same Member object.



Add Address Grou Group mempers	p Rule				?
Name:	geo_block	(
Description:					
Address Type:	GEOGRAF	'HY	•		
Member List					
Available			Member		
=== Objec Taiwan	ct ===				
geol					
geo2		-			
		-			
					۱.
				ОК	Cance

Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. Set deny Geo IP traffic from LAN to WAN (geo_block_policy in this example).

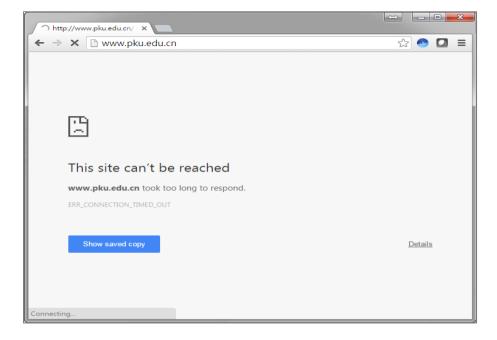
ZYXEL

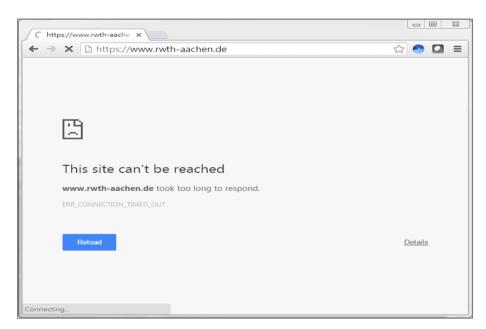
🕂 Add corresponding			? ×
🔠 Create new Object 🔻			
🛛 Enable			
Name:	geo_block_polic	у	
Description:			(Optional)
From:	LAN1	~	
To:	WAN	~	
Source:	any	~	
Destination:	geo_block	~	
Service:	any	~	
User:	any	~	
Schedule:	none	~	
Action:	deny	~	
Log denied traffic:	log alert	~	
			OK Cancel

Test the Result

Type https://www.rwth-aachen.de/ into the browser, sites can't be reached.







Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [notice] log message such as below. Traffic matches Geo IP policy will be blocked and shows in message field.

.ogs										
Cate	gory:		1	All Logs	•					
Ē	mail Lc	g Nov	v 🛞 Refrest	h 💞 Clear Log						
#										
1	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=2]	192.168.2.3	61	ACCESS BLOCI
2	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=2]	192.168.2.3	<mark>‱</mark> 115	ACCESS BLOCK
3	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=2]	192.168.2.3	61	ACCESS BLOC
4	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=2]	192.168.2.3	= 115	ACCESS BLOC
5	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=3]	192.168.2.3	— 137	ACCESS BLOCK
6	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=3]	192.168.2.3	— 137	ACCESS BLOCK
7	2	al	Security P	Match default ru	le, DROP [coun	t=6]		10.214.30.3	10.214	ACCESS BLOC
8	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=3]	192.168.2.3	61	ACCESS BLOC
9	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=3]	192.168.2.3	61	ACCESS BLOC
10	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=3]	192.168.2.3	61	ACCESS BLOC
11	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=3]	192.168.2.3	61	ACCESS BLOC
12	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=3]	192.168.2.3	61	ACCESS BLOC
13	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=3]	192.168.2.3	61	ACCESS BLOC
14	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=3]	192.168.2.3	1 62	ACCESS BLOC
15	2	al	Security P	priority:1, from LA	N2 to WAN, TC	P, service others,	DROP [count=3]	192.168.2.3	162	ACCESS BLOC
17	0		Soourity D	priority 1 from 1 A		D convigo others	DBOB (count-2)	100 170 0 0		ACCESS BLOC

How to Restrict Web Portal access from the Internet

This example shows how to use the VPN Setup Wizard to create a site-to-site VPN with multiple LAN access to the VPN tunnel. The example instructs how to configure the VPN tunnel between each site and redirect multiple LAN interface traffic to the VPN tunnel. When the VPN tunnel is configured, multiple LAN subnets can be accessed securely.

ZyWALL/USG Restrict Web Portal Access from the Internet

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG60 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG System Setting

Go to CONFIGURATION > System > WWW > Admin Service Control > Add Admin ACL Rule 1. Set the address access action as Deny for ALL address in WAN.

CONFIGURATION > System > WWW > Admin Service Control > Add Admin ACL Rule 1

🕂 [HTTPS] Add Admin	ACL Rule1	- THISTED CASI	$? \times$
🛅 Create new Objec	† v		
Address Object: Zone: Action:	ALL WAN Deny	>	
		ОК	Cancel



HTTPS			
Enable			
Server Port:	443		
Authenticate Client Certificate	(See <u>Trusted CAs</u>)		
Server Certificate:	default 🗸		
Redirect HTTP to HTTPS			
Admin Service Control			
🕂 Add 📝 Edit 🍵 Remove 📣 M	ove		
#▲ Zone	Address	Action	
1 <u>RWAN</u>	ALL	deny	
- ALL	ALL	accept	

Test the Web Access

Login to the device via the WAN interface with the administrator's user name and password. The screen will show **Login denied**.

Login to the device via the WAN interface

$\leftarrow \rightarrow$ C \triangle A Not secure bttps://1	0.214.30.93	☆ 🐁	0	G
	ZYXEL VPN300			
	Enter User Name/Password and click to login.			
	3 admin			
	Ø			
	Login denied			
	Login SSL VPN			



Login to the device via the LAN interface with the administrator's user name and password. The management portal will be displayed.

▲ Not secure bttp5://192.168.2.1	☆	۹.	0	C
ZYXEL				
Enter User Name/Password and click to login.				
admin				
Ø <u></u>				
Login SSL VPN				
 Note: 1. Turn on Javascript and Cookle setting in your web browser. 2. Turn off Popup Window Blocking in your web browser. 3. Turn on Java Runtime Environment (JRE) in your web browser. 4. Allow Gears if you are using Google Chrome. 				

Login to the device via the LAN interface

Virtual Device	
ZYXEL	P2 P2 P2 P3 P5 P5 P7 P1 P1
VPN300 VPN Firewell	Rear Panel
Device Information	
System Name	Boot Status
<u>VPN300</u>	OK
Serial Number	Firmware Version
\$172L15290017	V4.30(ABFC.0)b1s1 / 2017-06-09 21:43:11
MAC Address Range	Firmware Upgrade License
B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:03 ~ B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0A	Not Licensed
System Uptime	Current Date/Time
1 days, 15:43:11	2017-07-07 / 02:20:23 UTC+00:00
<u></u>	
	Vivie Present Image: Register of the second sec

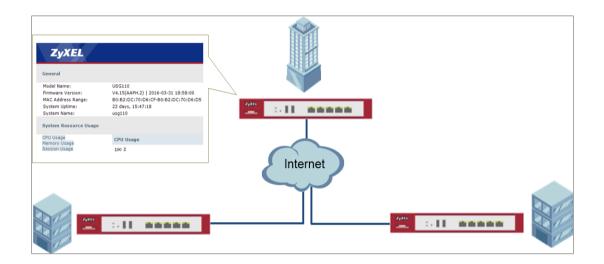
Go to **MONITOR > Log**. You can see that the admin login has been denied access from the WAN interface but it is allowed from the LAN interface.

MONITOR > Log

atego	ory:		Use					
🔁 Em	ail Log I	Now 🥝	Refresh	of Cle	ear Log			
								Note
1	I	2017	notice	User	User admin has been denied access from HTTPS	10.214.30.66:63823	10.214.30.93:443	Account:. ^
5	1	2017	notice	User	Administrator admin(MAC=3C:97:0E:30:0E:B8) f	192.168.2.33	192.168.2.1	Account:. 🗸
	Page	1 of	1 🕨 🔛	Show	50 v items		Displa	ying 1 - 2 of 2

How to Setup and Configure Daily Report

This example shows how to set up the data collection and view various statistics about traffic passing through your ZyWALL/USG. When the Daily Report is configured, you will receive statistics report every day.



ZyWALL/USG Setup and Configure Daily Report

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



Set Up the ZyWALL/USG Email Daily Report Setting

Go to CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Email Daily Report > General Settings. Select

Enable Email Daily Report to send reports by e-mail every day.

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Email Daily Report > General Settings

General Settings	
Enable Email Daily Report	

Type the SMTP server name or IP address. In **Mail From**, type the e-mail address from which the outgoing e-mail is delivered. In **Mail To**, type the e-mail address to which the outgoing e-mail is delivered. Select **SMTP Authentication** if it is necessary to provide a user name and password to the SMTP server.

Mail Server	
General Settings	
Mail Server:	mail.zyxel.com.tw (Outgoing \$MTP Server Name or IP Address)
Mail Subject:	Append system name 🛛 Append date time
Mail Server Port:	25 TLS Security STARTTLS Authenticate Server
Mail From:	@ZyXel.com. (Email Address)
SMTP Authentication	
User Name :	ZT
Password:	••••••
Retype to Confirm:	•••••
Schedule	
Time For Sending Report:	0 (hours) 0 (minutes)

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Email Daily Report > Email Settings

In the CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Email Daily Report > Schedule. Select the time

of day (hours and minutes) when the log is e-mailed. Use 24-hour notation.

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Email Daily Report > Schedule

Schedule			
Time For Sending Report:	12	(hours) 0	(minutes)



Select the information to include in the report. Types of information include System Resource Usage, Wireless Report, Threat Report, and Interface Traffic Statistics.

Select **Reset counters after sending report successfully** if you only want to see statistics for a 24 hour period.

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Email Daily Report > Report Items

Report Items
System Resource Usage
CPU Usage
Memory Usage
Session Usage
Port Usage
Wireless Report
Station Count
TX Statistics
RX Statistics
Content Filter
☑ Interface Traffic Statistics
☑ DHCP Table
Reset counters after sending report successfully
Reset All Counters

Test the Daily Log Report

Click **Send Report Now** to have the ZyWALL/USG send the daily e-mail report immediately.

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Email Daily Report > Email Settings

ZYXEL

General Settings		
Enable Email Daily Report		
Email Settings		
Mail Subject:	Handbook mail	
Mail To:	@zyxel.com.	(Email Address)
		(Email Address)
Send Report Now		

You will receive a daily report mail.

ZyXEL Daily Report Mail

ZYXEL	
General	
Model Name:	VPN300
Firmware Version:	V4.30(ABFC.0)
MAC Address Range:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:03-B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0A
System Uptime:	1 days, 16:53:04
System Name:	VPN300
System Resource	Usage
CPU Usage Memory Usage Session Usage Port Usage	CPU Usage

What Could Go Wrong?

Make sure your Email settings are all correct.

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Email Daily Report > Email Settings

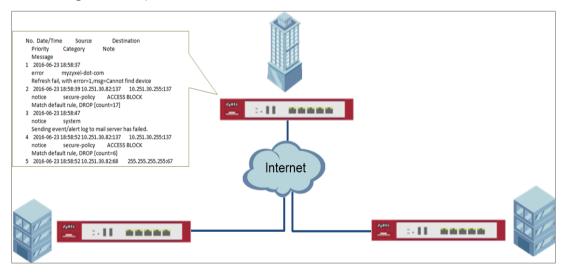


Mail Server	
General Settings	
Mail Server:	mail.zyxel.com.tw (Outgoing SMTP Server Name or IP Address)
Mail Subject:	Append system name 🛛 Append date time
Mail Server Port:	25 ILS Security STARTILS Authenticate Server
Mail From:	@Zyxel.com. (Email Address)
SMTP Authentication	
User Name :	Z1
Password:	••••••
Retype to Confirm:	•••••
Schedule	
Time For Sending Report:	0 (hours) 0 (minutes)

Make sure your ZyWALL to WAN security policy allow.

How to Setup and Configure Email Logs

This example shows how to set up the e-mail profiles to mail ZyWALL/USG log messages to the specific destinations. You can also specify which log messages to e-mail, and where and how often to e-mail them. When the Email Logs is configured, you will receive logs email report base on customized schedule.



ZyWALL/USG Setup and Configure E-mail Logs

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



Set Up the ZyWALL/USG Email Logs Setting

- Go to CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > System Log > Edit > E-mail Server 1. Select Active. Type the SMTP server name or IP address. In Mail From, type the e-mail address from which the outgoing e-mail is delivered. In Mail To, type the e-mail address to which the outgoing e-mail is delivered.
- Day for Sending Log is available if the log is e-mailed weekly. Select the day of the week the log is e-mailed.
- **3. Time for Sending Log** is available if the log is e-mailed weekly or daily. Select the time of day (hours and minutes) when the log is e-mailed. Use 24-hour notation.
- Select SMTP Authentication if it is necessary to provide a user name and password to the SMTP server.

E-mail Server 1		
Active		
Mail Server:	mail.zyxelcom.tw	(Outgoing SMTP Server Name or IP Address)
Mail Server Port:	25	TLS INSTARTTLS Authentical Security
Mail Subject:	Handbook test	
Send From:	@zyxel.com.	(E-Mail Address)
Send Log to:	@zyxel.com.	(E-Mail Address)
Send Alerts to:		(E-Mail Address)
Sending Log:	Daily and When Fu 🕶	
Day for Sending Log:	Sunday 🗸	
Time for Sending Log:	10:00 🕑	
SMTP Authentication		
User Name :	zt	
Password:	•••••	
Retype to Confirm:	•••••	

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > System Log > Edit > E-mail Server 1

5. Go to CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > System Log > Edit > Active Log and Alert. Use the System Log drop-down list to change the log settings for all of the log categories.

448/751

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > System Log > Edit > Active Log and Alert.

					E-mail Server 1		E-mail Server 2	
.og Category <mark>+</mark>	diasble	normal	debug	normal		normal		
Auth	0	0	0			v		
→ PKI	0	۲	0					
- Authentication Server	0	\bigcirc	۲					
- Auth. Policy	0	۲	\bigcirc					
- SSO	\bigcirc	۲	\bigcirc			v		
- Web Authentication	0	۲	\bigcirc			•		
- Account	0	۲	\bigcirc			•		
- User	0	۲	\bigcirc	1		•		
BWM	\bigcirc	۲	\bigcirc	v		•		
Device HA	\bigcirc	۲	\bigcirc			•		
+ File manager	\bigcirc	۲	\bigcirc			•		
+ License	0	۲	\bigcirc	1				
🕂 Log & Report	\bigcirc	۲	\bigcirc					
Network	0	۲	\bigcirc					

Log Category 🛨	diasble	normal	debug	normal		normal		
🛨 Auth	0	۲	0			V		
🛨 File manager	0	۲	\bigcirc	•		•		
🖶 Log & Report	0	۲	\bigcirc	1		•		
H Network	0	۲	\bigcirc	•		•		
+ Routing	0	۲	\bigcirc	•		v		
🛨 System	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	•				
Wireless		۲		•		•		

Test the Email Log

You will receive a log mail depends on the time you set in the E-mail Server.

ZyXEL Log Mail

Subj	ect: ZyXEL Log Report	
	· 1 · 1 · 2 · 1 · 2 · 1 · 2 · 1 · 4 · 1 · 5 · 1 · 6 · 1 · 7 · 1 · 0 · 1 · 2 · 1 · 10 · 1 · 12 · 1 · 12 · 1 · 14 · 1 · 18 · 1 · 18 · 1 · 18 · 1 · 18 · 1 · 1	
N	o. Date/Time Source Destination	ł
	Priority Category Note	Ľ
	Message	
1	2016-06-23 15:52:53	
	notice system	
	Sending event/alert log to mail server has succeeded.	
2	2016-06-23 15:52:55 10.251.30.61:137 10.251.30.255:137	
	notice secure-policy ACCESS BLOCK	
	Match default rule, DROP [count=3]	
3	2016-06-23 15:52:59 10.251.30.61:138 10.251.30.255:138	
	notice secure-policy ACCESS BLOCK	
	Match default rule, DROP	
4	2016-06-23 15:53:03 10.251.30.93:17500 255.255.255.255:17500	
	notice secure-policy ACCESS BLOCK	
	Match default rule, DROP [count=2]	
5	2016-06-23 15:53:03 10.251.30.93:17500 10.251.30.255:17500	
	notice secure-policy ACCESS BLOCK	
	Match default rule, DROP	
6	2016-06-23 15:53:06 10.251.30.38:137 10.251.30.255:137	
	notice secure-policy ACCESS BLOCK	
	Match default rule, DROP [count=3]	
7	2016-06-23 15:53:10 10.251.30.40:137 10.251.30.255:137	
	notice secure-policy ACCESS BLOCK	
	Match default rule, DROP [count=3]	
8	2016-06-23 15:53:10 10.251.30.40:68 255.255.255:67	
	notice secure-policy ACCESS BLOCK	
	Match default rule, DROP	



What Could Go Wrong?

Make sure your Email settings are all correct.

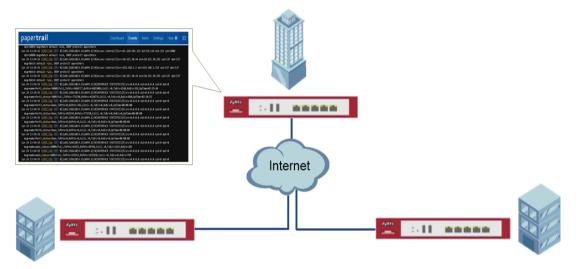
CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Email Daily Report > Email Settings

E-mail Server 1	
Z Active	
Mail Server:	mail.zyxelcom.tw (Outgoing SMTP Server Name or IP Address)
Mail Server Port:	25 I TLS SEcurity Authentica
Mail Subject:	Handbook test
Send From:	@zyxel.com. (E-Mail Address)
Send Log to:	@zyxel.com. (E-Mail Address)
Send Alerts to:	(E-Mail Address)
Sending Log:	Daily and When Fu 🛩
Day for Sending Log:	Sunday 🗸
Time for Sending Log:	10:00
SMTP Authentication	
User Name :	zt
Password:	•••••
Retype to Confirm:	•••••

Make sure your ZyWALL to WAN security policy allow.

How to Setup and send logs to a Syslog Server

This example shows how to set up the syslog server profiles to mail ZyWALL/USG log messages to the specific destinations. You can also specify which log messages to syslog server. When the syslog server is configured, you will receive the real time system logs.



ZyWALL/USG Setup and Configure sending logs to a syslog and Vantage Reports Server

№ Note: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the Syslog Server (Use Papertrail syslog in this example)

Register an account on Papertrail: <u>https://papertrailapp.com</u>



Go to **Dashboard > Add Systems**.

Dashboard > Add Systems

paper trail	Dashboard	Events	Alerts		Help 오	Ð
Q Find saved searches, groups, and systems. Hit 's' and type.						
Dashboard			Add Sys	stems	Create Gro	oup
Let's aggregate some logs. <u>Add your first system</u> in about 45 seco	nds, or <u>take a to</u>	our.				
All Systems 🗹	Sear	ches events				
Systems Events la:				rches or aler		

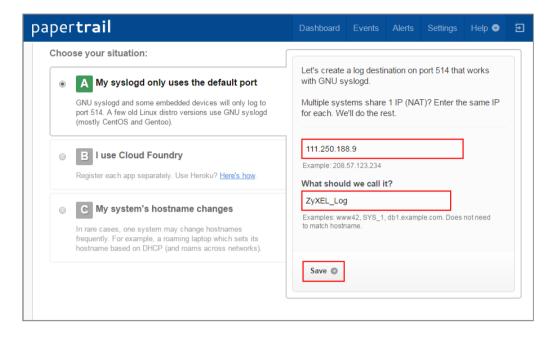
Select Not shown here? and My syslog daemon only sends to port 514.

paper trail			Dashboard	Events	Alerts	Settings	Help 오	Ð
Your systems	& apps will log to logs	3.papert	ailapp.o	com:339	<mark>78</mark> .			
I'm using								
Unix & Linux	Text files, Apache, MySQL, Docker & more	BSD & O	SX	Windows		Q Not sh	own here?	
Papertrail w	orks with nearly all common V	Veb framew	orks, logginį	g libraries	, langua	ges, and d	aemons.	
Search <u>help.pa</u>	pertrailapp.com:							
Q Examples: Ra	ails, Elastic Beanstalk, slf4j, Python,	, Docker,					Search	
Less common set	up methods:							
	emon only sends to port 514 om a mobile laptop							
Please email <u>sup</u> r	port@papertrailapp.com with question	ons.						

Dashboard > Add Systems > I'm using

Select My syslogd only uses the default port, set ZyWALL/USG public IP address (111.250.188.9 in this example) and name the log system. Click Save.

Dashboard > Add Systems > > I'm using > Choose your situation



Write down the Papertrail-provided domain name (logs.papertrialpp.com in this example).

paper**trail** Dashboard Events Alerts Settings Help 오 Setup ZyXEL_Log... Edit Settings System created. ZyXEL_Log will log to logs.papertrailapp.com. I'm using... Text files, Apache, MySQL, Docker & more Unix & Linux BSD & OS X Windows Q Not shown here? See which logger your system uses. Run: 1 ls -d /etc/*syslog* Which filename is listed? rsyslog.conf

Dashboard > Add Systems > > I'm using > Choose your situation > System Created

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG Remote Server Setting

- Go to CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > Remote Server > Edit. Set Log Format to be CEF/Syslog. Type the Server Address to be the Papertrailprovided domain name (logs.papertrialpp.com in this example).
- 2. Use the System Log drop-down list to change the log settings for all of the log categories.

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > Remote Server > Edit

Log Settings for Remote Server				
☑ Active				
Log Format:	CEF/Syslog 🗸			
Server Address:	logs.papertrailap	(Serve	r Name or IP Ac	ldress)
Log Facility:	Local 1 💌			
Active Log				
			Selection	
Log Category <mark>+</mark>		sble •	normal	debug
🛨 Auth		۲		0
🖶 BWM		۲	0	\bigcirc
🛨 Device HA		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
🛨 File manager		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
🛨 License		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
🛨 Log & Report		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
🛨 Network		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
➡ None		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

Test the Remote Server

You will receive a log mail depends on the time you set in the E-mail Server.

ZyXEL Log Mail

paper trail	Dashboard	Events	Alerts	Settings	Help 오	Ð
<pre>dpt=10039 msg=Match default rule, DROP proto=17 app=others Jun 24 13:34:51 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0/ZyXEL/USG11014.15(AAPH.2)/0/Access Co dpt=100400 msg=Match default rule, DROP proto=17 app=others</pre>	ntrol 5 src=61.	.220.241.23	2 dst=59.1	124.163.152	spt=2000	
<pre>dpt=100400 msg=match detault rule, UKUP proto=1/ app=otners Jun 24 13:34:52 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0/ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0/Access Co msg=Match detault rule, DROP proto=17 app=otners</pre>	ntrol 5 src=10.	.251.30.44	dst=10.251	1.30.255 spt	=137 dpt=137	,
Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0/ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0 Access Comsg=Match default rule, DROP proto=17 app=others	ntrol 5 src=192	2.168.1.2 d	st=192.168	8.1.255 spt=	137 dpt=137	
<pre>Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0 ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0 Access Co msg=Match default rule, DROP proto=17 app=others</pre>						'
<pre>Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0 ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0 INTERFACE msg=name=Port1,status=1000M/Full,TxRkts=5686777,RxPkts=6833009,C011)</pre>	.=0,TxB/s=1168	,RxB/s=352,	UpTime=02	:35:44		
Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0 ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0 INTERFACE msg=name=Port2,status=100W/Full,TxPkts=772230,RxPkts=4228776,Colli.= Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL Log CEF: 0 ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0 INTERFACE	0,TxB/s=0,RxB/	s=860,UpTim	1e=02:10:2	5		
<pre>un 24 13:34:35 ZyXEL_L0g CEF: 0[2yXEL US0110[4:13(AAFH.2)[0]INTERFACE msg=name=Port3, status=Down, TxPkts=0,RxPkts=562, Colli.=0, TxB/s=0, RxB/ Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL Log CEF: 0[2yXEL US0110[4.15(AAPH.2)[0]INTERFACE</pre>	s=0,UpTime=00:	00:00				
<pre>msg=name=Port4,status=Down,TxPkts=815244,RxPkts=773238,Colli.=0,TxB, Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0 ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0 INTERFACE</pre>	/s=0,RxB/s=0,Up	Time=00:00:	00			
<pre>msg=name=Port5,status=Down,TxPkts=0,RxPkts=0,Colli.=0,TxB/s=0,RxB/s= Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0 ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0 INTERFACE</pre>	STATISTICS 5	src=0.0.0.0	dst=0.0.6	0.0 spt=0 dp	t=0	
<pre>msg=name=Port6,status=Down,TxPkts=0,RxPkts=0,Colli=0,TxB/s=0,RxB/s= Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0 ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0 INTERFACE msg=name=Port7,status=Down,TxPkts=0,RxPkts=0,Colli=0,TxB/s=0,RxB/s=</pre>	STATISTICS 5	src=0.0.0.0	dst=0.0.0	0.0 spt=0 dp	t=0	
Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0/ZyXEL/USG110/4.15(AAPH.2)/0/INTERFACE msg=name=wan1.status=1000M/Full.TxPkts=42593,RxPkts=69784.Colli.=0.1	STATISTICS 5	src=0.0.0.0	dst=0.0.0	0.0 spt=0 dp	t=0	
Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0 ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0 INTERFACE msg=name=wan2,status=100M/Full,TxPkts=552343,RxPkts=1239320,Colli.=0),TxB/s=0,RxB/s	=798				
Jun 24 13:34:55 ZyXEL_Log CEF: 0 ZyXEL USG110 4.15(AAPH.2) 0 INTERFACE	STATISTICS 5	src=0.0.0.0	dst=0.0.0	0.0 spt=0 dp	t=0	



What Could Go Wrong?

Make sure your Log settings for Remote Server are all correct.

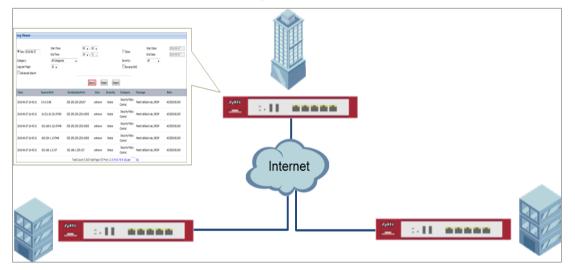
CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > Remote Server

Log Settings for Remote Server			
☑ Active			
Log Format:	CEF/Syslog ~		
Server Address:	logs.papertrailap (Si	erver Name or IP A	ddress)
Log Facility:	Local 1 🗸		
Active Log			
		Selection	
Log Category <mark>+</mark>	diasble	e normal	debug
🛨 Auth	۲		0
<mark></mark> ∎ BWM	۲	0	\bigcirc
Device HA	۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
File manager	۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
🛨 License	۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
🛨 Log & Report	۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
H Network	۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
H None	۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

Make sure your ZyWALL to WAN security policy allow traffic to log server.

How to Setup and send logs to a Vantage Reports Server

This example shows how to set up the Vantage Report Server profiles to mail ZyWALL/USG log messages to the specific destinations. You can also specify which log messages to Vantage Report Server. When the Vantage Report Server is configured, you will receive the real time system logs.



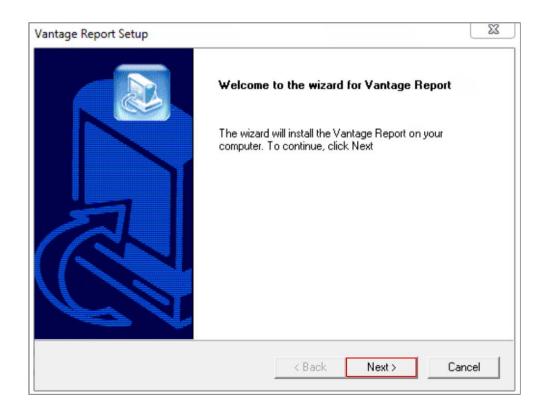
ZyWALL/USG Setup and Configure sending logs to a syslog and Vantage Reports Server

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

ZYXEL

Set Up the VRPT Server

- The Vantage Report server must have register an account in http://www.myZyXEL.com.
- **2.** Install VRPT software:
- 3. <u>http://www.zyxel.com/support/DownloadLandingSR.shtml?c=gb&l=en&kbid=M-</u> 01339&md=VRPT
- Unzipped the file and click Vantage Reeport.exe to start installing Vantage Report.
 Then, the Vantage Report installation wizard appears. Click Next.





 Enter the port number you want Vantage Report to use for web services. Make sure this port number does not conflict with the other services in your network. Click Next.

antage Rej	port Setup			2
Configura	tion			
Please c	onfigure the web server port.			
	-			
Port:	8080			
stallShield –				
		< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >	Cancel

 Check if any applications also use port 3316 (TCP), 514 (UDP) or 8080 (UDP) by entering "netstat -a" into the command line. Uninstall them if any. Click OK.

Informat	ion	×
٩	Before starting Vantage Report, you should make sure the MySQL port 3316(TCP), the Syslog server port 514(UDP), and your configured web server port 8080(TCP) are not occupied in your system.	
	ОК	

When you finish installing Vantage Report, restart the Vantage Report server.

7. Open the browser window and go to <u>http://a.b.c.d:xxxxxx/vrpt</u>, where a.b.c.d is the IP address of the Vantage Report server. If you open the configurator on the same computer on which you installed Vantage Report server, enter localhost.



Xxxx is the port number you entered during installation (10.251.30.61:8080/vrpt/ in this example).

In the login screen, enter default login User Name and Password: root.

← → C 🗅 10.251.30.61:8080/vrpt/		P 🕁 🌕 🖸
ZyXEL VRPT 4.0	Enter User Name/Password (default: root/root) and click to login.	
	User Name: root Password: reference Password? Login Reset	

8. Go to Dashboard > License Information > Manage Device, click Add Device, the Add Device screen appears on the left side. Enter the Name of the device you want to add to Vantage Report. Enter the LAN MAC address of the device you want to add. Select the model Type of the device you want to add. Click the Add button.

Dashboard > License Information > Manage Device

root 🔹	Dashboard	
- 👡 usg110	Server Information	▲ ¢ X
	Software Version	4.0.05.61.00
Add Device x	Release Date	2014-09-15
	Free Disk Space	55GB
Name	Max JVM Memory Size	455 MB
MAC	Total JVM Memory Size	277 MB
	Used JVM Memory Size	110 MB
Type ZyWALL 110 V	Free JVM Memory Size	166 MB
Note		
	License Information	▲ ¢ X
Add	Status	Full Version
	Account on myzyxel.com	MichelleTest
	Authentication Code(AC)	05509D53671C821CD16CF4D210DF4E93880C
	Max Supported Devices	100
	License Allowed Devices	1
	Managed Devices	1 🗟
	Copyright	Co Add Device ZyXEL Communications Corporation.

Set Up the ZyWALL/USG Remote Server Setting

Go to CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > Remote Server > Edit. Set Log Format to be VRPT/Syslog. Type the Server Address to be the Vantage Report server IP address (10.251.30.61 in this example).

Use the **System Log** drop-down list to change the log settings for all of the log categories.

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > Remote Server > Edit

ZYXEL

V A	tive		
Lo	g Format:	VRPT/Syslog 💙	
Se	rver Address:	10.251.30.61	(Server Name or IP Address)
Lo	g Facility:	Local 1	
] S< #	election v		Selection
	Log Category		${\color{black}{\otimes}} {\color{black}{\otimes}} $
1	Account		
	ADP		
2	ADI		
	Anti-Spam		0 0 0
3			
3 4	Anti-Spam		0 .
3 4 5	Anti-Spam Anti-Virus		
3 4 5 6	Anti-Spam Anti-Virus AP Firmware		
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Anti-Spam Anti-Virus AP Firmware Application Patrol		

Test the Remote Server

In the VRPT Sever, go to Logs > Log Viewer, click Search. The screen displays the device log information. (It may take 5 - 10 minutes to display the log after just added the device)

VRPT Server > Logs > Log Viewer

Log Viewer							
Day: 2016-06-27 Category: Logs per Page: Advanced Search	Start Time: End Time: All Categories	00 • : 24 • :			 Days: Severity: Reverse D 	Start Date: End Date: All	2016-06-27 2016-06-27
Time	Source:Port	Se Destination:Port	arch Res	set Expo	rt Category	Message	Note
2016-06-27 16:42:31	0.0.0.0:68	255.255.255.255:67	unknown	Notice	Security Policy Control	Match default rule, DROP	ACCESS BLOCK
2016-06-27 16:42:31	10.251.30.231:57450	255.255.255.255:10505	unknown	Notice	Security Policy Control	Match default rule, DROP	ACCESS BLOCK
2016-06-27 16:42:31	192.168.0.121:57448	255.255.255.255:10505	unknown	Notice	Security Policy Control	Match default rule, DROP	ACCESS BLOCK
2016-06-27 16:42:31	169.254.1.1:57446	255.255.255.255:10505	unknown	Notice	Security Policy Control	Match default rule, DROP	ACCESS BLOCK
2016-06-27 16:42:31	192.168.1.2:137	192.168.1.255:137	unknown	Notice	Security Policy Control	Match default rule, DROP	ACCESS BLOCK
		Total Count:7,365 T	otal Page: 737 F	First 1 2 3 4 5 6	5 7 8 9 10 Last	Go	

What Could Go Wrong?



Make sure your Log settings for Remote Server are all correct.

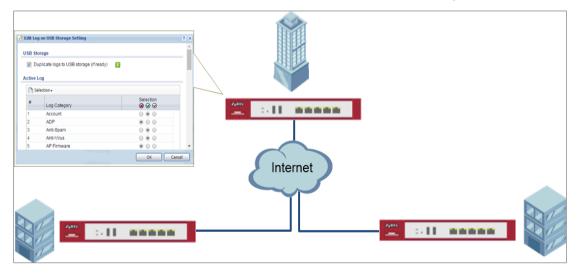
V Ad	tive		
Log	g Format:	VRPT/Syslog	
Ser	rver Address:	10.251.30.61	(Server Name or IP Address)
lor	g Facility:	Local 1	
	, .	Local 1	
tive :	Log (AC)		
D se	election -		
			O - La - Kara
#	Log Category		Selection
1	Account		0.00
	Account ADP		
2			000
2 3	ADP		0 . 0
2 3 4	ADP Anti-Spam		
2 3 4 5	ADP Anti-Spam Anti-Virus		
2 3 4 5 6	ADP Anti-Spam Anti-Virus AP Firmware		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	ADP Anti-Spam Anti-Virus AP Firmware Application Patrol		

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > Remote Server

Make sure your ZyWALL to WAN security policy allow traffic to log server.

How to Setup and send logs to the USB storage

This example shows how to use the USB device to store the system log information.







ZyWALL/USG enable and send logs to the USB storage

Vote: Only connect one USB device. It must allow writing (it cannot be readonly) and use the FAT16, FAT32, EXT2, or EXT3 file system. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the USB System Settings

Go to CONFIGURATION > System > USB Storage > Settings > General. Select Activate USB storage service if you want to use the connected USB device(s).

Set a number and select a unit (MB or %) to have the ZyWALL/USG send a warning message when the remaining USB storage space is less than the value you set here.

CONFIGURATION > System > USB Storage > Settings > General

General	
Activate USB storage service	
Disk full warning when remaining space is less than:	100 MB ~ MB %

Set Up the USB Log Storage

Go to CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings, select USB Storage and click

Activate. Click Apply to save your changes.

CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings

Image:							
#	Status	Name	Log Format	Summary			
1	ę	System Log	Internal	E-mail Server 1 Mail Server: mail.zyxelcom.tw Mail Subject: Handbook test Send From: Chris.lao@zyxel.com.tw Send Log to: Chris.lao@zyxel.com.tw Send Alert to: Schedule: Send log daily at 10:00			
2	ę	System Log	Internal	E-mail Server 2 Mail Server: Mail Subject: Send From: Send Jog to: Send Alert to: Schedule: Send log when full.			
3	Ŷ	USB Storage	Internal	USB Status: Ready			
4	Ŷ	Remote Server 1	VRPT/Syslog	Server Address: Log Facility: Local 1			
5	Ŷ	Remote Server 2	VRPT/Syslog	Server Address: Log Facility: Local 1			
6	Ģ	Remote Server 3	VRPT/Syslog	Server Address: Log Facility: Local 1			
7	9	Remote Server 4	VRPT/Syslog	Server Address: Log Facility: Local 1			

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings > USB Storage > Edit**. Select **Duplicate logs to USB storage (if ready)** to have the ZyWALL/USG save a copy of its system logs to a connected USB storage device. Use the **Selection** drop-down list to change the log settings for all of the log categories.

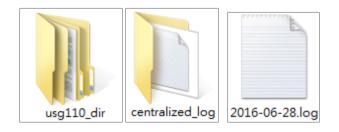
CONFIGURATION > Log & Report > Log Settings



🗹 Duplicate logs to USB storage (if ready)	•			
og Keep duration				
Enable log keep duration				
Keep duration:	365	(1-365 days		
Active Log				
Log Category +		diasble	Selection normal	debug
• Auth		۲	0	0
➡ BWM		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
🛨 Device HA		۲	\bigcirc	0
+ File manager		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
+ License		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
🛨 Log & Report		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
• Network		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
• None		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
E Routing		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
E Security		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
🛨 System		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
UTM		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
UPN		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Wireless		۲	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

Check the USG Log Files

Connect the USB to PC and you can find the files in the following path:\Model Name_dir\centralized_log\YYYY-MM-DD.log



How to Activate a Free Access Hotspot

Some hotels need to provide free Internet services to hundreds of guests on a daily

basis, and managing the Internet access for so many people can be very complicated without the right equipment. With web authentication methods such as user agreement and web portal, hotel guests are redirected to a web-based authentication portal upon the first attempt to access the network. In some countries, the law requires the identification and tracking of users who use public Internet access. The USG1100 can authenticate people by forcing them to receive an authentication code via SMS on their phone. In this way, the USG1100 can authorize the user's Internet access via their mobile phone number and keep track of the device in case of illegal activities via the hotspot. Guests can get free access to the Internet in a matter of seconds simply by entering all required personal contact information and agreeing to the policy of user agreement. If a user that does not have a guest account wants to access the free Internet for a specified period of time, his or her mobile phone number must be entered to receive the guest account information by SMS.

User Agreement

Excel Intervent Access Party Intervent Access Party Intervent Intervent Access Party Intervent Intervent Access Party Intervent Int	INTERNET
1. Redirect client to Useragreement page. Fill all required Informati	on.
2. Press OK, and get acces permission.	s

Configuration Guide Network Conditions

ZYXEL

- WAN: 10.251.31.112
- LAN 1: 192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0
- User's laptop: 192.168.1.33

Set up the Free Access Hotspot

Configurations on the USG1100

The user agreement of this feature allows clients to access the Internet without a guest account. An advertisement webpage is used as the first page when an authenticated user attempts to access the Internet.

On the USG1100, go to Configuration > Web Authentication > General. Select
 Enable Web Authentication and click Add in the Web Authentication Policy Summary section.

- (1) Select Enable Policy.
- (2)Select Lan_Subnet_GE3
- (3) Select default-user-agreement as the Authentication Type.
- (4) Click OK to add the policy.

ZYXEL

General Settings		
Enable Policy		
Description:		(Optional)
User Authentication Policy		
Incoming Interface:	any 💌	
Source Address:	LAN_SUBNET_GE4 🗸	INTERFACE SUBNET, 192.168.1.0/24
Destination Address:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Authentication:	required 🗸	
☑ Single Sign-on		
Force User Authentication	0	
Authentication Type:	default-user-agree 🕶	

id 🗹 Edit 🍵 Re	emove 💡 /	Activate 🛛 🖗 Inactivo	ate 斗 Move	Э			
St Priority 🔺	Incomin	. Source	Destination	Schedule	Authenti	Authentico	iti 🔹 Descripti
? 1	any	LAN_SUBNET	any	none	SSO/force	default-use	ər
Default	anv	anv	anv	none	unneces	n/a	n/a

Configuration > Hotspot > Advertisement.

- (1) Select Enable Advertisement.
- (2) Add the URL of the website that you want to advertise.

Z	yXEL USG1100		Welcome admin <u>Loqout</u>	?Help Z About	📲 Site Maj
	CONFIGURATION	Advertisement			
	Ĩ¥ Quick Setup □ Licensing □ Wireless □ Network • Interface • Routing	General Settings			
	DDNS NAT Redirect Service ALG UPnP	# Name 1 zyxel 14 4 Page 1 of 1 > Page 1	URL http://www.zyxel.com]

Test the User Agreement and Advertisement Webpage

1. When a client attempts to access the Internet via a browser, he/she will be



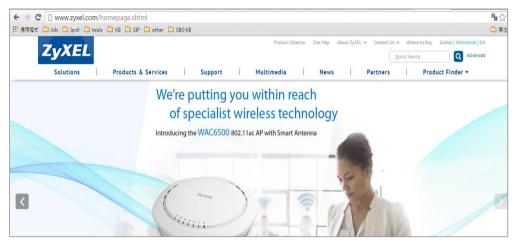


redirected to the user agreement page.

View Mobil	e Version
	Internet Access Policy
(We will p comment	provide example for customer within html tag)
Name:	Charlie
Phone:	032235456
Address:	13, mark St. Sang.TW
E-Mail:	
E-IVIAII.	zyxel-a@gamil.com
Other:	Nothing (Optional)
other:	Nothing (Optional)

2. The advertisement webpage will be displayed in a new window and it is the first page that appears whenever the user connects to the Internet.





What could Go Wrong?

If users can access the internet without any Authentication, please make sure the Source Address is configured on the correct the subnet. For example, if you want users to be controlled via authentication in Subnet 192.168.1.0/24, you need to make sure the Source Address should be 192.168.1.0/24

Auth. Policy Edit					? ×
🛅 Create new Object 🗸					
General Settings					
Enable Policy					
Description:	lan1		(Optional)		
User Authentication Policy					
Incoming Interface:	any	~			
Source Address:	LAN_SUBNET_GE3	~	INTERFACE SUBNE	ET, 192.168.1.0/24	
Destination Address:	any	~			
Schedule:	none	~			
Authentication:	required	~			
✓ Single Sign-on					
Force User Authentication 🚺					
Authentication Type:	default-user-agreement	t 🕶			
				ОК Са	ancel

Set up Enable the Free Time Feature



Configurations on the USG1100

On the USG1100, you need to enable the SMS service and select **SMS** as the delivery method in the **Free Time** feature.

1. Register for a ViaNett account at http://www.vianett.com.



2. Enter all the required information.

ViaNett High Quality SMS Gateways	Søk	
Free demonstration account	PRODUCTS PRICES DEVELOPER	τs
Get started today! ✓ Free Registration ✓ Send 5 SMS free of charge	Fill in to get a free account Your name:	
 What can we offer? ✓ SMS Bulk Worldwide ✓ Two-way Communication ✓ SMS Billing Services in the Nordic Countries ✓ HLR Worldwide 	Mobile number: + Company name: Country:	
 ✓ 13 APIs ✓ Great technical support ✓ Become a SMS Reseller ✓ ++ 	Enter code above: CREATE DEMO ACCOUNT	

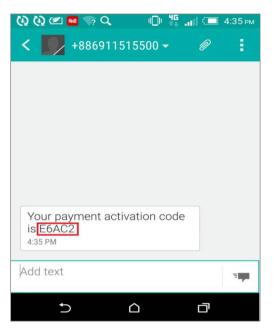
3. After the form has been submitted, the account information will be sent to your E-mail address.

_

⊘ Via	Nett	Efficiency with SMS
Welcome	e! We're happy	you joined us!
Here is your ac	count information.	
Username Password Try prefix der	s5553897@gmail.co no Send	m
Go to login pa	age	
	up to 5 SMS messages ir lable in this period.	n the test period, pricegroup and sender address

PURCHASE SMS CREDITS SUB ACCOUNTS	Purchase SMS credits This applies to pre-paid services. Please contact		Ces.	
ADMIN USERS	Purchase SMS credits			
INVOICES (PDF) CHANGE PASSWORD	Company:	Zyxel (s5553897@gmail.com) UR 50		Buy now and get started!
Service Setup	Your mobile number (international format):			
Purchase SMS	☑ I do accept the agreement and the anti-sp event of abuse, my account shall be closed wi credits. The account will be active one year af	am statement, and that in the ithout any refund given for unused	1	
>> SMS API	credits after one year will not be returned.			

ZYXEL



4. Enter the activation code and proceed to make the payment.

urchase SMS credit a applies to pre-paid services. Please con Purchase SMS credits		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	es.	
Company:		Zyxel (s5553897@gmail.com)		Buy now
Amount:	EUR	20	and stars from the	and get started!
Your mobile number (international format):			
Autofill my account when reaching	EUR	20		
☑ I do accept the agreement and the an event of abuse, my account shall be close credits. The account will be active one ye credits after one year will not be returned.	ed witho ar after I	ut any refund given for unused		
A code is now sent to your mobile.				
		×		

5. Fill-in the credit card information to complete the payment.

www.zyxel.com

ViaNett ≥ Pay	wiz [∞]	
Products 1 item SMS cre	udits.	20,00 €
Information		
Vendor ViaNett AS Rabekkgata 9 1522 Moss +47 69 20 69 20 smssupport@viar	Customer Zyxel (s5553897@gmail.com))
Credit card		
Card type	Select your card 🗸 🏧	
Card number		
Expiry Date	01 🗸 2016 🗸	
CVC	What is this? Complete payment	

The payment is complete.

ViaNett Paywi :	2
Products	
1 item SMS credits	50,00 €
Information	
Vendor ViaNett AS Rabekkgata 9 1522 Moss +47 69 20 69 20 smssupport@viarett.no	Customer Zyxel (s5553897@gmail.com)
Payment	
Your payment is now con	nplete. Press the link below to return to the store.
Amount:	50,00 €
Order ID:	1124297
Date:	2016-03-16
Transaction ID:	1124297-e58dd87a2dbc4697a8f7a5a6
Go back to store	

6. After the ViaNett account is ready, go to the USG1100's Configuration > Hotspot >

SMS screen.

(1)Enable SMS.

(2)Fill-in your local phone country code as the default country code.

(3) Add authentication policy for every source.

Z	YXEL USG1100		
	CONFIGURATION	SMS	
	TY Quick Setup	General Settings	
<u> </u>	 ∃ Licensing ▲ Wireless 	☑ Enable SMS	
	 Network Interface 	Default country code for phone number:	886 (1-4) digit
	+ Routing	ViaNett Configuration	
	+ DDNS + NAT	User Name:	s5553897@gmail.com
	+ Redirect Service	Password:	•••••
	→ ALG → UPnP	Retype to Confirm:	•••••

7. Go to Configuration > Hotspot > Free Time.

(1)Select **Enable Free Time** and set up the free time period. By default, the **Reset Time** is at AM 00:00. You can also set up how many times a MAC address can access the Internet.

(2) Select SMS as the method to deliver the login information to the mobile phone.

Z	YXEL USG1100				Welcome admin <u>Logout</u>
2	CONFIGURATION	Free Time			
	Y Quick Setup Licensing 4 Wireless 1 Network Interface Routing 4 DDNS 4 Redirect Service 4 ALG 1 UPnP IP/MAC Binding Layer 2 Isolation 4	General Settings ✓ Enable Free Time Free Time Period: Reset Time: Time: Maximum Registration Number Before Reset Time: Delivery Method: ✓ Auto Login Note: If you want to configure ssid profile settings of the account, kee	30 Daily 00:00 1 (1-5) SMS	minute	N

8. Go to Configuration > Web Authentication. Select Enable Web Authentication and click Add in the Web Authentication Policy Summary section.



CONFIGURATION Web Authentication SSO Voick Setup Ucontain Web Authentication Type Custom Web Portal File Custom User Agreement File Global Setting Web Portal General Setting DoNS NAT Redirect Service ALG Upp Logout IP: 1.1.1 Exceptional Services ALG Add Remove F Exceptional Services ALG Add Remove F Exceptional Services ALG DNS	Console
I Construction I Construction I Construction I Construc	
© Licensing Clobal Setting Windess Global Setting © Network If Enable Web Authentication • Interface Redirect Service • DONS Logout IP: • DONS Logout IP: • Upnp Interface • ALG Add # Remove # Exceptional Services -	
Wireles Global Setting Network Image: Constraint of the setting National Web Portal General Setting DDNS Logout (P: NAT Redirect Services ALG Exceptional Services UPnP Model Tennove PMAC Binding Exceptional Services	
Metwork Interface Pathwork Interface Pathwork Interface Pathwork Interface Pathwork Web Portal General Setting DDNS Logout IP: Aug Logout IP: Pathwork Interface Aug Exceptional Services Aug Add Pathwork Interface Pathwork Exceptional Services	
Precedular P	
 Routing DONS NAT Radirect Service ALG UPnP DVMAC Binding Web Portal General Setting Logout IP: 1.1.1 Exceptional Services Exceptional Services - 	
DONS Logout IP: Logut IP: L	
NAT Redirect Service ALG UP/P ID/MAC Binding Fexceptional Services	
- NAT - Redirect Service Exceptional Services - ALG - UPnP - JD/A/C Binding # Exceptional Services -	
ALG Upp P/M4C Binding # Exceptional Services*	
· UPnP ③ Add ③ Remove · IP/MAC Binding # Exceptional Services *	
DVIAC Binding F Exceptional Services*	
a principal circuity	
DNS Inbund LB Vel 4 Page 1 of 1 P P Show 50 m Items Displaying 1 - 1	.† 1
Hospot Web Authentication Policy Summary	
Biling Biling	
Printer Manager Printer Manager Q Add Z Edit: The Remove Q Activate Q Move	
Free Time # Status Priority* Incoming Interface Source Destination Schedule Authentication Authentication Type Description	
- SMS 1 9 1 any any any none SSO/force default-web-portal SMS_Auth	
• IPnp 2 Default any any any none unnecessary n/a n/a	
• Walled Garden N I Page 1 of 1 P PI Show 50 V Items Displaying 1 - 2	f 2
Advertisement	_
© Security Policy	
□ VPN	

9. Select Enable Policy, Force User Authentication, and then select default-web-

portal as the Authentication Type.

🖉 Auth. Policy Edit					? ×
🛅 Create new Object 🗸					
General Settings					
Enable Policy					
Description:	SMS_Auth		(Optional)		
User Authentication Policy					
Incoming Interface:	any	~			
Source Address:	any	~			
Destination Address:	any	~			
Schedule:	none	~			
Authentication:	required	~			
✓ Single Sign-on					
Force User Authentication					
Authentication Type:	default-web-portal	~			
				OK	Cancel

Test Free Time Feature

1. The user will be redirected to the Login screen before he/she is permitted to

access the Internet. Click on the link to get a free account.

SG1100	Enter User Name/Password and clic	k to login.
	User Name:	
	Password:	
	One-Time Password:	(Optional)
	(max. 63 alphanumeric, printable character	s and no spaces)
	Without an account? Clck here to get a fi	ree account.
		Login SSL VPN

2. Select Free Time as the service plan. Then submit your country code and mobile phone number.

	-	Service Name	Service Time	Charge	Unit
		Free Time	30 minutes	Free	1 ^
	0	Biling_1_hour	1 hour	€ 1.00	1 -
8	0	Biling_2_hour	2 hours	€ 2.00	1.
	0	Biling_3_hour	3 hours	€ 3.00	1
~			-		
Co	untry (lode:	886		

3. The account and password will be sent to your mobile phone.

www.zyxel.com



4. Check your account information.



5. Fill-in the account information received on your mobile phone and click Login.

ZYXEL

ZyXEL USG1100	Enter User Name/Pa	ssword and click to	o login.
	User Name:	p9nzs5	
	Password:		
	One-Time Password:		(Optional)
	(max. 63 alphanumeric, Without an account? Clic		

6. Now the client can start accessing the Internet.

ZyXEL	p9nzs5, You now have logged in.	
	Remaining time before lease timeout (dd, hh:mm:ss):	00 day, 00:29:52
0		

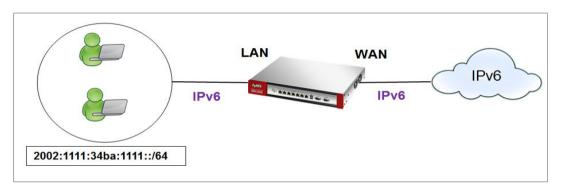
What Can Go Wrong?

If client cannot get the SMS message from ViaNett, please make sure the Country code, Username and Password are all correct.

SMS	
General Settings	
☑ Enable SMS	
Default country code for phone number:	886 (1-4) digit
ViaNett Configuration	
User Name:	s5553897@gmail.com
Password:	•••••
Retype to Confirm:	
	General Settings General Settings Enable SMS Default country code for phone number: ViaNett Configuration User Name: Password:

How to Setup IPv6 Interfaces for Pure IPv6 Routing

This example shows how to configure your USG Z's WAN and LAN interfaces which connects two IPv6 networks. USG Z periodically advertises a network prefix of 2006:1111:1111:1111::/64 to the LAN through router advertisements.



ZyWALL/USG access the internet via IPv6

`♥́Note:

Instead of using router advertisement, you can use DHCPv6 to pass the network settings to the computers on the LAN.

This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25) and ZyWALL 310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Setting Up the IPv6 Interface Wan

1. In the CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet screen's IPv6

Configuration section, double-click the wan1.

2. The Edit Ethernet screen appears. Select Enable Interface and Enable IPv6. Select Enable Auto-Configuration. Click OK.

Note: Your ISP or uplink router should enable router advertisement.

General Settings		
🗹 Enable Interface		
General IPv6 Setting		
Enable IPv6 (
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	external 👻	0
Interface Name:	ge2	
Port:	P2	
Zone:	WAN 👻	0
MAC Address:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:04	
Description:		(Optional)
IPv6 Address Assignment		
Enable Stateless Address Auto-o		
Link-Local Address:	n/a	
IPv6 Address/Prefix Length:		(Optional)
Advance		
DHCPv6 Setting		
DHCPv6:	N/A 👻	
IPv6 Router Advertisement Setting		
Enable Router Advertisement		
	Medium	
Router Preference:	Medium	

Lan

1. In the CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet screen, double-click the lan1 in the IPv6 Configuration section.

2. The Edit Ethernet screen appears. Select Enable Interface and Enable IPv6. Select Enable Router Advertisement and click Add and configure a network prefix for the LAN1 (2006:1111:34ba:1111::/64 in this example). Click **OK**.

🗷 Enable Interface		
General IPv6 Setting		
🗹 Enable IPv6 (🚺		
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	internal 👻	0
Interface Name:	ge4	
Port:	P4	
Zone:	LAN1 👻	0
MAC Address:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:06	
Description:		(Optional)
IPv6 Address Assignment		
Enable Stateless Address Auto-c	configuration (SLAAC)	
Link-Local Address:	n/a	
IPv6 Address/Prefix Length:		(Optional)
Advance		
IPv6 Router Advertisement Setting		
Enable Router Advertisement		
Advance		
	Medium	
Router Preference:	Medium	

3. Using command line ipconfig to check.

C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Windows IP Configuration
Wireless LAN adapter Wireless Network Connection:
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : Link-local IPv6 Address : fe80::5138:dc32:ff2f:6a34×12 IPv4 Address : 10.251.61.91 Subnet Mask : 255.255.254.0 Default Gateway : 10.251.61.253
Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:
Connection-specific DNS Suffix : IPv6 Address : IPv6 Address : Iemporary IPv6 Address : Ink-local IPv6 Address : IPv4 Address : Subnet Mask : Iemut Gateway : IPv2.168.2.34 Subnet Mask : IPv2.168.2.34 IPv3.168.2.34 IPv4.201.201.201.201.201.201.201.201.201.201
Tunnel adapter isatap.{1C5CCB06-45A8-4C5E-AB6A-32D5DE7DA785}:
Media State : Media disconnected Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
Tunnel adapter isatap.{7824C2F6-F6C2-4A7C-BBF5-10CF6F23CEE3}:
Media State : Media disconnected Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
C:\Users\ZT02340>

Set up the Prefix Delegation and Router Advertisement

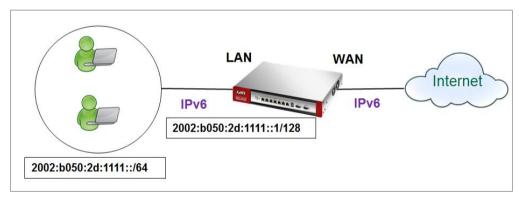
This example shows how to configure prefix delegation on the ZyWALL's WAN and router advertisement on the LAN.

Apply a network Prefix From Your ISP

First of all, you have to apply a network prefix from your ISP or the uplink router's administrator. The WAN port's DUID is required when you apply the prefix. You can check the DUID information in the **WAN IPv6 Interface Edit** screen.

This example assumes that you were given a network prefix of 2001:b050:2d::/48 and you decide to

divide it and give 2001:b050:2d:1111::/64 to the LAN network. LAN1's IP address is 2001:b050:2d:1111::1/128.



Setting Up the WAN IPv6 Interface

 In the Configuration > Network > Interface > Ethernet screen's IPv6 Configuration section,

double-click the **WAN** interface.

2. The Edit Ethernet screen appears. Select Enable Interface and Enable IPv6.

Click Create new Object to add a DHCPv6 Request object with the Prefix Delegation type.

Select Enable Auto-Configuration.

Select Client in the DHCPv6 field. (WAN1's DUID appears.)



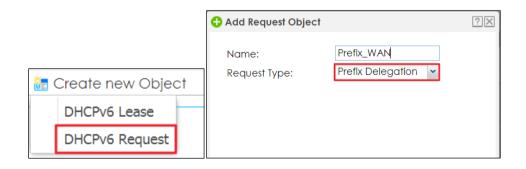
Click Add in the DHCPv6 Request Options table and select the DHCPv6 request object you just

created. You cannot see the prefix your ISP gave you in the Value field until you click OK and then

come back to this screen again. It is 2001:b050:2d::/48 in this example.

Note: Your ISP or a DHCPv6 server in the same network as the WAN should assign an IPv6 IP address for the WAN interface.

General Settings		
Imable Interface		
General IPv6 Setting		
🗹 Enable IPv6 (
Interface Properties		
Interface Properties	external 🗸	0
	external 💌 ge2	0
Interface Type:		0
Interface Type: Interface Name:	ge2 P2	0
Interface Type: Interface Name: Port:	ge2 P2	



DHCPv6:	Client 🗸
DUID:	00:03:00:01:B8:EC:A3:A9:C0
Advance	
DUID as MAC	
Customized DUID:	
🔲 Enable Rapid Commit	
Request Address	
DHCPv6 Request Options	🕒 Add 🍵 Remove 🛛 🔚 Object References
	# Name▲ Type Value
	1 Prefix_WAN prefix-delega 2002:b050:2d:1111::/64 🌲
	Page 0 of 0 D Show 50 - items No data to dis

Setting Up the WAN IPv6 Interface

1. In the Configuration > Network > Interface > Ethernet screen, double-click the lan interface in the IPv6 Configuration section.

2. The Edit Ethernet screen appears. Click Show Advanced Settings to display more settings on this screen.

Select Enable Interface and Enable IPv6.

In the Address from DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation table, click Add and select the DHCPv6 request object from the drop-down list, type ::1111:0:0:0:1/128 in the Suffix Address field. (The combined address 2001:b050:2d:1111::1/128 will display as LAN1's IPv6 address after you click OK and come back to this screen again). DHCPv6 Setting is **N/A**

Note: You can configure the IPv6 Address/Prefix Length field instead if the delegated prefix is never changed.

3. In the Advertised Prefix from DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation table, click Add and select the DHCPv6 request object from the drop-down list, type ::1111/64 in the Suffix Address field. (The combined prefix 2001:b050:2d:1111::/64 will display for the LAN1's network prefix after you click OK and come back to this screen again)., pleae note that this is the USG LAN interface IP.

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General Settings		
Enable Interface		
General IPv6 Setting		
🗹 Enable IPv6 (
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	internal 👻 🚺	
Interface Name:	ge4	
Port:	P4	
Zone:	LAN1 🗸 🚺	
MAC Address:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:06	
Description:	(Optional)	
IPv6 Address Assignment		
🔲 Enable Stateless Address Auto	-configuration (SLAAC)	
Link-Local Address:	n/a	
IPv6 Address/Prefix Length:	(Optional)	
Advance		
Gateway:	(Optional)	
Metric:	(0-15)	
Metric: Address from DHCPv6 Prefix	(0-15)	
Metric:	(0-15) Add E Edit E Remove CObject Reference # Delegated Prefix Suffix Address	Address
Metric: Address from DHCPv6 Prefix	(0-15) Add Edit # Delegated Prefix Suffix Address 1 Prefix_WAN ::1111:0:0:0:1/64 20	Address
Metric: Address from DHCPv6 Prefix	(0-15) Add E Edit E Remove CObject Reference # Delegated Prefix Suffix Address	Address



- Navigate to IPv6 Router Advertisement Setting, enable Router Advertisement, it would advertise the prefix to the Lan host, also enable Adviertised Hosts Get Other Configuration From DHCPv6, Lan hosts will get the DNS address from USG.
- 2. Configure Advertised Prefix from DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation, the Lan hosts will get the Prefix from USG, Suffix address can set $0 \sim F$

IPv6 Router Advertisement Setting	
🗹 Enable Router Advertisement	
Advance	
Advertised Hosts Get Network C	Configuration From DHCPv6
Advertised Hosts Get Other Con	figuration From DHCPv6
Router Preference:	Medium 👻
Advance	
MTU:	1480 (1280-1500, 0 is disabled)
Hop Limit:	64 (0-255, 0 is disabled)
Advertised Prefix Table	<table-cell-rows> Add 🛛 🧧 Edit 🍵 Remove</table-cell-rows>
	# IPv6 Address/Prefix Length
	I ← ← Page 0 of 0 → → Show 50 → Items No data to dis
Advance	
Advertised Prefix from	🛟 Add 🛛 📓 Edit 🍵 Remove 📭 Object References
DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation	# Delegated Prefix Suffix Address Address
	1 Prefix_WAN ::0/64 🗘
	I I I Page 0 of 0 ► ► Show 50 ▼ items No data to dis

Test

- 1. Connect a computer to the ZyWALL's LAN interface.
- 2. Enable IPv6 support on you computer.

In Windows XP, you need to use the IPv6 install command in a Command Prompt.

In Windows 7, IPv6 is supported by default. You can enable IPv6 in the Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center > Local Area Connection screen.

3. Your computer should get an IPv6 IP address (starting with 2001:b050:2d:1111: for this example) from the ZyWALL.



Windows IP Config	uration	
Connection-spe IPv6 Address. Temporary IPv6 Link-local IPv IPv4 Address. Subnet Mask .	Address: 2002 6 Address: fe80 : 192. : 255. 9: fe80	168.100.35 255.255.0
Tunnel adapter is	atap.{7824C2F6-F6C2-4A7C-B	BF5-10CF6F23CEE3>:

4. Open a web browser and type http://www.kame.net. If your IPv6 settings are correct, you can see a dancing turtle in the website.

What Can Go Wrong?

1. If you forgot to enable Auto-Configuration on the WAN1 IPv6 interface, you will not have any default route to forward the LAN's IPv6 packets.

2. To use prefix delegation, you must set the WAN interface to a DHCPv6 client, enable router advertisements on the LAN interface as well as configure the Advertised Prefix from DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation table.

3. If the Value field in the WAN1's DHCPv6 Request Options table displays n/a, contact your ISP for further support.

4. In Windows, some IPv6 related tunnels may be enabled by default such as Teredo and 6to4 tunnels. It may cause your computer to handle IPv6 packets in an unexpected way. It is recommended to disable those tunnels on your computer.

Assign the DNS address to the client

1. If you want to assign the DNS server address instead of ISP's , then please create the DNS server object.



Select DHCPv6 Lease and DNS server as lease type. For example set the Google DNS IPv6 address 2001:4860:4860::8888

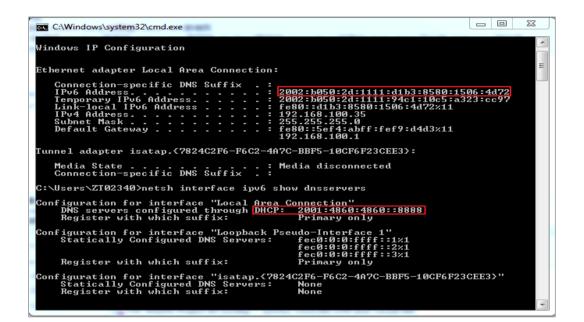
🕂 Add Lease Object		$? \times$
Name: Lease Type: Advance DNS Server: User Defined Address:	Google_DNS DNS Server User Defined 2001:4860:4860::8888	
4	OK Ca	ncel

2. Select the drop-down list DHCPv6 as server type, add the DNS server object in DHCPv6 lease options and enable Router Advertisement.

IPv6 Router Advertisement Setting	
🗹 Enable Router Advertisement	
Advance	
Advertised Hosts Get Network Co	onfiguration From DHCPv6
Advertised Hosts Get Other Conf	iguration From DHCPv6
Router Preference:	Medium 👻
Advance	
MTU:	1480 (1280-1500, 0 is disabled)
Hop Limit:	64 (0-255, 0 is disabled)
Advertised Prefix Table	🔂 Add 🧧 Edit 🍵 Remove
	# IPv6 Address/Prefix Length
	I ← Page 0 of 0 → → Show 50 ✓ items No data to dis
Advance	
Advertised Prefix from	🕂 Add 🛛 📓 Edit 🍵 Remove 🛛 🔚 Object References
DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation	# Delegated Prefix Suffix Address Address
	1 Prefix_WAN ::0/64
	Page 0 of 0 M Show 50 V items No data to dis

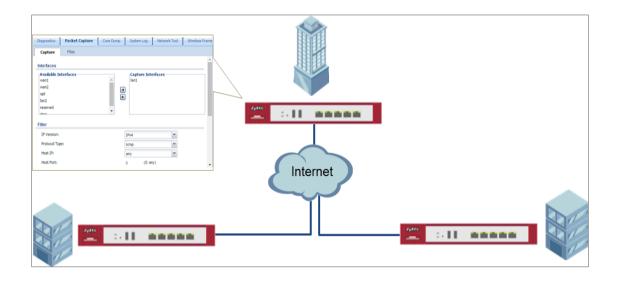
Test

You can use command "netsh interface ipv6 show dnsservers" to check the DNS server IP.



How to Perform and Use the Packet Capture Feature on the ZyWALL/USG

This example shows how to use the Packet Capture feature to capture network traffic going through the ZyWALL/USG's interfaces. Studying these packet captures may help you identify network problems.



ZyWALL/USG Packet Capture Feature Settings

 \checkmark Note: New capture files overwrite existing files of the same name. Change the File Suffix field's setting to avoid this. This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the Packet Capture Feature

8 Go to MAINTENANCE > Diagnostics > Packet Capture > Capture > Interfaces.

Select interfaces for which to capture packets and click the right arrow button to move them to the **Capture Interfaces** list.

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Interfaces		
Available Interfaces wan2 opt lan2 reserved dmz wan1_ppp	-	

9 Go to MAINTENANCE > Diagnostics > Packet Capture > Capture > Filter.

Select **IP Version** (IPv4 or IPv6) for which to capture packets or select **any** to capture packets for all IP versions.

Select the **Protocol Type** of traffic for which to capture packets. Select **any** to capture packets for all types of traffic.

Select a **Host IP** address object for which to capture packets. Select **any** to capture packets for all hosts. Select **User Defined** to be able to enter an IP address.

Filter		
IP Version:	IPv4	~
Protocol Type:	icmp	~
Host IP:	any	~
Host Port:	0 (0: any)	

10 Go to MAINTENANCE > Diagnostics > Packet Capture > Capture > Misc setting.
Select Continuously capture and overwrite old ones to have the ZyWALL/USG keep capturing traffic and overwriting old packet capture entries when the available storage space runs out. Select Save data to onboard storage only or Save data to USB storage (If status shows service deactivated, go to CONFIGURATION > Object > USB Storage, select Activate USB storage service)



Misc setting		
Continuously capture and overwrite old or	nes	
 Save data to onboard storage only (available) 	ble: 65 MB)	
Save data to USB storage (available: 895)	MB)	
Captured Packet Files:	10	MB
Split threshold:	2	MB
Duration:	0	(0: unlimited)
File Suffix:	-packet-capture	
Number Of Bytes To Capture (Per Packet):	1500	Bytes

11 Click Capture.

Available Interfaces wan2 opt an2 reserved dmz	▲ ◆	Captu lan1 wan1	re Interfaces –		
lter					
IP Version:		Pv4		~	
Protocol Type:		cmp		~	
Host IP:		any		~	
Host Port:	()	(0: any)		
isc setting					
Continuously capture and overwrite	old ones				
Save data to onboard storage only (a)		65 MB)			
Capture	e 🗌	Stop	Reset	1	

12 Click **Stop** when collection is done.



Interfaces	
Available Interfaces	Capture Interfaces
wan2	lan1
opt	wan1
lan2	
reserved	
dmz	
Filter	
IP Version:	IPv4
Protocol Type:	icmp 💙
Host IP:	any 👻
Host Port:	0 (0: any)
Misc setting	
Continuously capture and overwrite old o	ones
Save data to onboard storage only (availa	lable: 65 MB)
Capture	Stop

Check the Capture Files

 Go to MAINTENANCE > Diagnostics > Packet Capture > Files, select the .cap file and click Download.

pture	d Packet Files		
💼 Re	move 🔚 Download		
#	File Name	Size	Last Modified
1	lan1packet-capture.00000.cap	924	2016-06-27 18:28:17
2	lan1packet-capture.txt	78	2016-06-27 18:28:17
3	wan1packet-capture.00000.cap	24	2016-06-27 18:28:17
1	wan1packet-capture.txt	76	2016-06-27 18:28:17

2 Open .cap files with Wireshark

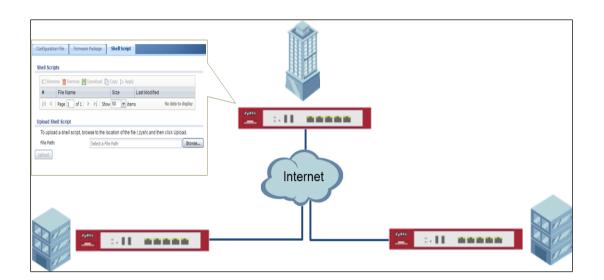
📕 lar	n1p	acket-	capture	.0000	0.cap	• [V	/iresh	ark 1.12	.5 (v1	.12.5-0	-g5819	5b from	master-	1.12)])	ĸ
<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew	/ <u>G</u> o	<u>C</u> aptu	ure	<u>A</u> nal	yze	<u>S</u> tatistic	s Te	lephon	<u>y T</u> oo	s <u>I</u> nterr	nals <u>H</u> el	р						
0	0					×	2	0, (a 📫	· 🏟 '	₹ 1		, D	Q	0	- 🏹	Y		*	»
Filter: Expression Clear Apply Save																				
No.	1	Time							Sou	rce			Destin	ation			Pro	otoc	Ы	
	1	2016-	-06-27	18:	37:	53.	7996	45	192	2.168.	1.33		8.8.	8.8			I	СМР		
	2	2016-	-06-27	18:	37:	53.1	8257	28	8.8	3.8.8			192.	168.1	1.33		I	СМР		
	3	2016-	-06-27	18:	37:	54.8	8003	99	192	2.168.	1.33		8.8.	8.8			I	СМР		
	4	2016-	-06-27	18:	37:	54.4	8263	98	8.8	3.8.8			192.	168.1	1.33		I	СМР		
	5	2016-	-06-27	18:	37:	55.4	8035	15	192	2.168.	1.33		8.8.	8.8			I	СМР		
	6	2016-	-06-27	18:	37:	55.4	8295	23	8.8	3.8.8			192.	168.1	1.33		I	СМР		
-					_															•
0 💆	File	: "C:\U	lsers\ZT	01896	6\Dov	vnloa	ads\la	n1	Packe	ts: 6 ·	Displaye	d: 6 (100	.0%) •1		Profile	: Default				

_ w	an1	packet	-captur	e.00000.	ap [Win	eshark 1.12	2.5 (v1.12.5-0-	g5819e	5b from m	aster-1.12	2)]			×
<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew	<u>G</u> o	<u>C</u> apture	<u>A</u> nalyze	<u>S</u> tatistics	Telephon <u>y</u>	<u>T</u> ools	<u>I</u> nternals	<u>H</u> elp				
۰	0		Ø		* 2	0	🔹 🛸 🌍 🗿			€ €	🔍 🖭	M 🛛	1 🖪	% »
Filte	r:								 Expres 	sion C	lear App	oly Save		
No.		Time					Source		D	estinatior	n		Protoco	ol
	1	2016-	06-27	18:37	:53.799	825	111.250.1	.88.9	8	.8.8.8			ICMP	
	2	2016-	06-27	18:37	:53.825	643	8.8.8.8		1	11.250	.188.9		ICMP	
	3	2016-	06-27	18:37	:54.800	473	111.250.1	.88.9	8	.8.8.8			ICMP	
	4	2016-	06-27	18:37	:54.826	5341	8.8.8.8		1	11.250	188.9		ICMP	
	5	2016-	06-27	18:37	:55.803	606	111.250.1	.88.9	8	.8.8.8			ICMP	
	6	2016-	06-27	18:37	:55.829	421	8.8.8.8		1	11.250	.188.9		ICMP	
•				111										•
0 🖻	File	e: "C:\U	sers\ZT	01896\D	ownloads\	wan1	Packets: 6 · Di	splayed:	6 (100.0%) • Lo	Profile: [Default		

How to Automatically Reboot the ZyWALL/USG by Schedule



This example shows how to use shell script and schedule run to reboot device automatically for maintenance purpose.



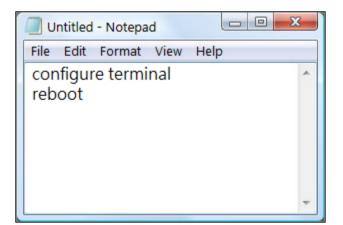
ZyWALL/USG Auto Schedule Reboot Settings

 \checkmark Note: This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the Shell Script

1 Run Windows Notepad application and input below command:





2 Save this file as "reboot_device.zysh"



3 In the ZyWALL/USG, go to MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Shell Script. Click

Browse... to find the reboot_device.zysh file. Click **Upload** to begin the upload process.

🖪 Rename 🍵 Remove 🐁 Dow	nload 📓 Copy 🕞 Apply		
File Name	Size	Last Modified	
	now 50 v items		No data to display
			no dala lo dipidy
lpload Shell Script	ne location of the file (.zysh) and then click U	pload.	

Set Up the Schedule Run

1 Login the device via console/telnet/SSH (using PuTTY in this example)

😵 PuTTY Configuration	X					
Category:						
E Session	Basic options for your PuTTY session					
Logging	Specify the destination you want to connect to					
E. Terminal	Host Name (or IP address) Port					
Bell	10.251.30.69 22					
Features	Connection type:					
🖃 · Window						
 Appearance Behaviour Translation Selection Colours Connection Data Proxy Telnet Rlogin SSH 	Load, save or delete a stored session Saved Sessions Default Settings ZyXEL test Delete Delete					
In Serial	Close window on exit: Always Never Only on clean exit					
About	Open Cancel					

2 Issuing below commands based on three different (daily, weekly and monthly) user scenarios:

a. Router(config)# schedule-run 1 reboot_device.zysh daily 10:00

(The device will reboot at 10:00 everyday)



b. Router(config)# schedule-run 1 reboot_device.zysh weekly 10:00 sun (The device will reboot at 10:00 every Sunday)





c. Router(config)# schedule-run 1 reboot_device.zysh monthly 10:00 23 (The device will reboot at 10:00 every month on 23th)



Check the Reboot Status

3 Login the device via console/telnet/SSH, the reboot runs as scheduled

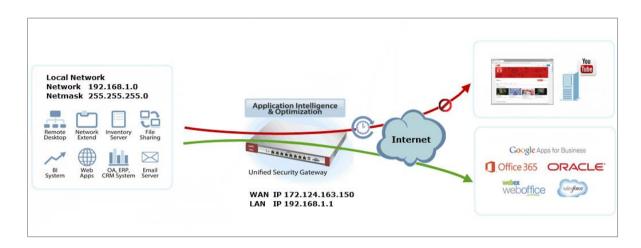
4 Go to Configuration > System> Date/Time, check Current Date/Time.

Figure Configuration > System > Date/Time

)ate	
13:47:47 UTC+08:00	
2017-06-29	
	13:47:47 UTC+08:00

How To Schedule YouTube Access

This is an example of using the ZyWALL/USG UTM Profile and Security Policy to control access to the network. If an application should not have network access during certain hours, you can use Application Patrol, SSL Inspection and Schedule settings to make sure that these applications cannot access the Internet.



ZyWALL/USG with Scheduled YouTube Access Settings Example

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the Schedule on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Object > Schedule > Recurring > Add Schedule Recurring Rule. Configure a Name for you to identify the Schedule Recurring Rule. Specify the Day Time hour and minute when the schedule begins and ends each day. In the Weekly schedule, select each day of the week that the recurring schedule is effective.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Schedule > Recurring

Add Schedule R	leconing kole		?
Configuration			
Name:	You_Tube_Schedu	le	
Day Time			
Start Time:	08:00	C	
Stop Time:	17:00	C	
Weekly			
Week Days:	Monday	Tuesday	👿 Wednesda
	Thursday	Friday	🔲 Saturday
	🔲 Sunday		

Create the Application Objects on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > Application > Add Application Rule**. Configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Application Profile**. Then, click **Add** to create an **Application Object**.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Application > Add Application Rule

In the Application Object, select By Service, type a keyword and click Search to display all signatures containing that keyword. Check all Query Result and Click OK. CONFIGURATION > Object > Application > Add Application Rule > Add Application Object

Set Up SSL Inspection on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > SSL Inspection > Add rule**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **SSL Inspection** profile.



Then, select the **CA Certificate** to be the certificate used in this profile. Select **Block** to **Action for Connection with SSL v3** and select **Log** type to be **log alert**. Leave other actions as default settings.

CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > SSL Inspection > Add rule

General Settings						
Name:	Youtube_Pro	file				
Description:						
CA Certificate:	default	*				
SSL/TLS version supported minimum:	ssl3		~	Log:	log alert	*
Action for connection with unsupported suit:	pass		۲	Log:	no	*
Action for connection with untrusted cert chain:	pass		*	Log:	log	*

Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. For **From** and **To** policies, select the direction of travel of packets to which the policy applies. Select the **Schedule** that defines when the policy applies (Youtube_Schedule in this example).

Scroll down to **UTM Profile**, check **Application Patrol** and select a profile from the list box (Youtube_profile in this example). Then, check **SSL Inspection** and select a profile from the list box (Youtube in this example).

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control

www.zyxel.com

ZYXEL

🗹 Enable		
Name:	Youtube_Schedule	
Description:		(Optional)
From:	LAN1	
To:	any (Excluding ZyV 💌]
Source:	any 💌	
Destination:	any 💌	
Service:	any 💌	
User:	any 💌	
Schedule:	Youtebe_Schedule 🗙	
Action:	allow 💌	
Log matched traffic:	no 💌	
UTM Profile		
Content Filter:	none 💌	Log: by profile 💙
SSL Inspection:	Youtube_Profile 💌	Log: by profile

Export Certificate from ZyWALL/USG and Import it to Windows 7 Operation System

When SSL inspection is enabled and an access website does not trust the ZyWALL/USG certificate, the browser will display a warning page of security certificate problems.

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit** to export default certificate from ZyWALL/USG with Private Key (zyx123 in this example).



CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default

ty Certificates Setting							
() A	dd 🗹 Edit	👕 Remove 🚦	Object References				
#	Name 🔺	Туре	Subject	lssuer	Valid From	Valid To	
1	default	SELF	CN=vpn300_B8ECA3A9C	CN=vpn300_B8ECA3A9C	2017-04-25 12:41:25 GMT	2027-04-23 12:41:25 GMT	
	Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕨	Show 50 🗸 items			Displaying 1 - 1 of 1	

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit > Export Certificate with

Private Key

Edit My Certificates		2
Issuer:	CN=vpn300_B8ECA3A9C003	
Signature Algorithm:	rsa-pkcs1-sha256	
Valid From:	2017-04-25 12:41:25 GMT	
Valid To:	2027-04-23 12:41:25 GMT	
Key Algorithm:	rsaEncryption (2048 bits)	
Subject Alternative Name:	vpn300_88ECA3A9C003	
Key Usage:	DigitalSignature, KeyEncipherment, DataEncipherment, KeyCertSi	
Extended Key Usage:		
Basic Constraint:	Subject Type=CA, Path Length Constraint=1	
MD5 Fingerprint:	1b:a9:ff:f3:e6:42:44:9c:90:8d:bc:3e:f9:07:af:26	
SHA1 Fingerprint:	1b:dd:6e:b2:c7:89:2e:ea:43:a0:ee:d2:55:3a:ff:15:89:bc:64:70	
Export Certificate Only	Password: ••••• Export Certificate with Private Key	

Save default certificate as *.p12 file to Windows 7 Operation System.



In Windows 7 Operating System Start Menu > Search Box, type mmc and press

Enter.

Start Menu > Search Box > mmc

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Programs (1)		
See more results	×	Shut down
(2)	0	ම

In the mmc console window, click File > Add/Remove Snap-in...

File > Add/Remove Snap-in...

8	Console1 - [Console Root]						
	File	Action View Favorites	Window				
¢		New	Ctrl+N				
		Open	Ctrl+O				
		Save	Ctrl+S				
		Save As					
		Add/Remove Snap-in	Ctrl+M				
		Options					
		1 services.msc					
		2 virtmgmt.msc					
		3 devmgmt.msc					
		4 wf.msc					
		Exit	Exit				

In the Available snap-ins, select the Certificates and click Add button. Select Computer account > Local Computer. Then, click Finished and OK to close the Snap-ins window.



Available snap-ins > Certificates > Add

Snap-in	Vendor		Console Root	Edit Extensions
ActiveX Control ActiveX Control Authorization Manager Certificates Component Services Computer Managem Device Manager Disk Management	Microsoft Cor Microsoft Cor Microsoft Cor Microsoft Cor	III	Certificates (Local Computer)	Remove Move Up Move Down
Event Viewer Folder Folder Folder Folder Folicy Monitor Folicy Ma Folicy Ma Folicy Ma Folicy Ma Folicy Ma Folicy Mathematical Statematical Statem	Microsoft Cor Microsoft Cor			Advanced

In the mmc console window, open the Certificates (Local Computer) > Trusted

Root Certification Authorities, right click Certificate > All Tasks > Import...

File Action View Favorites Window Help								
Certificates (Local Dersonal Certificates (Local Dersonal Dersonal Dersonal	Certificates							
Enterprise Tru	Find Certificates							
Intermediate Trusted Public	All Tasks	•	Find Certificates					
Untrusted Cer	View	- +	Import					
D Initial Party Report of the second seco	New Window from Here							
 Trusted Peopl Other People 	New Taskpad View							
Homegroup I	Refresh							
McAfee Trust	Export List							
PC-Doctor In	Help							

Click Next, Then, Browse..., and locate the .p12 file you downloaded earlier. Then, click Next.

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File to Import	
Specify the file you want to import.	
File name:	
C:\Users\Desktop\default.p12	Browse
Note: More than one certificate can be stored in a single file in the	following formats:
Personal Information Exchange- PKCS #12 (.PFX,.P12)	
Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard- PKCS #7 Certificates (.	Р7В)
Microsoft Serialized Certificate Store (.SST)	

Click Next, type zyx123 in the Password field and click Next again

Passv	vord
Т	o maintain security, the private key was protected with a password.
т	ype the password for the private key.
	Password:
	•••••
	Enable strong private key protection. You will be prompted every time the
	private key is used by an application if you enable this option.
	Mark this key as exportable. This will allow you to back up or transport your
	keys at a later time.
	✓ Include all extended properties.
	Include all extended properties.

Select Place all certificates in the following store and then click Browse and find Trusted Root Certification Authorities. Click Next, then click Finish.

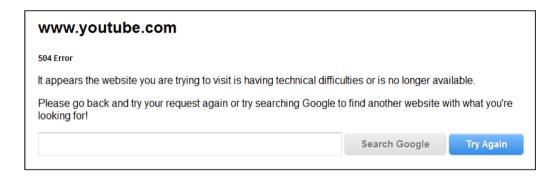
Certificate Store
Certificate stores are system areas where certificates are kept.
Windows can automatically select a certificate store, or you can specify a location for the certificate.
Automatically select the certificate store based on the type of certificate
Place all certificates in the following store
Certificate store:
Trusted Root Certification Authorities Browse

Vote: Each ZyWALL/USG device has its own self-signed certificate by factory default. When you reset to the default configuration file, the original self-signed certificate is erased, and a new self-signed certificate will be created when the ZyWALL/USG boots the next time.

Test the Result

Type http://<u>www.youtube.com</u>/ or https://<u>www.youtube.com</u>/ into the browser.

An error message occurs.



Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [alert] log message such as below.

Priority	Category	Message	Note
alert	Application Patrol	Rule_id=1 SSI=Y App=[Streaming Media]Youtube:access Action=reject SID=67137542	ACCESS BLOCK
alert	Application Patrol	Rule_id=1 SSI=Y App=[Streaming Media]Youtube:access Action=reject SID=67137542	ACCESS BLOCK

What Could Go Wrong?

If you are not be able to configure any **Application Patrol** policies or it's not working, there are two possible reasons:

You have not subscribed for the **Application Patrol** service. You have subscribed for the **Application Patrol** service but the license is expired.

You can click the link from the **CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration** screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator or click the myZyXEL.com 2.0 icon from

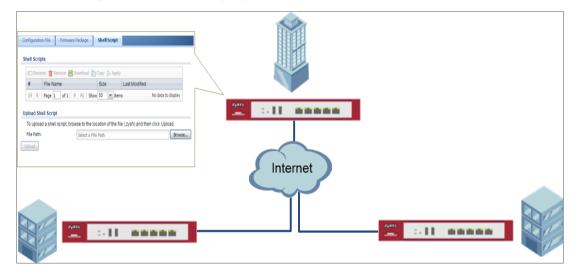


the portal page (<u>https://portal.myzyxel.com/</u>) to register or extend your **Application Patrol** license.

After you apply the **Application Patrol** service, the running session will continue till it's finished.

How to continuously run a ZySH script

This example shows how to use shell script and continuously run a ZySH script automatically for maintenance purpose.

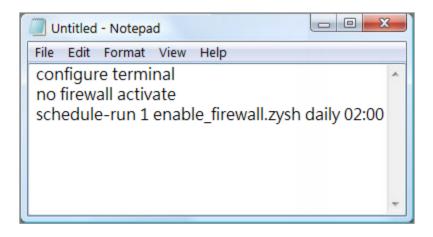


ZyWALL/USG continuously run a ZySH script Settings

	Vote: This example was tested using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD	4.25).
--	---	--------

Set Up the Shell Script

1 Run Windows Notepad application and input below command:

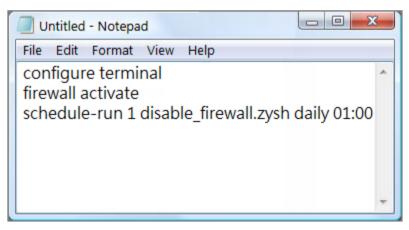




2 Save this file as "disable_firewall.zysh"



3 Run Windows Notepad application and input below command:



4 Save this file as "enable_firewall.zysh"



In the ZyWALL/USG, go to MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Shell Script. Click
Browse... to find the disable_firewall.zysh and enable_firewall.zysh file. Click Upload to begin the upload process.



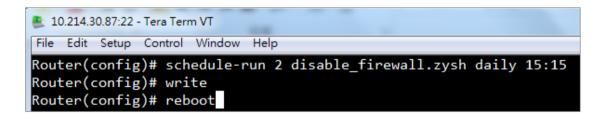
Kaname 📋 Remove 😓 Download 🖺 Copy 🕞 Apply								
🖪 kename 📕 kemove 🀜 Download								
enable_firewall.zysh	3	2017-06-29 14:48:25						
disable_firewall.zysh	3	2017-06-29 14:48:13						
I ← Page 1 of 1 → → Show	50 👻 items		Displaying 1 - 2 of 2					
pload Shell Script								
	ation of the file (.zysh) and then click U	lpload.						
to upload a shell script, browse to the loc								

Set Up the Schedule Run

6 Issuing below commands:

Router> configure terminal

Router(config)# schedule-run 1 disable_firewall.zysh daily 15:15



Check the Result

1 In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **DASHBOARD**.

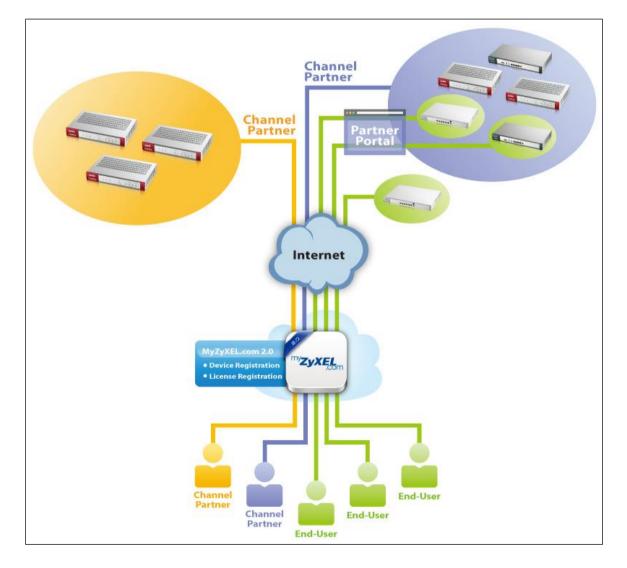
DASHBOARD

	Current Date/Time 2017-06-29 / 15:15:26 UTC+08:00
00:02:46	2017-06-29 / 13:13:26 010+06:00



How To Register Your Device and Services at myZyXEL.com

myZyXEL.com is ZyXEL's online services center where you can register your ZyXEL device and manage subscription services available for the device. To update signature files or use a subscription service, you have to register the device and activate the corresponding service at myZyXEL.com.



MyZyXEL.com 2.0 Management Architecture

Account Creation

After you click the link from the **Registration** screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator or click **the myZyXEL.com 2.0** icon from the portal page (https://portal.myzyxel.com/), the **Sign In** screen displays.

CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration

		Registration	Service
(@)	Configuration — Licensing	Registration Status	.≣↓ Configuration Walkthrough
4\r•	- Registration Wireless	Device Registrati	on Stat Not registered Refresh
4	 Controller AP Management 	Note:	
ŝ	 MON Profile Auto Healing 	If you want to re	gister myzyxel.com, please go t <mark>e <u>portal myzyxel.com</u>.</mark>
ಿನ	- Network		
	- Routing		
-	- RTLS - Network - Interface		

Click **Not a Member Yet** to open the **Sign Up** screen where you can create an account.

myZyXEL.com > Not a Member Yet

	Language: English
TYZYXEL .com	Sign In
	A You need to sign in or sign up before continuing.
	Email
	Password
	Remember Me
	Submit
	Not a Member Yet Forgot My Password Resend Confirmation
	Privacy Statement 2.16.2 Copyright © 2015 ZyXEL Communications Corp. All rights reserved.

Select Registration Type to create an Individual account or a Business account. Individual account is for non-commercial, end user of ZyXEL products. Business account is for commercial users; VAT # is required (the requirement varies in selection of different countries)

myZyXEL.com > Not a M	Aember Yet >	Sign-up
-----------------------	--------------	---------

* Registration Type	Individual Individual Business
* Email	
* Password	An account activation notice will be sent to this email address. Please enter a valid email address . If you don't receive the account activation notice, please check your spam folder. Please use 8 or more characters. Acceptable characters include letters, numbers and symbols. Letters are case sensitive.

 \bigvee Note: The business account can be changed into a channel partner account by an administrator. With a channel partner account, you can register multiple devices and/or services at a time and check service status reports. Contact your sales representative to have a channel partner account.



After you click **Submit**, myZyXEL.com 2.0 will send you an account activation notification e-mail. Click the URL link from the e-mail to activate your account and log into myZyXEL.com 2.0.

Dear Customer,
You have registered a new account at myZyXEL.com.
Here is your login information:
To activate your account, please click the following URL.
URL: http://portal-ebeta.myzyxel.com/users/confirmation?confirmation
If you are a ZyXEL reseller and wish to gain reseller account privileges 1. Activate the account first (as indicated above) 2. Contact your local ZyXEL sales representative http://www.zyxel.com/promotions/promotion_20130916_299398.shtml **This is an automatically generated email, please do not reply**
Best Regards,
myZyXEL.com Administrator
ZYXEL Communications Corp.
info@myzyxel.com

After E-mail activate, sign in myZyXEL.com 2.0 to register or mange your devices and services. If you are a business account, please go to account page and press the **Reseller Request** button.

Reseller Request Language:	English	•	<u>Help</u>	Support	Account	Sign Out

Device Registration

Click **Device Registration** in the navigation panel to open the screen. Use this screen to register your device with myZyXEL.com.

Enter the device's (first) **MAC Address** and **Serial Number**, which can be found on the sticker on the back of the device. Click **Submit**.

If you access myZyXEL.com from the **Registration** screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator, the device **MAC Address** and **Serial Number** displays automatically.

520/751

^{my} ZyXEL		
Dashboard	Device Registration	
Device Management Service Management	Product Select	Device
 Maintenance Management License Check 	* MAC Address	i.e. 20:13:10:00:00:A0
Device Registration	* Serial Number	Le. 20:13:10:00:00:AU
Service Registration	Name	
	Reseller	Enter a name for this device (optional). Check Enter the email address, VAT number or company name of the reseller selling you the device.
		Submit Cancel

Service Registration (In the Case of Standard License)

Click **Service Registration** in the navigation panel to open the screen. Fill in the **License Key** as shown on **E-iCard License**.

^{my} ZyXEL	
 Dashboard Device Management Service Management Maintenance Management License Check Device Registration Service Registration 	Service Registration * License Key Submit Cancel

Go to the **Service Management** page and click the **Link** button. Select the device then click the **Activate** button to initiate the services license. You will get a **Service Activation Notice** Email when you activate a new service.

oduct Select Device	Search Q Please ent	er license key to search			
License Key 🗘	Name \$	Туре	Amount/Time	Linked Device	Status
S-CCF001-7B2655063E2A	Content Filter_Commtouch	Standard	731 / 731 days	Link	Avaliable
	Kaspersky Anti-Virus_Trial	Trial	30 / 30 days	00:00:AA:80:38:15	Activate
	Anti-Spam_Trial	Trial	30 / 30 days	00:00:AA:80:38:15	Activate
	IDP_Trial	Trial	253 / 253 days	00:00:AA:80:38:15	Activate

Device Management (In the Case of Registering Bundled Licenses)

Go to **Device Management** and click on the **MAC Address** hyper link of your device. In the **Linked Services** page, click the **Activate** button to initiate the services license. You will get a **Service Activation Notice** Email when you activate a new service.

Device Manager	nent				
Product Select	Device Search	MAC Address 💌 🔍 F	Please choose a type to	search	
Model	MAC Address	Linked Services	Registration Time 🗘	Status	Link to CF Report
ZyWALL 110	00:00:AA:80:38:15	• IDP • Anti-Spam • Kaspersky Anti-Virus • Content Filter	2014-08-07 12:44	Active	Link

ame	Remaining Amount / Period	Total Licensed Amount / Period	Trial	Status
DP_Standard	397 days	397 days	Standard	Activate
Anti-Spam_Standard	397 days	397 days	Standard	Activate
Kaspersky Anti-Virus_Standard	397 days	397 days	Standard	Activate
Content Filter_Standard	397 days	397 days	Standard	Activate

Refresh Service

After service activated, please go to the ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION >** Licensing > Registration > Service and click the Service License Refresh button to update the Status.

#	Service	Status	Registration Type	Expiration Date	Count
1	IDP/AppPatrol Signature Service	Licensed	Standard	2016-7-2	N/A
2	Anti-Virus Signature Service	Licensed	Standard	2016-7-2	N/A
3	Anti-Spam Service	Licensed	Standard	2016-7-2	N/A
4	Content Filter Service	Licensed	Standard	2016-7-2	N/A
5	SSL VPN Service	Licensed			255
6	Managed AP Service	Default	Standard		2
14 4	Page 1 of 1 Show 5	0 🔻 items			Displaying 1 - 6 of 6
cense	Refresh				

What Could Go Wrong?

If you can't activate your device's service license, please check if you entered a correct license key. Or your login session connecting to the device's Web GUI or to myZyXEL.com might have been timed out. Please try to login again.

If the device fails to register and connect to myzyxel.com, please ensure that the WAN interface IP address can public access to Internet is working properly.

If you forget your password of myzyxel.com account, please click the "Forgot My Password" link on the login screen and enter your email address. MyZyXEL.com 2.0 will send an email to you with a link to change your password.



Dear Customer,

You have requested to reset your myZyXEL.com password. Please click the following link to change your password. https://portal.myzyxel.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password.com/users/password/edit?reset_password_token=lineture.com/users/password.com/users/

This is an automatically generated email, please do not reply

Best Regards, myZyXEL.com Administrator ZyXEL Communications Corp. info@myzyxel.com

If you forget your registered email address on myZyXEL.com, please go to the link below and submit a request to ZyXEL support team for further support:

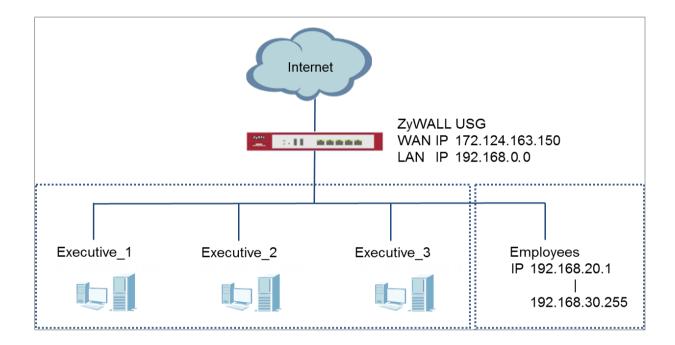
http://www.zyxel.com/form/Support Feedback.shtml



How To Exempt Specific Users From Security Control

This is an example of using a ZyWALL/USG Security Policy to exempt three corporate executives from security control, while controlling Internet access for other employees' accounts.

Exempt Specific Users from Security Control Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG for Employees

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > Address > Add Address Rule** to create address range for employees.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Address > Add Address Rule

🕂 Add Address Rule			?×
Name:	Employees		^
Address Type:	RANGE	~	
Starting IP Address:	192.168.20.1		
End IP Address:	192.168.30.255		
		OK	Cancel

Set up Security Policy for employees, go to CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Add corresponding, configure a Name for you to identify the employees' Security Policy profile.

For **From** and **To** policies, select the direction of travel of packets to which the policy applies. Select **Source** to be the **Employees** to apply the policy to all traffic coming from them. In order to view the test result later on, set **Log matched traffic** to be **log**.

Scroll down to **UTM Profile**, select the general policy that allows employees to access the Internet. (Using built-in Office profile in this example blocks the non-productive services, such as Advertisement & Pop-Ups, Gambling and Peer to Peer services...etc.).

🗹 Enable				
Name:	Employees_Secu	rity		
Description:			(Optional)	
From:	LAN	~		
To:	any (Excluding Z	yV 🕶		
Source:	Employees	~		
Destination:	any	~		
Service:	any	~		
User:	any	~		
Schedule:	none	~		
Action:	allow	~		
Log matched traffic:	log	*		
UTM Profile				
Content Filter:	Office_profile	~	Log: by profile	~
SSL Inspection:	none	*	Log: by profile	~

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Add corresponding > Employees Security



Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG for Executives

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > Add A User to create User Name/Password for each executive. CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > Add A User

User Configuration	
User Name :	Executive_1
User Type:	user 👻
Password:	••••
Retype:	••••
Description:	Local User

User Configuration	
User Name :	Executive_2
User Type:	user 👻
Password:	••••
Retype:	••••
Description:	Local User

User Configuration		
User Name :	Executive_3	
User Type:	user	~
Password:		
Retype:	••••	
Description:	Local User	



Then, go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > Group > Add Group** to create a **Group Members' Name** and move the just created executives user object to **Member**.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Address Group > Add Address Group Rule

Configuration			
Name:	Executive		
Description:			(Optional)
Member List			
Available			Member
=== Object =	==		
Executive_1			
Executive_2			
Executive_3		->	
ad-users		→	
Idap-users			
radius-users			

Set up Security Policy for executives, go to CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Add corresponding, configure a Name for you to identify the executives' Security Policy profile.

For **From** and **To** policies, select the direction of travel of packets to which the policy applies. Select **User** to be the **Executives** to apply the policy to all traffic coming from them.

In order to view the test result later on, set Log matched traffic to be log.



Leave all **UTM Profiles** disabled.

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Add corresponding >

Employees_Security

🗹 Enable			
Name:	Executive_Security		
Description:			(Optional)
From:	LAN	~	
To:	any (Excluding ZyV	~	
Source:	any	~	
Destination:	any	~	
Service:	any	~	
User:	Executive	~	
Schedule:	none	*	
Action:	allow	*	
Log matched traffic:	log	*	
UTM Profile			

Test the Result

Connect to the Internet from two computers: one from executive_1 and one from an employee address (192.168.30.9).

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [notice] log message such as below. In this example result, a connection from executive_1 has user login message and always with **ACCESS FORWARD** information. A connection from employee address (192.168.30.9) and some of the services are with **ACCESS BLOCK** information

Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
notice	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service others, ACCEPT	192.168.1.33:60045	172.23.5.208:8080	ACCESS FORWARD
notice	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service others, ACCEPT	192.168.1.33:60044	59.124.183.66:443	ACCESS FORWARD
notice	User	User Executive_1(MAC=F0:DE:F1:B7:FB:7E) from http/https has logged in Device	192.168.1.33	59.124.183.150	Account: Executive_1

Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
notice	Security Policy Control	priority:2, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service others, ACCEPT	192.168.30.9:50928	74.125.23.189:443	ACCESS FORWARD
info	Application Patrol	Rule_id=2 SSI=N App=[Social Network]Google-plus:authority Action=reject SID=402692097	192.168.30.9:50926	74.125.23.113:443	ACCESS BLOCK
info	Application Patrol	Rule_id=2 SSI=N App=[Social Network]Facebook:authority Action=reject SID=402653953	192.168.30.9:51041	66.220.158.19:443	ACCESS BLOCK

What Could Go Wrong?

If you are not be able to configure any **UTM** policies or it's not working, there are two possible reasons:

You have not subscribed for the **UTM** service.

You have subscribed for the **UTM** service but the license is expired.

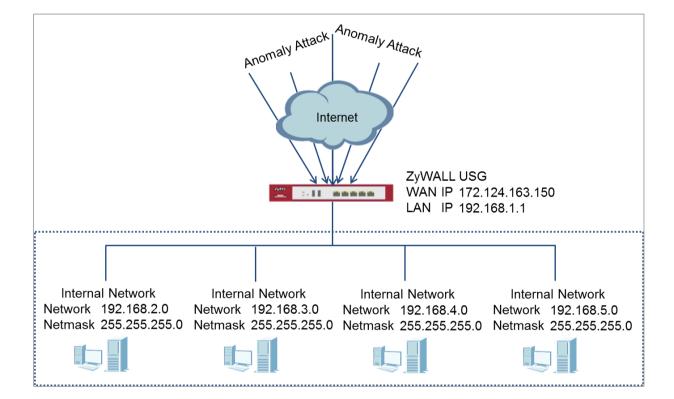
You can click the link from the **CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration** screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator or click the myZyXEL.com 2.0 icon from the portal page (<u>https://portal.myzyxel.com/</u>) to register or extend your **UTM** license.



How To Detect and Prevent TCP Port Scanning with ADP

This is an example of using a ZyWALL/USG ADP (Anomaly Detection and Prevention) Profile to protect against anomalies based on violations of protocol standards (RFCs – Requests for Comments) and abnormal traffic flows such as port scans.

ZyWALL/USG with ADP Profile Setting Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



Set Up the ADP Profile on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > ADP > Profile**, click the **Add** icon. A pop-up screen will appear allowing you to choose a base profile. Select a base profile to go to the profile details screen.

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > ADP > Profile > Base Profile

0	Base Profile	?×
	Please select one AD Profile.	P Base
	Base Profile	
	none all	
		Cancel

The **Traffic Anomaly** screen will display. A **Name** is automatically generated that you can edit. Enable or disable individual scan or flood types by selecting a row and clicking **Activate** or **Inactivate**.

In the **Scan Detection** section, selecting levels in the **Sensitivity** drop-down menu and set **Block Period** for the duration applies blocking to the source IP address.



In the Flood Detection section, set Block Period for the duration applies blocking to the destination IP address. Set a Threshold number (the number of packets per second that match the flood detection criteria) for your network. Click OK. CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > ADP > Profile > Base Profile > Traffic Anomaly

General						
Name:	APF1895					
Description:						
Scan Detection						
Sensitivity:	medium 👻					
Block Period	: 10 (1-3600 seconds)					
💡 Activate	💡 Inactivate 🛛 👸 Log 🔻 🍄 Action 🔻					
# Status	: Name +	Log	Action			
1 🥊	(portscan) IP Protocol Scan	no	none			
2 9	(portscan) TCP Portscan	no	none			
з 💡	(portscan) UDP Portscan	no	none			
4 9	(sweep) ICMP Sweep	no	none			
5 💡	(sweep) IP Protocol Sweep	no	none			
6 🧖	(sweep) TCP Port Sweep	no	none			
7 🥊	(sweep) UDP Port Sweep	no	none			
I Pag	e 1 of 1 🕨 🕅 Show 50 🕶 items		Displaying 1 - 7 of 7			

Block	Period: 5	(1-3600 sec	conds)		
🗹 Ed	iit 🥊 Activate	💡 Inactivate 🛛 🔒 Log 🔻 🌼	Action v		
	Status	Name +	Log	Action	Threshold(p
1	^	(flood) ICMP Flood	no	none	1000
2	^	(flood) IP Flood	no	none	1000
3	` •	(flood) TCP Flood	no	none	1000
4	° •	(flood) UDP Flood	no	none	1000

Click the **Protocol Anomaly** tab. A **Name** is automatically generated that you can edit. Enable or disable individual rules by selecting a row and clicking **Activate** or **Inactivate**. Edit the default log options and actions by selecting a row and making a selection in the **Log** or **Action** drop-down menus. Click **OK**. **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > ADP > Profile > Base Profile > Protocol Anomaly**

General					
Name:	APF1895				
Description:					
CP Decoder			•		
Activate	e 💡 Inactiv	ate 💩 Log 🔻 📫 Action 🔻			
# Statu	is 🔺	Name		Log	Action
1 2		(tcp_decoder) BAD-LENG	GTH-OPTI	no	none
2 💡		(tcp_decoder) EXPERIME	NTAL-OP	no	none
3 💡		(tcp_decoder) OBSOLETE	E-OPTION	no	none
4 💡		(tcp_decoder) OVERSIZE	-OFFSET A	no	none
5 💡		(tcp_decoder) TRUNCAT	ED-OPTIO	no	none
6 💡		(tcp_decoder) TTCP-DET	ECTED AT	no	none
7 🤶		(tcp_decoder) UNDERSIZ	E-LEN ATT	no	none
8 🢡		(tcp_decoder) UNDERSIZ	E-OFFSET	no	none
9 9		(tcp_decoder) tcp-fragn	nent ATTA	no	none
I Pag	ge 1 of 1	▶ ▶ Show 50 ¥ Ite	ms		Displaying 1 - 9 of
JDP Decoder					1
Activate	Inactiva	te 🔒 Log 🔻 💠 Action 🔻			
# Status		Name +	Li	og	Action
1 9		(udp_decoder) OVERSIZE-L	EN ATT n	0	none
2 9		(udp_decoder) TRUNCATED	-HEAD n	0	none

	(X	(udp_decoder) TRUNCATED-HEAD	no	none
3	' •	(udp_decoder) UNDERSIZE-LEN AT	no	none
14	Poge 1 of 1	▶ ▶ Show 50 🖌 Items		Displaying 1 - 3 of 3
MP D	ecoder			
9 A	ctivate 🔍 Inactivo	ite 🚔 Loa 🔻 🗴 Action 🔻		
1	Status		Log no	Action none
# 1 2	Status 9 9	(icmp_decoder) TRUNCATED-ADD	2004.271	
1 2 3	Status	(icmp_decoder) TRUNCATED-ADD	no no	none
1 2	Status 9 9 9	(icmp_decoder) TRUNCATED-ADD (icmp_decoder) TRUNCATED-HEA	no no	none none

P Dec	oder				
9/	Activate	💡 Inactivate 🛔 Log 🔻 📫	Action 🔻		
	Status	Name +		Log	Action
1	· •	(ip_decoder) B	AD-LENGTH-OPTIO	no	none
2	1	(ip_decoder) li	P-land ATTACK	no	none
3	. 6	(ip_decoder) T	RUNCATED-OPTION	no	none
4	` •	(ip_decoder) U	INDERSIZE-LEN ATTA	no	none
5	. 6	(ip_decoder) i	o-spoof ATTACK	no	none
6	. 6	(ip_decoder) i	o-teardrop ATTACK	no	none
14	< Page	1 of 1 > > Show	50 🖌 items		Displaying 1 - 6 of 6

Go to CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > ADP > General, select Enable Anomaly



Detection and Prevention. Then, select the just created **Anomaly Profile** and click **Apply**.

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > ADP > General

Jeneral Settings					
Enable Anomaly Detection and Pre	vention				
Policies	Policies				
🗘 Add 📓 Edit 🍍 Remove 💡 Act	vate 💡 Inactivate 📣 Move				
Priority + Status	From	Anomaly Profile			
1 rule-1 💡	a WAN	APF1895			
	v 50 💌 items				

Test the Result

Download Nmap free security scanner for testing the result:

https://nmap.org/download.html

Open the Nmap GUI, set the Target to be the WAN IP of ZyWALL/USG

(172.124.163.150 in this example) and set Profile to be Intense Scan. Click Scan.

👁 Zenmap 💶 📼 🗮 🏧
Sc <u>a</u> n <u>T</u> ools <u>P</u> rofile <u>H</u> elp
Target: 172.124.163.150 Profile: Intense scan Scan Cancel
Command: nmap -T4 -A -v 172.124.163.150
Hosts Services Nmap Output Ports / Hosts Topology Host Details Scans
OS • Host Imap - T4 - A - v 172.124.163.150
Starting Nmap 6.46 (http://nmap.org) at 2015-11-06 11:42 NSE: Loaded <u>118</u> scripts for scanning. <u>NSE:</u> Script <u>Pre-</u> scanning. Initiating Ping Scan at 11:42 Scanning 172.124.163.150 [4 ports] Completed Ping Scan at 11:42, 0.15s elapsed (1 total hosts) Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 11:42 Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 11:42, 0.18s elapsed Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 11:42 Scanning 172-124-163-150.lightspeed.brhmal.sbcglobal.net (172.124.163.150) [1000 ports] Discovered open port 22/tcp on 172.124.163.150 Discovered open port 53/tcp on 172.124.163.150
Filter Hosts Discovered open port 80/tcp on 172.124.163.150

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [warn] log message such as below.

Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
warn	ADP	from Any to ZyWALL, [type=Scan-Detection(8910011)] tcp-portscan-syn tcp-portscan-syn Action: Block Severity: medium	192.168.123.33:40347	172.124.163.150:1271	ACCESS BLOCK
warn	ADP	from Any to ZyWALL, [type=Scan-Detection(8910011)] tcp-portscan-syn tcp-portscan-syn Action: Block Severity: medium	192.168.123.33:40374	172.124.163.150:8888	ACCESS BLOCK
warn	ADP	from Any to ZyWALL, [type=Scan-Detection(8910011)] tcp-portscan-syn tcp-portscan-syn Action: Block Severity: medium	192.168.123.33:40348	172.124.163.150:13	ACCESS BLOCK
warn	ADP	from Any to ZyWALL, [type=Scan-Detection(8910011)] tcp-portscan-syn tcp-portscan-syn Action: Block Severity: medium	192.168.123.33:40347	172.124.163.150:15003	ACCESS BLOCK

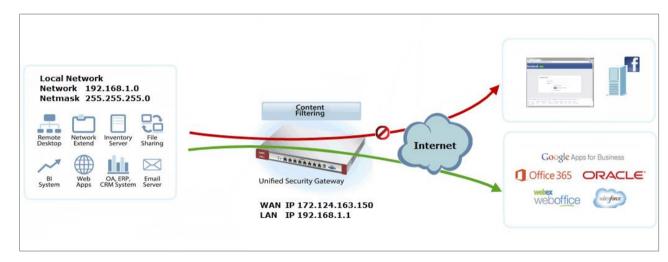
What Could Go Wrong?

You may find that certain rules are triggering too many false positives or false negatives. A false positive is when valid traffic is flagged as an attack. A false negative is when invalid traffic is wrongly allowed to pass through the ZyWALL/USG. As each network is different, false positives and false negatives are common on initial ADP deployment. You could create a new 'monitor profile' that creates logs but all actions are disabled. Observe the logs over time and try to eliminate the causes of the false alarms. When you're satisfied that they have been reduced to an acceptable level, you could then create an 'inline profile' whereby you configure appropriate actions to be taken when a packet matches a detection.

How To Block Facebook

This is an example of using a ZyWALL/USG UTM Profile in a Security Policy to block access to a specific social network service. You can use Content Filter, SSL Inspection and Policy Control to make sure that a certain web page cannot be accessed through both HTTP and HTTPS protocols.

ZyWALL/USG with Block Facebook Settings Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



Set Up the Content Filter on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile Management > Add Filter File > Custom Service. Configure a Name for you to identify the Content Filter Profile and select Enable Custom Service. CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile > Profile Management > Add Filter File > Custom Service > General Settings



Scroll down to the **Blocked URL Keywords** section, click **Add** and use "*" as a wildcard to match any string in trusted/forbidden web sites and blocked URL keywords (*.facebook*.com in this example). Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile > Profile Management > Add Filter File > Custom Service > Blocked URL Keywords

Blocked URL Keywords	
🔁 Add 🦉 Edit 🍵 Remove	
# Blocked URL Keywords	
1 *.facebook*.com	
€ € Page 0 of 0 > > Show 50 w items	No data to dis

Set Up the SSL Inspection on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > SSL Inspection > Add rule**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **SSL Inspection** profile.

Then, select the **CA Certificate** to be the certificate used in this profile. Select 539/751



Block to Action for Connection with SSL v3 and select Log type to be log alert.

Leave other actions as default settings.

CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > SSL Inspection > Add rule

General Settings							
Name:	Fackbook_Block						
Description:							
CA Certificate:	default 💌						
SSL/TLS version supported minimum:	ssl3	*	Log:	no	*		
Action for connection with unsupported suit:	pass	~	Log:	no	*		
Action for connection with untrusted cert chain:	pass	~	Log:	log	*		

Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. For **From** and **To** policies, select the direction of travel of packets to which the policy applies. Select the **Schedule** that defines when the policy applies (Facebook_Block in this example).

Scroll down to **UTM Profile**, select **Content Filter** and select a profile from the list box (Facebook_Block in this example). Then, select **SSL Inspection** and select a profile from the list box (Facebook_Block in this example). **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**

Name:	Facebook_Block		
Description:			(Optional)
From:	LAN	~	
To:	any (Excluding Zy)	~	
Source:	any	~	
Destination:	any	~	
Service:	any	~	
User:	any	~	
Schedule:	none	*	
Action:	allow	~	
Log matched traffic:	no	*	

	rofile					
V	Content Filter:	Facebook_Block	*	Log:	by profile	*
V	SSL Inspection:	Facebook_Block	~	Log:	by profile	~



Export Certificate from ZyWALL/USG and Import it to Windows 7 Operation System

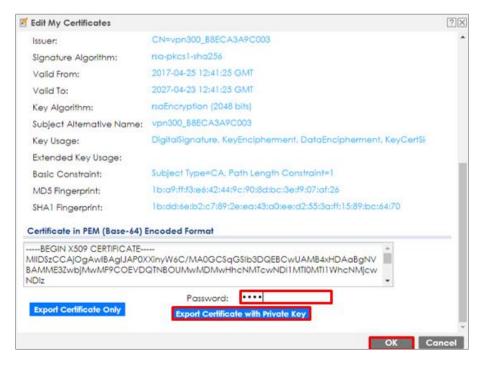
When SSL inspection is enabled and an access website does not trust the ZyWALL/USG certificate, the browser will display a warning page of security certificate problems.

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit** to export default certificate from ZyWALL/USG with Private Key (zyx123 in this example).

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default

🗗 Ad	ld 📝 Edit	🎁 Remove	🛅 Object References			
1	default	SELF	CN=vpn300_B8ECA3A9C	CN=vpn300_B8ECA3A9C	2017-04-25 12:41:25 GMT	2027-04-23 12:41:25 GMT

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit > Export Certificate with Private Key



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Save default certificate as *.p12 file to Windows 7 Operation System.



In Windows 7 Operating System Start Menu > Search Box, type mmc and press Enter.

Start Menu > Search Box > mmc

Program			
₽ See m	iore results		
mmc		×	🕑 Shut down 🔸
@	0	0	8



In the mmc console window, click File > Add/Remove Snap-in...

5	Cons	ole1 - [Console Root]	
	File	Action View Favorites	Window
		New	Ctrl+N
		Open	Ctrl+O
		Save	Ctrl+S
		Save As	
		Add/Remove Snap-in	Ctrl+M
		Options	
		1 services.msc	
		2 virtmgmt.msc	
		3 devmgmt.msc	
		4 wf.msc	
		Exit	

File > Add/Remove Snap-in...

In the Available snap-ins, select the Certificates and click Add button. Select Computer account > Local Computer. Then, click Finished and OK to close the Snap-ins window.

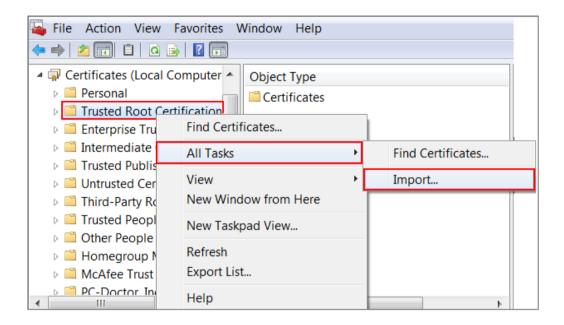
Snap-in	Vendor		Console Root	Edit Extensions
ActiveX Control	Microsoft Cor		🙀 Certificates (Local Com	
Authorization Manager	Microsoft Cor			Remove
Certificates	Microsoft Cor			
Component Services	Microsoft Cor	=		Move Up
🛓 Computer Managem	Microsoft Cor	-		
📲 Device Manager	Microsoft Cor			Move Down
🚽 Disk Management	Microsoft and		Add >	
🛃 Event Viewer	Microsoft Cor			
🚆 Folder	Microsoft Cor			
🜷 IP Security Monitor	Microsoft Cor			
見 IP Security Policy Ma	Microsoft Cor			
🖭 Link to Web Address	Microsoft Cor			
Local Users and Gro	Microsoft Cor			
🔁 NAP Client Configura	Microsoft Cor	-		Advanced

Available snap-ins > Certificates > Add



In the mmc console window, open the Certificates (Local Computer) > Trusted

Root Certification Authorities, right click Certificate > All Tasks > Import...



Click Next. Then, Browse..., and locate the .p12 file you downloaded earlier. Then, click Next.

ile to Im	port	
Speci	fy the file you want to import.	
File n	ame:	
C:\U	sers\Desktop\default.p12	Browse
Note:	More than one certificate can be stored in a single file in the f	following formats:
Pe	rsonal Information Exchange- PKCS #12 (.PFX,.P12)	
Cn	/ptographic Message Syntax Standard- PKCS #7 Certificates (.l	Р7В)
Mi	crosoft Serialized Certificate Store (.SST)	



Click Next, type zyx123 in the Password field and click Next again

Pas	ssword
	To maintain security, the private key was protected with a password.
	Type the password for the private key.
	Password:
	•••••
	Enable strong private key protection. You will be prompted every time the
	private key is used by an application if you enable this option.
	Mark this key as exportable. This will allow you to back up or transport your
	keys at a later time.
	Tackuda all extended properties
	✓ Include all extended properties.

Select Place all certificates in the following store and then click Browse and find Trusted Root Certification Authorities. Click Next, then click Finish.

	cate Store
Ce	rtificate stores are system areas where certificates are kept.
	ndows can automatically select a certificate store, or you can specify a location the certificate.
	Automatically select the certificate store based on the type of certificate
Г	Place all certificates in the following store
-	Certificate store:

Vote: Each ZyWALL/USG device has its own self-signed certificate by factory default. When you reset to default configuration file, the original self-signed certificate is erased, and a new self-signed certificate will be created when the ZyWALL/USG boots the next time.

Test the Result

Type http://<u>www.facebook.com</u>/ or https://<u>www.facebook.com</u>/ into the browser, the error message occurs.



Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [alert] log message such as below.

Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
alert	Blocked web sites	d2ebu295n9axq5.webhst.com: Keyword blocking, Rule_id=1, SSI=N	WEB BLOCK
alert	Blocked web sites	d2ebu295n9axq5.webhst.com: Keyword blocking, Rule_id=1, SSI=N	WEB BLOCK



What Could Go Wrong?

If you are not be able to configure any **Content Filter** policies or it's not working, there are two possible reasons:

You have not subscribed for the **Content Filter** service. You have subscribed for the **Content Filter** service but the license is expired.

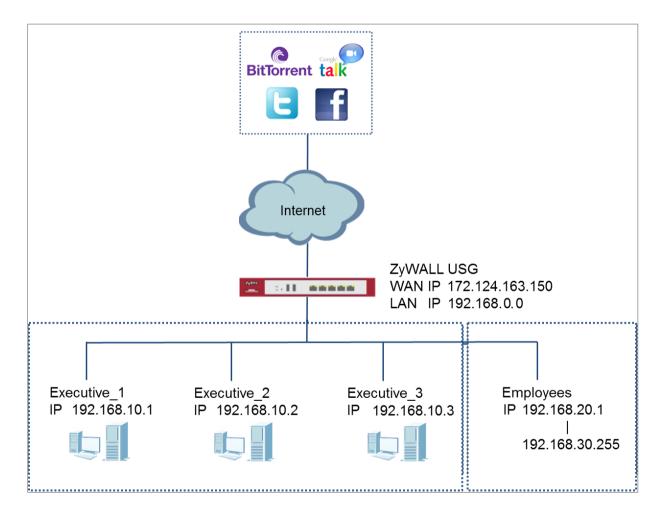
You can click the link from the **CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration** screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator or click the myZyXEL.com 2.0 icon from the portal page (<u>https://portal.myzyxel.com/</u>) to register or extend your **Content Filter** license.



How To Exempt Specific Users From a Blocked Website

This is an example of using a ZyWALL/USG Security Policy to exempt three corporate executives from a blocked Website, while controlling Internet access for other employees' accounts.

With executives connect to a blocked Website using PCs with static IP addresses, you could set up address group to allow their traffic.



ZyWALL/USG with Exempt Specific Users From a Blocked Website Example

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG for Employees

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > Address > Add Address Rule** to create address range for employees.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Address > Add Address Rule

🗹 Edit Address Rule Empl	oyees		?×
Name:	Employees		
Address Type:	RANGE	~	
Starting IP Address:	192.168.20.1		
End IP Address:	192.168.30.255		
	_		
		OK	Cancel

Set up Security Policy for employees, go to CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Add corresponding, configure a Name for you to identify the employees' Security Policy profile.

For **From** and **To** policies, select the direction of travel of packets to which the policy applies. Select **Source** to be the **Employees** to apply the policy to all traffic coming from them.



Scroll down to **UTM Profile**, select the general policy that allows employees to access the Internet. (Using built-in Office profile in this example blocks the non-productive services, such as Advertisement & Pop-Ups, Gambling and Peer to Peer services...etc.).

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Add corresponding >
Employees_Security

I Enable			
Name:	Employees_Sec	urity	
Description:			(Optional)
From:	LAN	~	
To:	any (Excluding	ZyV 🛩	
Source:	Employees	~	
Destination:	any	~	
Service:	any	~	
User:	any	~	
Schedule:	none	*	
Action:	allow	*	
Log matched traffic:	log	×	

UTM P	rofile					
	Content Filter:	Office profile	*	Log:	by profile	~
	SSL Inspection:	none	~	Log:	by profile	~



Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG for Executives

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > Address > Add Address Rule** to create address for each executives.

🕂 Add Address Rule			$? \times$
Name:	Executive_1		
Address Type:	HOST	*	
IP Address:	192.168.10.1		
		OK	Cancel
🔂 Add Address Rule			? ×
Name:	Executive_2		
Address Type:	HOST	*	
IP Address:	192.168.10.2		
		OK	Cancel
🔂 Add Address Rule			$? \times$
Name:	Executive_3		
Address Type:	HOST	~	
IP Address:	192.168.10.3		
in Address.			
		OK	Cancel

CONFIGURATION > Object > Address > Add Address Rule

Then, go to CONFIGURATION > Object > Address Group > Add Address Group Rule to create a Group Members' Name and move the just created executives

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address object to Member.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Address Group > Add Address Group Rule

Configuration			
Name:	Executive		
Description:			(Optional)
Member List			
Available			Member
=== Obje	ct ===		
ad-users			
Idap-users			
radius-users		->	
Executive_1		→	
Executive_2			
Executive_3			

Set up Security Policy for executives, go to CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Add corresponding, configure a Name for you to identify the executives' Security Policy profile.

For **From** and **To** policies, select the direction of travel of packets to which the policy applies. Select **Source** to be the **Executives** to apply the policy to all traffic coming from them. In order to view the results later, to have the ZyWALL/USG generate **Log matched traffic (log)**.



Leave all UTM Profiles disabled.

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Add corresponding > Executives_Security

I Enable		
Name:	Executive_Secu	rity
Description:		(Optional)
From:	LAN	×
To:	any (Excluding)	ZyV 💌
Source:	any	×
Destination:	any	*
Service:	any	×
User:	Executive	×
Schedule:	none	×.
Action:	allow	~
Log matched traffic:	loa	×.

Test the Result

Connect to the Internet from two computers: one from executive_2 address (192.168.10.2) and one from an employee address (192.168.20.1) and both access to https://hangouts.google.com/.

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [notice] and [info] log message such as below. In this example result, connections from executive_2 address (192.168.10.2) use **Security Policy** priority: 1. Connections from employee address (192.168.20.1) use **Security Policy** priority: 2 and **UTM Profile** Rule_id=2.

Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
notice	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service others, ACCEPT	192.168.10.2:52549	172.23.6.115:5088	ACCESS FORWARD
notice	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service others, ACCEPT	192.168.10.2:54956	64.233.189.125:5222	ACCESS FORWARD

Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
info	Application Patrol	Rule_id=2 SSI=N App=[Instant messaging]Google Talk:authority Action=reject SID=2305	192.168.20.1:53690	64.233.189.125:5222	ACCESS BLOCK
notice	Security Policy Control	priority:2, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service others, ACCEPT	192.168.20.1:53690	64.233.189.125:5222	ACCESS FORWARD
info	Application Patrol	Rule_id=2 SSI=N App=[Social Network]Google-plus:authority Action=reject SID=402692097	192.168.20.1:53688	74.125.203.102:443	ACCESS BLOCK



What Could Go Wrong?

If you are not be able to configure any **UTM** policies or it's not working, there are two possible reasons:

You have not subscribed for the **UTM** service. You have subscribed for the **UTM** service but the license is expired.

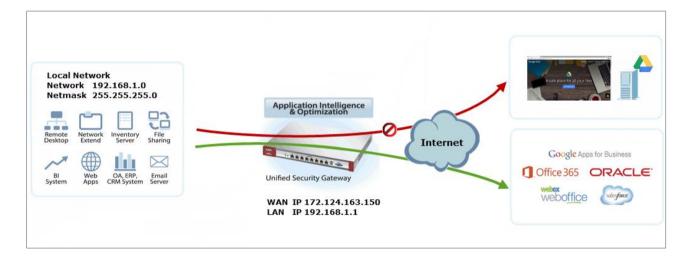
You can click the link from the **CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration** screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator or click the myZyXEL.com 2.0 icon from the portal page (<u>https://portal.myzyxel.com/</u>) to register or extend your **UTM** license.



How To Control Access To Google Drive

This is an example of using a ZyWALL/USG UTM Profile in a Security Policy to block access to a specific file transfer service. You can use Application Patrol and Policy Control to make sure that a certain file transfer service cannot be accessed through both HTTP and HTTPS protocols.

ZyWALL/USG with Control Access To Google Drive Settings Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

www.zyxel.com



Set Up the SSL Inspection on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > SSL Inspection > Add rule**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **SSL Inspection** profile.

Then, select the **CA Certificate** to be the certificate used in this profile. Select **Block** to **Action for Connection with SSL v3** and select **Log** type to be **log alert**. Leave other actions as default settings.

General Settings					
Name:	Google_Drive	Contro			
Description:					
CA Certificate:	default	*			
SSL/TLS version supported minimum:	ssl3	*	Log:	log alert	*
Action for connection with unsupported suit:	pass	*	Log:	no	*
Action for connection with untrusted cert chain:	pass	*	Log:	log	*

CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > SSL Inspection > Add rule



Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. For **From** and **To** policies, select the direction of travel of packets to which the policy applies.

Scroll down to **UTM Profile**, select **Content Filter** and select a profile from the list box (Facebook_Block in this example). Then, select **SSL Inspection** and select a profile from the list box (Facebook_Block in this example). **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**

I Enable				
Name:	Google_Drive_Cor	ntre		
Description:			(Optional)	
From:	LAN	~		
To:	any (Excluding ZyV	*		
Source:	any	~		
Destination:	any	~		
Service:	any	~		
User:	any	*		
Schedule:	none	*		
Action:	allow	~		
Log matched traffic:	no	~		
UTM Profile				
		_		
Content Filter:	none	*	Log: by profile 💌	
SSL Inspection:	Google_Drive_Co	or 👻	Log: by profile 💌	

Export Certificate from ZyWALL/USG and Import it to Windows 7

Operation System

When SSL inspection is enabled and an access website does not trust the ZyWALL/USG certificate, the browser will display a warning page of security certificate problems.

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit** to export default certificate from ZyWALL/USG with Private Key (zyx123 in this example).

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default

ly Cert	tificates Setti	ng				
🕂 Ad	dd 📝 Edit	📋 Remove	n Object References			
#	Name 🔺	Туре	Subject		Valid From	Valid To
1	default	SELF	CN=vpn300_B8ECA3A9C	CN=vpn300_B8ECA3A9C	2017-04-25 12:41:25 GMT	2027-04-23 12:41:25 GMT
	Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕨	Show 50 🕶 items			Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit > Export Certificate with Private Key

🗹 Edit My Certificates		?×
Issuer:	CN=vpn300_B8ECA3A9C003	
Signature Algorithm:	rsa-pkcs1-sha256	
Valid From:	2017-04-25 12:41:25 GMT	
Valid To:	2027-04-23 12:41:25 GMT	
Key Algorithm:	rsaEncryption (2048 bits)	
Subject Alternative Name:	vpn300_88ECA3A9C003	
Key Usage:	DigitalSignature, KeyEncipherment, DataEncipherment, KeyCertSi	
Extended Key Usage:		
Basic Constraint:	Subject Type=CA, Path Length Constraint=1	- 1
MD5 Fingerprint:	1b:a9;ff:f3:e6:42:44:9c:90:8d:bc:3e:f9:07:af:26	- 1
SHA1 Fingerprint:	1b:dd:6e:b2:c7:89:2e:ea:43:a0:ee:d2:55:3a:ff:15:89:bc:64:70	- 1
Certificate in PEM (Base-64)	Encoded Format	- 1
	XinyW6C/MA0GCSqGSib3DQEBCwUAMB4xHDAoBgNV QTNBOUMwMDMwHhcNMTcwNDI1MTI0MTI1WhcNMjcw	
	Password:	- 1
Export Certificate Only	Export Certificate with Private Key	- 1
		¥
		incel

Save default certificate as *.p12 file to Windows 7 Operation System.





In Windows 7 Operating System Start Menu > Search Box, type mmc and press

Enter.

Start Menu > Search Box > mmc

Programs			
₽ See mor	re results		
mmc		×	Shut down
2	2	0	e

In the mmc console window, click File > Add/Remove Snap-in...

File > Add/Remove Snap-in...

-	ᡖ Console1 - [Console Root]					
	File	Action View Favorites	Window			
		New	Ctrl+N			
		Open	Ctrl+O			
		Save	Ctrl+S			
	Save As					
		Add/Remove Snap-in	Ctrl+M			
	Options					
		1 services.msc				
		2 virtmgmt.msc				
	3 devmgmt.msc					
	4 wf.msc Exit					



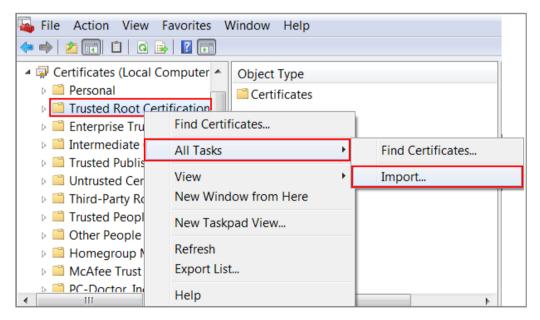
In the Available snap-ins, select the Certificates and click Add button. Select Computer account > Local Computer. Then, click Finished and OK to close the Snap-ins window.

Available snap-ins > Certificates > Add

Available snap-ins:				Selected snap-ins:	_
Snap-in	Vendor			Console Root	Edit Extensions
ActiveX Control	Microsoft Cor			🗇 Certificates (Local Computer)	
🛺 Authorization Manager	Microsoft Cor				Remove
Certificates	Microsoft Cor				
Component Services	Microsoft Cor	=			Move Up
🜆 Computer Managem	Microsoft Cor	-			- More op
🚔 Device Manager	Microsoft Cor				Move Down
🗃 Disk Management	Microsoft and		Add >		
🛃 Event Viewer	Microsoft Cor				
🧮 Folder	Microsoft Cor				
🛃 IP Security Monitor	Microsoft Cor				
🛃 IP Security Policy Ma	Microsoft Cor				
🔮 Link to Web Address	Microsoft Cor				
Local Users and Gro	Microsoft Cor				
NAP Client Configura	Microsoft Cor	÷			Advanced

In the mmc console window, open the Certificates (Local Computer) > Trusted

Root Certification Authorities, right click Certificate > All Tasks > Import...





Click Next. Then, Browse..., and locate the .p12 file you downloaded earlier. Then,

click **Next**.

e to Import				
Specify the fi	le you want to impor	τ.		
File name:				
C:\Users\De	sktop\default.p12	Lp12		Browse
Note: More	han one certificate c	an be stored in a single	file in the f	ollowing formats
Personal I	nformation Exchange	- PKCS #12 (.PFX,.P12))	
	5	- PKCS #12 (.PFX,.P12) Standard- PKCS #7 Cer	·	97B)
Cryptogra	5	Standard- PKCS #7 Cer	·	P7B)

Click Next, type zyx123 in the Password field and click Next again

Password	
To ma	intain security, the private key was protected with a password.
Type t	he password for the private key.
Pas	sword:
••	••••
	Enable strong private key protection. You will be prompted every time the
	private key is used by an application if you enable this option.
	Mark this key as exportable. This will allow you to back up or transport your
	keys at a later time.
v	Include all extended properties.



Select Place all certificates in the following store and then click Browse and find Trusted Root Certification Authorities. Click Next, then click Finish.

	te Store ficate stores are system areas where certificates are kept.
	ows can automatically select a certificate store, or you can specify a location
for th	le ceruncate.
or tr	Automatically select the certificate store based on the type of certificate
C	
C	Automatically select the certificate store based on the type of certificate

Note: Each ZyWALL/USG device has its own self-signed certificate by factory default. When you reset to default configuration file, the original self-signed certificate is erased, and a new self-signed certificate will be created when the ZyWALL/USG boots the next time.

Test the Result

Type <u>http://drive.google.com/</u> or <u>https://drive.google.com/</u> into the browser, the error message occurs.

google.drive		
502 Error		
It appears the website you are trying to visit is having technical	difficulties or is no longer	r available.
Please go back and try your request again or try searching Goo looking for!	ogle to find another websi	ite with what you're
	Search Google	Try Again

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [alert] log message such as below.

Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
alert	Application Patrol	Rule_id=1 SSI=Y App=[File Transfer]Google-drive:access Action=reject SID=50335494	ACCESS BLOCK
alert	Application Patrol	Rule_id=1 SSI=Y App=[File Transfer]Google-drive:access Action=reject SID=50335494	ACCESS BLOCK

www.zyxel.com

ZYXEL

What Could Go Wrong?

If you are not be able to configure any **Application Patrol** policies or it's not working, there are two possible reasons:

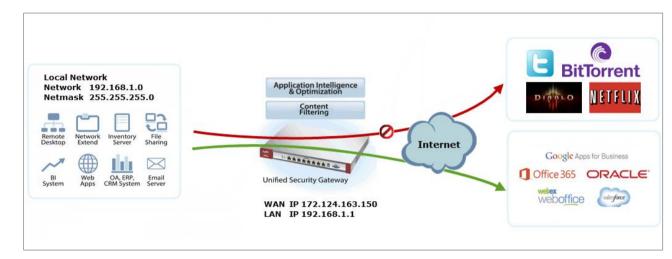
You have not subscribed for the **Application Patrol** service. You have subscribed for the **Application Patrol** service but the license is expired.

You can click the link from the **CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration** screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator or click the myZyXEL.com 2.0 icon from the portal page (<u>https://portal.myzyxel.com/</u>) to register or extend your **Application Patrol** license.

How To Block HTTPS Websites Using Content Filtering and SSL Inspection

This is an example of using a ZyWALL/USG Content Filtering, SSL Inspection and Security Policy to block access to malicious or not business-related websites.

ZyWALL/USG with Block HTTPS Websites Using Content Filtering and SSL Inspection Settings Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the Content Filter on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile Management > Add Filter File > Category Service. Configure a Name for you to identify the Content Filter Profile and select Enable Custom Service.

CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile > Profile Management > Add > Category Service > General Settings

General Settings			
License Status:	Licensed		
License Type:	Standard		
Name:	Office_Profile		
Description:	(Optional)		
 Enable SafeSearch Enable Content Filter of Log all web pages Action for Unsafe Web Action for Managed N Action for Unrated Web Action When Catego 	b Pages: Block 💌 Web Pages: Block 💌 eb Pages: Warn 💌	Log Log Log	

Scroll down to the **Security Threat (unsafe)** section and select all categories of web pages that are known to pose a threat to your computers.

CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile > Profile Management > Add Filter File > Category Service > Security Threat (unsafe)

Security Threat (unsafe)			
Anonymizers	Botnets	Compromised	
Malware	Network Errors	Parked Domains	
Phishing & Fraud	💟 Spam Sites		

Scroll down to the **Managed Categories** section and select the categories that are not business-related. Click **OK**.





CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile > Profile Management > Add Filter File > Category Service > Managed Categories

Managed Categories		
Advertisements & Pop-Ups	Alcohol/Tobacco	Arts
Business	Transportation	Chat
Forums & Newsgroups	Computers & Technology	Criminal Activity
Dating & Personals	Download Sites	Education
Entertainment	Finance	Gambling
🔽 Games	Government	Hate & Intolerance
Health & Medicine	Illegal Drugs	Job Search
Streaming Media & Downloads	News	Non-profits & NGOs
Vudity	Personal Sites	Politics
Pornography/Sexually Explicit	Real Estate	Religion
Restaurants & Dining	Search Engines/Portals	Shopping
Social Networking	Sports	Translators
Travel	Violence	Veapons Veapons
Web-based Email	General	Leisure & Recreation
Cults	Fashion & Beauty	Greeting Cards
Hacking	🔽 Illegal Software	Image Sharing
Information Security	Instant Messaging	V Peer to Peer
Private IP Addresses	School Cheating	Sex Education
V Tasteless	Child Abuse Images	

If you are not sure which category a web page belongs to, you can enter a web site URL in the text box of **Test Web Site Category**.

CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile> Content Filter > Profile > Profile Management > Add Filter File > Category Service > Test Web Site Category

Test Web Site Category	
URL to test:	https://www.voutube
	Test Against Content Filter Category Server

Set Up SSL Inspection on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > SSL Inspection > Add rule**, and configure a **Name** for you to identify the **SSL Inspection** profile.

Then, select the **CA Certificate** to be the certificate used in this profile. Select to **pass** or **block** SSLv2/unsupported suit/untrusted cert chain traffic that matches 569/751



traffic bound to this policy here.

Select desired **Log** type whether to have the ZyWALL/USG generate a log (log), log and alert (log alert) or neither (no) by default when traffic matches this policy. **CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > SSL Inspection > Add rule**

General Settings				
Name:	Office_Control			
Description:				
CA Certificate:	default 👻			
SSL/TLS version supported minimum:	ssl3 💌	Log:	no	~
Action for connection with unsupported suit:	pass 💌	Log:	no	*
Action for connection with untrusted cert chain:	pass 💌	Log:	log	~

www.zyxel.com



Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**, configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. For **From** and **To** policies, select the direction of travel of packets to which the policy applies.

Scroll down to **UTM Profile**, select **Content Filter** and select a profile from the list box (Office_profile in this example). Then, select **SSL Inspection** and select a profile from the list box (Office_Control in this example). **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control**

Enable			
Name:	Office_Contro)	
Description:			(Optional)
From:	LAN	~	
To:	any (Excluding	g ZyV 👻	
Source:	any	~	
Destination:	any	~	
Service:	any	~	
User:	any	~	
Schedule:	none	~	
Action:	allow	~	
Log matched traffic:	no	~	

UTM P	rofile	-				
172	Content Filter:	Office_profile	~	Log:	by profile	~
72	SSL Inspection:	Office_Control	~	Log:	by profile	~

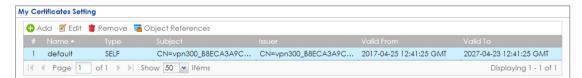


Export Certificate from ZyWALL/USG and Import it to Windows 7 Operation System

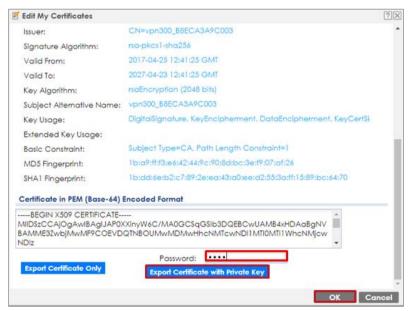
When SSL inspection is enabled and an access website does not trust the ZyWALL/USG certificate, the browser will display a warning page of security certificate problems.

Go to ZyWALL/USG **CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit** to export default certificate from ZyWALL/USG with Private Key (zyx123 in this example).

CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default



CONFIGURATION > Object > Certificate > default > Edit > Export Certificate with Private Key





Save default certificate as *.p12 file to Windows 7 Operation System.



In Windows 7 Operating System **Start Menu > Search Box**, type **mmc** and press

Enter.

Start Menu > Search Box > mmc

Program				
₽ See n	nore results	5		
mmc			×	🕐 Shut down 🕨
(Ø			8

In the mmc console window, click File > Add/Remove Snap-in...

File > Add/Remove Snap-in...

-	Cons	ole1 - [Console Root]	
-	File	Action View Favorites	Window
¢		New	Ctrl+N
		Open	Ctrl+O
		Save	Ctrl+S
		Save As	
		Add/Remove Snap-in	Ctrl+M
		Options	
		1 services.msc	
		2 virtmgmt.msc	
		3 devmgmt.msc	
		4 wf.msc	
		Exit	



In the Available snap-ins, select the Certificates and click Add button. Select Computer account > Local Computer. Then, click Finished and OK to close the Snap-ins window.

Available snap-ins > Certificates > Add

Available snap-ins:			Selected snap-ins:	
Snap-in	Vendor		Console Root	Edit Extensions.
ActiveX Control	Microsoft Cor		🛱 Certificates (Local Computer)	
Za Authorization Manager	Microsoft Cor			Remove
Certificates	Microsoft Cor			
🖲 Component Services	Microsoft Cor	=		Move Up
🞥 Computer Managem	Microsoft Cor	-		
🚔 Device Manager	Microsoft Cor			Move Down
🗃 Disk Management	Microsoft and		Add >	
Event Viewer	Microsoft Cor			
🧮 Folder	Microsoft Cor			
lP Security Monitor	Microsoft Cor			
🗏 IP Security Policy Ma	Microsoft Cor			
Link to Web Address	Microsoft Cor			
Local Users and Gro	Microsoft Cor			
NAP Client Configura	Microsoft Cor	-		Advanced

In the mmc console window, open the Certificates (Local Computer) > Trusted Root Certification Authorities, right click Certificate > All Tasks > Import...

🍒 File Action View F < 🐟 🖄 📰 📋 🛛 🗟	avorites Window Help		
 Gertificates (Local Collection) Personal Trusted Root Certain Enterprise True 	Certificates		
^[] Intermediate ^[] Trusted Publis ^[] Untrusted Cer	All Tasks View	+	Find Certificates
 ▷ I Third-Party Ro ▷ I Trusted Peopl ▷ Other People 	New Window from Here New Taskpad View		
 Homegroup N McAfee Trust 	Refresh Export List		
▶ C-Doctor In III	Help		4

574/751

Click Next. Then, Browse..., and locate the .p12 file you downloaded earlier. Then, click Next.

Specify the file you want to import.	
File name:	
C:\Users\Desktop\default.p12	Browse
Note: More than one certificate can be stored in a	a single file in the following formats
Personal Information Exchange- PKCS #12 (.PF	FX,.P12)
Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard- PKCS	3 #7 Certificates (.P7B)
Microsoft Serialized Certificate Store (.SST)	

Click Next, type zyx123 in the Password field and click Next again



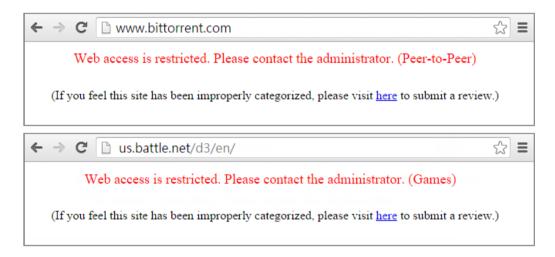
Select Place all certificates in the following store and then click Browse and find Trusted Root Certification Authorities. Click Next, then click Finish.

Windows can automatically select a certific for the certificate. Automatically select the certificate st Place all certificates in the following	te store, or you can specify a location
Place all certificates in the following	
	ore
Certificate store:	
Trusted Root Certification Authoritie	

Vote: Each ZyWALL/USG device has its own self-signed certificate by factory default. When you reset to default configuration file, the original self-signed certificate is erased, and a new self-signed certificate will be created when the ZyWALL/USG boots the next time.

Test the Result

Type http://www.bittorrent.com/ or http://us.battle.net/d3/en/ into the browser. The error message occurs.



Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log** to see [alert] log message such as below.

Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
alert	Blocked web sites	www.bittorrent.com : Peer-to-Peer, Rule_id=1, SSI=N	WEB BLOCK
alert	Blocked web sites	us.battle.net : Games, Rule_id=1, SSI=N	WEB BLOCK



What Could Go Wrong?

If you are not be able to configure any **Content Filter** policies or it's not working, there are two possible reasons:

You have not subscribed for the **Content Filter** service. You have subscribed for the **Content Filter** service but the license is expired.

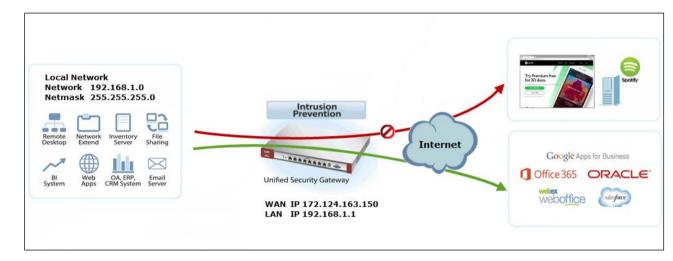
You can click the link from the **CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration** screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator or click the myZyXEL.com 2.0 icon from the portal page (<u>https://portal.myzyxel.com/</u>) to register or extend your **Content Filter** license.



How To Block the Spotify Music Streaming Service

This is an example of using a ZyWALL/USG IDP Profile to block DNS query packet. When the Spotify software launches, it will send a DNS query for Spofity's public server. In this example, you can create a custom IDP to block DNS query packet if this packet includes the Spotify signature.

ZyWALL/USG with Block the Spotify Service Example



Note: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).



Set Up IDP Profile on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > IDP > Custom Signatures > Add Custom Signatures, configure a Name for you to identify the IDP Profile. Select medium as the Severity level. Select all Platform. Select Policy Type to be Access-Control here to limit access network resources such as servers. CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > IDP > Custom Signatures > Add Custom Signatures > Setup & Information

	Spotify				
Signature ID:	9986234				
nformation					
Severity:	medium	*			
Platform:	Vindows	🗾 Linux	V FreeBSD	V Solaris	
	Other-Unix	Vetwork-Device	MAC	iOS	
	Android	Windows-Mobile	🗸 Symbian	Others	
Policy Type:		_			

Scroll down to the **Payload Options** section, the type Spotify's software signature: |73||70||6F||74||69||66||79|into the **Content** field. Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > IDP > Custom Signatures > Add Custom Signatures > Payload Options

Payload Options								
Payload Size Bytes								
🕜 Add 🗾	Edit 🍵 Remove							
# C	Offset	Content	Case-insensitive	Decode as URI				
1 0		73 70 6F 74 69 66 79	no	no				

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > IDP > Profile > Base

Profile. A pop-up screen will appear and select a **Base Profile** to go to the profile details screen.



CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > IDP > Profile > Base Profile

Base Profile		? X
Please select one IDP Base Profile none all wan Ian dmz	Base Profile.	•
IP/MAC Binding	Cancel	

Configure a **Name** for you to identify the **IDP** Profile. **Activate** the newly created IDP Profile and select **Action** to be **drop**. Select **Log** type to be **log alert** in order to view the result later.

CONFIGURATION > UTM Profile > IDP > Profile > Base Profile > Add Profile

Seneral ! Name:		potify							
Description: Switch to query view									
Signature Group									
_									
_		activate 🕒 I	Log 🗸 🌐 Act	ion▼					
_		activate 🎴 I Service	Log → 🌼 Act	ion ₊ SID	Severity	Policy Type	Log	Action	
Acti #	ivate 🖗 Ina	Service			Severity	Policy Type	Log	Action	

Test the Result

Type http://www.spotify.com/ or https://www.spotify.com / into the browser, the error message occurs.



← → C △ d2e24t2jgcnor2.webhostoid.com/Secure/Error?URL=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.spotify.com ≡
 [RocketTab] ReadResponse() failed: The server did not return a response for this request.

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [crit] log message such as below.

Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
crit	IDP	Rule_id=1 SSI=Y [type=custom-signature(9986234)] Spotify Action: Drop Packet Severity: medium	ACCESS BLOCK

What Could Go Wrong?

If you are not be able to configure any **IDP** policies or it's not working, there are two possible reasons:

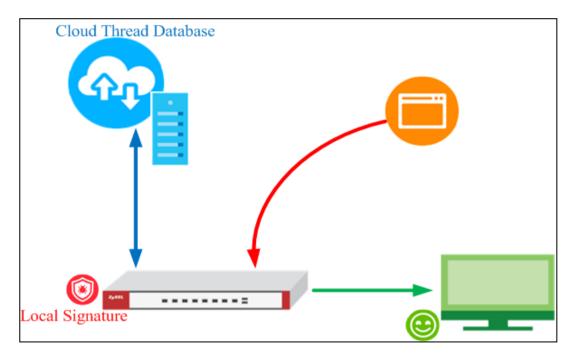
You have not subscribed for the **IDP** service. You have subscribed for the **IDP** service but the license is expired.

You can click the link from the **CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration** screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator or click the myZyXEL.com 2.0 icon from the portal page (<u>https://portal.myzyxel.com/</u>) to register or extend your **Application Patrol** license.



How does Anti-Malware work

There are many virus exist on the internet. And it may auto-downloaded on unexpected situation when you surfing between websites. The Anti-Malware is a good choose to protecting your computer to downloads unsafe application or files.



After you enabled Anti-Malware function, it will enabled "Cloud Threat Database" and "Anti-Malware Signature" in the same time.

The **Cloud Threat Database** is means your downloaded files will decompressed by device first, and then check files with cloud data base server if it exist unsafe file or not.

The **Anti-Malware Signature** is means your downloaded files will checked by local signatures that exist on device itself. It is helpful when your device unable access to internet at that moment.

Vote: In the default setting, the **Cloud Threat Database** is enabled and with higher priority when scanning the files.



Enable Anti-Malware function to protecting your traffic

Go to CONFIGURATION > Security Service > Anti-Malware > Tick in

enable checkbox to enable Anti-Malware function.

Configuration > Security Service > Anti-Malware > Tick in enable

checkbox

Anti-Molivare Signature General Settings Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Actions When Matched Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Actions When Matched Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Actions When Matched Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Actions When Matched Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test virus Image: Second detect EICAR test	Anti-Malware Signa			
Image: State of the state	Ann-Malware Signa	lille		
Scan and detect EICAR test virus Actions When Matched Image: Ima	General Settings			
Actions When Miched Ø Destroy infected file Log:	🗹 Enable			
Image: Indext Destroy Infected file Log: Indext White List Image: Add Image:	Scan and detect EICAR test	virus		
Image: Indext Destroy Infected file Log: Indext White List Image: Add Image:	Actions When Matched			
Log: Iog I Check White List I Check White List I Check Bide Edit Remove I Activate I Interns I E Pattern No data to display I Check Black List Items I E Add I E Edit I Remove I Activate I Interns No data to display I E Add I E Edit I Remove I Activate I Interns No data to display I E Add I E Edit I Remove I Activate I Interns No data to display I E Add I E Edit I Remove I Activate I Interns No data to display I E Add I E Edit I Remove I Interns No data to display I E Add I E Edit I Remove I Interns No data to display I E Add I E Edit I Remove I Interns No data to display I E Add I E Edit I Remove I Interns No data to display I E Add I E Edit I Remove I I Interns No data to display I E Add I Internstion Internstion Anti-Malware Internstion Current Version: 3.0.1.20180327.0 Signature Number: 2018-03-227 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00) Clover I Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02:25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)				
Check White List Add @ Edit @ Remove @ Activate @ Inactivate Status # A File Pattern Add @ Edit @ Remove @ Activate @ Inactivate Add @ Edit @ Remove @ Activate @ Inactivate Status # A File Pattern Add @ Edit @ Remove @ Activate @ Inactivate Status # A File Pattern If @ Page @ of 0 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D		q 🗸		
Status # File Pattern No data to display Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Signature Number: 2018 Image: Check Black List Image: Check List Image: Check List Ima				
Status # File Pattern No data to display Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Image: Check Black List Signature Number: 2018 Image: Check Black List Image: Check List Image: Check List Ima	🕂 Add 📝 Edit 🍵 Remove	Activate Ω Inactivate		
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Add ✓ Edit Remove ♥ Activate ♥ Inactivate Status # ▲ File Pattern No data to display File decompression No data to display File decompression Image: Compression (ZIP and RAR) Image: Destroy compressed files that could not be decompressed Signature Information Anti-Malware Current Version: 3.0.1.20180327.0 Signature Number: 404077 Released Date: 2018-03-27 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00) Clowent Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)	I∢ ∢ Page 0 of 0 >	Show 50 👻 items		No data to display
Status # A File Pattern Image: Im	Check Black List			
Image	🔂 Add 🗹 Edit 🍵 Remove	💡 Activate 🛛 🖗 Inactivate		
File decompression Image: Comparison of the example of the ex	Status # ▲ File Patte	ern		
Image: Signature Information Anti-Malware Current Version: 3.0.1.20180327.0 Signature Number: 404077 Released Date: 2018-03-27 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00) Cloud Threat Database Current Version: Current Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 2001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)	I Page 0 of 0	Show 50 🗸 items		No data to display
Image: Signature Information Anti-Malware Current Version: 3.0.1.20180327.0 Signature Number: 404077 Released Date: 2018-03-27 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00) Cloud Threat Database Current Version: Current Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)				
Destroy compressed files that could not be decompressed Signature Information Anti-Malware Current Version: 3.0.1.20180327.0 Signature Number: 404077 Released Date: 2018-03-27 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00) Clowd Threat Database	File decompression			
Signature Information Anti-Malware Current Version: 3.0.1.20180327.0 Signature Number: 404077 Released Date: 2018-03-27 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00) Cloud Threat Database Current Version: Current Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)	Enable file decompression (ZIP and RAR)		
Anti-Malware Current Version: 3.0.1.20180327.0 Signature Number: 404077 Released Date: 2018-03-27 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00) Cloud Threat Database Current Version: Current Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)	Destroy compressed files	that could not be decompressed		
Anti-Malware Current Version: 3.0.1.20180327.0 Signature Number: 404077 Released Date: 2018-03-27 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00) Cloud Threat Database Current Version: Current Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)	Signature Information			
Signature Number: 404077 Released Date: 2018-03-27 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00) Cloud Threat Database Current Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)				
Released Date: 2018-03-27 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00) Cloud Threat Database Current Version: Current Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)	Current Version:	3.0.1.20180327.0		
Cloud Threat Database 1.0.0.20180226.0 Current Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)	Signature Number:	404077		
Current Version: 1.0.0.20180226.0 Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)	Released Date:	2018-03-27 01:32:19 (UTC+00:00)		
Signature Number: 20001 Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)	Cloud Threat Database			
Released Date: 2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)	Current Version:	1.0.0.20180226.0		
	Signature Number:	20001		
Update Signatures	Released Date:	2018-02-25 18:15:02 (UTC+00:00)		
	<u>Update Signatures</u>			
Apply Reset			Apply Reset	

Vote: The Anti-Malware license is required. So you must enabled Anti-Malware function on your myzyxel.com account.

Test the result

After you enabled Anti-Malware function and your PC downloaded the virus file from internet. You device will detected it and drop the file directly.

Then your file is unable opened or replaced by "0".

View L	.og	View AP Log						
🛄 Show Fi	lter							
Logs								
Catego	ory:	All Logs		*				
🖂 Em	ail Log Now	r 🔮 Refresh 🖋 Cle	ear					
#								Note
1	2018-04-	09 07: warn	Anti-Mal	Virus inf	ected Rule_id=0 SSI=N Type=Cloud Threat D	213.211.19	192.168	FILE DESTROY
	Page 1	of 1 ▶ ▶ Show	50 v iter	ns	Virus infected Rule_id=0 SSI=N Type= <u>Cloud Threat Do</u> File=eicar.com.txt Protocol=HTTP	atabase Virus=N/A	Pi	splaying 1 - 1 of 1

Additional configuration

White List: You can use wildcard to allowing specific type files.

Black List: You can use wildcard to drop specific type files.

Actions When Matched	
Destroy infected file	
Log: V	
Check White List	
🛟 Add 🗹 Edit 🍵 Remove 🎈 Activate 💡 Inactivate	
Status # 🔺 File Pattern	
💡 1 *pdf	
A Page 1 of 1) Show 50 🗸 items	Displaying 1 - 1 of 1
🗹 Check Black List	
🔁 Add 🗹 Edit 🍵 Remove 💡 Activate 💡 Inactivate	
Status # ▲ File Pattern	
💡 l *zip	
A Page 1 of 1 b b Show 50 v items	Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

Catego	ory:	All Logs	×		
🖂 Em	ail Log Now 🛞 R	lefresh 🎸 Clear			
2	2018-04-0 in	nfo Anti-M	FTP, NWA1123-ACv2_5.20(ABEL.4)C0_2.pdf matched the <u>White-List *pdf</u>	66.85.12	192.168.1
1	2018-04-0 in	nfo Anti-M	HTTP, eicar_com.zip matched the Black-List *zip	213.211	192.168.1

What can go wrong

- 1 The Anti-Malware service license is required
- 2 The Anti-Malware is able decompress the file. But it is not support multilayer zip files.
- 3 In the default setting, could thread batabase is enabled. You can use the CLI command to activate/deactivate cloud base service. It means the scanning priority will been changed.
 - a. Router(config)# debug anti-virus ctdb activate
 - b. Router(config)# debug anti-virus ctdb deactivate

How to Configure an Email Security Policy with Mail Scan and DNSBL

This is an example of using ATP Series' UTM Profile to mark or discard spam (unsolicited commercial or junk e-mail). Use the Email Security white list to identify legitimate e-mail. Use the Email Security black list to identify spam e-mail. The ATP Series can also check e-mail against a DNS Black List (DNSBL) of IP addresses of servers that are suspected of being used by spammers.

ATP Series with Email Security Profile to mark or discard spam e-mail Example



Figure 1 Using Email Security to Detect Spam

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using ATP200 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.32).

Set Up the Email Security on ATP Series

In the ATP Series, go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Service> Email Security**; Enable this feature on General Settings page. Select **Check IP Reputation (SMTP only)** to have the ATP Series scan for spam e-mail by IP Reputation. Select **Check Mail Content** to identify Spam Email by content, such as malicious content. Select **Check Virus Outbreak** to scan viruses attached in emails. On advance section, leave Query Timeout Settings to be the default settings.

Select from the list of available **Scan Options** and desired Log type whether to have the ATP Series generate a log (**log**), log and alert (**log alert**) or neither (**no**) by default when traffic matches this policy. Click **Apply** to save the configuration



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CONFIGURATION > Security Service > Email Security

I Enable					
Check White List	Blac	ck List Spam Tag:	[Spam]	(Optional)	
 Check IP Reputation (SMTP only) Check Mail Content Check Virus Outbreak Check Mail Phishing Check DNSBL 		iil Content Spam Tag: us Outbreak Tag:	[Spam] [Virus]	(Optional) (Optional)	
		iil Phishing Tag: ISBL Spam Tag:	[Phishing] (Optional) [Spam] (Optional)		
DNSBL Domain List	Sto	Add Z Edit Remove Activate Inactivate Status # DNSBL Domain A Page 0 of 0 Show 50 items No data to			
Action					
Actions For Spam Mail ()					
SMTP:	forward with tag	ig 👻			
POP3: forward w		ig 👻			
Log: log		~ (j)			
Action taken when mail sess	ion threshold is	reached			
Forward Session					

1. Register the device to myZyxel.com.

2. Activate Application Security.

rvice Status								
1	Web Security	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	Renew		
2	Application Security	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	<u>Renew</u>		
3	Malware Blocker	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	Renew		
4	Intrusion Prevention	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	<u>Renew</u>		
5	Geo Enforcer	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	<u>Renew</u>		
6	Sandboxing	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	<u>Renew</u>		
7	SecuReporter	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	Renew		
8	Managed AP Service	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	8	Renew		
9	Firmware Upgrade Service	Activated			N/A			
	I of 1 → → Show 50 ✓ items							



3. Go to CONFIGURATION > Security Service> Email Security>Enable Check Black List

to have the ATP Series treat e-mail that matches (an active) black list entry as spam.

General Settings	The Email Security		
🗹 Enable			
🗹 Check White List			
🖉 Check Black List	Black List Spam Tag:	[Spam]	(Optional)

4. Continue to Rule Summary on Black/White List, click the Add icon. A pop-up screen will appear allowing you to configure Content (Subject, IP/IPv6 Address, E-Mail Address and Mail Header), Use wildcards (*) to configure Mail Subject Keyword. (*sell* in this example). Click OK to return to the General screen.

CONFIGURATION > Security Service > Black/White List

🕂 Add Rule	? ×
☑ Enable Rule Type: Mail Subject Keyword:	Subject 💌
	OK Cancel

5. In the ATP Series, go to CONFIGURATION > Security Service> Email Security>Enable Check DNSBL

Press Add and enter the **DNSBL Domain** for a DNSBL service (zen.spamhaus.org in this example). Click **Apply**.

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Check DNSBL	DNSBL Spam Tag:	[Spam]	(Optional)	
DNSBL Domain List	🕂 Add 🧉 Edit 🍵 Remove	e 🢡 Activate	e 🛛 Inactivate	
	Status # DNSBL Domain			
	🤤 zen.spamhaus	.org		
	∢ ∢ Page 0 of 0)	▶ Show 50	🗸 🗸 items	No data to display

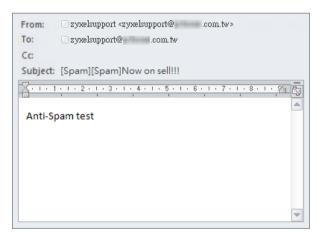
Test the result

ZYXEL

1. Send the mail subject with "sell".



2. You will receive the mail subject with [Spam] tag.





What can go wrong

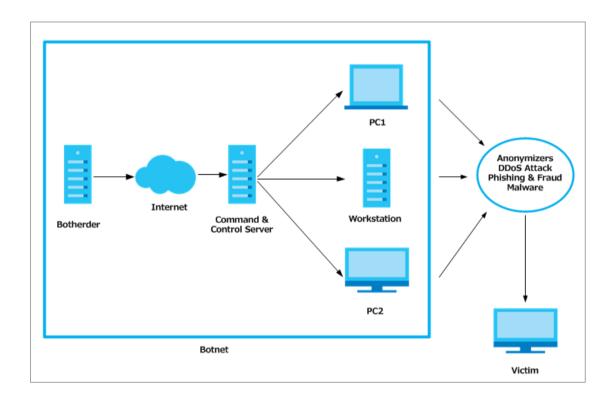
- If Email Security is not working, there are two possible reasons: You have not subscribed for the Email Security service. You have subscribed for the Email Security service but the license (Application Security) is expired.
- You can click the link from the CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator or click the myZyXEL.com 2.0 icon from the portal page (<u>https://portal.myzyxel.com/</u>) to register or extend your Application Security license.



How to Configure Botnet Filter on ATP series?

Botnets are organized groups of infected computers. Those infected PCs will try to connect to the command-and-control server and ask for commands. When the attacker sends command to the command-and-control server, it will relay those commands to the clients (infected computers) and perform attacks on particular targets.

The following steps will walk you through an example of how to configure Botnet Filter (IP blocking and URL blocking) on the ATP.



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Prerequisites before setting up Botnet Filter function

- 1. License status check
- 2. Update the Botnet Filter signature

License activation

Before setting up the Botnet Filter function, users need to make sure their licenses are purchased and activated.

To check the license activation status:

Go to configuration > Licensing > Registration > Service and check on the

"Application Security" service which includes the Botnet Filtering function.

VIC	e Status					
#	Service	Status	Service Type	Expiration Date	Count	Action
1	Web Security	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	Renew
2	Application Security	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	<u>Renew</u>
3	Malware Blocker	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	Kenew
4	Intrusion Prevention	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	Renew
5	Geo Enforcer	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	Renew
6	Sandboxing	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	<u>Renew</u>
7	SecuReporter	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	N/A	<u>Renew</u>
8	Managed AP Service	Activated	Standard	2019-5-13	8	Renew
9	Firmware Upgrade Service	Activated			N/A	

Update Botnet Filter Signatures

To make sure the device has the most updated signature, we suggest users to update their Botnet Filter signature before using this function.

To update the Botnet Filter signature:

Go to Configuration > Security Service > Botnet Filter. Then click "Update Signatures"

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Current Version:		
Conern version.	1.0.1.20180703.0	
Signature Number:	200000	
Released Date:	2018-07-03 10:07:39	

Then the device will redirect users to the "**Service Status**" page. Click on the cloud icon ⁽¹⁾ and the device will start signature downloading process

Signature					
rvice Status					
Feature	Туре	Current Version	Released Date	Last Sync	Action
Anti-Malware	Anti-Malware Signature	2.0.1.20180627.0	2018-06-27 09:31:58 (UTC+08:00)	2018-07-04 23:55:01	۵m
Anti-Maiware	Cloud Threat Databa	1.0.0.20180704.0	2018-07-04 02:15:03 (UTC+08:00)	2018-07-04 23:55:01	0
App-Patrol	App-Patrol	1.0.0.20180517.0	2018-05-17 09:45:17 (UTC+08:00)	2018-06-20 04:52:18	۵ 🖿
IDP	IDP	4.0.1.20180626.0	2018-06-26 13:10:00 (UTC+08:00)	2018-07-01 00:27:01	
Botnet Filter	Botnet Filter	1.0.1.20180703.0	2018-07-03 10:07:39 (UTC+08:00)	2018-07-05 02:59:01	۵

Once the signature updating process was done. The GUI will pop up the following message to notify users.



Now the Botnet Filtering function is ready to go.

Set Up the IP Blocking on the ATP series

Go to Configuration > Security Service > Botnet Filter.

Select the **Enable IP Blocking** check box. There're some actions can be selected "reject-both", user can decide if they'd like to "forward", "reject-sender" or "reject-receiver" the blocked IP . In addition, users can select if they want to log the related events or not.

IP Blocking	Botnet Filter
🗷 Enable	
Action:	reject-both
Log:	log

Test the Result

User access IP: 5.9.32.230

Go to **Monitor > Security Statistics > Botnet Filter** to check summary.

IP: 5.9.32.230 is blocked due to command & control.

Summary				
General Settings				
Collect Statistics	since 20	18-04-11 09:58:11 to 2018-04-1	11 09:58:34	
Apply Reset	Refresh	Flush Data		
Summary				
IP Scanned:	16			
IP Hit Count:	9			
URL Scanned:	0			
URL Hit Count:	0			
P Detected				
Time		Source IP	Botnet IP	Threat Category
2018/04/11 09:58:32		192.168.1.33	5.9.32.230:80	command & control
2018/04/11 09:58:32		192.168.1.33	5.9.32.230:80	command & control
2018/04/11 09:58:32		192.168.1.33	5.9.32.230:80	command & control
2018/04/11 09:58:31		192.168.1.33	5.9.32.230:80	command & control

Set up the URL Blocking on the ATP series

Go to Configuration > Security Service > Botnet Filter.

Select the **Enable URL Blocking** check box, check the categories that need to be blocked. Users can only check those categories as their requirement. Choose the Action the device will take (In this example we select "block" to block certain URLs) and if they want to Log those events on the device.

inable		
Anonymizers	☑ Botnet C&C	🗹 Compromised
🗹 Malware	🗷 Phishing & Fraud	🗷 Spam Sites
Action:	block 🍟	
Log:	log 🗸	
Message to display when	a site is blocked	
Denied Access Messa	ge: Web access is restricted. Please of	contact the administrator.
Redirect URL:		

Test the Result

Browse the Phishing website URL from the host browser. Users will be redirected to an error page in the browser that nofifies users they are visiting to the "Phishing & Fraud" categorized URL



Go to **Monitor** > **Security Statistics** > **Botnet Filter** to check summary where users will see the related threat log was recorded



Summary			
General Settings			
Collect Statistics	since 2018-04-11 10:03:39 to 2018-04-11 10	0:08:04	
Apply Reset	Refresh Flush Data		
Summary			
IP Scanned:	0		
IP Hit Count:	0		
URL Scanned:	80		
URL Hit Count:	2		
IP Detected			
Time	Source IP	Botnet IP	Threat Category
A Page 0 of 0	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>		No data to displa
URL Detected			
Time	Source IP	Botnet URL	Threat Category
Apr 11 10:03:52 2018	192.168.1.33	websectest.ctmail.com/31Phishi	Phishing & Fraud
Apr 11 10:03:43 2018	192.168.1.33	websectest.ctmail.com/42Malw	Malware
🔍 🔍 Page 1 of 1	🕨 🕨 Show 50 💌 items		Displaying 1 - 2 of 2

How to Use Sandboxing to Detect Unknown Malware

The traditional security service such as Anti-Virus and IDP are signaturebased solution, so they have no chance to detect unknown threats. ZyWALL ATP enhances UTM service and integrates Sandbox solution as a second layer of defense to detect and mitigate advanced threats. Zyxel Sandbox is a cloud-based service that can identify previously unknown malware. Each new threat discovered by Sandbox will be converted to known signatures in the cloud threat database of Anti-Malware. The Anti-Malware examines file for threats before deciding to block or pass to Sandbox. If the file has never been inspected by Sandbox, ZyWALL ATP copies this file to the caches and then forwards the file. A copy of the file is sent to Sandbox for analysis and the analysis result is recorded on device's local cache. Once ZyWALL ATP detects the file again, it can identify the file and take the action based on the previous analysis result on local cache. With the cooperation of Anti-Malware, ATP can immediately block threat which previous detected by Sandbox. This example illustrates how to configure Sandboxing on ATP gateway to detect unknown malware.

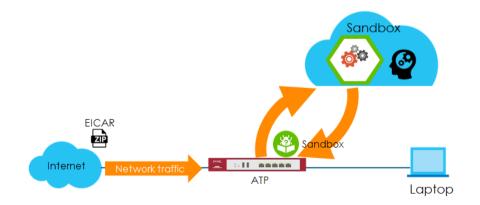


Figure 1 Using Sandboxing to Detect Unknown Malware

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses. This example was tested using the ATP200 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.32).

Set Up Sandboxing on ATP

- 1. Register the device to myZyxel.com.
- 2. Activate Sandboxing license.

1 Web Security Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 2 Application Security Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 3 Malware Blocker Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 4 Intrusion Prevention Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 5 Geo Enforcer Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 6 Sandboxing Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 7 SecuReporter Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 9 Firmware Upgrade Service Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew							
3 Malware Blocker Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 4 Intrusion Prevention Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 5 Geo Enforcer Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 6 Sandboxing Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 7 SecuReporter Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 8 Managed AP Service Activated Standard 2019-4-28 18 Renew	1	Web Security	Activated	Standard	2019-4-28	N/A	<u>Renew</u>
4 Intrusion Prevention Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 5 Geo Enforcer Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 6 Sandboxing Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 7 SecuReporter Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 8 Managed AP Service Activated Standard 2019-4-28 18 Renew	2	Application Security	Activated	Standard	2019-4-28	N/A	Renew
S Geo Enforcer Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 6 Sandboxing Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 7 SecuReporter Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 8 Managed AP Service Activated Standard 2019-4-28 18 Renew	3	Malware Blocker	Activated	Standard	2019-4-28	N/A	Renew
6 Sandboxing Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 7 SecuReporter Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 8 Managed AP Service Activated Standard 2019-4-28 18 Renew	4	Intrusion Prevention	Activated	Standard	2019-4-28	N/A	Renew
7 SecuReporter Activated Standard 2019-4-28 N/A Renew 8 Managed AP Service Activated Standard 2019-4-28 18 Renew	5	Geo Enforcer	Activated	Standard	2019-4-28	N/A	Renew
8 Managed AP Service Activated Standard 2019-4-28 18 Renew	6	Sandboxing	Activated	Standard	2019-4-28	N/A	<u>Renew</u>
	7	SecuReporter	Activated	Standard	2019-4-28	N/A	Renew
9 Firmware Upgrade Service Activated N/A	8	Managed AP Service	Activated	Standard	2019-4-28	18	Renew
	9	Firmware Upgrade Service	Activated			N/A	

3. In the ATP, go to CONFIGURATION > Security Service > Sandboxing >

File Submission Options, the default supported file types are listed.

File Submission Options
Archives(.zip)
Executables
MS Office Documents
🗹 Macromedia Flash Data
PDF
RTF

Use the command to check the status of each file type. If the status is "no", the file type is not scanned by Sandboxing.

Router> show sandbox file-type all

Route	r> show sandbox file-type a	11	
No.	Show_name	Name	Status
=====			
1	Archives(.zip)	archives	yes
2	СНМ	chm	no
3	EICAR	eicar	no
4	Executables	executables	yes
5	Macromedia Flash Data	macromedia-flash-data	yes
6	MS Office Documents	ms-office-document	yes
7	PDF	pdf	yes
8	RTF	rtf	yes
9	Un <u>k</u> now Type	unknow-type	no

Use the following commands to make Sandboxing access and

check a certain file type.

Router> configure terminal

Router(config)# sandbox file-type eicar

Router(config)# write

```
Router> configure terminal
Router(config)# sandbox file-type eicar
Router(config)# write
Router(config)# show sandbox file-type all
No.
     Show_name
                              Name
                                                      Status
______
1
     Archives(.zip)
                              archives
                                                      yes
2
     CHM
                              chm
                                                      no
3
    EICAR
                              eicar
                                                      yes
     Executables
                              executables
4
5
6
7
                                                      yes
     Macromedia Flash Data
                              macromedia-flash-data
                                                     yes
     MS Office Documents
                              ms-office-document
                                                     yes
     PDF
                              pdf
                                                      yes
8
     RTF
                              rtf
                                                      yes
9
     Unknow Type
                              unknow-type
                                                      no
```

 Go to CONFIGURATION > Security Service > Sandboxing > General, enable Sandboxing and select action and log for malicious and suspicious files to monitor the result.

General		
Enable Sandboxing		
Action For Malicious File:	destroy	*
Log For Malicious File:	log alert	~
Action For Suspicious File:	destroy	~
Log For Suspicious File:	log alert	~

5. Enable Collect Statistics to monitor the scan results and statistics.

MONITOR > Security	<pre>/ Statistics ></pre>	Sandboxing
--------------------	------------------------------	------------

General Settings				
Collect Statistics	since 2018-07-03 10:41:08 to 2018-07-03	10:41:08		
Apply Reset	Refresh Flush Data			
Submission Summary				
Total:	0			
Scanning:	0			
Scanned:	0			
Destroyed Files:	0			
Scan Result				
Malicious Files:	0			
Suspicious Files:	0			
Safe Files:	0			
Other:	0			
Statistics				
# File Name	Hash	Туре	Occurence	Update Time
I∢ ∢ Page 0 of	0 ▶ ▶ Show 50 ▼ items			No data to display

Test the Result

4 Go to <u>http://www.eicar.org/85-0-Download.html</u> to download eicar_com.zip file.



		caused by the scanner which puts the file into quarantaine. The test file will be treated just like any other real virus infected file. Read the user's manual of your AV scanner what to do or contact the vendor/manufacturer of your AV scanner.				
Order elcar news and events as rss feed. EICAR News EICAR Events	damage to your are sufficiently s files from your c	held responsible when the computer. YOU DOWNLOA ecure in the usage of your J	D THESE FILES AT YOUR OWN F W scanner. EICAR cannot and w manufacturer/vendor of your	ombination with these files cause any NSK. Download these files only if you vill not provide any help to remove these AV scanner to seek such help.		
	Download are		eicar_com.zip	eicarcom2.zip		
	eicar.com	eicar.com.txt	eical_com.zip			
	eicar.com 68 Bytes	68 Bytes	184 Bytes	308 Bytes		
	68 Bytes		184 Bytes	308 Bytes		
	68 Bytes	68 Bytes	184 Bytes	308 Bytes eicarcom2.zip		

5 When you download eicar_com.zip for the first time, it is considered to be an unknown malware. The file is allowed to pass and a copy of eicar_com.zip will be sent to Sandbox for further scan.

MONITOR > Log > View Log > Sandboxing

View Log	View	AP Log					
how Filter							
gs							
Category:		Sandbo	x x				
	g Now 🛞 Re						
				Message	Source	Destination	Note
🖂 Email Lo		efresh 💰 (Priority	Clear				Note
🖂 Email Lo	Time	efresh 💰 (Priority alert	Clear Category	Message	192.168.1.33:1	= 213.211.198	Note
Email Lo. # • 1	Time 2018-04	efresh 🞸 (Priority alert info	Clear Category Sandbox	Message Malicious File name: eicar_com.zip, md5: óceóf4	192.168.1.33:1	= 213.211.198	Note

The eicar_com.zip file is detected by Sandbox as a malicious file.

MONITOR > Security Statistics > Sandboxing



Summary				
General Settings				
Collect Statistics	since 2018-04-27 16:55:12 to 2018-04-27 17:04:09			
Apply Reset	Refresh Flush Data			
Submission Summmary				
Total:	1			
Scanning:	0			
Scanned:	1			
Destroyed File:	0			
Scan Result				
Malicious File:	1			
Suspicious File:	0			
Clean File:	0			
Other:	0			
Statistics				
# File Name	Hash	Туре	Occurence	Update Time
1 eicar_com.zip	6ce6f415d8475545be5ba114f208b0ff	Malicious	1	2018-04-27 17:03:18

 \bigvee Note: Disable anti-virus software on your laptop in order to test Sandbox.

6 Download eicar_com.zip file again. ZyWALL ATP destroyed the eicar_com.zip file at the second time when you download the file and generate the log.

View Log	View A	P Log					
Show Filter							
ogs							
Category:		Sandbox	*				
🔀 Email Log	g Now 🚫 Refi	resh 🎸 Cle	ear				
# 🔺	Time	Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
# ▲ 1	lime 2018-04-2		Category Sandbox	Message MALICIOUS infected SSI=N File=eicar_com.z			
#▲ 1 4		crit			213 211 198	192.168.1.33:1853	
1	2018-04-2	crit alert	Sandbox	MALICIOUS infected SSI=N File=eicar_com.z	213 211 198 192.168.1.33:1845	192.168.1.33:1853 213.211.198	FILE DEST
1	2018-04-2 2018-04-2	crit alert info	Sandbox Sandbox	MALICIOUS infected SSI=N File=eicar com.z Malicious File name: eicar_com.zip, md5: 6	213 211 198 192.168.1.33:1845	192.168.1.33:1853 213.211.198	FILE DEST
1 4 5	2018-04-2 2018-04-2 2018-04-2	crit alert info info	Sandbox Sandbox Sandbox	MALICIOUS infected SSI=N File=eicar com.z Malicious File name: eicar_com.zip, md5: 6 Query File name: eicar_com.zip, md5: 6ce6	213 211 198 192.168.1.33:1845	192.168.1.33:1853 213.211.198	FILE DEST

MONITOR > Log > View Log > Sandboxing

MONITOR > Security Statistics > Sandboxing



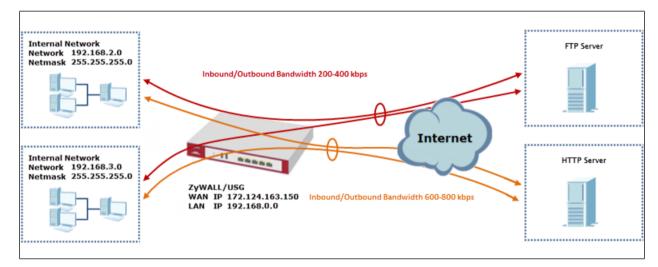
Summary				
General Settings				
Collect Statistics	since 2018-04-27 16:55:11 to 2018-04-27 17:11	:14		
Apply Reset	Refresh Flush Data			
Submission Summary				
Total:	2			
Scanning:	0			
Scanned:	2			
Destroyed File:				
Scan Result				
Malicious File:	2			
Suspicious File:	0			
Clean File:	0			
Other:	0			
Statistics				
# File Name	Hash	Туре	Occurence	Update Time
1 eicar_com.zip	6ce6f415d8475545be5ba114f208b0ff	Malicious	2	2018-04-27 17:08:26
I ← Page 1 of	1 > Show 50 🗸 items			Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

What Can Go Wrong?

- SSL inspection needs to be enabled and applied to the corresponding security policy rule for HTTPS traffic.
- 8 Only Windows (Win XP, Win 7, Win 10) and Mac OSX operating system are supported.
- 9 The local cache of the analysis result will be deleted when the device reboots.

How to Configure Bandwidth Management for FTP and HTTP Traffic

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG Bandwidth Management (BWM) to control the bandwidth allocation for FTP and HTTP traffic. You can use source interface, destination interface, destination port, schedule, user, source, destination information, DSCP code and service type as criteria to create a sequence of specific conditions to allocate bandwidth for the matching packets. When the BWM is configured, you can limit bandwidth consuming services, such as FTP, while providing consistent HTTP service with bandwidth guarantees.



ZyWALL/USG with Bandwidth Management for HTTP and FTP Traffic Example

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. The total available bandwidth assumption is 1,600 kbps. This example was tested using USG310

Set Up the Bandwidth Management for FTP on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > BWM > Configuration > Add Policy, select Enable and type FTP Any-to-WAN as the policy's Description.

Leave the **Incoming Interface** to **any** and select the Outgoing Interface to be **wan1**. Select **Service Type** to be the **Service Object** and select **FTP** from the list box.

Set the **Guaranteed Bandwidth Inbound** to 200 (kbps) and set **Priority 5** (low-tomedium). Set the **Maximum** to 400 (kbps). Set the **Guaranteed Bandwidth Outbound** to 200 (kbps) and set **Priority** 5. Set the **Maximum** to 400 (kbps).

In order to view the result later, set the **Log** setting to be **log alert**. Click **OK** to return to the **General** screen.



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Configuration	
Enable	
Description:	FTP Any-to-WAN (Optional)
BWM Type:	🖲 Shared 🔍 Per user 🔍 Per-Source- 👔
	LP V
Criteria	
User:	any 💌
Schedule:	none 💌
Incoming Interface:	any 💌
Outgoing Interface:	gel 💌
Source:	any 💌
Destination:	any 💌
DSCP Code:	any 👻
Service Type:	service-object
Service Object:	FTP
DSCP Marking	
DSCP Marking	Inbound Marking: preserve 💌
	Outbound Marking: preserve 💌
Bandwidth Shaping	
Guaranteed Bandwidth	Inbound: 200 kbps (0 : disabled) Priority: 5
Banawiain	Maximize Bandwidth Usage Maximur 400 kbps
	Outbound: 200 kbps (0 : disabled) Priority: 5
	Maximize Bandwidth Usage Maximun 400 kbps
802.1P Marking	
Priority Code	0 (0-7)
Interface	none 🔻 i
Related Setting	
Log:	log alert

 \bigvee Note: In Bandwidth Management, the highest priority is (1) the lowest priority is (7).

Set Up the Bandwidth Management for HTTP on the

ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > BWM > Configuration > Add Policy**, select **Enable** and type **HTTP Any-to-WAN** as the policy's Description (Optional).

Leave the **Incoming Interface** to **any** and select the Outgoing Interface to be **wan1**. Select **Service Type** to be the **Service Object** and select **HTTP** from the list box.

Set the Guaranteed Bandwidth Inbound to 600 (kbps) and set higher Priority 3. Set the Maximum to 800 (kbps). Set the Guaranteed Bandwidth Outbound Priority 3.

In order to view the result later, set the **Log** setting to be **log alert**. Click **OK** to return to the **General** screen.

CONFIGURATION > BWM > Configuration > Add Policy

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ZYXEL	
-------	--

Configuration	
Enable	
Description:	HTTP Any-to-WAN (Optional)
BWM Type:	💿 Shared 🔍 Per user 🔍 Per-Source- 👔
	IP IP
Criteria	
User:	any 💌
Schedule:	none 💌
Incoming Interface:	any 💌
Outgoing Interface:	gel 💌
Source:	any 💌
Destination:	any 💌
DSCP Code:	any 💌
Service Type:	service-object
Service Object:	HTTP
DSCP Marking	
DSCP Marking	Inbound Marking: preserve 👻
0	Outbound Marking: preserve
Bandwidth Shaping	
Guaranteed	Inbound: 600 kbps (0 : disabled) Priority: 3
Bandwidth	Maximize Bandwidth Usage Maximur 800 kbps
	Outbound: 600 kbps (0 : disabled) Priority: 3
	Maximize Bandwidth Usage Maximur 800 kbps
802.1P Marking	
Priority Code	0 (0-7)
Interface	none 🔻 1
Related Setting	
Log:	log alert

 $\dot{\Psi}$ Note: In Bandwidth Management, the highest priority is (1) the lowest priority is (7).

Set Up the Bandwidth Management Global Setting on the

ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > BWM > BWM Global Setting, select Enable.

CONFIGURATION > BWM > BWM Global Setting



Test the Result

Access the Internet to generate FTP traffic and HTTP traffic. In this example, a 123 MB file is downloading from an FTP server. The FTP file should download slowly.

← → C D ftp://ftp.zyxel.com/ZyWALL_1100/firmware/ ☆ Ξ							
Index of /ZyWALL_1100/firmware/							
Name	Size	Date Modified					
[parent directory]							
ZyWALL 1100_3.10(AAAC.0)C0.zip	55.0 MB	7/11/13, 12:00:00 AM					
ZyWALL 1100_3.10(AAAC.1)C0.zip	55.4 MB	9/26/13, 12:00:00 AM					
ZyWALL 1100_3.20(AAAC.0)C0.zip	55.5 MB	6/9/14, 12:00:00 AM					
ZyWALL 1100_4.10(AAAC.0)C0.zip	115 MB	9/2/14, 12:00:00 AM					
ZyWALL 1100_4.10(AAAC.2)C0.zip	115 MB	3/9/15, 12:00:00 AM					
ZyWALL 1100_4.11(AAAC.2)C0.zip	122 MB	5/4/15, 12:00:00 AM					
ZyWALL 1100_4.11(AAAC.2)C0_2.pdf	414 kB	5/4/15, 12:00:00 AM					
ZyWALL 1100_4.13(AAAC.0)C0_2.pdf	494 kB	8/5/15, 10:00:00 AM					
ZyWALL 1100_4.13(AAAC.1)C0.zip	123 MB	8/28/15, 3:33:00 AM					
ZyWALL 1100_4.13(AAAC.1)C0_2.pdf	498 kB	8/28/15, 3:33:00 AM					

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [alert] log message such as below.

Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination
alert	BWM	Mode=port-base Rule=2 matched	192.168.1.33:51495	■ 216.241.54.88:54190
alert	BWM	Mode=port-base Rule=2 matched	192.168.1.33:51494	■ 216.241.54.88:21
alert	BWM	Mode=port-base Rule=2 matched	192.168.1.33:51493	216.241.54.88:13700
alert	BWM	Mode=port-base Rule=2 matched	192.168.1.33:51492	■ 216.241.54.88:21

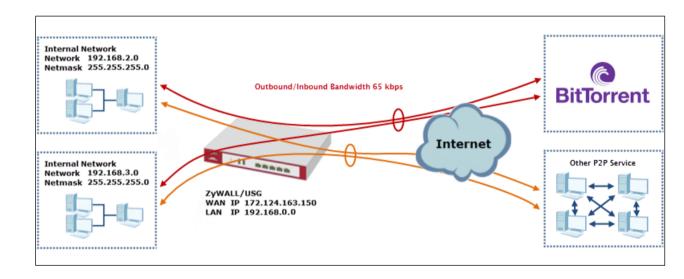
What Could Go Wrong?

If the "outbound" in the guaranteed bandwidth settings apply to traffic going from the connection initiator to the outgoing interface. "Inbound" refers to the reverse direction.

How to Limit BitTorrent or Other Peer-to-Peer Traffic

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG Bandwidth Management (BWM) to control the bandwidth allocation for peer-to-peer traffic. You can use source interface, destination interface, destination port, schedule, user, source, destination information, DSCP code and service type as criteria to create a sequence of specific conditions to allocate bandwidth for the matching packets. When the BWM is configured, you can limit bandwidth consuming Application traffic, such as Peer-to-Peer (P2P) service.

ZyWALL/USG with Bandwidth Management for Peer-to-Peer Traffic Example



 \checkmark Note: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. The total available bandwidth assumption is 1,600 kbps. This example was tested using USG310

Set Up the Application Patrol Profile on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > Application > Add**

Application Rule. Configure a Name for you to identify the Application Profile. Then, click Add to create an Application Object.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Application > Add Application Rule

Name: Description:		BitTorrent		
		New Create	(Optional)	
🕜 Add 🃋	Remove			
# C	ategory		Application	
14 4 P	age 1 of 1	▶ ▶ Show 50	✓ items	No data to display

In the **Application Object**, select **By Service**, type a keyword and click **Search** to display all signatures containing that keyword. Select all **Query Result** and Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Application > Add Application Rule > Add Application Object

Query			
Search:	:	By Service 💙 BitTorrent	Search
Query R		A	
#	Category	Application	
1	🔽 P2P	BitTorrent Series (transfer)	
2	P2P	BitTorrent Series (access)	
3	P2P	BitTorrent Series (connect)	
14 4	Page 1 of 1 🕨	Show 50 🗸 items	Displaying 1 - 3 of 3

Set Up the Bandwidth Management for BitTorrent on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > BWM > Configuration > Add Policy, select Enable and type BitTorrent Any-to-Any as the policy's Description.

Leave the **Incoming Interface** to **any** and select the Outgoing Interface to be **wan1**. Select **Service Type** to be the **Service Object** and select **BitTorrent** from the list box.

Set the Guaranteed Bandwidth Inbound to 65 (kbps) and set Priority 5 (low-tomedium). Set the Maximum to 512(kbps). Set the Guaranteed Bandwidth Outbound to 65 (kbps) and set Priority 5. Set the Maximum to 512 (kbps). Click OK to return to the General screen.

Configuration		
Enable		
Description:	BitTorrent Any-to-Any (Optional)	
BWM Type:	Shared Image: Shared Image: Per user Image: Per-Source-IP	i
Criteria		
User:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 👻	
Incoming Interface:	any 👻	
Outgoing Interface:	any 👻	
Source:	any 💌	
Destination:	any 👻	
DSCP Code:	any 💌	
Service Type:	Service Object Application Object	
Application Object:	BitTorrent 🗸	
DSCP Marking		
DSCP Marking	Inbound Marking:	
	Outbound Marking:	
Bandwidth Shaping		
Guaranteed Bandwidth	Inbound: 65 kbps (0 : disabled) Priority: 5	i
	Maximize Bandwidth Usage Maximum: 5	512 kbps
	Outbound: 65 kbps (0 : disabled) Priority: 5	5
	Maximize Bandwidth Usage Maximum: s	512 kbp:

CONFIGURATION > BWM > Configuration > Add Policy

 $\dot{\forall}$ Note: In Bandwidth Management, the highest priority is (1) the lowest priority is (7).

Set Up the Bandwidth Management Global Setting on the

ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > BWM > BWM Global Setting**, select **Enable**.

CONFIGURATION > BWM > BWM Global Setting

BWM Global Setting	
☑ Enable BWM	
Enable Highest Bandwidth Priority for SIP Traffic	1

Test the Result

Download BitTorrent application for testing the result:

http://www.bittorrent.com/downloads

In this example, an 826 MB file is downloading, the **Down Speed** limited to maximum 65 kB/s.

BitTorrent 7.9.5 (build 4	1203) [03) [32-bit]										X			
File Options Help															
Bundles															
⊕ 🗘 Torrents (1)															
🕀 🗣 Labels	+	ee		Ô	*		~ `	~	ſ		🙋 🔻 Infospac	e Search	٩	見 :::	₽ ‡
Feeds (0)	#	Name				PI	ayback		Size	Status	5	Health	Down Speed	Up Speed	ETA
	1	Cr_O	S_Linu	x.i686-2	2.4			826	6 MB	Dow <mark>nloadin</mark> g	g 36.2 %	ath	63.9 kB/s	0.2 kB/s	12h 13m
Devices (0)															

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [alert] log message such as below.

Monitor > Log



Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Protocol
alert	BWM	Mode=port-less Rule=1 matched	192.168.1.33:53722	187.34.56.190:13867	udp
alert	BWM	Mode=port-less Rule=1 matched	192.168.1.33:53722	84.250.209.195:51413	udp
alert	BWM	Mode=port-less Rule=1 matched	192.168.1.33:53722	89.43.62.55:51016	udp

What Could Go Wrong?

If the "outbound" in the guaranteed bandwidth settings apply to traffic going from the connection initiator to the outgoing interface. "Inbound" refers to the reverse direction.

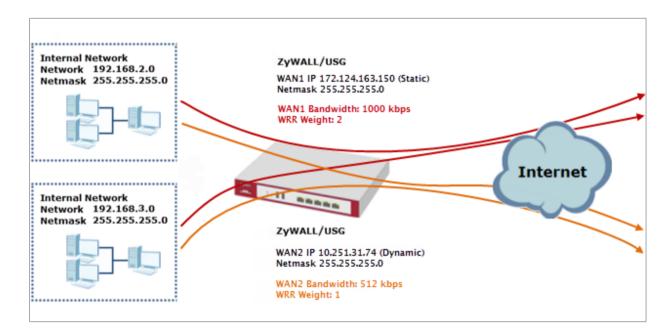
Make sure you have registered the **Application Patrol** service on the ZyWALL/USG to use **Application Object** as the **Service Type** in the bandwidth management rules.

Service Type:	Service Object	Application Object
Application Object:	BitTorrent	~

You can click the link from the **CONFIGURATION > Licensing > Registration** screen of your ZyXEL device's Web Configurator or click the myZyXEL.com 2.0 icon from the portal page (<u>https://portal.myzyxel.com/</u>) to register or extend your **Application Patrol** license.

How to Configure a Trunk for WAN Load Balancing with a Static or Dynamic IP Address

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG Trunk for two WAN connections to the Internet. The available bandwidth for the connections is 1000 kbps (wan1 with static IP address) and 512 Kbps (wan2 with dynamic IP address) respectively. As these connections have different bandwidths, we will use the Weighted Round Robin (WRR) algorithm to send traffic to wan1 and wan2 in a 2:1 ratio.



ZyWALL/USG with WAN Load Balancing Example

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

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Set Up the Available Bandwidth on WAN1 Interfaces on the

ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Interface > Ethernet > WAN1 > Egress Bandwidth** and enter the available bandwidth (1000 kbps) in the **Egress Bandwidth** field. Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > Interface > Ethernet > WAN1	

General Settings		
🗷 Enable Interface		
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	external 💌	0
Interface Name:	WAN1	
Port:	P1	
Zone:	WAN 👻	θ
MAC Address:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0B	
Description:		(Optional)
IP Address Assignment		
Get Automatically		
Advance		
Use Fixed IP Address		
IP Address:	172.124.163.150	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Gateway:		(Optional)
Metric:	0 (0-15)	
Enable IGMP Support		
IGMP Upstream		
◎ IGMP Downstream		
Interface Parameters		
Egress Bandwidth:	1000 Kbps 🚹	

Set Up the Available Bandwidth on WAN2 Interfaces on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Interface > Ethernet > WAN2 > Egress Bandwidth** and enter the available bandwidth (512 kbps) in the **Egress Bandwidth** field. Click **OK**.

General Settings		
🗷 Enable Interface		
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	external 💌	0
Interface Name:	WAN2	
Port:	P3	
Zone:	WAN 💌	0
MAC Address:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0D	
Description:		(Optional)
 Get Automatically Advance 	10.251.31.74	
Get Automatically	10.251.31.74	
Use Fixed IP Address		
IP Address:		
Subnet Mask:		
Gateway:		
Metric:	0 (0-1.5)	
Enable IGMP Support		
IGMP Upstream		
© IGMP Downstream		
Interface Parameters		
Egress Bandwidth:	512 Kbps 🚹	

CONFIGURATION > Interface > Ethernet > WAN2

Set Up the WAN Trunk on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Interface > Trunk > User Configuration > Add Trunk. Configure a Name for you to identify the Trunk profile and set the Load Balancing Algorithm field to be the Weighted Round Robin.

Add WAN1 and enter 2 in the Weight column. Add WAN2 and enter 1 in the Weight column. Click OK to return to the Configuration screen.



CONFIGURATION > Interface > Trunk > User Configuration > Add Trunk

g 1 - 2 of 2

In the Configuration screen, go to Default WAN Trunk section, select User

Configured Trunk and select the newly created Trunk from the list box. Click **Apply**.

CONFIGURATION > Interface > Trunk > Default WAN Trunk

Default WAN Trunk
Advance
Default Trunk Selection
SYSTEM_DEFAULT_WAN_TRUNK
Our Ser Configured Trunk WAN1_WAN2_Loa, ✓ Configured Trunk VAN1_WAN2_Loa, ✓ VAN1_WAN2_Loa, ✓ Configured Trunk VAN1_WAN2_Loa, ✓ VAN1_WAN2_VAN2_VAN4_VAN4_VAN4_VAN4_VAN4_VAN4_VAN4_VAN4

Test the Result

Browse any website to test the result.

The Weighted Round Robin (WRR) algorithm is best suited for situations where the bandwidths set for the two WAN interfaces are different. An interface with a larger weight (**WAN1**) gets more chances to transmit traffic than an interface with a smaller weight (**WAN2**).

MONITOR > Interface Summary > Interface Statistics

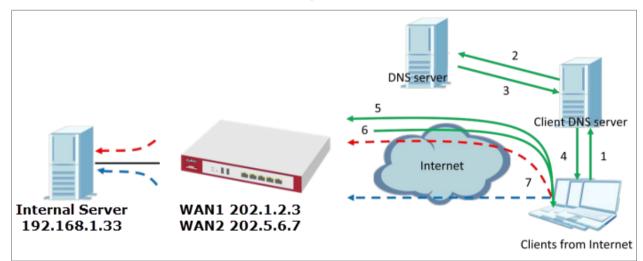
terface Statisti	ics				
Refresh					
Name	Status	TxPkts	RxPkts	Tx B/s	Rx B/s
🕂 gel	Down	0	0	0	0
🛨 WAN1	1000M/Full	16501	47815	0	634
🛨 WAN2	1000M/Full	268	169	0	0

What Could Go Wrong?

If there is no traffic passing through either WAN1 or WAN2 interfaces, check that the **Mode** of both WAN1 & WAN2 should be **Active**. If a trunk is in **Passive** mode, the ZyWALL/USG will use this connection only when all of the connections set to **Active** mode are down.

How to Configure DNS Inbound Load Balancing to balance DNS Queries Among Interfaces

This is an example of using the ZyWALL/USG dynamically responding to DNS query messages with its least loaded interface's IP address. The DNS query senders will then transmit packets to that interface instead of an interface that has a heavy load. This example assumes that your company's domain name is www.example.com. You want your ZyWALL/USG's WAN1 (202.1.2.3) and WAN2 (202.5.6.7) to use DNS inbound load balancing to balance traffic loading coming from the Internet.



ZyWALL/USG with DNS Inbound Load Balancing Example

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the DNS Inbound Load Balancing on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > DNS Inbound LB. Edit the Query Domain Name, set the Load Balancing Algorithm field to be the Least Load - Total. Click Add to create a new Load Balancing Member.

General Setting		
Enable		
DNS Settings		
Query Domain Name:	zyxel.for-our.info	
Time to Live:	0 (0-604800 seconds, 0 is unchanged)	
Query From Settings		
IP Address:	any 💌	
Zone:	any 💌	
Load Balancing Member		
Load Balancing Algorithm:	Least Load - Total 💌	
Failover IP Address:	0.0.0.0 (Optional)	
🔂 Add 🗹 Edit 🍵 Remove		
# IP Address	Monitor Interface	
	Show 50 🔹 items No data to display	1
If you want to configure Security	Option Control, please go to DNS ()	

CONFIGURATION > Network > DNS Inbound LB

CONFIGURATION > Network > DNS Inbound LB

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ad Balancing Member	1		
Vember: Vonitor Interface:	WAN1	DHCP client 202.1.2.3/255.255.255.0	
P Address			
Same as Monitor Interface	202.1.2.3		
© Custom	0.0.0		

CONFIGURATION > Network > DNS Inbound LB

Member:	2		
Monitor Interface:	WAN2	DHCP client 202.5.6.7/255.255.255.0	
P Address			
Same as Monitor Interface	202.5.6.7		
Custom	0.0.0		

 $Go \ to \ \mbox{the Global Setting page to select Enable DNS Load Balancing.}$

CONFIGURATION > Network > DNS Inbound LB

Global Setting
Enable DNS Load Balancing

Set Up the NAT Rule on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Network > NAT**. Configure the **Virtual** 625/751



Server to forward the traffic from WAN to Internal Server (192.168.1.33). Click OK. CONFIGURATION > Network > NAT

General Settings			
🗹 Enable Rule			
Rule Name:	NAT_WAN1		
Port Mapping Type			
Classification:	Virtual Server	© 1:1 NAT	© Many 1:1 NAT
Mapping Rule			
Incoming Interface:	WAN1	~	
Original IP:	User Defined	~	
User-Defined Original IP:	202.1.2.3	(IP Address)	
Mapped IP:	User Defined	~	
User-Defined Mapped IP:	192.168.1.33	(IP Address)	
Port Mapping Type:	Port	~	
Protocol Type:	any	~	
Original Port:	80		
Mapped Port:	80		

General Settings		
🗹 Enable Rule		
Rule Name:	NAT_WAN2	
Port Mapping Type		
Classification:	♥Virtual Server ◎ 1:1 NAT ◎ Many 1:1 N	TAN
Mapping Rule		
Incoming Interface:	WAN2	
Original IP:	User Defined 💌	
User-Defined Original IP:	202.5.6.7 (IP Address)	
Mapped IP:	User Defined 💌	
User-Defined Mapped IP:	192.168.1.33 (IP Address)	
Port Mapping Type:	Port 👻	
Protocol Type:	any 💌	
Original Port:	80	
Mapped Port:	80	

Test the Result

Open the browser and query http://zyxel.for-our.info/.

Create a **Security Policy** in order to view the testing result. Set **Destination** to be the Internal Server IP address (192.168.1.33 in this example) and set **Log** type to be the **Log Alert**.

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [alert] log message such as below. The **Source Interface** is the WAN1 or WAN2 interface which is handling the least amount of outgoing and incoming traffic.

alert	Security Policy	priority:1, from ANY to ANY, TCP, service oth	202.1.2.4:52268	WAN2	192.168.1.33:80	ACCESS FORWA
alert	Security Policy	priority:1, from ANY to ANY, TCP, service oth	* 202.1.2.4:52267	WAN2	192.168.1.33:80	ACCESS FORWA
alert	Security Policy	priority:1, from ANY to ANY, TCP, service oth	* 202.1.2.4:52266	WAN1	192.168.1.33:80	ACCESS FORWA
alert	Security Policy	priority:1, from ANY to ANY, TCP, service oth	202.1.2.4:52265	WAN1	192.168.1.33:80	ACCESS FORWA
alert	Security Policy	priority:1, from ANY to ANY, TCP, service oth	* 202.1.2.4:52260	WAN1	192.168.1.33:80	ACCESS FORWA
alert	Security Policy	priority:1, from ANY to ANY, TCP, service oth	* 202.1.2.4:52259	WAN1	192.168.1.33:80	ACCESS FORWA
alert	Security Policy	priority:1, from ANY to ANY, TCP, service oth	* 202.1.2.4:52258	WAN2	192.168.1.33:80	ACCESS FORWA
alert	Security Policy	priority:1, from ANY to ANY, TCP, service oth	202.1.2.4:52257	WAN2	192.168.1.33:80	ACCESS FORWA

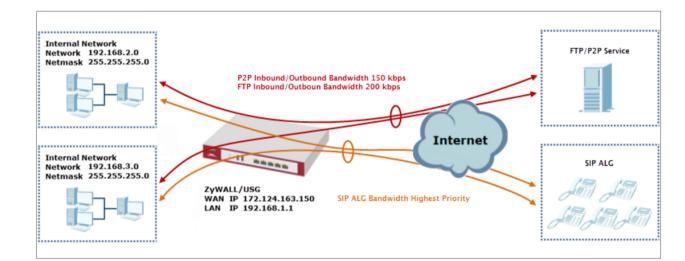
What Could Go Wrong?

If you cannot access the Internal Server, please check that the NAT configuration matches the Internal Server IP address and Port number. If the NAT configuration is correct, please check the system status of your Internal Server is up.

How to Manage Voice Traffic

This is an example of using Application Layer Gateway (ALG) to allow the SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) voice traffic through the ZyWALL/USG. To achieve high-quality voice transmissions, use ZyWALL/USG provides Bandwidth Management (BWM) function to effectively manage bandwidth according to flexible criteria. You can limit bandwidth consuming services, such as Peer-to-Peer (P2P) and FTP service while providing a higher priority and consistent bandwidth for voice traffic.

ZyWALL/USG with Voice Traffic Management Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the SIP ALG on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > SIP > SIP Settings, select Enable SIP ALG, Enable SIP Transformations (optional), Restrict Peer to Peer Signaling Connection and Restrict Peer to Peer Media Connection. Make sure the SIP Signaling Port is configured the same as your VoIP phone SIP signaling port. Click Apply.

CONFIGURATION > BWM > Configuration > Add Policy

Z Enable SIP ALG		
Enable SIP Transformations		
🗷 Enable Configure SIP Inactivity Timeout		
SIP Media Inactivity Timeout :	120	(seconds)
SIP Signaling Inactivity Timeout :	1800	(seconds)
Postial Posta Post Simpling Connection		
Restrict Peer to Peer Signaling Connection		
Restrict Peer to Peer Media Connection		
Restrict Peer to Peer Media Connection ()		
0 0		

 \bigvee Note: If you are using a custom or additional UDP port number (not 5060) for SIP traffic, use the **Add** icon to add **SIP Signaling Port** numbers.

Set Up the Bandwidth Management for SIP on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > BWM > BWM Global Settings, select

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Enable BWM and Enable Highest Bandwidth Priority for SIP Traffic. CONFIGURATION > BWM > BWM Global Settings > Enable BWM

BWM Global Setting	
 Enable BWM Enable Highest Bandwidth Priority for SIP Traffic 	8

Set Up the Bandwidth Management for P2P on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > BWM > Configuration > Add Policy, select Enable and type P2P Any-to-WAN as the policy's Description.

Leave the **Incoming Interface** to **any** and select the Outgoing Interface to be **WAN1**. Select **Service Type** to be the **Application Object** and select **P2P** from the list box.

Set the Guaranteed Bandwidth Inbound to 100 (kbps) and set Priority 5. Set the Maximum to 150 (kbps). Set the Guaranteed Bandwidth Outbound to 100 (kbps) and set Priority 5. Set the Maximum to 150 (kbps). Click OK to return to the General screen.



Configuration	
Enable	
Description:	P2P Any-to-WAN (Optional)
BWM Type:	Shared Per user Per-Source-IP 1
Criteria	
User:	any 👻
Schedule:	none 👻
Incoming Interface:	any 💌
Outgoing Interface:	WAN1
Source:	any 💌
Destination:	any 💌
DSCP Code:	any 💌
Service Type:	Service Object Application Object
Application Object:	P2P 👻
DSCP Marking	
DSCP Marking	Inbound Marking: preserve 🗸
	Outbound Marking:
Bandwidth Shaping	
Guaranteed Bandwidth	Inbound: 100 kbps (0 : disabled) Priority: 5
	Maximize Bandwidth Usage Maximum: 150 kbps
	Outbound: 100 kbps (0 : disabled) Priority: 5
	Maximize Bandwidth Usage Maximum: 150 kbps

CONFIGURATION > BWM > Configuration > Add Policy

 \oint Note: In Bandwidth Shaping, the highest priority is (1) the lowest priority is (7).

Set Up the Bandwidth Management for FTP on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > BWM > Configuration > Add Policy, select Enable and type FTP Any-to-Any as the policy's Description.



Leave the **Incoming Interface** to **any** and select the Outgoing Interface to be **WAN1**. Select **Service Type** to be the **Service Object** and select **FTP** from the list box.

Set the Guaranteed Bandwidth Inbound to 150 (kbps) and set Priority 5. Set the Maximum to 200 (kbps). Set the Guaranteed Bandwidth Outbound to 150 (kbps) and set Priority 5. Set the Maximum to 200 (kbps). Click OK to return to the General screen.

Configuration		
Enable Description: BWM Type:	FTP Any-to-WAN (Optional) Shared Per user P	'er-Source-IP
Criteria		
User:	any 💙	
Schedule:	none 👻	
Incoming Interface:	any 👻	
Outgoing Interface:	WAN1 👻	
Source:	any 👻	
Destination:	any 👻	
DSCP Code:	any 👻	
Service Type:	Service Object	ject
Service Object:	FTP	
DSCP Marking		
DSCP Marking	Inbound Marking: preserve 💌	
	Outbound Marking: preserve 🗸	
Bandwidth Shaping		
Guaranteed Bandwidth	Inbound: 150 kbps (0 : disabled)	Priority: 5
	Maximize Bandwidth Usage	Maximum: 200 kbps
	Outbound: 150 kbps (0 : disabled)	Priority: 5
	Maximize Bandwidth Usage	Maximum: 200 kbps

CONFIGURATION > BWM > Configuration > Add Policy

 \bigvee Note: In Bandwidth Shaping, the highest priority is (1) the lowest priority is (7).

Test the Result

Add a **Security Policy** rule to view the SIP log:

SIP_Test	
	(Optional)
any	~
any (Excluding ZyWALL)	~
any	~
any	~
SIP	~
any	~
none	~
allow	~
	any any (Excluding ZyWALL) any any SIP any none

Dial Phone Number 1001 (192.168.10.2 in this example) from Phone Number 1002 (192.168.100.2 in this example), go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [alert] log message such as below. The **Destination** IP address is the SIP Server IP address.

Monitor > Log



Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Traffic Statics** and review the SIP traffic and other services to optimize the **Guaranteed** and **Maximum BMW** of bandwidth consuming services.

Monitor > Traffic Statics

#	Service Port	Protocol	Direction	Amount
1	sip(Port : 5060)	UDP	Ingress	10.137(MBytes)
2	sip(Port: 5060)	UDP	Egress	10.138(MBytes)
3	ftp(Port:21)	TCP	Ingress	863(Bytes)
4	ftp(Port:21)	TCP	Egress	807(Bytes)
5	https(Port: 443)	TCP	Ingress	29.716(KBytes)
6	www(Port: 80)	TCP	Egress	1.196(KBytes)

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [alert] log message such as below, the voice traffic is blocked by the priority 1 **Security Policy.** The ZyWALL/USG checks the security policy in order and applies the first security policy the traffic matches. If the voice traffic matches a policy that comes earlier in the list, it may be unexpectedly blocked. Please change your policy setting or move the voice traffic policy to the higher priority.

Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Source	Destination	Note
alert	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from ANY to ANY, UDP, service others, DROP	192.168.100.2:5060	172.124.163.150:5060	ACCESS BLOCK
alert	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from ANY to ANY, UDP, service others, DROP	192.168.100.2:5060	172.124.163.150:5060	ACCESS BLOCK

How to Manage ZyWALL/USG Configuration Files

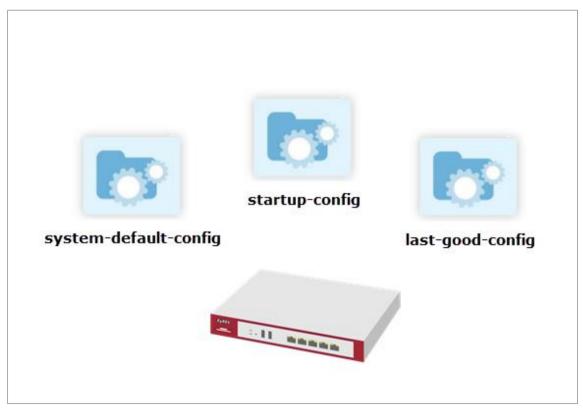
This is an example of how to rename, download, copy, apply and upload configuration files. Once your ZyWALL/USG is configured and functioning properly, it is highly recommended that you back up your configuration file before making further configuration changes. The backup configuration file will be useful in case you need to return to your previous settings.

The **system-default.conf** file contains the ZyWALL/USG's default settings. This configuration file is included when you upload a firmware package.

The startup-config.conf file is the configuration file that the ZyWALL/USG is currently using. If you make and save changes during your management session, the changes are applied to this configuration file.

The **lastgood.conf** is the most recently used (valid) configuration file that was saved when the device last restarted.

ZyWALL/USG with Configuration Files Example





ÝNote: This example was using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Rename the Configuration Files from the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File**, select the configuration file and click **Rename**. A pop-up screen will appear allowing you to edit the **Target file** name. Click **OK** to save the **Rename** configuration.

MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File

🛃 R	ename 🧯 Remove 🐁 Download	f 🖹 Copy 🕞 Apply	
#	File Name		
1	startup-config.conf	36582	2017-07-07 07:23:22
2	430ABFC0a4-2017-07-03-06-54	13040	2017-07-03 06:54:24
3	lastgood.conf	36582	2017-07-07 07:23:22
4	system-default.conf	32927	2017-06-09 12:39:03
5	autobackup-4.30.conf	13040	2017-07-03 06:56:16
6	startup-config-bad.conf	17406	2017-07-05 08:44:06
14	Page 1 of 1 >> Show	50 👻 items	Displaying 1 - 6 of

MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File > Rename

🖪 Rename			?×
Source file : Target file :	autobackup-4.30.conf backup-4.30.conf		I
		OK	Cancel

Download the Configuration Files on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File**, select the configuration file and click **Download** to back up your configuration file from ZyWALL/USG to your computer.



MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File

🛃 R	ename 🍵 Remove	😓 Download	🗋 Сору	▷ Apply	
	File Name		Size		Last Modified
1	startup-config.conf		36582		2017-07-07 07:23:22
2	430ABFC0a4-2017-0	7-03-06-54	13040		2017-07-03 06:54:24
3	lastgood.conf		36582		2017-07-07 07:23:22
4	system-default.conf		32927		2017-06-09 12:39:03
5	autobackup-4.30.co	onf	13040		2017-07-03 06:56:16
6	startup-config-bad.	conf	17406		2017-07-05 08:44:06
H -	Page 1 of 1	Show 3	50 🔻 item	ns	Displaying 1 - 6 of

Copy the Configuration Files on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File**, select the configuration file and click **Copy**. A pop-up screen will appear allowing you to edit the **Target file** name. Click **OK** to save the **Copy** configuration. **MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File**

🛃 R	lename 🍵 Remove 上 Downlo	ad 🗋 Copy 🕞 Apply	ý
#	File Name	Size	Last Modified
1	startup-config.conf	36582	2017-07-07 07:23:22
2	430ABFC0a4-2017-07-03-06-54	13040	2017-07-03 06:54:24
3	lastgood.conf	36582	2017-07-07 07:23:22
4	system-default.conf	32927	2017-06-09 12:39:03
5	autobackup-4.30.conf	13040	2017-07-03 06:56:16
6	startup-config-bad.conf	17406	2017-07-05 08:44:06
I.€	Page 1 of 1 >> Show	v 50 💌 items	Displaying 1 - 6 of





Apply the Configuration Files on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File**, select a specific configuration file to have ZyWALL/USG use it. For example, select the **system-default.conf** file and click **Apply** to reset all of the ZyWALL/USG settings to the factory defaults. Or select the **lastgood.conf** which is the most recently used (valid) configuration file that was saved when the device last restarted. If you uploaded and applied a configuration file with an error, select this file then click **Apply** to return to a valid configuration.

🛃 R	ename 🍵 Remove 😓 Downloa	id 📓 Copy 🕞 Apply	
1	startup-config.conf	36582	2017-07-07 07:32:04
2	430ABFC0a4-2017-07-03-06-54	13040	2017-07-03 06:54:24
3	lastgood.conf	36582	2017-07-07 07:23:22
4	system-default.conf	32927	2017-06-09 12:39:03
5	autobackup-4.30.conf	13040	2017-07-03 06:56:16
6	startup-config-bad.conf	17406	2017-07-05 08:44:06
H -	Page 1 of 1 → → Show	50 👻 items	Displaying 1 - 6 of

MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File

A pop-up screen will appear allowing you to edit the **Target file** name. Select **Immediately stop applying the configuration file and roll back to the previous configuration** to get the ZyWALL/USG started with a fully valid configuration file as quickly as possible. Click **OK** to have the ZyWALL/USG start applying the configuration file.

MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File > Apply Configuration File



> Apply Configuration File	$? \times$
Apply Configuration File	
File Name: autobackup-4.30.conf	
If applying the configuration file encounters an error:	
Immediately stop applying the configuration file	
mmediately stop applying the configuration file and roll back to the previous configuration	
igodoldoldoldoldoldoldoldoldoldoldoldoldol	
$^{\odot}$ Ignore errors and finish applying the configuration file and then roll back to the previous configura	ation
	ncel

 \bigvee Note: Do not shut down the ZyWALL/USG while the configuration file is being applied.

Upload the Configuration Files from the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File > Upload Configuration File, select Browse to upload a new or previously saved configuration file from your computer to your ZyWALL/USG. You cannot upload a configuration file named system-default.conf or lastgood.conf. If you upload startup-config.conf, it will replace the current configuration and immediately apply the new settings.

MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File

Upload Configuration File			
To upload a config	guration file, browse to the location of the file (.conf) and then click Upload.		
File Path:	C:\fakepath\backuptest-4.30.conf Browse Upload		

What Could Go Wrong?

If you cannot apply a configuration file and the device shows error message, go to **Monitor > Log** to check the [alert] log message and make the correction of the 639/751



configuration file. In this example, the [alert] log message shows the configuration file has an incomplete static DHCP address so that the device can't apply it.

MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Configuration File > Apply Configuration File

	\times
í	Apply backuptest-4.30.conf failed and roll back to previous configuration. Please check log for detail information.
	ОК

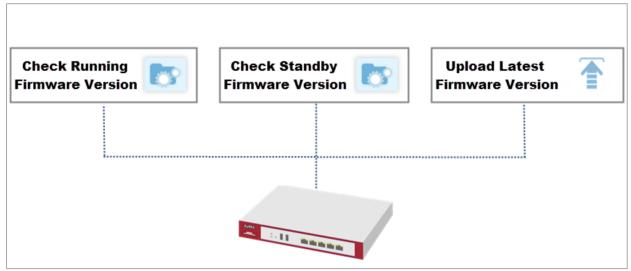
Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message	Note
alert	File Manager	Going to rollback previous running-config.	Apply Config
alert	File Manager	ERROR: #configure terminal interface _ether dmz ip address 192.168.3.1 255	Apply Config

How to Manage ZyWALL/USG Firmware

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG to check your current firmware version and upload firmware to the ZyWALL/USG. You can upload firmware to be the **Running** firmware or **Standby** firmware.

ZyWALL/USG with Firmware Management Example



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 \checkmark Note: The firmware update can take up to five minutes. Do not turn off or reset the ZyWALL/USG while the firmware update is in progress. This example was using USG110 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Download the Current Firmware Version from ZyXEL.com

Go to <u>www.zyxel.com/support/download_landing.shtml</u> and download the current firmware package.

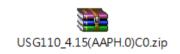
Search by Model Number			
USG110	Q	Don't know th	e product model number? How to Find Model Number
-s≡ USG110			
📟 USG1100			



www.zyxel.com

ALL	Technical Do	ocumentation	Datasheet	Firmware	MIB File	Certification
Material		Version	Checksum	Release Date	Release Note	e Download
Firmware		4.15(AAPH.0)C0	i	Mar 25, 2016		
3G Dongle	Document	3		Mar 26, 2015		88

Extract firmware zip file.



	0_4.15(AAPH.0)C0 ▼ 49	Search USG110_4.	
Organize 🔻 Extract			···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
🔆 Favorites	Name	Туре	Compressed size
🧮 Desktop	415AAPH0C0	Data Base File	724 KB
〕 Downloads	415AAPH0C0.bin	BIN File	122,108 KB
📃 Recent Places	415AAPH0C0.conf	CONF File	12 KB
	415AAPH0C0.pdf	PDF File	451 KB
🥽 Libraries	415AAPH0C0.ri	RI File	4,954 KB
Documents	USG110_V4.15(AAPH.0)C0-foss.pdf	PDF File	907 KB
	•		

Upload the Firmware on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Firmware Package > Upload File. Click the To upload image file in system space pull-down menu and select (1) or (2). The default Standby system space is (2), so if you want to upload new firmware to be the Running firmware, then select the Running system space 642/751



(1). The ZyWALL/USG will reboot automatically.

If you upload firmware to the Standby system space (2), you have the option to select Reboot now or Don't Reboot.

MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Firmware Package > Upload File > (1)

_	Status	Model	Version	Released Date
1	Running	USG110	V4.13(AAPH.1)ITS-WK41-r64509	2015-10-13 23:09:45
2	Standby	USG110	V4.11(AAPH.2)	2015-04-20 20:41:35
14 - 4	Page 1	of 1 Show 50	✓ items	Displaying 1 - 2 of 2
Boot (Options			
	Reboot nov	V		

MAINTENANCE > File Manager > Firmware Package > Upload File > (2)

0	Reboot now			
# 🔺	Status	Model	Version	Released Date
1	Running	USG110	V4.13(AAPH.1)ITS-WK41-r64509	2015-10-13 23:09:45
2	Standby	USG110	V4.11(AAPH.2)	2015-04-20 20:41:35
14	I Page 1	of 1 🕨 🕅 Show	v 50 🔻 items	Displaying 1 - 2 of 2
	d File pload image f	ile in system space:	2 👻	
To up Boot	pload image f t Options Reboot nov	N	2 Y	
To up Boot	pload image f t Options Reboot nov Don't Rebo pload firmwa	w iot	2 Y	Browse Uploa

To upload firmware, click **Browse** to the location of the file (*.bin) and then click Upload.

www.zyxel.com

ZYXEL

To upload image file in system space:	1	
Boot Options		
Reboot now		
Oon't Reboot		
To unload firmware, browse to the low	ion of the file (*.bin) and then click Upload.	

			- 0 ×
	4.15(AAPH.0)C0 🔹 4-	Search USG110_4.	15(ААРН.0)СО 🔎
Organize 🔻 Extract al	files		:= • 🔟 🔞
☆ Favorites	Name	Туре	Compressed size
📃 Desktop	415AAPH0C0	Data Base File	724 KB
🗼 Downloads	415AAPH0C0.bin	BIN File	122,108 KB
🔚 Recent Places	415AAPH0C0.conf	CONF File	12 KB
	415AAPH0C0.pdf	PDF File	451 KB
🥽 Libraries	415AAPH0C0.ri	RI File	4,954 KB
Documents	USG110_V4.15(AAPH.0)C0-foss.pdf	PDF File	907 KB
E. Fichaes	•		F
6 items			

Note: The default **Running** system space is (1), the **Standby** system space is (2). If you select the **Standby** firmware and click **Reboot now** or you upload file to **Standby** system space (2) and select **Boot Options** to be **Reboot now**. After reboot process complete, the **Running** system space will be (2). **Standby** system space will be (1).

What Could Go Wrong?

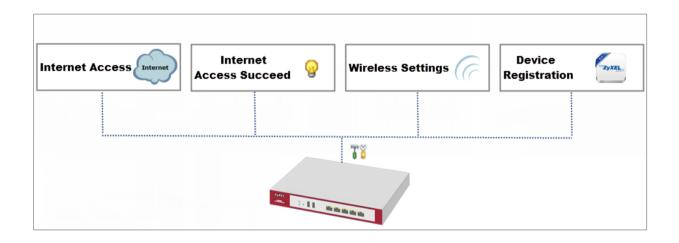
If you cannot download the firmware, please check if you enable the **Destroy compressed files that could not be decompressed** function in **Anti-Virus**. ZyWALL/USG firmware package is ZIP file, the ZyWALL/USG classifies the firmware package as not being able to decompress will delete it. Please disable this option while downloading the firmware package.



How to Get Started Using the Wizards

When you log into the Web Configurator for the first time or when you reset the ZyWALL/USG to its default configuration, the **Installation Setup Wizard** screen displays. This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG Wizards to configure Internet connection settings, wireless settings and device registration services.

ZyWALL/USG with Installation Setup Wizard Example



Vote: You need internet access to activate your ZyWALL/USG subscription services. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the Internet Access (Ethernet) Wizard on the

ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG Installation Setup Wizard Welcome page, click Next to start configuring. Click the double arrow in the upper right corner to display (\ll

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) or hide (\gg) the help.

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome

👭 Quick Setup		×
	WAN Interface	≪ Help
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	÷
	Welcome	
	The later steps will guide you to setup the Internet connection. - Choose Ethernet - Enter WAN Settings - WAN Configuration Summary	
	Click 'Next' to start.	
	Next >	

In the Internet Access page, you can configure Internet connections from two

Internet service providers (ISPs). Connect your ISP devices to your ZyWALL/USG WAN port, select **I have two ISPs** if you want to configure two Internet connections or leave it cleared to configure just one.

Choose the **Encapsulation** option to be **Ethernet**, leave **Zone** as default setting Internet connection belongs to the WAN zone.

In the **IP Address Assignment** section, select **Auto** if your ISP did not assign you a fixed IP address or select **Static** if your ISP did assign you a fixed IP address. Click **Next**.

		×
	WAN Interface	≪ Help
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	ę
	Ethernet Selection: ge1 💌	
🖞 Quick Setup		Þ
	WAN Interface	Kelp
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	ę
	IP Address Assignment WAN Type Selection: Ethernet	
👭 Quick Setup		Þ
	WAN Interface	× H
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	Kelp

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access

Enter the IP Address, IP Subnet Mask and Gateway IP Address exactly as given by

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your ISP or network administrator. First/Second DNS Servers are optional. Click

Next.

👭 Quick Setup			×
	WAN Interface		⊗ Help
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN	Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	а ф
	ISP Parameters		
	Encapsulation: IP Address Assignment	Ethernet	
	WAN Interface:	gel	
	Zone:	WAN	
	IP Address:	111.112.36.59	
	IP Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
	Gateway IP Address:	111.112.36.254 (Optional)	
	First DNS Server:		
	Second DNS Server:		

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access

The Internet Access Succeed page will display the summary of Internet access of the First Setting. If you select I have two ISPs in Internet Access > ISP Setting, click Next to configure the second WAN interface or continue to the Wireless Settings page.

👭 Quick Setup			×
	WAN Interface		⊗ Help
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN	Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	ġ
		3	
	Congratulations. The Inte	rnet Access wizard is completed.	
	IP Address Assignment		
	Encapsulation:	Ethernet	
	WAN Interface:	gel	
	Zone:	WAN	
	IP Address Assignment:	Static	
	IP Address:	111.112.36.59	
	IP Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
	Gateway IP Address:	111.112.36.254	
	First DNS Server:		
	Second DNS Server:		

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access > Internet Access Succeed

Set Up the Internet Access (PPPoE) Wizard on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG **Installation Setup Wizard** Welcome page, click **Next** to start configuring for Internet. Click the double arrow in the upper right corner to display («) or hide (») the help.

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome

👭 Quick Setup		×
	WAN Interface	⊗ Help
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	Ť
	Welcome	
	The later steps will guide you to setup the Internet connection. - Choose Ethernet - Enter WAN Settings - WAN Configuration Summary	
	Click 'Next' to start.	
	Next >	

In the **Internet Access** page, you can configure Internet connections from two Internet service providers (ISPs). Connect your ISP devices to your ZyWALL/USG WAN port, select **I have two ISPs** if you want to configure two Internet connections or leave it cleared to configure just one.

Choose the **Encapsulation** option to be **PPP over Ethernet**, leave **Zone** as default setting Internet connection belongs to the WAN zone. Leave the **IP Address**

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Assignment section to be the Auto and click Next.

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access

👭 Quick Setup		×
	WAN Interface	≪ Help
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	ę
	Ethernet Selection: ge1	
¥↓ Quick Setup		×
	WAN Interface	К К Нер
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	ер
	IP Address Assignment WAN Type Selection: PPPoE	
👭 Quick Setup		×
	WAN Interface	≪ Help
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	ęþ
	Interface	
	WAN Interface: gel_ppp	
	Zone: WAN IP Address Assignment: Auto	

Select the Authentication Type to be the authentication method by the remote node. Enter the User Name and Password exactly as given by your ISP or network administrator. Select Nailed-UP if you want to keep the connection always up or type the desired Idle Timeout value in seconds. Click Next. Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access

👭 Quick Setup		×
	WAN Interface	
		N Settings > WAN Configuration Summary
	ISP Parameters	
	Encapsulation:	PPPoE
	Service Name:	(Optional)
	Authentication Type:	Chap/PAP 💌
	User Name :	ZYXEL_PPPoE
	Password:	••••
	Retype to Confirm:	••••
	🔽 Nailed-Up	
	Idle timeout:	100 Seconds
	IP Address Assignment	
	WAN Interface:	gel_ppp
	Zone:	WAN
	IP Address:	Auto
	Not	
	Configure PPPoE will ch	ange ethernet interface ip address as 0.0.0.0.
	-	< Back Next >

The Internet Access Succeed page will display the summary of Internet access of the First Setting. If you select I have two ISPs in Internet Access > ISP Setting, click Next to configure the second WAN interface.

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access > Internet Access Succeed



👭 Quick Setup		X
WAN Interface		е в
Choose Ethernet	nter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	die die
	3	
Congratulations.	The Internet Access wizard is completed.	
IP Address Assign	ment	
Encapsulation:	PPPoE	
Service Name:		
User Name :	ZYXEL_PPPoE	
Nailed-Up:	Yes	
Idle timeout:	100	
WAN Interface:	gel_ppp	
Zone:	WAN	
IP Address Assig	nment: Auto	
IP Address:	10.64.64.182	
Gateway IP Ad	iress:	
First DNS Server:	N/A	
Second DNS Se	ver: N/A	
	Close	

Set Up the Internet Access (PPTP) Wizard on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG **Installation Setup Wizard** Welcome page, click **Next** to start configuring for Internet. Click the double arrow in the upper right corner to display («) or hide (») the help.

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome

👭 Quick Setup		X
	WAN Interface	≪ Help
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	die
	Welcome	
	The later steps will guide you to setup the Internet connection. - Choose Ethernet - Enter WAN Settings - WAN Configuration Summary	
	Click 'Next' to start.	
	Next >	

In the **Internet Access** page, you can configure Internet connections from two Internet service providers (ISPs). Connect your ISP devices to your ZyWALL/USG WAN port, select **I have two ISPs** if you want to configure two Internet connections or leave it cleared to configure just one.

Choose the **Encapsulation** option to be the **PPTP**, leave **Zone** as default setting Internet connection belongs to the WAN zone. Leave the **IP Address Assignment** section to be the **Auto** and click **Next**.

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access



👭 Quick Setup		×
	WAN Interface	⊗ Help
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	Ť
	IP Address Assignment WAN Type Selection:	
👭 Quick Setup		×
	WAN Interface	≪ Help
	Choose Ethernet > Enter WAN Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	ġ
	Interface	
	WAN Interface: ge1_ppp	
	Zone: WAN	
	IP Address Assignment: Auto	

Select the **Authentication Type** to be the authentication method by the remote node. Enter the **User Name** and **Password** exactly as given by your ISP or network administrator. Select **Nailed-UP** if you want to keep the connection always up or type the desired **Idle Timeout** value in seconds. Click **Next**.

Enter the Base IP Address, IP Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address assigned to you by your ISP. Type the Server IP address of the PPTP Server. Click Next. Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access

WAN Interface	
	N Settings > WAN Configuration Summary
ISP Parameters	
Encapsulation:	PPTP
Authentication Type:	Chap/PAP 💌
User Name :	ZYXEL_PPTP
Password:	••••
Retype to Confirm:	••••
🔲 Nailed-Up	
Idle timeout:	100 Seconds
PPTP Configuration	
Base Interface:	gel
Base IP Address:	111.111.36.99
IP Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Address:	111.111.36.254 (Optional)
Server IP:	172.168.10.1
Connection ID:	(Optional)

The Internet Access Succeed page will display the summary of Internet access of the First Setting. If you select I have two ISPs in Internet Access > ISP Setting, click Next to configure the second WAN interface.

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access > Internet Access Succeed

👭 Quick Setup		×
WAN Interface		▲ Kelp
Choose Ethernet > Enter WA	Settings > WAN Configuration Summary	de e
	3	
Congratulations. The Inte	ernet Access wizard is completed.	
IP Address Assignment		
Encapsulation:	PPTP	
Server IP:	172.168.10.1	
User Name :	ZYXEL_PPTP	
Nailed-Up:	No	
Idle timeout:	100	
Connection ID:		
WAN Interface:	gel_ppp	
Zone:	WAN	
IP Address Assignment:	Auto	
IP Address:	10.64.64.182	
Gateway IP Address:		
First DNS Server:	N/A	
Second DNS Server:	N/A	-
	Close	

Set Up the Wireless Settings Wizard on the ZyWALL/USG

In the **Wireless Settings** page, select **Yes** if you want the ZyWALL/USG to enable AP Controller feature in your network; select **No** if you want to skip this setting. Click **Next**.

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access > Internet Access Succeed > Wireless Settings

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Ti Installation Setup	9 Wizard	×
12	Installation Setup Wizard	~
	Internet Access > Internet Access Succeed > Wireless Settings > Device Registration	
	Do you like to enable AP Controller feature ? [Enable this feature ONLY when your manage to deploy USG1900 to control managed AP in your network]	
	Yes No	
/		
	< Back Next >	

Configure descriptive **SSID** name (1-32 characters) for the wireless LAN. Select **Pre-Shared Key** (8-63 characters) to add security on this wireless network. Otherwise, select **None** to allow any wireless client to associate this network without authentication.

Select Hidden SSID to hide the SSID from site tool scanning.

Select **Enable Intra-BSS Traffic blocking** if you want to prevent crossover traffic from within the same wireless network. Wireless clients in that network can still access the wired network but cannot communicate with each other.

For Built-in Wireless AP only, ZyWALL/USGs with **W** in the model name have a builtin AP. Select an interface to bridge with the built-in AP wireless network. Devices connected to this interface will then be in the same broadcast domain as devices



in the AP wireless network.

Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access > Internet Access Succeed

> Wireless Settings

Ti Installation Setup Wizard		
	Installation Setup Wizard	~
1/1	Internet Access > Internet Access Succeed > Wireless Settings > Device Registration 1 2 3 4	
	Wireless Settings	
	SSID Setting SSID: ZyXEL	
	Security Mode © Pre-Shared Key 12345678	
	© None	
	Hidden SSID Chief Enable Intra-BSS	
1	For Built-in Wireless AP Only	
	Bridged to:	
	< Back Next >	

Set Up the Device Registration on the ZyWALL/USG

The ZyWALL/USG must be connected to the Internet in order to register.

Click **portal.myzyxel.com** to register the device, you need the ZyWALL/USG's serial number and LAN MAC address to register it. See **How To Register Your Device and**

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Services at myZyXEL.com for more details. Use the Configuration > Licensing > Registration > Service screen to update your service subscription status. Click Finish.

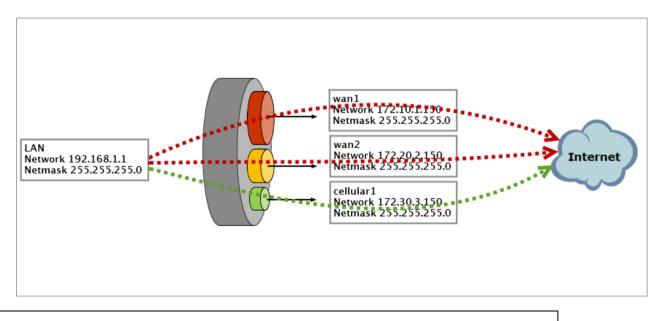
Installation Setup Wizard > Welcome > Internet Access > Internet Access Succeed > Wireless Settings > Device Registration

Installation Setup Wizard	×
Installation Setup Wizard	~
Internet Access > Internet Access Succeed > Wireless Settings > Device Registration	
The services on your ZyWALL/USG on <i>pottal.mysyxel.com</i> and activate "Free Trial" of Anti-Virus, IDP/AppPatrol and Content Filter services on your ZyWALL/USG.	
Finis	h

How to Configure the 3G/LTE Interface on the ZyWALL/USG as a WAN Backup

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG to configure 3G/LTE interface as a WAN backup that ensures the ZyWALL/USG provides the continuously Internet connections when the primary WAN interface is down. After configuration, it can provide additional mobile broadband WAN connectivity or a redundant link for maximum reliability.

ZyWALL/USG with 3G/LTE Interface as a WAN Backup Example



 $\dot{\Psi}$ Note: This example includes weighted load balancing (Weighted Round Robin) so that most of your Internet traffic is handled by ISP connected to wan1 before it fails over to 3G/LTE.

All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested usina USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the 3G/LTE Interface on the ZyWALL/USG

Connect a compatible mobile broadband USB device to use a cellular connection.

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Cellular**, the connected device will automatically display in the **Cellular Interface Summary**. Click **Activate** and then the **Apply** button at the bottom of this page.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Cellular > Activate



The default **Connectivity** method is **Nailed-Up**. The connection should always be up after you activate the cellular interface. You can click **Edit** and go to the **Connectivity** section to clear the **Nailed-Up** check box to have the ZyWALL/USG to establish the connection only when there is traffic.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Cellular > Connect

Cellular Interface Summary						
0	Add 🗹 Edit	📋 Remove 💡 Activ	ate 💡 Inactivate 🍓 Connec	t 🍓 Disconnect 📑 Object Refere	ences	
#	Status	Name	Extension Slot	Connected Device	ISP Settings	
1	💡 🏨	cellular1	USB 1	Huawei E156G		
	Page	of 1 🕨 🕨 Show	50 💌 items			Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Cellular > Edit

Connectivity	
🔲 Nailed-Up	





Set Up the Trunk on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Trunk > User Configuration > Add Trunk, configure a Name for you to identify the Trunk profile and set the Load Balancing Algorithm field to be the Weighted Round Robin.

Add wan1 and enter 3 in the Weight column. Add wan2 and enter 2 in the Weight column. Add cellular1, change Mode to be the Passive mode, enter 1 in the Weight column. Click OK to return to the Configuration screen.

Edit W	/AN_backup			?>			
Nam Load	e: I Balancing Algorithm:	WAN_bac Weighted	kup Round R 💌				
G A	.dd 🗹 Edit 🍵 Rema	ove 🃣 Move					
#	Member	Mode	Weight				
1	gel	Active	1				
2	cellular1	Passive	0				
3	ge2	Active	2				
	Page 1 of 1	▶ ▶ Show 50	▼ items Displaying 1 - 3 of	3			

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Trunk > User Configuration > Add Trunk

In the **Configuration** screen, go to **Default WAN Trunk** section, select **User Configured Trunk** and select the newly created Trunk from the list box. Click **Apply**.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Trunk > Default WAN Trunk > User Configured Trunk

Default WAN Trunk
▼ Advance
Default Trunk Selection
© SYSTEM_DEFAULT_WAN_TRUNK
User Configured Trunk WAN_Backup Y

Test the Result

Check the **Interface Statistics** when wan1 and wan2 connections are up. You can see both wan1 and wan2 **Status** are up, **Tx B/s** displays the transmission speed and **Rx B/s** displays the reception speed; cellular1 **Status** is connected but there is no traffic going through this interface.

Refresh					
Name	Status	TxPkts	RxPkts	Tx B/s	Rx B/s
⊕ wan1	1000M/Full	359860	1314443	2587	1152
⊕ wan2	100M/Full	2438	23927	192	64
i ge3	Down	0	0	0	0
⊕ ge4	Down	0	0	0	0
i ge5	Down	0	0	0	0
i ge6	Down	0	0	0	0
i ge7	Down	0	0	0	0
i ge8	Down	0	0	0	0

MONITOR > Interface Status >	Interface Statistics
------------------------------	----------------------



After disconnecting both wan1 and wan2, you can see both wan1 and wan2 **Status** are **Down** and no traffic goes through these two interfaces. The backup cellular1 **Status** is connected and all the traffic is going through this interface.

Refresh					
Name	Status	TxPkts	RxPkts	Tx B/s	R× B/s
🛨 gel	Down	0	0	0	0
+ ge2	1000M/Full	6764	35208	0	0
🛨 ge3	Down	1	0	0	0
+ ge4	Down	2	0	0	0
+ ge5	Down	1	0	0	0
🛨 ge6	Down	2	0	0	0
+ ge7	Down	1	0	0	0
+ ge8	Down	1	0	0	0
- cellular1	Connected (00:10:34)	164	119	0	0

MONITOR > Interface Status > Interface Statistics

What Could Go Wrong?

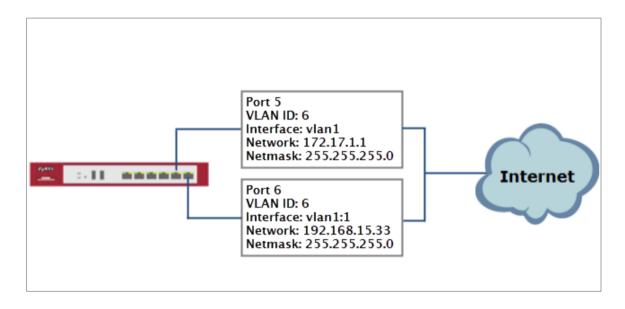
If there is no traffic going through cellular interface when other interfaces are down, please make sure you have a compatible mobile broadband device installed or connected. Go to

http://www.zyxel.com/support/download_landing.shtml and see the **3G Dongle Document** to check the compatible mobile broadband devices. Also, make sure the cellular interface is enabled and the cellular interface has the correct user name, password, and PIN code configured with the correct casing.

How to Configure Two Different WAN Interfaces with Different IP Addresses in the Same VLAN

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG to configure two different WAN interfaces with different IP addresses in the same VLAN. After configuration, you can have the same VLAN ID for two different WAN interfaces.

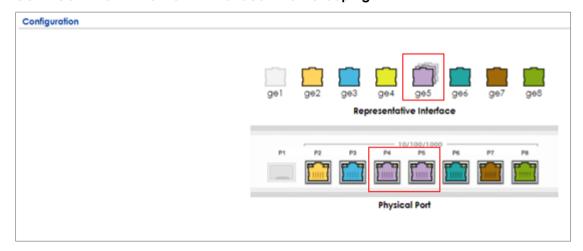
ZyWALL/USG with Two Different WAN Interfaces with Different IP Addresses in the Same VLAN Example



Note: This example requires the ZyWALL/USG models which can apply port grouping. All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using ZyWALL USG300 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the Port Grouping on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Port Grouping, select the ports that you want to assign to a representative Interface (in this example, Port 4 and Port 5 are configured as ge5). CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Port Grouping



Set Up the VLAN on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VLAN. Set Interface Type to be External. Set Zone to be WAN, configure Base Port to be ge5. Enter the VLAN ID and configure the fixed IP address (172.17.1.1/24 in this example). Click OK to go back to the Configuration page. CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VLAN

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General Settings		
🗹 Enable Interface		
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	external	× 0
Interface Name:	vlan1	
Zone:	none	× 0
Base Port:	ge5	*
VLAN ID:	1 (1-4094)	_
🗷 Advance		
Description:		(Optional)
IP Address Assignment		
Get Automatically		
Advance		
Use Fixed IP Address		
IP Address:	172.17.1.1	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Gateway:	172.17.1.254	(Optional)
Metric:	0 (0-15)	

In the Configuration page, select the vlan1 entry and click Create Virtual

Interface on the upper bar. Configure the Fixed IP address (192.168.15.33/24 in this example). Click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VLAN > vlan1

Configuration						
🔂 Ad	dd 📝 Edit	👕 Remove	💡 Activate 🖗 Inactivate	🖙 Create Virtual Interface 🛛 Ta Object References		
#	Status 🔹					
1	?	vlan1	ge5/1	static 172.17.1.1	255.255.255.0	
14 4	Page 1	of 1 🕨	Show 50 🗸 items			Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VLAN > vlan1:1

Interface Properties						
Interface Name:	vlan1:1					
Description:		(Optional)				
IP Address Assignment						
IP Address:	192.168.15.33					
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0					
Gateway:	192.168.15.1	(Optional)				
Metric:	0	(015)				

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Set Up the Routing on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing, set Next-Hop

Type to be Interface and set Interface to be the vlan1.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing

Configuration		
☑ Enable		
Description:	Vlan_Routing	(Optional)
Criteria		
User:	any 👻	
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV 🛩	
Source Address:	any 💌	
Destination Address:	any 👻	
DSCP Code:	any 👻	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Service:	any 👻	
Next-Hop		
Туре:	Interface 💌]
Interface:	vlan1 👻	Ī

Test the Result

Check the **Interface Statistics**, you can see vlan1 **Status** is up, **Tx B/s** displays the transmission speed and **Rx B/s** displays the reception speed. Port 5 and Port 6 are configured in the same vlan1 but use different IP addresses.

MONITOR > Interface Status > Interface Statistics



erface Statistics					
Refresh					
Name	Status	TxPkts	RxPkts	Tx B/s	Rx B/s
🗉 gel	Down	0	0	0	0
ge2	1000M/Full	9269	14934	0	94
🗉 ge3	Down	2	0	0	0
🛨 ge4	Down	12951	11412	0	0
ge5	Up	2150	2117	16803	1901
- vlan1	Up	326	0	42	0
- ge5_ppp	Inactive			0	0
🖶 ge6	Down	4	0	0	0
🖶 ge7	Down	2	0	0	0
🖪 geð	Down	1	0	0	0

What Could Go Wrong?

If you cannot configure a particular VLAN interface on top of an Ethernet interface, please whether this VLAN has just been created on top of other Ethernet interface.

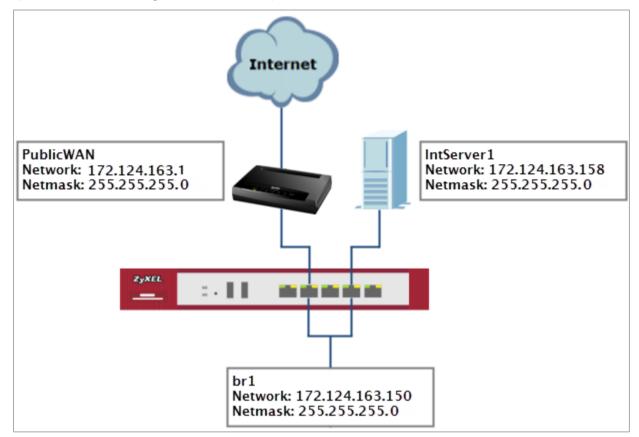
How to Let a Server Use the Same Public IP Address as the WAN Interface Using the Bridge Interface

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG to configure an internal server in bridge mode without applying network address translation (NAT). The Internet users can



reach this server directly by its public IP address.

ZyWALL/USG with Bridge Interface Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the Bridge Interface on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Bridge > add



Bridge, select Interface Type to be the general type, select Zone to be the LAN zone. In the Member Configuration, select internal server (IntServer1 interface in this example) and public IP address (Public WAN interface in this example) to be in the same member group.

In the **IP Address Assignment** section, select **Used Fixed IP Address** and configure br1 IP address (172.124.163.150/24 in this example).

	CONFIGURATION	> Network	> Interface	> Bridge >	, add Bridge
--	---------------	-----------	-------------	------------	--------------

General Settings		
🗹 Enable Interface		
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	general 🔰 🚺	
Interface Name:	br1	
Zone:	LAN 💙 🚯	
Description:	(Optional)	
Member Configuration		
Available	Member	
gel		
ge2 ge3		
ge4		
ge5	★	
geó		
IntServer1 PublicWAN		
1 Oblict Art		
Address Assignment		
Get Automatically		
Advance		
Use Fixed IP Address		
IP Address:	172.124.163.150	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Gateway:	172.124.163.129 (Optional)	
Metric:	0 (0-15)	

After creating the bridge interface, connect the server's network cable to **IntServer1** port and set the server's IP to be in the same subnet (172.124.163.158 in this example).

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Test the Result

Check the Interface Statistics, you can see br1 Status is up, Tx B/s displays the transmission speed and Rx B/s displays the reception speed. IntServer1 and PublicWAN are configured in the same vlan1 but using different IP address.

MONITOR > Interface Status > Interface Statistics

nterface Statistics									
Refresh									
Name	Status	TxPkts	RxPkts	Tx B/s	Rx B/s				
🖶 gel	Down	0	0	0	0				
🚦 ge2	1000M/Full	9877	17204	0	0				
🚦 ge3	Down	2	0	0	0				
🔢 ge4	1000M/Full	13950	13611	0	0				
🖪 ge5	Down	2434	2372	0	0				
🖪 geć	Down	4	0	0	0				
IntServer1	Down	1329	1120	0	0				
PublicWAN	1000M/Full	1135	1320	0	0				
- br1	Up	14	618	0	0				

Server can access Internet successfully by using its IP address (172.124.163.158 in this example) and Internet users can also reach this server by this public address as well.

Windows 7 > cmd > ping 172.124.163.158

C:\Documents and Settings\ZyXEL-CSO>ping 172.124.163.158				
Pinging 172.124.163.158 with 32 bytes of data:				
Reply from172.124.163.158: bytes=32 time=37ms ITL=44 Reply from172.124.163.158: bytes=32 time=26ms ITL=44 Reply from172.124.163.158: bytes=32 time=32ms ITL=44 Reply from172.124.163.158: bytes=32 time=22ms ITL=44				
Ping statistics for172.124.163.158: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms				



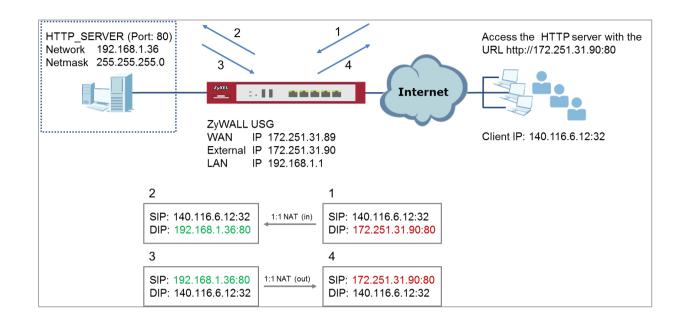
What Could Go Wrong?

If you cannot configure a particular bridge IP address, please check is this IP address already created on other Ethernet interface.

How to Allow Public Access to a Server Behind ZyWALL/USG

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG to configure a securely access to internal server behind ZyWALL/USG with network address translation (NAT). The Internet users can reach this server directly by its public IP address and a NAT mapping rule will forward the traffic from the Internet to the Intranet. It provides security and decrease the number of IP addresses an organization needs.

ZyWALL/USG enables Public Access to a Server with NAT



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the NAT on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > NAT > add NAT, select Enable Rule. Select 1:1 NAT. Set Incoming Interface to be the wan1 interface. Type User-Defined Original IP (172.251.31.90 in this example) and type User-Defined Mapped IP (192.168.1.34 in this example). Set Port Mapping Type to Service, set Original Service and Mapped Service to HTTP in this example. Click OK.

CONFIGURATION > Network > NAT > add NAT

General Settings	
🗹 Enable Rule	
Rule Name:	http_server
Port Mapping Type	
Classification:	O Virtual Server I:1 NAT O Many 1:1 NAT
Mapping Rule	
Incoming Interface:	gel 🗸
Original IP:	User Defined 👻
User-Defined Original IP:	172.251.31.90 (IP Address)
Mapped IP:	User Defined 💌
User-Defined Mapped IP:	192.168.1.34 (IP Address)
Port Mapping Type:	any

Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > add corresponding, select Enable. Configure a Name for your to identify the security policy (http_server_access in this example). Set From: WAN and To: LAN1. Set Destination to the lan subnet where your server is (LAN_SUBNET_GE3 in this example). Set Service to HTTP, set Action to allow. Click OK. CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > add corresponding

🗹 Enable			
Name:	Http_server_acces	S	
Description:			(Optional)
From:	WAN	~	
To:	LAN1	~	
Source:	any	~	
Destination:	LAN_SUBNET_GE4	~	
Service:	HTTP	~	
User:	any	*	
Schedule:	none	*	
Action:	allow	~	
Log matched traffic:	no	~	

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Test the Result

Type <u>http://172.251.31.90/</u> into the browser, it displays the HTTP service page.

→ C 172.251.31.90							
older							
	5 folders, 0 files - Total: 0 B						
	Filename	Filesize	Filetime	Hits			
	📁 FAQ	folder	2015/10/12 下午 03:45:24	0			
	📁 Level_1	folder	2015/7/9 上午 10:40:26	0			
	📁 Level_2	folder	2015/8/5 下午 01:46:54	0			
	Troubleshooting	folder	2015/10/12 下午 03:45:24	0			
	📁 Walk-through	folder	2015/10/12 下午 03:45:24	0			
File list Folder archive							
IttpFileServer 2.2f ervertime: 2015/12/7 下午 07:51:02 lptime: 01:12:08							

What Could Go Wrong?

If you cannot access your server via public IP address, please make sure all your public IP addresses are routing properly. To do one by one assign them to the ZyWALL's WAN port. Test to make sure you have internet access with the public IP address.

If you cannot access the ZyWALL from the internet with any IP address on your public IP, this is a routing issue on the service end. Please contact the ISP to fix the 677/751



routing for the public IPs.

If you see [notice] log message as below, the HTTPS traffic is blocked by the priority 1 Security Policy. The ZyWALL/USG checks the security policy in order and applies the first security policy the traffic matches. If the HTTPS traffic matches a policy that comes earlier in the list, it may be unexpectedly blocked. Please change your policy setting or move the policy to the higher priority.

Monitor > Log

# 🔺				
1	notice	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service HTTPS, REJECT [count=3]	ACCESS BLOCK
2	notice	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service HTTPS, REJECT [count=3]	ACCESS BLOCK

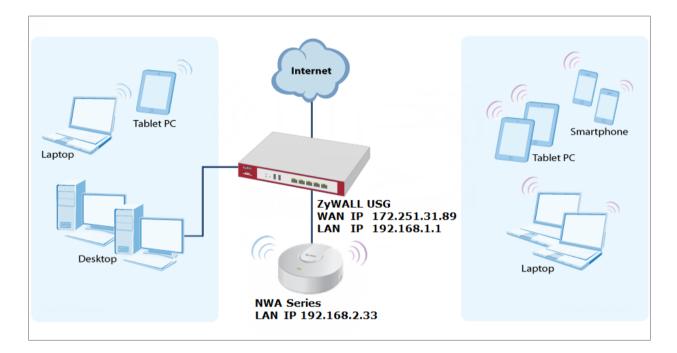
Vote: The default setting of **Security Policy** is without log notification (except **PolicyDefault**), if you want to check which policy may potentially block the traffic, please select this policy and set the **Log matched traffic** to be **log** or **log alert**.

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How to Set Up a WiFi Network with ZyXEL APs

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG to manage the Access Points (APs) and allow wireless access to the network.

ZyWALL/USG as AP Controller Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the AP Management on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Wireless > Controller > Configuration, set Registration Type to Manual. This is recommended as the registration mechanism cannot automatically differentiate between friendly and rogue APs. CONFIGURATION > Wireless > Controller > Configuration

Controller Setting		
Country Code:	Taiwan	*
Registration Type	Manual	Always Accept

Connect the ZyXEL AP unit to the lan interface.

Go to **MONITOR > Wireless > AP Information > AP List** and the ZyXEL AP is listed. A green question mark displays in the Status column since the AP is not yet managed by the ZyWALL/USG. Select the listed AP and click **Add to Mgnt AP List** on the upper bar.

Monitor > Wireless > AP Information > AP List

AP Lis	t													
2	Config Al	P 🔂 Add to Mgn	t AP List 🚺	More Inform	nation 😃	Reboot	🔏 DCS	Now 👼 l	.og 🔍 Su	ppression On	🕵 Supp	ression Of	f	
#	Statu	s Descriptio•	CPU I	P Address	Model (Group	Station	Rece	Regis	MAC Add	Mgnt	Last	LED st	Pow
1	40	AP-58:8B:F		192.168.2.33	NWA		0		Un-M	58:8B:F3:9	0/-		N/A	
	< Page	e 1 of 1 🕨 🕨	Show 3	50 💌 items								C	isplaying 1	- 1 of

 \bigvee Note: The APs may take few minutes to appear in the AP List.

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List** to configure a name to identify the **SSID**.

CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List

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Profile Name:	default				
SSID:	Zyxel_apt				
Security Profile:	default	~			
MAC Filtering Profile:	disable	~			
QoS:	WMM	*			
Rate Limiting (Per Statio	n Traffic Rate) 🕚				
Downlink: 0 mł	ops 💌	(0~160, 0 is unlimited)			
Uplink: 0 mł	pps 💌	(0~160, 0 is unlimited)			
Band Select:	disable	~			
Forwarding Mode:	Local bridge	*			
VLAN ID:	1	(1~4094)			
Hidden SSID					
Enable Intra-BSS Traffic blocking					
🔲 Schedule SSID (🕦					

Go to CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List to select the Security Mode to be the wpa2. Then, set a Pre-Shared Key (8-63 characters) and select the Cipher Type to be the auto to have ZyWALL/USG automatically chooses the best available cipher based on the cipher currently in use by the wireless network. Click OK.

CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List

General Settings		
Profile Name:	default	
Security Mode:	wpa2	

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uthentication Settings			
0 802.1X			
Auth. Method:	default	~	
ReAuthentication Timer:	0		(30~30000 seconds, 0 is unlimited)
PSK			
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678		
Cipher Type:	auto	~	
Idle timeout:	300		(30-30000 seconds)
Group Key Update Timer:	1800		(30-30000 seconds)
Management Frame Protection	Optional	Requir	ed

Test the Result

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Wireless > AP Information > AP List**, you can check the list of APs which are currently connected to it and the details information such as **Registration** type, **Model** and **Recent On-line Time /Last Offline Time**.

MONITOR > Wireless > AP Information > AP List



Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Wireless > Station Info > Station List**, you can check the list of wireless stations associated with a managed AP and the details information such as **SSID Name**, **Signal Strength** and the transmit (**Tx**)/receive (**Rx**) data rate.

MONITOR > Wireless > Station Info > Station List

Station List

#	MAC Address	Associat	SSID Name	Security	Signal Strength	Channel	Band	IP Address	Tx R	R× R	Tx	R×
1	04:4B:ED:85:6	AP-5888F	ZyXEL	NONE	-65dBm 💷	6	2.4G	192.168.2	15M	32M	102177	49447
	Page 1 of	1 ► ► She	ow 50 💌 items							Dis	playing 1	- 1 of 1

Using a mobile device to connect to SSID: **ZyXEL_AP1** and type the password (zyxel123) for authentication. Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [info] log message as shown below. The ZyWALL/USG will assign an IP address to



the mobile device and the mobile device can access the Internet.

MONITOR > Log

349	info	DHCP	DHCP server assigned 192.168.1.33 to TWNBZT02643-02(30:65:EC:49:85:EA	DHCP ACK
350	info	DHCP	Requested 192.168.1.33 from TWNBZT02643-02(30:65:EC:49:85:EA) [count	DHCP Request

What Could Go Wrong?

If you can't see AP information in the AP List, please check the number of APs connected to the ZyWALL/USG has exceeded the maximum Managed AP number it can support. You can check the maximum support number of each ZyWALL/USG in the Datasheet from ZyXEL Download Library - http://www.zyxel.com/support/download_landing.shtml

If your mobile device can't find the AP SSID you configured, please go **to CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List** and check if the **Hidden SSID** option is enabled.

If your mobile device can't access to the Internet via AP connects to the ZyWALL/USG, please check if the LAN outgoing security policy allow access to the Internet.

If your mobile device is not connected to the AP automatically even you've joined the Wifi network before and you see [Wlan Station Info] log message as shown below, please check if this AP is removed from your mobile device's saved Wifi network list.

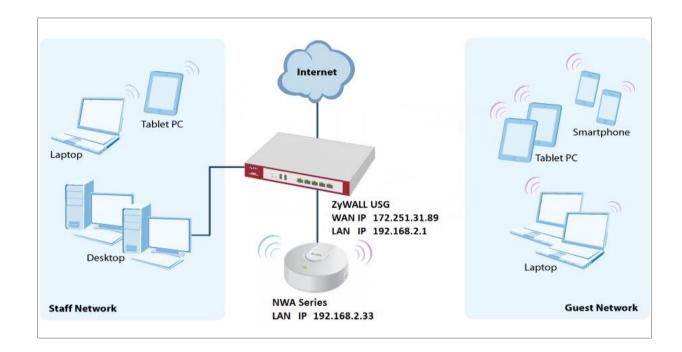
MONITOR > Log

#				
17	info	Wlan Station Info	STA Disassociation (8:DISASSOC_STA_HAS_LEFT) by STA Logout. MA	
100	info	Wlan Station Info	STA Disassociation (3:DEAUTH_LEAVING) by STA Logout. MAC:D4:9	
10	info	Wlan Station Info	STA Disassociation (3:DEAUTH_LEAVING) by STA Logout. MAC:D4:9	
105	info	Wlan Station Info	STA Disassociation(3:DEAUTH_LEAVING) by STA Logout. MAC:D4:9	

How to Set Up Guest WiFi Network Accounts

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG to configure guest WiFi accounts to allow limited wireless access to the Internet using only HTTP, HTTPS, and DNS protocols. For the wireless network setup, please see the tutorial about How to Set Up WiFi with ZyXEL AP.

ZyWALL/USG with Guest WiFi Accounts Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the WiFi Guest Account, Address Range and Service Rule on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > User > Add A User to configure the User Name the guest Wi-Fi user and set User Type to guest. Set a secured Password (4-31 characters) and enter it again for confirmation. Set the **Authentication Timeout Settings** to be **Use Manual Settings** to enter the number of minutes this user has to renew the current session before the user is logged out.

CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > User > Add A User

User Configuration		
User Name :	WiFi_guest	
User Type:	user 💌	
Password:	••••	
Retype:	••••	
Description:	Local User	
Authentication Timeout Settings	Use Default Settings	Use Manual Settings
Lease Time:	240	(0-1440 minutes, 0 is unlimited)
Reauthentication Time:	240	(0-1440 minutes, 0 is unlimited)

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > Address > Add Address Rule** to create the guest Wi-Fi user access subnet. In this example, AP is connected to ZyWALL/USG LAN interface 192.168.2.0/24. Configure the **Name** for you to identify the Wi-Fi guest subnet. Set the **Network** to be 192.168.2.0 and set the **Netmask** to be 255.255.255.0. Click **OK**.

🛟 Add Address Rule			$? \times$
			*
Name:	WiFi_guest		
Address Type:	SUBNET	~	
Network:	192.168.2.0		
Netmask:	255.255.255.0		
			*
		OK	Cancel

CONFIGURATION > Object > Address > Add Address Rule

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Object > Service > Service Group >



Add Service Group Rule to create the allowed protocols for guest Wi-Fi user. Configure the Name for you to identify the Service Group. Set HTTP, HTTPS and

DNS to be in the same member group and click **OK**.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Service > Service Group > Add Service Group Rule

Configuration				
Name:	Wifi_guest_a	ccess		
Description:				
Configuration				
Available			Member	
=== Object ==				=== Object ===
AH			HTTP	
AIM			HTTPS	
AUTH				=== Group ===
Any_TCP		—	DNS	
Any_UDP				
BGP				
BONJOUR				
BOOTP CLIENT	•			
•	•			

Set Up the Web Authentication on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Web Authentication > Web Authentication Policy Summary > Auth. Policy Add to configure policy to redirect HTTP traffic to the user login screen. Configure the Description (Optional) for you to identify the auth. Policy. Then, scroll down the Source Address list to choose the newly created wifi-guest. Set the Authentication to be required. Select Force User Authentication.

CONFIGURATION > Web Authentication > Web Authentication Policy Summary > Auth. Policy Add

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General Settings		
🗹 Enable Policy		
Description:	WiFi_guest	(Optional)
User Authentication Policy		
Incoming Interface:	any 💌	
Source Address:	WiFi_guest	SUBNET, 192.168.2.0/24
Destination Address:	any 👻	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Authentication:	required 👻	
🔲 Single Sign-on		
V Force User Authentication	0	
Authentication Type:	default-web-porta 💌	

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Web Authentication > General

Settings and select Enable Web Authentication.

CONFIGURATION > Web Authentication > General Settings

G	obal Setting
	Enable Web Authentication

Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy > Add corresponding**. Configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. Set **From: LAN** and **To: any (Excluding ZyWALL)**. Set **Service** to be the Service Group Rule (wifi_guest_access in this example). Set **User** to be the Wi-Fi guest user (wifi_guest_access in this example). Select Log type to **log alert** in order to view the result later.

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy > Add corresponding

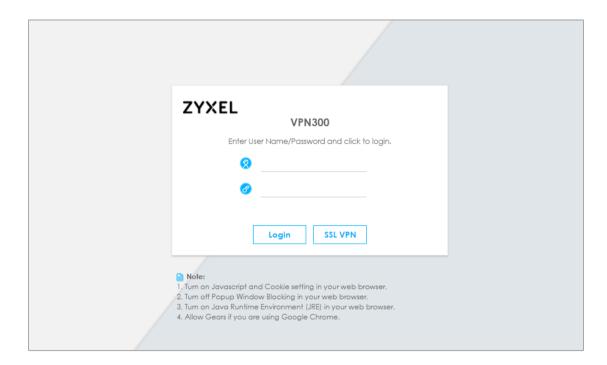
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🗹 Enable		
Name:	WiFi_guest]
Description:		(Optional)
From:	any	r
To:	any (Excluding ZyV	•
Source:	any	*
Destination:	any	•
Service:	Wifi_guest_access	
User:	Wifi_guest	
Schedule:	none	•
Action:	allow	·
Log matched traffic:	log alert	-

Test the Result

Using a mobile device to connect to the AP which is connected to the ZyWALL/USG. When you try to access the Internet, it will redirect to the user login screen.



Type the Wi-Fi guest User Name and Password, click Login.

ZYXEL VPN300
Enter User Name/Password and click to login.
😣 WiFi_guest
Ø
Login SSL VPN
 Note: 1. Turn on Javascript and Cookie setting in your web browser. 2. Turn off Popup Window Blocking in your web browser.
 Turn on Java Runtime Environment (JRE) in your web browser. Allow Gears if you are using Google Chrome.
the second state of the se



The access session page will appear.

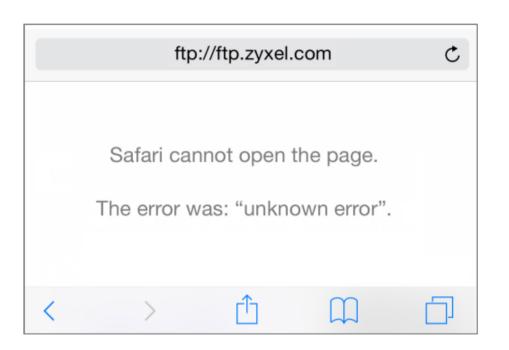
Updating lease time automatically Remaining time before lease timeout (hh:mm:ss): 03:59:50 Remaining time before auth. timeout (hh:mm:ss): 03:59:50	9
Logout	

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > System Status > Login Users**, you will see current login user list shown as below.

Monitor > System Status > Login Users

Use	er ID	Reauth/Lease Time	Туре	IP Address	MAC	User Info
wifi	i_guest	03:19:30 / 03:19:30	http/https	192.168.2.34	90:3C:92:1C:C5:8B	guest(wifi_guest)
#	User ID	Reauth/Lease Time	Туре	IP Address	MAC	User Info
1	WiFi_guest	03:57:03 / 03:57:03	http/https	192.168.2.33	00:1E:33:28:4F:	AE guest(WiFi_gu

Attempt to access FTP server (prohibited service in this example) and it gets an error message.



Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > Log**, you will see [notice] log message shown as below. The access to FTP service port 21 is blocked in this example.

Monitor > Log

notice	Security Policy Control	Match default rule, DROP [count=2]	192.168.2.33:56799	36.226.188.36:21	ACCESS BLOCK

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [notice] log shown as below, the Wi-Fi guest traffic is blocked by the **priority 1 Security Policy**. The ZyWALL/USG checks the security policy in order and applies the first security policy to the matched traffic. If the Wi-Fi guest traffic matches a policy that comes earlier in the list, it may be unexpectedly blocked. Please change your policy setting or move the Wi-Fi guest policy to the higher priority.

Monitor > Log

Prior						Note
notic	ce	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from LAN to ANY, UDP, service Wifi_guest, REJECT	192.168.2.33:52555	172.25.5.210:53	ACCESS BLOCK
notic	се	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service Wifi_guest, REJEC	192.168.2.33:59691	119.161.14.17:443	ACCESS BLOCK



Vote: The default setting of **Security Policy** is without log notification (except **PolicyDefault**), if you want to check which policy may potentially block the traffic, please select this policy and set the **Log matched traffic** to be **log** or **log alert**.

How to create a Wi-Fi VLAN interfaces to separate staff network and Guest network

This example shows how to create Wi-Fi VLAN interfaces to separate staff network and Guest network. Suppose there should be no limitation for the staff network, but restrict the guests not access the USG.



Separate the Staff and Guest network

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG210 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25)



Set up Wi-Fi VLAN interfaces

Create VLAN interfaces

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > Zone**. Create a zone for the guest.

CONFIGURATION > Object > Zone

🕂 Add Zone		
Group Members		
Name:	Guest_Zone	

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VLAN.** Create VLAN16 for Staff_WiFi

and VLAN17 for Guest_WiF

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VLAN > VLAN16

General Settings		
Enable Interface		
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	internal 💌	0
Interface Name:	vlan16	
Zone:	LAN1	0
Base Port:	gel 🗸	
VLAN ID:	16 (1-4094)	
🗷 Advance		
Description:	Staff_wifi	(Optional)
IP Address Assignment		
IP Address:	172.16.0.1	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
🔲 Enable IGMP Support		
IGMP Upstream		
IGMP Downstream		
DHCP Setting		
DHCP:	DHCP Server 💌	
IP Pool Start Address:	172.16.0.10	Pool Size: 100
First DNS Server (Optional):	Custom Defined 💌	8.8.8.8
Second DNS Server (Optional):	None 💌	
Third DNS Server (Optional):	None 💌	

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VLAN > VLAN17

General Settings	
Enable Interface	
Interface Properties	
Interface Type:	internal 🖌 🖌 🕕
Interface Name:	vlan17
Zone:	Guest_Zone 👻 🚺
Base Port:	geó 👻
VLAN ID:	17 (1-4094)
Advance	
Description:	(Optional)
IP Address Assignment	
IP Address:	172.17.0.1
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
🔲 Enable IGMP Support	
IGMP Upstream	
IGMP Downstream	
DHCP Setting	
DHCP:	DHCP Server 🗸
IP Pool Start Address:	172.17.0.10 Pool Size: 100
First DNS Server (Optional):	Custom Defined ¥ 8.8.8.8
Second DNS Server (Optional):	None 👻
Third DNS Server (Optional):	None 👻

There will be two VLAN interfaces.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > VLAN

+	😋 Add 📝 Edit 🍵 Remove 💡 Activate 🛛 💡 Inactivate 🖼 Create Virtual Interface 🔚 Object References					
1		vlan16	ge5/16	static 172.16.0.1	255.255.255.0	
2	9	vlan17	ge6/17	static 172.17.0.1	255.255.255.0	
	< Page 1	of 1 🗼)	Show 50 🖌 items			Displaying 1 - 2 of 2

Set Up the User

Go to **Configuration > Object > User/Group > User**, and create users for the staff and the guest

Configuration > Object > User/Group > User > staff

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🕂 Add A User			? ×
User Configuration			
User Name :	staff		
User Type:	user 💌		
Password:	••••		
Retype:	••••		
Description:	Local User		
Authentication Timeout Settings	Use Default Settings	O Use Manual Settings	
Lease Time:	1440	minutes	
Reauthentication Time:	1440	minutes	

Configuration > Object > User/Group > User > guest

🕂 Add A User			? ×
User Configuration			
User Name :	guest		
User Type:	user 💌		
Password:	••••		
Retype:	••••		
Description:	Local User		
Authentication Timeout Settings	Use Default Settings	Use Manual Settings	
Lease Time:	1440	minutes	
Reauthentication Time:	1440	minutes	

There will be two users.

nfiguration			
🕀 Add 🛛 🖉 Edit 🍵 Remove 🛛 🦷 Objec	t References		
1 admin	admin	Administration account	0
2 Idap-users	ext-user	External LDAP Users	0
3 radius-users	ext-user	External RADIUS Users	0
4 od-users	extuser	External AD Users	0
5 WiFi_guest	guest	Local User	1
6 staff	user	Local User	0
7 guest	user	Local User	0



Set Up the AP Profile

Go to CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List, and create two

security profiles.

CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Guest_WPA2

General Settings			
Profile Name:	Guest_WPA2		
Security Mode:	wpa2	*	
Fast Roaming Settings			
🔲 802.11r			
Radius Settings			
Radius Server Type:	Internal	*	
Proxy by controller directly			
MAC Authentication Setting			
MAC Authentication			
Auth. Method:	default	~	
Delimiter (Account):	colon (:)	~	
Case (Account):	upper	~	
Delimiter (Calling Station ID):	colon (:)	~	
Case (Calling Station ID):	upper	~	
Authentication Settings			
© 802.1X			
Auth. Method:	default	~	
ReAuthentication Timer:	0		(30~30000 seconds, 0 is unlimited)
PSK			
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678		
Cipher Type:	auto	*	
Idle timeout:	300		(30-30000 seconds)
Group Key Update Timer:	30000		(30-30000 seconds)
Management Frame Protection	Optional (🕽 Requir	ed

CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Staff_WPA2

General Settings			
Profile Name:	Staff_WPA2		
Security Mode:	wpa2	*	
Fast Roaming Settings			
🔲 802.11r			
Radius Settings			
Radius Server Type:	Internal	~	
Proxy by controller directly			
MAC Authentication Setting			
Auth. Method:	default	~	
Delimiter (Account):	colon (:)	~	
Case (Account):	upper	~	
Delimiter (Calling Station ID):	colon (:)	~	
Case (Calling Station ID):	upper	~	
Authentication Settings			
© 802.1X			
Auth. Method:	default	~	
ReAuthentication Timer:	0		(30~30000 seconds, 0 is unlimited)
PSK			
Pre-Shared Key:	12345678		
Cipher Type:	auto	~	
Idle timeout:	300		(30-30000 seconds)
Group Key Update Timer:	30000		(30-30000 seconds)
Management Frame Protection	Optional	🔘 Requir	red

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List**, and create two SSID profiles.

CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List > Staff_Wifi

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🔒 Add SSID Profile			$? \times$
🔚 Create new Object 🔻			
Profile Name:	Staff_wifi		
SSID:	Staff_wifi		
Security Profile:	Staff_WPA2	*	
MAC Filtering Profile:	disable	¥	
QoS:	WMM	¥	
Rate Limiting (Per Station	n Traffic Rate) 🜖		
Downlink: 0 mb	ops 💌	(0~160, 0 is unlimited)	
Uplink: 0 mb	pps 💌	(0~160, 0 is unlimited)	
Band Select:	disable	*	
Forwarding Mode:	Local bridge	*	
VLAN ID:	16	(1~4094)	
🔲 Hidden SSID			
🔲 Enable Intra-BSS Traffic	c blocking		
🔲 Schedule SSID 🛛 🚯			
		OK Ca	ncel

CONFIGURATION > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List > Guest_Wifi

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🕂 Add SSID Profile			$? \times$
🛅 Create new Object 🔻			
Profile Name:	Guest_wifi		
SSID:	Guest_wifi		
	_		
Security Profile:	Guest_WPA2	*	
MAC Filtering Profile:	disable	~	
QoS:	WMM	*	
Rate Limiting (Per Statio	n Traffic Rate) 🕚		
Downlink: 0 mb	ops 💌	(0~160, 0 is unlimited)	
Uplink: 0 mt	ops 💌	(0~160, 0 is unlimited)	
Band Select:	disable	*	
Forwarding Mode:	Local bridge	*	
VLAN ID:	17	(1~4094)	
🔲 Hidden SSID			
🔲 Enable Intra-BSS Traffi	c blocking		
🔲 Schedule SSID 🛛 🚯			
		OK Car	ncel

Go to **CONFIGURATION > Wireless > AP Management > AP Group**, and add an AP

Group as **WiFi**.

CONFIGURATION > Wireless > AP Management > AP Group

🔂 Add AP Group Profile		$? \times$
General Settings		A
Group Name:	WiFi	
Description:	(Optional)	
Radio 1 Setting		
OP Mode 🛛 💿 AP Mode	🔘 MON Mode 🛛 Root AP 🔘 Repeater AP (
Radio 1 AP Profile:	default 👻	
Output Power:	30 dBm (0~30) 🜖	
🗹 Edit		
# SSID Profile		
1 [*] Staff_wifi		
2 Guest_wifi		
3 disable		
4 disable		
5 disable		
6 disable		
7 disable		
8 disable		

Go to CONFIGURATION > Wireless > AP Management > Mgnt. AP List, and Edit the AP

List. Change the Group setting as WiFi

CONFIGURATION > Wireless > AP Management > Mgnt. AP List,

Bdit AP List		?
🗄 Create new Object 🝷		
Configuration		
MAC:	40:4A:03:69:A5:04	
Model:	NWA5160N	
Description:	AP-404A0369A504	
Group Setting:	WiFi	
Radio1 Setting		
🗐 Override Group Radio Settin	g	
OP Mode	AP Mode	
Radio 1 Profile:	default 🗸	

Set Up the Security policy rule



Go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Policy**. Add one rule to restrict Guest access USG, and another one to allow to access internet.

🔂 Add corresponding				$? \times$
🛅 Create new Object 🔻	,			
🗹 Enable				
Name:	Guest_Zywall			
Description:			(Optional)	
From:	Guest_Zone	~		
To:	ZyWALL	~		
Source:	any	~		
Destination:	any	~		
Service:	any	~		
User:	any	~		
Schedule:	none	~		
Action:	deny	~		
Log denied traffic:	no	~		
			ОК Со	incel

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Policy > Guest_ZyWALL

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy Control > Policy > Guest_Internet

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🕂 Add corresponding		? ×
🛅 Create new Object 🖷	,	
🗹 Enable		
Name:	Guest_Internet	
Description:		(Optional)
From:	Guest_Zone 👻	
To:	any (Excluding ZyV 🛩	
Source:	any 👻	
Destination:	any 💌	
Service:	any 👻	
User:	any 💌	
Schedule:	none 💌	
Action:	deny 💌	
Log denied traffic:	no 💌	
		OK Cancel

Test result

Connect to the SSID Staff_WiFi, and ping the USG interface.

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●●●○○ 中華電信 令	6:18 PM	
Wi-Fi	Staff_WiFi	
Forget This N	Vetwork	
IP ADDRESS		
DHCP	BootP	Static
IP Address		172.16.0.10
Subnet Mask	ĸ	255.255.255.0
Router		172.16.0.1
DNS		8.8.8.8
Quert Dave	- •	
Search Dom	ains	
Client ID		
Renew Lease	е	

Connect to the SSID Guest_WiFi, and ping the USG interface

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●●○○○ 中華電信 令 Wi-Fi	6:19 РМ Guest_WiFi	۵ 🖇 🕬
Forget This	Network	
IP ADDRESS		
DHCP	BootP	Static
IP Address		172.17.0.10
Subnet Mas	k	255.255.255.0
Router		172.17.0.1
DNS		8.8.8.8
Search Dom	nains	
Client ID		
Renew Leas	е	

What could go wrong

Choose the wrong zone for the Guest VLAN interface.

🗹 Edit VLAN		2×
Show Advanced Settings		
General Settings		
I Enable Interface		
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	internal 🗸	0
Interface Name:	vlan17	
Zone:	Guest_Zone 💌	0
Base Port:	ge6 🗸	
VLAN ID:	17 (1-4094)	
Advance		
Description:	Guest_witi	(Optional)

Not change the AP to the correct group

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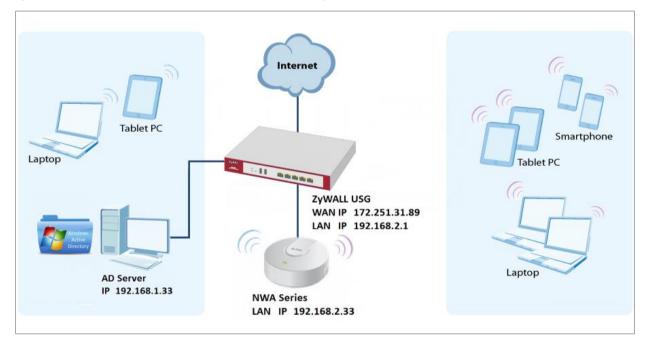
ZYXEL

58:8B:F3:91:6B:C7	
NWA5123-AC	
AP-588BF3916BC7	
WiFi 🗸	
	NWA5123-AC AP-588BF3916BC7

Polic	y											
🔢 Show	Filter											
Genero	al Setti	ngs										
🗷 End	Enable Policy Control											
IPv4 Co	IPv4 Configuration											
	Allow Asymmetrical Route											
🔁 A	🔂 Add 🗹 Edit 🍵 Remove 💡 Activate 💡 Inactivate 📣 Move 🏥 Clone											
Pri	St	Name	From	То	IPv4 Sou	IPv4 Des	Service	User	Schedule	Action	Log	
1	?	Guest_Internet	• Guest	any (Exc	any	any	any	any	none	allow	no	
2	?	Guest_ZyWALL	• Guest	ZyWALL	any	any	any	any	none	deny	no	

How to Set Up WiFi Networks with Microsoft Active Directory Authentication

This is an example of using ZyWALL/USG to configure guest WiFi accounts with Microsoft Active Directory (AD) to authenticate your WiFi guests. For the wireless network setup, please go to How to Set Up WiFi with ZyXEL AP. ZyWALL/USG with AD Guest WiFi Accounts Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the Wi-Fi Guest Account and Authentication Method on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > User > adusers, set the Authentication Timeout Settings to Use Manual Settings and enter the number of minutes this user has to renew the current session before the user is logged out.

CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > User > ad-users

User Name :	ad-users		
Jser Type:	ext-user 💌		
Description:	External AD Users		
Authentication Timeout Settings	🔘 Use Default Settings	Use Manual Settings	
Lease Time:	1440	minutes	
Reguthentication Time:	1440	minutes	

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Object > Authentication Method > default > Edit Authentication Method default, click Add to insert group ad in the table. Click **OK**.

,	CONFIGURATION > Object > User/Group > User > ad-users
	Edit Authentication Method default

Z Edit Authentication Method default				
General Settings				
Name: default				
🔁 Add 🗹 Edit 🍵 Remove 📣 Move				
# Method List				
1 group ad				
	neel			
ΟΚ Cα	ncel			

710/751



In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Web Authentication > General Settings and select Enable Web Authentication.

CONFIGURATION > Web Authentication > General Settings

Global Setting Enable Web Authentication

Set Up the Active Directory Server Account on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Object > AAA Server > Active

Directory > Add Active Directory to configure the AD sever. Enter the **Server Address** (192.168.1.33 in this example) and **Based DN** (dc=cso,dc=net in this example). Specify the **Bind DN** for logging into the AD server

(cn=Administrator,cn=users,dc=cso,dc=net in this example). If required, enter the **Password** for the ZyWALL/USG to bind (or log in) to the AD server.

CONFIGURATION > Object > AAA Server > Active Directory > Add Active Directory

General Settings		
Name:	ad	
Description:		(Optional)
Server Settings		
Server Address:	192.168.1.33	(IP or FQDN)
Backup Server Address:		(IP or FQDN) (Optional)
Port:	389	(1-65535)
Base DN:	dc=cso,dc=net	
Use SSL		
Search time limit:	5	(1-300 seconds)
Case-sensitive User Names	0	
Common Assiltantika milian		
Server Authentication		
Bind DN:	cn=administrator,cn=	
Password:	••••	
Retype to Confirm:	••••	

Scroll down to the **Configuration Validation** section, use a user account from the server specified above to test if the configuration is correct. Enter the account's 711/751

user name (wifi_guest in this example) in the **Username** field and click **Test**. A popup screen will appear allowing you to view the test result. Click **OK** to save the configuration.

CONFIGURATION > Object > AAA Server > Active Directory > Add Active Directory

Configuration Validation		
Please enter an existin	g user account in this server to validate the above settings.	
Username:	WiFi_guest	

DK	
Returned User Attributes:	
dn: CN=wifi_guest,CN=Users,DC=cso,DC=net	*
objectClass: top	
objectClass: person	
objectClass: organizationalPerson	
objectClass: user	
cn: wifi_guest	

Set Up the Security Policy on the ZyWALL/USG

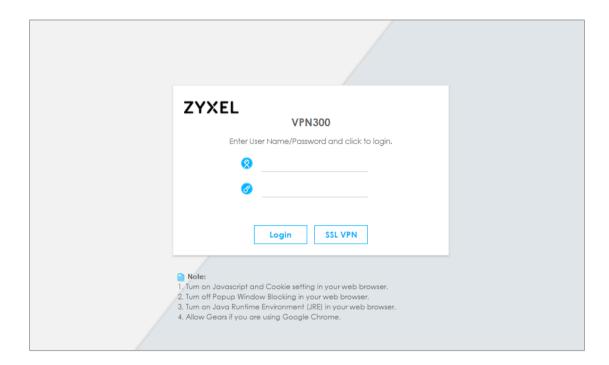
In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy > Add corresponding**. Configure a **Name** for you to identify the **Security Policy** profile. Set **From: LAN** and **To: any (Excluding ZyWALL)**. Set **Service** to be the service rule for Wi-Fi guest (wifi_guest_access in this example). Set **User** to be the Wi-Fi guest user (ad-users in this example). Select Log type to be **log alert** in order to view the result later.

CONFIGURATION > Security Policy > Policy > Add corresponding

🗹 Enable	
Name:	WiFi_Guest
Description:	(Optional)
From:	LAN
To:	any (Excluding ZyV 🔽
Source:	any 💌
Destination:	any 💌
Service:	Wifi_guest_access 💌
User:	ad-users 💌
Schedule:	none 💌
Action:	allow 💌
Log matched traffic:	log alert 💙

Test the Result

Using a mobile device to connect to the AP which is connected to the ZyWALL/USG. When you try to access the Internet, it will redirect to the user login screen.



Type the Wi-Fi guest User Name and Password, click Login.

ZYXEL VPN300
Enter User Name/Password and click to login.
WiFi_guest
Ø
Login SSL VPN
 Note: 1. Turn on Javascript and Cookie setting in your web browser. 2. Turn off Popup Window Blocking in your web browser. 3. Turn on Java Runtime Environment (JRE) in your web browser. 4. Allow Gears if you are using Google Chrome.

The access session page will appear.

VIFI_guest, You now have logged in. Click the logout button to terminate the access session. You could renew your lease time by clicking the Renew button. For security reason you must login in again after 3 hours 59 minutes. User-defined lease time (max 240 minutes): 240 Image: Image	
Logout	

Go to the ZyWALL/USG **Monitor > System Status > Login Users**, you will see current login user list as below.

Monitor > System Status > Login Users

User ID	Reauth/Lease Time	Туре	IP Address	MAC	User Info
WIFI_GUEST	03:59:42/03:59:42	http/https	192.168.2.34	90:3C:92:1C:C5:8B	ext-user(ad-users)

What Could Go Wrong?

If you see [notice] log shown as below, the Wi-Fi guest traffic is blocked by the **priority 1 Security Policy**. The ZyWALL/USG checks the security policy in order and applies the first security policy the traffic matches. If the Wi-Fi guest traffic matches a policy that comes earlier in the list, it may be unexpectedly blocked. Please change your policy setting or move the Wi-Fi guest policy to the higher priority.

Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message 🔻	Note
notice	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service HTTPS, REJECT [count=3]	ACCESS BLOCK
notice	Security Policy Control	priority:1, from LAN to ANY, TCP, service HTTPS, REJECT [count=3]	ACCESS BLOCK

If you see [alert] log message shown as below, the Wi-Fi guest traffic failed. Please make sure you enable **Web Authentication** and check your AD server is working properly.

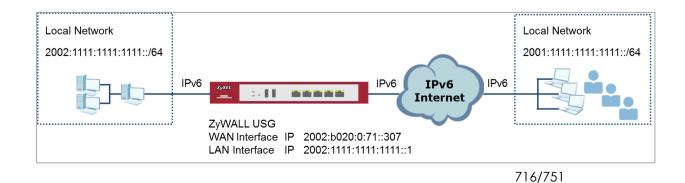
Monitor > Log

Priority	Category	Message	
alert	User	Failed login attempt to Device from http/https (incorrect passw	Account: wifi_guest

Vote: The default setting of **Security Policy** is without log notification (except **PolicyDefault**), if you want to check which policy may potentially block the traffic, please select this policy and set the **Log matched traffic** to be **log** or **log alert**.

How to Set Up IPv6 Interfaces for Pure IPv6 Routing

This example shows how to configure your ZyWALL/USG WAN and LAN interfaces which connects two IPv6 networks. ZyWALL/USG periodically advertises a network prefix of 2002:1111:1111:1111::/64 to the LAN through router advertisements. ZyWALL/USG with Pure IPv6 Network Example



Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Enable the IPv6 on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > System > IPv6 > Global Setting, select the Enable IPv6 and click Apply at the bottom of the screen. CONFIGURATION > System > IPv6 > Global Setting

Global Setting

Set Up the WAN IPv6 Interface on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > wan1. Select Enable Interface and Enable IPv6. Select Enable Stateless Address Auto-configuration (SLAAC). Click OK.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > wan1

General Settings		
I Enable Interface		
General IPv6 Setting		
🛛 Enable IPv6 (
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	external 💌	0
Interface Name:	ge1	
Port:	P1	
Zone:	WAN 👻	0
MAC Address:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0B	
Description:		(Optional)
IPv6 Address Assignment		
🗵 Enable Stateless Address Auto-cont	figuration (SLAAC)	
Link-Local Address:	n/a	
IPv6 Address/Prefix Length:		(Optional)

Yote: Your ISP or uplink router should enable router advertisement.

Set Up the LAN IPv6 Interface on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > Ian1. Select Enable Interface and Enable IPv6. Select Enable Stateless Address Auto-configuration (SLAAC). Select Enable Router Advertisement and click Add to configure a network prefix for the LAN1 (2002:1111:1111:://64 in this example).



Click OK.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > Ian1 > General Settings

General Settings		
Enable Interface		
General IPv6 Setting		
🛙 Enable IPv6 🜖		
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	internal 👻	0
Interface Name:	Lan1	
Port:	P5, P6	
Zone:	LAN1 👻	0
MAC Address:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0F	
Description:		(Optional)

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > Ian1 > IPv6 Router

Advertisement Setting

IPv6 Router Advertisement Setting	
 Enable Router Advertisement Advance 	
Router Preference:	Medium
Advertised Prefix Table	🔂 Add 🧃 Edit 🍵 Remove
	# IPv6 Address/Prefix Length
	2001:1111:1111://64
	A Page 1 of 1 → → Show 50 → items Displaying 1

Test the Result

Connect a computer to the ZyWALL/USG's LAN1.

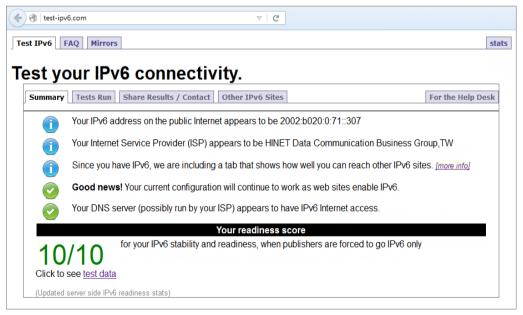


Enable IPv6 support on your computer. In Windows XP, you need to use the IPv6 install command in a Command Prompt. In Windows 7, IPv6 is supported by default. You can enable IPv6 in the **Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center > Local Area Connection** screen

Your computer should get an IPv6 IP address (starting with 2002:1111:1111:1111: for this example) from the ZyWALL/USG.

Window 7 > cmd > ipconfig

Open a web browser and type <u>http://test-ipv6.com/</u>. You can see the IPv6 connectivity result shown as below:





What Could Go Wrong?

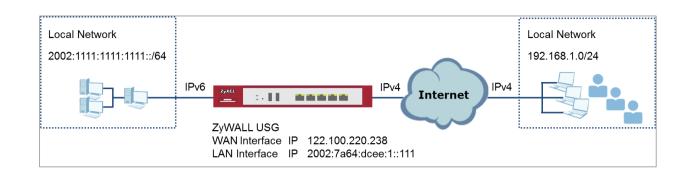
If your IPv6 connection is not working, please make sure you enable Auto-Configuration on the WAN1 IPv6 interface. If not, you will not have any default route to forward the LAN's IPv6 packets.

In Windows, some IPv6 related tunnels may be enabled by default such as Teredo and 6to4 tunnels. It may cause your computer to handle IPv6 packets in an unexpected way. It is recommended to disable those tunnels on your computer.

How to Set Up an IPv6 6to4 Tunnel

This example shows how to configure your ZyWALL/USG to create IPv6 6to4 Tunnel. In this example, the ZyWALL/USG acts as a 6to4 router which connects the IPv4. After configuration, the ZyWALL/USG can assign an IPv6 to clients behind it and pass IPv6 traffic through IPv4 environment to access remote IPv6 network. ZyWALL/USG with IPv6 6to4 Tunnel Example

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Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the LAN IPv6 Interface on the ZyWALL/USG

The second and third sets of 16-bit IP address from the left must be converted from wan1 IP (122.100.220.238 in this example). It becomes 7a64:dcee in hexadecimal. (You can go to <u>https://isc.sans.edu/tools/ipv6.html#form</u> to convert an IPv4 address into it's default 6-to-4 equivalent). You are free to use the fourth set of 16-bit IP address from the left in order to allocate different network addresses (prefixes) to IPv6 interfaces. In this example, the LAN1 network address is assigned to use 2002:7a64:dcee:1::/64 and the LAN1 IP address is set to

722/751



2002:7a64:dcee:1::111/128.

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > Ian1, Select Enable Interface and Enable IPv6. Type 2002:7a64:dcee:1::111/128 in the IPv6 Address/Prefix Length field for the LAN1's IP address.

Enable Router Advertisement. Then click Add in the Advertised Prefix Table to add 2002:7a64:dcee:1::/64. The LAN1 hosts will get the network prefix through the router advertisement messages sent by the LAN1 IPv6 interface periodically. Click OK.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > Ian1 > General Settings

General Settings			
Z Enable Interface			
General IPv6 Setting			
🗹 Enable IPv6 🚯			
Interface Properties			
Interface Type:	internal 🗸 🚺		
Interface Name:	Lan1		
Port:	P5, P6		
Zone:	LAN1 🗸 🚺		
MAC Address:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0F		
Description:	(Optional)		
IPv6 Address Assignment			
Enable Stateless Address Auto-configuration (SLAAC)			
Link-Local Address:	fe80::baec:a3ff:fea9:c00f/64		
IPv6 Address/Prefix Length:	2002:7a64:dcee::111, (Optional)		

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > Ian1 > IPv6 Router

Advertisement Setting

IPv6 Router Advertisement Settin	g
🛛 Enable Router Advertisemen	it
Advance	_
Router Preference:	Medium 👻
🗹 Advance	
Advertised Prefix Table	🔂 Add 🧃 Edit 🍵 Remove
	# IPv6 Address/Prefix Length
	2002:7a64:dcee:1::/64
	≪ Page 1 of 1 >>> Show 50 → items Displaying 1 -



Set Up the 6to4 Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Tunnel > Add, Select Enable. Enter tunnel0 as the Interface Name and select 6to4 as the Tunnel Mode. In the 6to4 Tunnel Parameter section, this example just simply uses the default 6to4 Prefix, 2002:://16. Enter your Relay Router's IP address (192.88.99.1 in this example). Select wan1 as the Gateway. Click OK.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Tunnel

General Settings		
I Enable		
Interface Properties		
Interface Name:	tunnel0	
Zone:	TUNNEL 👻 🚺	
Tunnel Mode:	6to4 💌	
IPv6 Address Assignment		
Metric:	0 (0-15)	
6to4 Tunnel Parameter		
6to4 Prefix:	2002::/16	
Relay Router:	192.88.99.1	(Optional)
NOTE: traffic destinated to the	e non-6to4 prefix domain tunnels to the relay router	
Advance		
Gateway Settings		

Gateway Settings
My Address
Interface
ge2 THCP client 10.214.30.82/255.255.255.0
IP Address
D.O.O.O
Remote Gateway Address: Automatic

Test the Result

Connect a computer to the ZyWALL/USG's LAN1.

Enable IPv6 support on your computer. In Windows XP, you need to use the IPv6 install command in a Command Prompt. In Windows 7, IPv6 is supported by default. You can enable IPv6 in the **Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center > Local Area Connection** screen.

Your computer should get an IPv6 IP address (starting with 2002:7a64:dcee:1: in this example) from the ZyWALL/USG.

Window 7 > cmd > ipconfig

::\Windows\system32>ipconfig			
indows IP Configuration			
thernet adapter Local Area Connect	tio	n	
Connection-specific DNS Suffix		:	localdomain
IPv6 Address		:	2002:7a64:dcee:1:dc9:e2ff:7d32:19c9
Temporary IPv6 Address		:	2002:7a64:dcee:1:393c:37d8:5564:8f34
Link-local IPv6 Address		:	fe80::dc9:e2ff:7d32:19c9%12
IPv4 Address		:	192.168.1.34
Subnet Mask		:	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway		:	fe80::b2b2:dcff:fe70:c1d8%12
			192.168.1.1

Type **ping -6 ipv6.google.com** in a Command Prompt to test. You should get a response.

Window 7 > cmd > ping -6 ipv6.google.com

C:\Windows\system32>ping -6 ipv6.google.com	
Pinging ipv6.l.google.com [2404:6800:4001:801::1000] with 32 bytes of dat	a:
Reply from 2404:6800:4001:801::1000:time=69ms Reply from 2404:6800:4001:801::1000:time=69ms Reply from 2404:6800:4001:801::1000:time=69ms Reply from 2404:6800:4001:801::1000:time=69ms	
Ping statistics for 2404:6800:4001:801::1000 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 69ms, Maximum = 69ms, Average = 69ms	

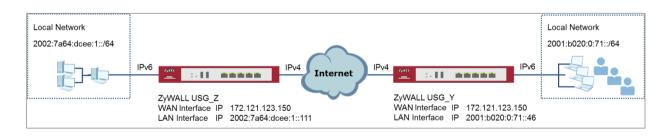
What Could Go Wrong?

If your IPv6 connection is not working, please make sure you disable Auto-Configuration on the LAN1 IPv6 interface. Enabling it will cause two default routes, however, the ZyWALL/USG only needs a default route generated by your relay router setting. Also, make sure you enable the WAN1 IPv4 interface. In 6to4, the ZyWALL/USG uses the WAN1 IPv4 interface to forward your 6to4 packets over the IPv4 network.

In Windows, some IPv6 related tunnels may be enabled by default such as Teredo and 6to4 tunnels. It may cause your computer to handle IPv6 packets in an unexpected way. It is recommended to disable those tunnels on your computer.

How to Set Up an IPv6-in-IPv4 Tunnel

This example shows how to configure your ZyWALL/USG to create IPv6-in-IPv4 Tunnel. In this example, the ZyWALL/USG acts as IPv6-in-IPv4 routers which connect the IPv4 Internet and an individual IPv6 network. This configuration example only shows the settings on ZyWALL/USG_Z. You can use similar settings to configure ZyWALL/USG_Y.



ZyWALL/USG with IPv6-in-IPv4 Tunnel Example

Vote: All network IP addresses and subnet masks are used as examples in this article. Please replace them with your actual network IP addresses and subnet masks. This example was tested using USG310 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

Set Up the LAN IPv6 Interface on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to **CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > Ian1**. Select **Enable Interface** and **Enable IPv6**. Type **2002:7a64:dcee:1::111/128** in the **IPv6 Address/Prefix Length** field for the LAN1's IP address.

Enable **Router Advertisement**. Then click **Add** in the **Advertised Prefix Table** to add **2002:7a64:dcee:1::/64**. The LAN1 hosts will get the network prefix through the router advertisement messages sent by the LAN1 IPv6 interface periodically. Click **OK**.



- I.S. 111				
General Settings				
🛛 Enable Interface				
General IPv6 Setting				
🗵 Enable IPv6 👔				
Interface Properties				
Interface Type:	internal 💌	0		
Interface Name:	Lan1			
Port:	P5, P6			
Zone:	LAN1 👻	0		
MAC Address:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0F			
Description:		(Optional)		
IPv6 Address Assignment				
Enable Stateless Address Auto-configuration (SLAAC)				
Link-Local Address:	fe80::baec:a3ff:fea9:c0	Df/64		
IPv6 Address/Prefix Length:	2002:7a64:dcee::111,	(Optional)		

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > Ian1 > General Settings

CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Ethernet > Ian1 > IPv6 Router

Advertisement Setting

IPv6 Router Advertisement Setting	
Enable Router Advertisement Advance	
Router Preference:	Medium
Advertised Prefix Table	😝 Add 🧧 Edit 🍵 Remove
	# IPv6 Address/Prefix Lenath 1 2002:7a64:dcee:1::/64 Image 1 of 1 Show 50 items Displaying 1

Set Up the 6to4 Tunnel on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Interface > Tunnel > Add and select Enable. Enter tunnel0 as the Interface Name and select IPv6-in-IPv4 as the Tunnel Mode. Select wan1 as the gateway interface. Enter your Remote Gateway Address (172.121.123.150 in this example). Click OK.



General Settings	
🛛 Enable	
Interface Properties	
Interface Name:	tunnel0
Zone:	TUNNEL 🔽 🚺
Tunnel Mode:	IPv6-in-IPv4
IPv6 Address Assignment	
IPv6 Address/Prefix Length:	(Optional)
Metric:	0 (0-15)
Gateway Settings	
My Address	
Interface DHCP client	10.214.30.82/255.255.255.0
IP Address	
0.0.0.0	
Remote Gateway Address:	172.121.123.150

Set Up the Policy Route on the ZyWALL/USG

In the ZyWALL/USG, go to CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > IPv6 Configuration > Add, click Create New Object to create an IPv6 address object with the address prefix of 2002:7a64:dcee:1::/64. Select Enable. Select the address object you just created in the Source Address field. Select any in the Destination Address field. Select Interface as the next-hop type and then tunnel0 as the interface. Click OK.

CONFIGURATION > Network > Routing > Policy Route > IPv6 Configuration

🔂 Add IPv6 Address Rule	9		$? \times$
Name: Object Type: IPv6 Address Prefix:	Lan1_subnet SUBNET 2002:7a64:dcee	* e:1::/6	

729/751

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🕂 Add Policy Route		$? \times$
Show Advanced Settings	🛅 Create new Object 🔻	
Configuration		•
🗹 Enable		
Description:	(Optional)	. 1
Criteria		- 1
User:	any	- 1
Incoming:	any (Excluding ZyV 👻	
Source Address:	Lan1_subnet	- 1
Destination Address:	any 👻	- 1
DSCP Code:	any	- 1
Schedule:	none 💌	- 1
Service:	any	
Advance		
Next-Hop		
Туре:	Interface 💌	
Interface:	tunnel0 👻	

Test the Result

Connect a computer to the ZyWALL/USG's LAN1.

Enable IPv6 support on your computer. In Windows XP, you need to use the IPv6 install command in a Command Prompt. In Windows 7, IPv6 is supported by default. You can enable IPv6 in the **Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center > Local Area Connection** screen.

Your computer should get an IPv6 IP address (starting with 2002:7a64:dcee:1: for this example) from the ZyWALL/USG.

Window 7 > cmd > ipconfig



indows IP Configuration				
thernet adapter Local Area Co	onnec	ti	on	
Connection-specific DNS Suf	ffix		=	localdomain
IPv6 Address			=	2002:7a64:dcee:1:dc9:e2ff:7d32:19c9
Temporary IPv6 Address			:	2002:7a64:dcee:1:393c:37d8:5564:8f34
Link-local IPv6 Address .			=	fe80::dc9:e2ff:7d32:19c9%12
IPv4 Address			=	192.168.1.34
Subnet Mask			=	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway		_	=	fe80::b2b2:dcff:fe70:c1d8%12

Use the ping -6 [IPv6 IP address] command in a Command Prompt to test whether you can ping a computer behind ZyWALL/USG_Y. You should get a response.

Window 7 > cmd > ping -6 2001:b020:0:71::46

C:\Windows\system32>ping -6 2001:b020:0:71::46
Pinging 2001:b020:0:71::46 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2001:b020:0:71::46: time=21ms Reply from 2001:b020:0:71::46: time=21ms Reply from 2001:b020:0:71::46: time=21ms Reply from 2001:b020:0:71::46: time=21ms
Ping statistics for 2001:b020:0:71::46 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 21ms, Maximum = 21ms, Average = 21ms

What Could Go Wrong?

If your IPv6 connection is not working, please make sure you enable the WAN1 IPv4 interface. In IPv6-in-IPv4, the ZyWALL/USG uses the WAN1 IPv4 interface to forward your 6to4 packets to the IPv4 network.

In Windows, some IPv6 related tunnels may be enabled by default such as Teredo and 6to4 tunnels. It may cause your computer to handle IPv6 packets in an unexpected way. It is recommended to disable those tunnels on your computer.

How to Update Firmware Automatically from a USB Storage

This example illustrates how to update the ZyWALL/USG's firmware automatically from a USB storage. With this feature, it is more efficient for users to upgrade the firmware for numerous devices without Internet or GUI access. The user can also downgrade the firmware by using this feature.

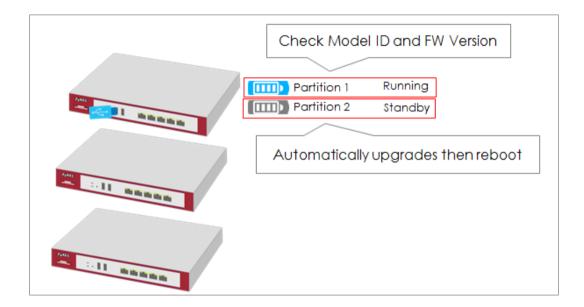


Figure 1 Automatic USB Firmware Upgrade

Note: This feature does not support Device HA Pro firmware auto upgrade to passive devices. Do not use USB firmware upgrade on the devices with Device HA Pro function activated. This example was tested using the USG210 (Firmware Version: ZLD 4.25).

- 1 Enable the USB firmware upgrade function by CLI command.
- **2** Save the firmware on the USB.
- **3** Plug the USB into the device.
- 4 The device checks running partition for the model ID and the firmware version.
- **5** Upgrade the firmware to the standby partition and then the device reboots.



Enable the USB Firmware Upgrade Function by CLI Command

For security concerns, the function is disabled by default. The administrator needs to enable the function by the following CLI command:

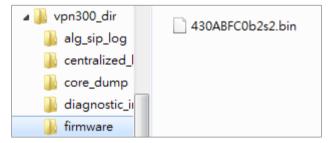
Router(config)# usb-storage update-firmware enable

Save the Firmware on the USB

There are two ways to create the firmware folder on the USB storage.

Follow the folder structure to create the firmware folder manually. It does not matter if the letters of the folder name are capitalized or not. For example: D:\vpn300_dir\firmware

Create the Firmware Folder Manually: Root Directory\vpn300_dir\firmware

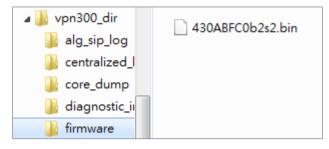


2 Plug the USB storage to the device and the device will automatically create the folder Vpn300_dir, which includes the following sub-folders. Save the .bin file to the firmware folder.

centralized_log core_dump diagnostic_info firmware packet_trace



Firmware Folder is Created Automatically



Plug the USB into the Device

Once the .bin file in the firmware folder is detected, the device will copy it to the RAM.

Plug the USB storage into the USB port



The following message shows on the console if the device fails to copy the .bin file.

Router> USB update-firmware failed: firmware copy fail

The Device Checks Running Partition for the Model ID and the

Firmware Version

The device checks the USB firmware with the running partition only. It does not check the standby partition.

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1 Check model ID:

If incompatible, the device deletes the firmware in the RAM.

If compatible, the device checks the firmware version.

2 Check firmware version:

If it is the same as the running firmware, the device deletes the firmware in the RAM.

If it is not the same as the running version, the device starts to upgrade to the standby partition.

Check Model ID and Firmware Version

```
Router(config)# firmware verifying...
Product model id is compatible!!
This product's model id is E134
The kernel image supports the following product model id:
E134
firmware updating...
Please Wait about 5 minutes!!
```

Check Firmware Status

The device upgrades the standby partition and then reboots. After been upgraded to the standby partition, the device automatically reboots to switch from running to standby partition. The SYS LED starts to blink when the device begins to upgrade its firmware until the rebooting process is completed.

Check the Firmware Version on the Dashboard

Device Information		
System Name	Serial Number	MAC Address Range
<u>VPN300</u>	\$172L15290016	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0B ~ B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:12
System Uptime	Boot Status	Firmware Version
00:29:24	ОК	V4.30(ABFC.0)b2 / 2017-07-28 22:44:54
Firmware Upgrade License	Current Date/Time	
Activated	2017-09-07 / 11:09:03 UTC+08:00	



MONITOR > Log > View log

254 201... info

VPN300 is configured successfully with startup configuration file.

What Can Go Wrong?

- The USB storage must use the FAT16, FAT32, EXT2, or EXT3 file system.
 Otherwise, it may not be detected by the ZyWALL/USG.
- 2 The device only checks the firmware under the specific folder. Therefore, make sure the firmware is saved in the correct folder under the root directory: \ProductName_dir\firmware. For example: \vpn300_dir\firmware
- 3 If there are multiple firmware files in the firmware folder of one model, the device only checks the first one in order.

🗐 430_Internal_Release_Note_b2s2.docx	2017/8/31 下午 0	Microsoft Word
430ABFC0b2s2.bin	2017/8/31 下午 0	BIN 檔案
430ABFC0b2s2.conf	2017/8/31 下午 0	CONF 檔案
🚳 430ABFC0b2s2.db	2017/8/31 下午 0	Data Base File
430ABFC0b2s2.ri	2017/8/31 下午 0	RI 檔案
430ABFC0b2s2-MIB.zip	2017/8/31 下午 0	壓縮的 (zipped)
ABFC119.bm	2017/8/31 下午 0	BM 檔案
📄 firmware.xml	2017/8/31 下午 0	XML Document

Multiple firmware files of one model in the same folder is not supported.

4 Make sure the product model ID of the USB firmware is compatible with the device. The device writes logs on the console and device log if the firmware model ID is incompatible.



Console Message

Router(config)# firmware verifying... Product model id is not compatible!! This product's model id is E134 The ZLD-current image supports the following product model id : E10B USB update-firmware fail: File damaged. file name: 430AALA0a1.bin

MONITOR > Log > View log

						Note
2	20	2017-09-11 09:54	alert	System	USB update-firmware fail: File damaged, file name: 430AALA0a1.bin	USB update firm

5 Make sure the version of the USB firmware is different from that of the running partition. The device writes logs on the console and device log if the firmware version is the same as the running firmware.

Console Message

Router(config)# firmware	e verifying		
USB update-firmware fail	: Same firmware version.	file name: 430ABFC0b2s2.bin	

MONITOR > Log > View log

#					
166	2017-09-11 09:42	notice	System	Device do not have token to access cloud server [count=2]	System
201	2017-09-11 09:42	notice	System	Device do not have token to access cloud server [count=2]	System
236	2017-09-11 09:41	notice	System	Device do not have token to access cloud server [count=2]	System
282	2017-09-11 09:40	notice	System	Device do not have token to access cloud server [count=2]	System
283	2017-09-11 09:40	alert	System	USB update-firmware fail: Same firmware version, file name: 430ABFC0b2s2.bin	USB update firm
786	2017-09-11 09:26	notice	System	Device do not have token to access cloud server [count=2]	System

6 This feature does not support the Device HA Pro firmware auto upgrade to passive devices. Do not use USB firmware upgrade on devices with



Device HA Pro function activated. When using USB firmware upgrade on a device HA or in a device HA Pro scenario, make sure you plug the USB storage to the passive device for firmware upgrade first. After the passive device has finished firmware upgrading through the USB, plug the USB storage to the active device for firmware upgrade.

How to Configure DHCP Option 60 – Vendor Class Identifier

The following figure depicts how the ZyWALL/USG uses DHCP option 60. By matching the VCI strings, a DHCP client can choose one specific DHCP server on the WAN network. This function is useful when there are several DHCP servers providing different services in an environment. Clients that need Internet service can be directed to the DHCP server which provides Internet connection information with the same option 60 string. IPTV clients may relay to another DHCP server which obtains IPTV service information.

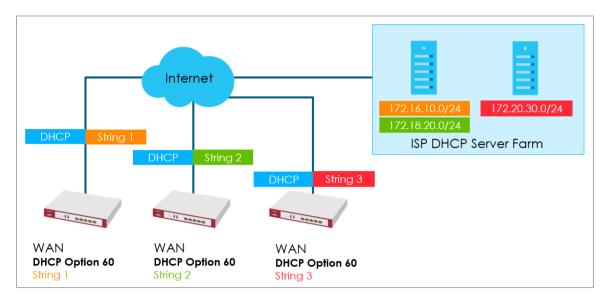


Figure 1 DHCP Option 60 Vendor Class Identifier

DHCP Option 60 Deployment Flow

- 1 Enable the WAN ports as DHCP clients (enabled by default).
- 2 Navigate to the WAN interface configuration screen.
- **3** Type in user defined option 60 string in the **Advance** setting section.

Setting Up DHCP Option 60 on the Web GUI

In the ZyWALL/USG's navigation panel, go to Configuration > Network > Interface.



Port Gro	oup	Ethernet	PPP	Cellular	Tunnel	VLAN	Bridge	VTI	Trunk	
onfigura	tion									
🗹 Edit 🍵 Remove 📍 Activate 🛛 🖗 Inactivate 🖼 Create Virtual Interface 📑 Object References										
1 🤤) ge	e1			STATIC (0.0.0.0			0.0.0.0	
2) ge	92			DHCP 1	0.214.30.65			255.255.255.0	
3 🤇	e ge	e3			DHCP 1	0.214.30.66			255.255.255.0	
4	, ge	4			STATIC	192.168.91.1			255.255.255.0	
5 🤇) ge	•5			STATIC	192.168.92.1			255.255.255.0	
6 🧧	e ge	96			STATIC	192.168.93.1			255.255.255.0	
7 🤇	ge	7			STATIC (0.0.0.0			0.0.0.0	
8 🤇	ge	8			STATIC (0.0.0.0			0.0.0.0	
	Page 1	of 1	Show 50) v items						Displaying 1 - 8 o

2 Click the Ethernet tab, go to WAN > Edit. Enter the VCI string in the Advance section of DHCP Option 60.

🗹 Edit Ethernet		$?$ \times
Show Advanced Settings		
General Settings		
🗷 Enable Interface		
Interface Properties		
Interface Type:	general 💌	0
Interface Name:	gel	
Port:	P1	
Zone:	OPT 💌	0
MAC Address:	B8:EC:A3:A9:C0:0B	
Description:		(Optional)
IP Address Assignment		
Get Automatically		
Advance	ZYXEL_CSO	(O=#i===!)
DHCP Option 60:	ZTXELC30	(Optional)
Use Fixed IP Address		
IP Address:	0.0.0	•
		OK Cancel

Setting Up DHCP Option 60 on the CLI

Under the specific interface path, use these commands to: **Enable option 60** Router(config-if-wan1)# ip address dhcp option-60 {VCI_STRING}

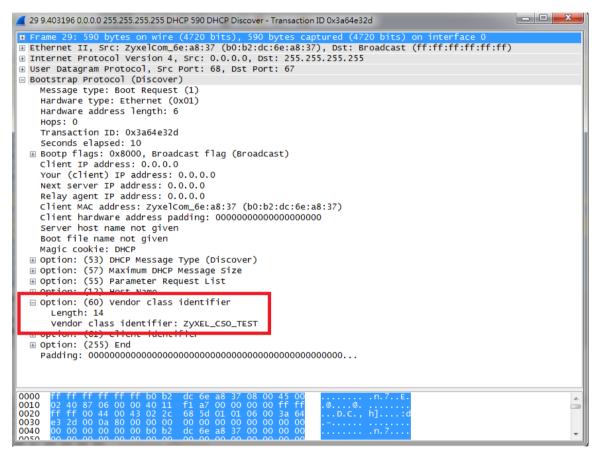


Disable option 60

Router(config-if-wan1)# no ip address dhcp option-60

Test DHCP Option 60

To test the DHCP option 60 function, use a packet capture software to check if option 60 string exists in the DHCP discover message sent from the ZyWALL/USG WAN port.

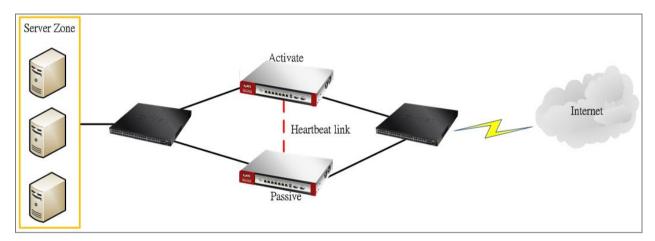


What Can Go Wrong?

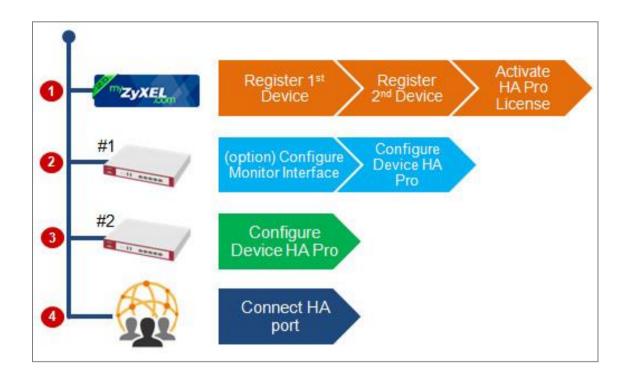
- Avoid using the same option 60 string on two or more DHCP servers. It may cause duplicate DHCP serving confliction.
- 2 Since packets with option 60 are clear, do not consider it as a secure way for DHCP server authentication.

How to Configure Device HA Pro

The Device HA feature acts as a failover when one of the devices in the network is dead or can't access the Internet. Therefore, this is a popular feature for network environments. In the previous firmware version, the USG supports AP (Activate-Passive/Master-Backup) mode. In V4.25, the Device HA feature is enhanced and named **Device HA Pro**.



In Device HA Pro, a "heartbeat link" is added for monitoring the interface status and synchronizing settings. Follow the steps below to deploy the Device HA Pro feature in your network environment.



Device HA Pro License

The Device HA Pro feature is license required. You must register both of your devices on the **myZyXEL.com** server first. Then make sure the Device HA Pro license is available on both of your devices.

#	Service	Status	Service Type	Expiration Date	Count
1	Content Filter 2.0	Activated	Trial	2017-10-20	N/A
2	Geo Enforcer	Activated	Standard	2018-10-21	N/A
3	Managed AP Service	Default	Standard		4
4	SSL VPN Service	Default			50
5	Zymesh Service	Not Licensed			N/A
6	Hotspot Management Subscription Ser	Activated	Trial	2017-10-20	N/A
7	Concurrent Device Upgrade	Default	Standard		200
8	Device HA Pro	Activated	Standard		N/A
9	Firmware Upgrade Service	Activated			N/A
	● Page 1 of 1 > > Show 50 ▼	items			
vice	Refresh				

Behavior of the Device HA Pro

The behavior of the Device HA Pro includes a heartbeat link to monitor the "activate" device's interface status. If one of the monitored interfaces is dead or fails, the "passive" device's status will become "activate". (This means only 1 device's status can be "activate" at a time.)

Be aware that the Device HA status of the devices might constantly change due to the network environment situation. In the current firmware design, Device HA Pro will not fallback when the primary device interface is working normally again.

Device-HA Pro Setting Screen

A. Enable configuration provisioning on the activated device

This function is for the secondary device. If you are configuring the primary device, this function is unnecessary.

B. Serial number of the licensed device for license synchronization

Entering the serial number of license from the **myZyXEL.com** server.

C. Configure the Device HA Pro interface

Enter the management IP address of the active and passive devices. Also, enter the password for synchronizing configuration with each other.

D. Monitoring Interfaces

Select the interfaces which you would like to monitor.

E. Synchronization

Enable failover when one of the interfaces fails.

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Device HA Status	Device HA Pro	View Log								
Configuration										
🔲 Enable Configuratio	Enable Configuration Provisioning From Active Device.									
Serial Number of Licer	nsed Device for License	e Synchronization:	\$172L15290017							
Active Device Manag	gement IP:		20.20.20.1							
Passive Device Mana	gement IP:		20.20.20.2							
Subnet Mask:			255.255.255.0							
Password:			••••							
Retype to Confirm:			••••							
Heartbeat Interval:			2	seconds (1-10)						
Heartbeat Lost Tolera	nce:		2	(1-10)						

Monitor Interface								
Available Interfaces		Monitor Interface						
=== Object === ▲ ge3 ge4 ge5 ge6 ▼	→ ←	=== Object === ge1 ge2						
Failover Detection	Failover Detection							
Enable Failover When Interface F Enable Failover When Device Ser								

The Main Function of the Device HA Pro

Device HA Status	Device HA Pro	View Log
General Settings 🚔 🕅	onfiguration 🤹 Tra	cubleshooting
Enable Device HA		

Heartbeat Link

The heartbeat port is a new physical port on the device.

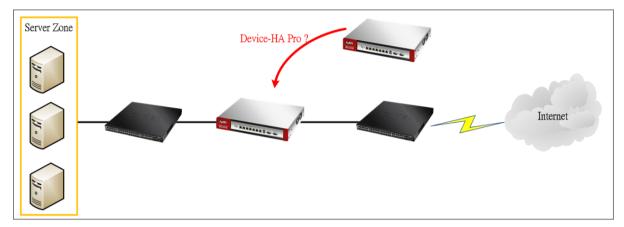
After you have enabled Device HA Pro, the devices will transmit multicast packets (UDP 694) to check each device's status.

When the passive device is working properly, the system LED light will be on. Only the heartbeat port's LED light can be on.

Suggestions

- 1. Transfer all the licenses to the primary device. This helps to avoid the system from recounting licenses every time.
- Enable the connectivity check function on the monitored interfaces. When an interface doesn't receive any response from the remote server for a certain period of time, the device will consider the interface status as fail. Then the Device HA Pro feature will change the status of the interface.

How do I Configure Device HA Pro in My Current Environment?



License

The Device HA Pro feature is license required. Please go to register both of your devices on **myZyXEL.com** and make sure the devices have the license after syncing with the **myZyXEL.com** server.

itus rvice				
INCE	Status	Service Type	Expiration Date	Count
ontent Filter 2.0	Activated	Trial	2017-10-20	N/A
eo Enforcer	Activated	Standard	2018-10-21	N/A
anaged AP Service	Default	Standard		4
L VPN Service	Default			50
mesh Service	Not Licensed			N/A
otspot Management Subscription Ser	Activated	Trial	2017-10-20	N/A
oncurrent Device Uparade	Default	Standard		200
evice HA Pro	Activated	Standard		N/A
9 Firmware Upgrade Service Activated			N/A	
I ← ← Page 1 of 1 → → Show 50 ▼ items				
ervice Refresh Service License Refresh				
r f	anaged AP Service . VPN Service mesh Service tspot Management Subscription Ser ancurrent Device Uparade vice HA Pro mware Upgrade Service age 1 of 1 >> Show 50 >> i resh	anaged AP Service Default VPN Service Default mesh Service Not Licensed tspot Management Subscription Ser Activated uncurrent Device Uparade Default vice HA Pro Activated mware Upgrade Service Activated age 1 of 1 of 1 Show 50	anaged AP Service Default Standard . VPN Service Default Standard tspot Management Subscription Ser Activated Trial nocurrent Device Uparade Default Standard vice HA Pro Activated Standard mware Upgrade Service Activated age 1 of 1 ▶ Show 50 v items resh	anaged AP Service Default Standard . VPN Service Default Standard tspot Management Subscription Ser Activated Trial 2017-10-20 ancurrent Device Uparade Default Standard vice HA Pro Activated Standard mware Upgrade Service Activated age 1 of 1 ▶ Show 50 ▼ items



Configurations on the Primary Device

- 1. Go to the **Configuration > Device HA > Device HA Pro** screen.
- 2. Enter the device's license serial number from the **myZyXEL.com** server.
- 3. Enter the management IP address after enabling the Device HA Pro feature.
- 4. Select the interfaces which you would like to monitor.
- 5. Enable failover when an interface fails.
- 6. Click **Apply**.

Device HA Status	Device HA Pro	View Log		
Configuration				
🔲 Enable Configuratio	on Provisioning From Ad	ctive Device.		
Serial Number of Licer	nsed Device for License	e Synchronization:	\$172L15290017	
Active Device Management IP:			20.20.20.1	
Passive Device Management IP:		20.20.20.2		
Subnet Mask:		255.255.255.0		
Password:		••••		
Retype to Confirm:		••••		
Heartbeat Interval:		2	seconds (1-10)	
Heartbeat Lost Tolerance:		2	(1-10)	

Monitor Interface			
Available Interfaces === Object === ge3 ge4 ge5 ge6	→ ←	Monitor Interface === Object === ge1 ge2	
Geo Failover Detection Image: Comparison of the state of the s			

Go to the **Configuration** > **Device HA** > **General** screen.

Select Enable Device HA and click Apply to enable Device HA Pro.

Device HA Status	Device HA Pro	View Log
General Settings		
I Enable Device HA		



Configurations on the Secondary Device

Go to the **Configuration > Device HA > Device-HA Pro** screen.

Select Enable Configuration Provisioning from Active Device.

Click **Apply**.

Device HA Status	Device HA Pro	View Log		
Configuration				
🗷 Enable Configuration	on Provisioning From A	ctive Device.		
Serial Number of Licer	nsed Device for License	e Synchronization:		
Active Device Manag	gement IP:			
Passive Device Mana	gement IP:			
Subnet Mask:				
Password:				
Retype to Confirm:				
Heartbeat Interval:			2	seconds (1-10)
Heartbeat Lost Tolera	nce:		2	(1-10)
Monitor Interface				
Available Interfaces		Monitor Interface		
=== Object ==				
gel ge2	·			
ge3	•			
ge4	-			
Failover Detection				
	on Interface Fallure /O			
	en Interface Failure (O			
🔲 Enable Failover Wh	en Device Service Fail	s (Option)		



Go to the **Configuration** > **Device HA** > **General** screen.

Select Enable Device HA and click Apply.

Before the Device HA Pro feature is enabled on the secondary device, a **warning message** will pop-up for you to confirm. Click **OK** to enable it.

不會顯示這個訊息

General Device HA	A Pro Active-Passive Mode
General Settings	Configuration Walkthrough Troubleshooting
Inable Device HA	
Device HA Mode:	Device HA Pro (Switch to Active-Passive Mode page)
Logs	
Device HA Pro License	License Remind Image: Complete the service of the service of the service of the service will be down, please connect the device with your active device, or press Cancel to exit. OK Cancel
License Status:	Licensed Apply Reset

1. Connecting the Device HA Pro Port

The Device HA Pro port is a new physical port on the DUT. You can use a cable to connect the devices with each other.

What can go wrong?

1. Why I can't see correct license status from myzyxel.com server?

On the Device-HA Pro setting, there is a function "Serial number of the licensed device for license synchronization". You should entering device's S/N which with licenses. So you can transfer all of the licenses to "Activate" device, and entering this device's S/N in frame.

2. Why nothing happened after enabled Device-HA Pro?

After you enabled Device-HA Pro, the secondary device will not forward any traffic any more except the latest physical port. So you must confirm the physical port already connected with each other.

3. Why after Device-HA failover to secondary device, it will not fallback to primary device?

Because Device-HA Pro purpose is for networking environment stability, so after mechanism failover to secondary device it will keeping the latest status even primary device is back. It can avoid the network service unstable.